

SERVICE MANUAL

A80UH2E / 80G2UHE



This is a safety alert symbol and should never be ignored. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury or death.





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A WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer (or equivalent), service agency or the gas supplier.

A CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

A WARNING

Electric shock hazard.



Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

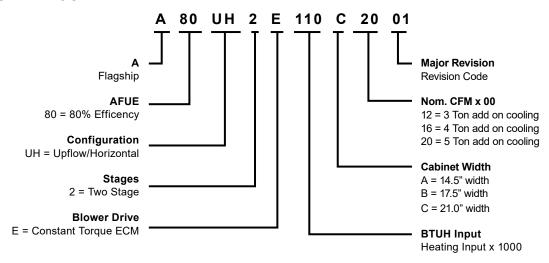


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Technical Specifications - A80UH2E

MODEL NUMBER GUIDE



PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

		High	Fire	Low	Fire	AFUE	Nom. Cooling	Gas	Volts/	Max.	Nominal	Trans.	Motor	Approx.
	Model	Input (Btuh)	Output (Btuh)	Input (Btuh)	Output (Btuh)	(ICUS)	Capacity (tons)	Inlet (in.)	Hz/ Phase	Overcurrent Protection	F.L.A.	(V.A.)	Output (hp)	Weight (lbs.)
	A80UH2E045A12	44,000	35,000	29,000	23,000	80.0	3	1/2	120-60-1	15	6.1	40	1/2	111
NTAL	A80UH2E070A12	66,000	53,000	43,000	35,000	80.0	3	1/2	120-60-1	15	6.1	40	1/2	121
HORIZONTAL	A80UH2E090B12	88,000	70,000	57,000	46,000	80.0	3	1/2	120-60-1	15	6.1	40	1/2	136
) WO	A80UH2E090B16	88,000	69,000	57,000	46,000	80.0	4	1/2	120-60-1	15	8.2	40	3/4	140
UPFL	A80UH2E110C16	110,000	86,000	72,000	58,000	80.0	4	1/2	120-60-1	15	8.2	40	3/4	152
	A80UH2E110C20	110,000	87,000	72,000	58,000	80.0	5	1/2	120-60-1	15	10.0	40	1	156

Note: For vent length and clearances to combustibles, please reference installation instructions.

BLOWER PERFORMANCE

A80UH2E045A12

External				Air Volum	e / Watts at \	/arious Blowe	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)	Medium-High (Brown)			lium ue)		m-Low low)	Low (Red)	
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1500	300	1220	175	1050	114	850	65	800	48
0.10	1485	311	1200	179	1025	118	810	68	790	50
0.20	1460	323	1170	188	980	125	725	73	580	53
0.30	1420	334	1140	195	930	133	670	76	455	54
0.40	1395	343	1095	203	890	138	600	86	375	60
0.50	1355	355	1050	212	840	149	550	93	325	64
0.60	1325	368	1020	222	790	158	495	96	275	67
0.70	1290	369	980	228	745	164	420	103	238	69
0.80	1260	381	945	238	700	172	380	107		

A80UH2E070A12

External				Air Volum	e / Watts at \	/arious Blow	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)	Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)			m-Low low)	Low (Red)	
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1375	340	1350	240	1110	190	970	93	780	50
0.10	1350	346	1325	254	1100	194	940	104	725	57
0.20	1330	346	1310	264	1080	200	895	113	680	64
0.30	1315	353	1280	272	1060	204	860	118	610	70
0.40	1300	368	1250	283	1040	212	810	125	550	76
0.50	1285	369	1220	293	1010	222	765	132	510	78
0.60	1260	384	1190	301	975	227	725	140	460	83
0.70	1240	391	1150	314	950	236	680	147	400	89
0.80	1210	399	1120	319	915	244	640	152	355	95

A80UH2E090B12

External		Air Volume / Watts at Various Blower Speeds													
Static Pressure		gh ack)	Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)			m-Low low)	Low (Red)						
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts					
0.00	1605	313	1475	240	1320	173	1050	99	865	60					
0.10	1565	323	1430	251	1270	185	995	108	800	68					
0.20	1515	334	1380	264	1225	196	935	115	730	76					
0.30	1475	347	1340	275	1170	207	870	124	645	83					
0.40	1435	360	1300	285	1120	215	805	133	550	91					
0.50	1395	369	1250	295	1065	225	715	140	470	98					
0.60	1355	378	1205	307	1010	235	655	147	395	101					
0.70	1305	391	1160	318	935	246	560	156	345	107					
0.80	1265	404	1105	329	875	254	510	162	300	112					

A80UH2E090B16

External				Air Volum	ne / Watts at \	/arious Blow	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)	Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)			m-Low low)	Low (Red)	
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1800	370	1555	260	1425	207	1370	172	1240	131
0.10	1765	381	1525	272	1390	218	1320	184	1190	144
0.20	1725	397	1485	283	1350	229	1255	195	1130	157
0.30	1685	416	1450	296	1310	241	1205	206	1075	165
0.40	1635	425	1390	312	1260	250	1165	217	1015	174
0.50	1600	438	1350	322	1205	263	1100	230	955	185
0.60	1560	453	1300	332	1140	270	1050	239	905	193
0.70	1520	467	1255	344	1110	284	1000	249	840	202
0.80	1470	474	1215	352	1050	294	935	258	765	211

A80UH2E110C16

External				Air Volum	e / Watts at \	/arious Blow	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)	Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)			m-Low low)	Low (Red)	
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1780	349	1570	248	1465	190	1370	169	1250	131
0.10	1750	365	1540	260	1420	205	1330	177	1205	140
0.20	1720	382	1500	271	1365	220	1280	187	1155	150
0.30	1675	397	1460	279	1330	228	1250	197	1110	159
0.40	1645	407	1415	291	1290	241	1200	211	1070	166
0.50	1605	424	1395	307	1250	249	1165	219	1015	177
0.60	1580	432	1345	316	1205	258	1105	228	960	186
0.70	1565	448	1300	328	1165	271	1060	237	915	194
0.80	1525	449	1270	339	1125	283	1025	246	865	203

A80UH2E110C20

	ς											
	Return ır in	w (be	Watts	195	209	220	232	243	256	265	274	285
	Optional n. air filte	Low (Red)	cfm	1500	1458	1407	1353	1302	1252	1204	1149	1117
	require (c 25 x 1 ii	n-Low ow)	Watts	260	288	297	313	327	337	348	359	371
	300 cfm) date 20 ›	Medium-Low (Yellow)	cfm	1675	1627	1586	1529	1485	1444	1412	1351	1313
	d (over 18 Iccommo	ium er	Watts	320	345	360	371	385	395	410	424	437
	es in bole ition to a ity.	Medium (Blue)	cfm	1785	1733	1691	1631	1591	1554	511	1480	1440
	Single Side Return Air - Air volumes in bold (over 1800 cfm) require Optional Return Air Base and field fabricated transition to accommodate 20 x 25 x 1 in. air filter in order to maintain proper air velocity.	n-High wn)	Watts	420	441	458	471	485	498	511	525	538
speeds	rn Air - A d fabrica η proper	Medium-High (Brown)	cfm	1930	1892	1838	1806	1772	1742	1696	1661	1617
lower Sp	ide Retu and fiel maintair	gh ick)	Watts	909	628	649	099	229	069	707	720	738
ifferent B	Single S Air Base order to	High (Black)	cfm	2175	2129	2091	2072	2014	1977	1960	1913	1873
Air Volume / Watts at Different Blower Speeds	n and	Low (Red)	Watts	195	205	215	228	238	254	265	271	287
lume / W	m Botton	Low (Red)	cfm	1510	1461	1405	1351	1297	1256	1215	1168	1121
Air Vo	eturn Air from Bottom and	dium-Low Yellow)	Watts	275	283	299	308	317	333	348	357	372
	or Retur	Medium-Low (Yellow)	cfm	1695	1650	1591	1563	1499	1462	1419	1371	1332
	Bottom Return Air, Side Return Air from Both Sides or Re One Side. High Medium-High Medium Medium (Black) (Black)		Watts	310	328	345	354	371	387	399	408	419
	r from Bo	Med (Bl	cfm	1850	1778	1719	1678	1641	1588	1550	1512	1473
	Return Ai	Medium-High (Brown)	Watts	410	421	436	456	466	476	495	510	527
	ir, Side F	Medium-Hi (Brown)	cfm	2050	1943	1897	1847	1806	1767	1724	1685	1649
	Return A le.	gh ck)	Watts	069	209	620	689	652	899	989	002	216
	Bottom R One Side.	High (Black)	cfm	2175	2158	2131	2085	2055	2030	1976	1949	1896
	External Static	in. w.g.		00'0	0.10	0.20	08.0	0.40	05.0	09'0	02.0	08'0

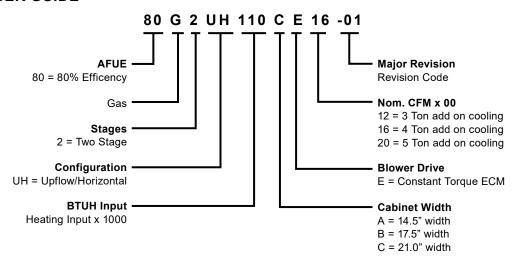
ACCESSORIES

Accessory	Catalog Number
Return Air Base	
Return Air Base 14.5"	68W61
Return Air Base 17.5"	68W62
Return Air Base 21.0"	68W62
High Altitude Pressure Switches	
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (4501 - 7500 ft) [045, 070, 090 110]	91W53
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (7501 - 10,000 ft) [045, 070, 090 110]	73W35
High Altitude Orifice Kits (7500 ft+)	
2-Stage 80% UH/DF - Natural Gas	51W01
2-Stage 80% UH/DF - Propane Gas	11K47
Natural to LP Kits	
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (0 - 7500 ft)	11K48
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (7501 - 10,000 ft)	11K47
LP to Natural Kits	
2-Stage 80% UH/DF	77W10
Downflow Specific Air Filters	
14.5"	51W06
17.5"	51W07
Downflow Combustible Flooring Base	
14.5"	11M59
17.5"	11M60
Night Service Kits	•
2-Stage	22J94
Horizontal Suspension Kit	
80% & 90%	51W10
External Filter Rack Kits	
1 pack (16 x 25)	1.841018
10 pack (16 x 25)	1.841039
Twinning Kit	
Constant Torque Gas Furnace Twinning Kit	16W72
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For vent length and clearances to combustibles, please reference installation instructions.

Technical Specifications - 80G2UHE

MODEL NUMBER GUIDE



PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

	Madal	High	Fire	Low	Fire	Nom. AFUE Cooling		Cooling Gas			Max.	Nominal	Trans.	Motor	Approx.
	Model	Input (Btuh)	Output (Btuh)	Input (Btuh)	Output (Btuh)	(ICUS)	Capacity (tons)	(in.)	Phase	Overcurrent Protection	F.L.A.	(V.A.)	Output (hp)	Weight (lbs.)	
	80G2UH045AE12	44,000	35,000	29,000	23,000	80.0	3	1/2	120-60-1	15	6.1	40	1/2	111	
I V	80G2UH070AE12 80G2UH070AE12L	66,000	53,000	43,000	35,000	80.0	3	1/2	120-60-1	15	6.1	40	1/2	121	
IATMOSIGOU	80G2UH090BE12	88,000	70,000	57,000	46,000	80.0	3	1/2	120-60-1	15	6.1	40	1/2	136	
NO	80G2LIH090RF16	88,000	69,000	57,000	46,000	80.0	4	1/2	120-60-1	15	8.2	40	3/4	140	
	80G2UH110CE16	110,000	86,000	72,000	58,000	80.0	4	1/2	120-60-1	15	8.2	40	3/4	152	
	80G2UH110CE20 80G2UH110CE20L	110,000	87,000	72,000	58,000	80.0	5	1/2	120-60-1	15	10.0	40	1	156	

Note: For vent length and clearances to combustibles, please reference installation instructions. Note: Filters and provisions for mounting are not furnished and must be field provided.

BLOWER PERFORMANCE

80G2UH045AE12

External		Air Volume / Watts at Various Blower Speeds													
Static Pressure		gh ack)	Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)			m-Low low)	Low (Red)						
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts					
0.00	1500	300	1220	175	1050	114	850	65	800	48					
0.10	1485	311	1200	179	1025	118	810	68	790	50					
0.20	1460	323	1170	188	980	125	725	73	580	53					
0.30	1420	334	1140	195	930	133	670	76	455	54					
0.40	1395	343	1095	203	890	138	600	86	375	60					
0.50	1355	355	1050	212	840	149	550	93	325	64					
0.60	1325	368	1020	222	790	158	495	96	275	67					
0.70	1290	369	980	228	745	164	420	103	238	69					
0.80	1260	381	945	238	700	172	380	107							

80G2UH070AE12 / 80G2UH070AE12L

External				Air Volum	ne / Watts at \	/arious Blow	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)	Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)			m-Low low)	Low (Red)	
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1375	340	1350	240	1110	190	970	93	780	50
0.10	1350	346	1325	254	1100	194	940	104	725	57
0.20	1330	346	1310	264	1080	200	895	113	680	64
0.30	1315	353	1280	272	1060	204	860	118	610	70
0.40	1300	368	1250	283	1040	212	810	125	550	76
0.50	1285	369	1220	293	1010	222	765	132	510	78
0.60	1260	384	1190	301	975	227	725	140	460	83
0.70	1240	391	1150	314	950	236	680	147	400	89
0.80	1210	399	1120	319	915	244	640	152	355	95

80G2UH090BE12

External				Air Volum	ne / Watts at \	/arious Blow	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)		m-High own)		lium ue)		m-Low low)		ow ed)
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1605	313	1475	240	1320	173	1050	99	865	60
0.10	1565	323	1430	251	1270	185	995	108	800	68
0.20	1515	334	1380	264	1225	196	935	115	730	76
0.30	1475	347	1340	275	1170	207	870	124	645	83
0.40	1435	360	1300	285	1120	215	805	133	550	91
0.50	1395	369	1250	295	1065	225	715	140	470	98
0.60	1355	378	1205	307	1010	235	655	147	395	101
0.70	1305	391	1160	318	935	246	560	156	345	107
0.80	1265	404	1105	329	875	254	510	162	300	112

80G2UH090BE16 / 80G2UH090BE16L

External				Air Volum	e / Watts at \	/arious Blowe	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)		m-High own)		lium ue)		m-Low low)	Lo (Ro	ow ed)
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1800	370	1555	260	1425	207	1370	172	1240	131
0.10	1765	381	1525	272	1390	218	1320	184	1190	144
0.20	1725	397	1485	283	1350	229	1255	195	1130	157
0.30	1685	416	1450	296	1310	241	1205	206	1075	165
0.40	1635	425	1390	312	1260	250	1165	217	1015	174
0.50	1600	438	1350	322	1205	263	1100	230	955	185
0.60	1560	453	1300	332	1140	270	1050	239	905	193
0.70	1520	467	1255	344	1110	284	1000	249	840	202
0.80	1470	474	1215	352	1050	294	935	258	765	211

80G2UH110CE16

External				Air Volum	ne / Watts at \	/arious Blow	er Speeds			
Static Pressure		gh ack)		m-High own)		lium ue)		m-Low low)		ow ed)
in. w.g.	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.00	1780	349	1570	248	1465	190	1370	169	1250	131
0.10	1750	365	1540	260	1420	205	1330	177	1205	140
0.20	1720	382	1500	271	1365	220	1280	187	1155	150
0.30	1675	397	1460	279	1330	228	1250	197	1110	159
0.40	1645	407	1415	291	1290	241	1200	211	1070	166
0.50	1605	424	1395	307	1250	249	1165	219	1015	177
0.60	1580	432	1345	316	1205	258	1105	228	960	186
0.70	1565	448	1300	328	1165	271	1060	237	915	194
0.80	1525	449	1270	339	1125	283	1025	246	865	203

80G2UH110CE20 / 80G2UH110CE20L

								Air Vo	lume / W	atts at D	ifferent E	Air Volume / Watts at Different Blower Speeds	speeds							
Bottom Return Air, Side Return Air from Both Sides or R. One Side.	eturn Air, Side Return Air from Bot	ir, Side Return Air from Bot	teturn Air from Bot	from Bot	7	h Sides	or Returi	eturn Air from Bottom and	n Botton	n and	Single S Air Basi order to	Single Side Return Air - Air volumes in bold (over 1800 cfm) require Optional Return Air Base and field fabricated transition to accommodate 20 x 25 x 1 in. air filter in order to maintain proper air velocity.	ırn Air - β Id fabrica I proper	ir volum ited trans air veloci	es in bold ition to a ty.	d (over 18 ccommo	300 cfm) date 20 x	require C < 25 x 1 in	ptional I . air filte	Return r in
High Medium-High Medium (Black) (Brown) (Blue)	Medium-High (Brown)			Mediui (Blue)	ini e	Е.	Medium-Low (Yellow)	n-Low	Low (Red)	w(bs	High (Black)	High Black)	Medium-High (Brown)	n-High wn)	Medium (Blue)	ium ie)	Medium-Low (Yellow)	n-Low ow)	Low (Red)	w d)
cfm Watts cfm Watts cfm v	cfm Watts cfm	Watts cfm	cfm		>	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
2175 590 2050 410 1850	2050 410 1850	410 1850	1850			310	1695	275	1510	195	2175	605	1930	420	1785	320	1675	260	1500	195
2158 607 1943 421 1778 3	1943 421 1778	421 1778	1778		(1)	328	1650	283	1461	205	2129	628	1892	441	1733	345	1627	288	1458	209
2131 620 1897 436 1719 3	1897 436 1719	436 1719	1719		8	345	1591	299	1405	215	2091	649	1838	458	1691	360	1586	297	1407	220
2085 639 1847 456 1678 39	1847 456 1678	456 1678	1678		36	354	1563	308	1351	228	2072	099	1806	471	1631	371	1529	313	1353	232
2055 652 1806 466 1641 3	1806 466 1641	1641	1641		37	371	1499	317	1297	238	2014	229	1772	485	1591	385	1485	327	1302	243
2030 668 1767 476 1588 3	1767 476 1588	476 1588	1588		3	387	1462	333	1256	254	1977	069	1742	498	1554	395	1444	337	1252	256
1976 686 1724 495 1550 3	1724 495 1550	495 1550	1550		3	399	1419	348	1215	265	1960	202	1696	511	511	410	1412	348	1204	265
1949 700 1685 510 1512 4	1685 510 1512	510 1512	1512		4	408	1371	357	1168	271	1913	720	1661	525	1480	424	1351	329	1149	274
1896 716 1649 527 1473 41	1649 527 1473	527 1473	1473		41	419	1332	372	1121	287	1873	8£4	1617	538	1440	437	1313	371	1117	285

ACCESSORIES

Accessory	Catalog Number
Return Air Base	<u> </u>
Return Air Base 14.5"	68W61
Return Air Base 17.5"	68W62
Return Air Base 21.0"	68W62
High Altitude Pressure Switches	
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (4501 - 7500 ft) [045, 070, 090 110]	91W53
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (7501 - 10,000 ft) [045, 070, 090 110]	73W35
High Altitude Orifice Kits (7500 ft+)	·
2-Stage 80% UH/DF - Natural Gas	51W01
2-Stage 80% UH/DF - Propane Gas	11K47
Natural to LP Kits	
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (0 - 7500 ft)	11K48
2-Stage 80% UH/DF (7501 - 10,000 ft)	11K47
LP to Natural Kits	
2-Stage 80% UH/DF	77W10
Downflow Specific Air Filters	
14.5"	51W06
17.5"	51W07
Downflow Combustible Flooring Base	
14.5"	11M59
17.5"	11M60
Night Service Kits	
2-Stage	22J94
Horizontal Suspension Kit	
80% & 90%	51W10
External Filter Rack Kits	
1 pack (16 x 25)	1.841018
10 pack (16 x 25)	1.841039
Twinning Kit	
Constant Torque Gas Furnace Twinning Kit	16W72

 $For \ vent \ length \ and \ clearances \ to \ combustibles, \ please \ reference \ installation \ instructions.$

Parts Arrangement

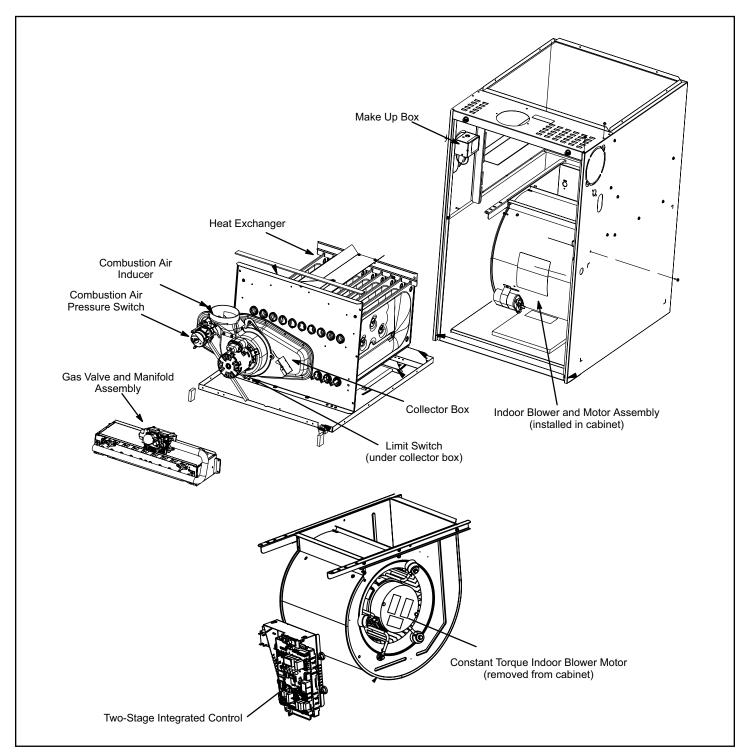


Figure 1.

Unit Components

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD)

Precautions and Procedures

A CAUTION



Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) unit components are shown in Figure 1. The gas valve, combustion air inducer and burners can be accessed by removing the access panel. Electrical components are in the control box (Figure 2) found in the blower section.

A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) units are factory equipped with a bottom return air panel in place. The panel is designed to be field removed as required for bottom air return. Markings are provided for side return air and may be cut out in the field.

Control Box Components (Figure 2)

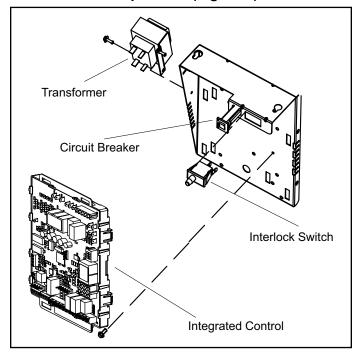


Figure 2. Control Box

Transformer (T1)

A transformer located in the control box provides power to the low voltage section of the unit. Transformers on all models are rated 40VA with a 120V primary and a 24V secondary.

Door Interlock Switch (S51)

A door interlock switch is wired in series with line voltage. When the inner blower access panel is removed the unit will shut down.

Circuit Breaker (CB8)

A 24V circuit breaker is also located in the control box. The switch provides overcurrent protection to the transformer (T1). The breaker is rated at 3A at 32V. If the current exceeds this limit the breaker will trip and all unit operation will shutdown. The breaker can be manually reset by pressing the button on the face. See Figure 3.

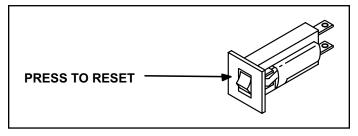


Figure 3. Circuit Breaker (CB8)

Integrated Ignition Control (A92)

A WARNING

浉

Shock hazard.

Disconnect power before servicing. Control is not field repairable. If control is inoperable, simply replace entire control.

Can cause injury or death. Unsafe operation will result if repair is attempted.

Units are equipped with a two-stage, integrated control. The system consists of a ignition / blower control (Figure 4 and Figure 5) with control pin designations in Table 1 and Table 2 and ignitor. The control and ignitor work in combination to ensure furnace ignition and ignitor durability. The control provides gas ignition, safety checks and indoor blower control with two-stage gas heating. The furnace combustion air inducer, gas valve and indoor blower are controlled in response to various system inputs such as thermostat signal, pressure and limit switch signal and flame signal. The control features a seven-segment LED display, indicating furnace status and error codes. The LED flashes in single digits. For example, using Table 4 under LIMIT CODE, an "E" followed by "2" followed by "5" followed by "0", the limit switch circuit is open. The control also has two unpowered (dry) 1/4" contacts for a humidifier and a 120 volt accessory terminal. Both rated at (1) one amp each.

Pin#	Function
1	Ignitor
2	Combustion Air Inducer High Speed
3	Combustion Air Inducer Low Speed
4	Combustion Air Inducer Neutral
5	Ignitor Neutral

Table 1. 5-Pin Terminal Designations

Pin #	Function
1	Gas Valve Second Stage
2	Second Stage Pressure Switch
3	Rollout Switch In
4	Ground
5	24V Hot
6	Primary Limit In
7	Gas Valve First Stage
8	Gas Valve Common
9	24V Neutral
10	Ground
11	Primary Limit Out
12	First Stage Pressure Switch

Table 2. 12-Pin Terminal Designations



A WARNING



Electric Shock Hazard.

Can cause injury or death. Unit must be properly grounded in accordance with national and local codes.

A WARNING

Fire Hazard.

Use of aluminum wire with this product may result in a fire, causing property damage, severe injury or death. Use copper wire only with this product.

Electronic Ignition

At the beginning of the heat cycle the integrated control monitors the first stage and second stage combustion air inducer pressure switch. The control will not begin the heating cycle if the first stage pressure switch is closed (bypassed). Likewise the integrated control will not begin the second stage heating cycle if the second stage pressure switch is closed, and will remain in first stage heat. However, if the second stage pressure switch closes during the first stage heat pre-purge, the control will allow second stage heat. Once the first stage pressure switch is determined to be open, the combustion air inducer is

energized on low (first stage) heat speed. When the differential in the pressure switch is great enough, the pressure switch closes and a 15-second pre-purge begins.

After the 15-second pre-purge period, the ignitor warms up for 20 seconds after which the gas valve opens for a 4-second trial for ignition. The ignitor remains energized during the trial until flame is sensed. If ignition is not proved during the 4-second period, the control will try four more times with an inter purge and warm-up time between trials of 35 seconds. After a total of five trials for ignition (including the initial trial), the control goes into Soft Lockout-Flame Failure mode. After a 60-minute reset period, the control will begin the ignition sequence again.

NOTE: During abnormal conditions such as low supply voltage or low outdoor temperatures and the low fire pressure switch does not close, the combustion air inducer will switch to high speed. After the low & high pressure switch close, the unit will proceed with a 15 sec pre-purge, followed by a 20 sec ignitor warm up, then ignition on highfire. After 10 to 20 seconds of high fire operation the unit will switch to low fire.

Two Stage Operation / Thermostat Selection DIP Switch

The control can be utilized in two modes: SINGLE-STAGE thermostat or TWO-STAGE thermostat. The thermostat selection is made using a DIP switch and must be positioned for the particular application. DIP switch 1, labeled T"STAT HEAT STAGE is factory-set in the OFF position for use with a two-stage thermostat. Move the DIP switch to ON for use with a single stage thermostat.

While in the single-stage thermostat mode, the burners will always fire on first-stage heat. The combustion air inducer will operate on low speed and indoor blower will operate on low heat speed. The unit will switch to second stage heat after a "recognition period". DIP switch 2, labeled SECOND STAGE DELAY, is factory set in the OFF position for a 7 minute recognition period. The switch can be moved to the ON position for a 12 minute recognition period, after which time the unit will switch to second-stage heat.

While in the two-stage thermostat mode, the burners will fire on first-stage heat. The combustion air inducer will operate on low speed and indoor blower will operate on low heat speed. The unit will switch to second-stage heat on call from the indoor thermostat. If there is a simultaneous call for first and second stage heat, the unit will fire on first stage heat and switch to second stage heat after 30 seconds of operation. See Sequence of Operation flow charts in the back of this manual for more detail.

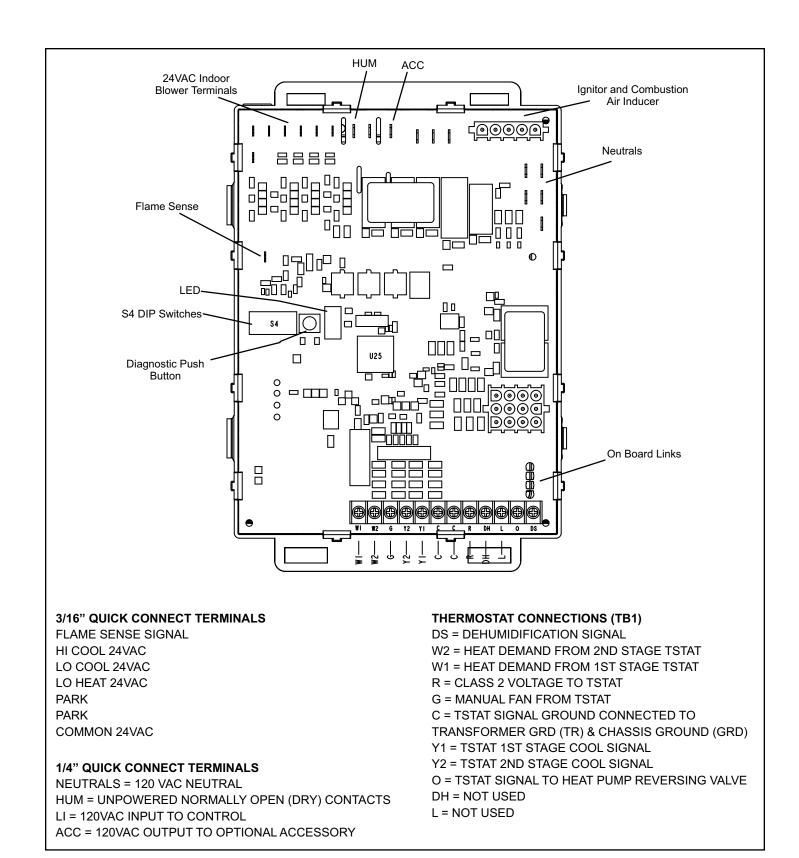


Figure 4. Integrated Control

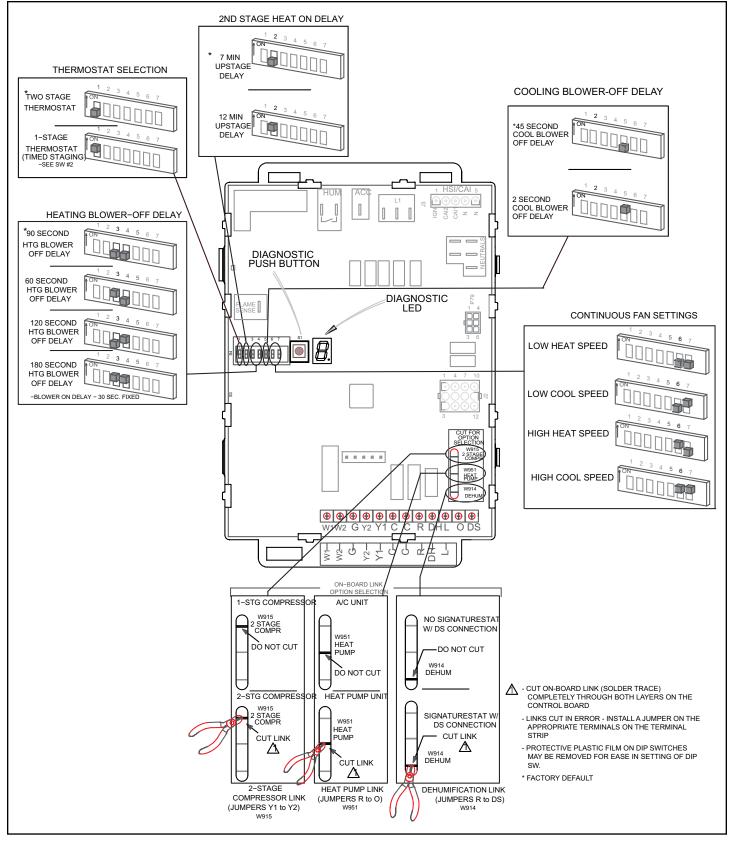


Figure 5. Integrated Control Configuration Guide

Display	Action (when button released)
No change (idle)*	Remain in idle mode
Solid "E"	Enter diagnostic recal mode
Solid "F"	Enter flame signal mode

^{*} No change implies the display will continue to show whatever is currently being displayed for normal operation (blinking decimal, active error code, heat state, etc.)

Table 3. Integrated Control Diagnostic Modes

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
	Idle mode (Decimal blinks at 1 Hertz 0.5 second ON, 0.5 second OFF).	
O	Cooling stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / Repeat codes.	
d	Dehumidification mode (1 second ON, 1 second OFF) / Pause / Repeat Codes).	
Н	Gas Heat Stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / Repeat codes. Blinking during ignition.	
h	Heat pump stage.	
E110	Low line voltage.	Line Voltage Low (Voltage lower than nameplate rating). Check power line voltage and correct. Alarm clears 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E111	Line voltage polarity reversed.	Reverse line power voltage wiring. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E112	Ground not detected.	System shuts down. Provide proper earth ground. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E113	High line voltage.	Line Voltage High (Voltage higher than nameplate rating). Provide power voltage within proper range. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E114	Line voltage frequency out-of-range.	No 60 Hertz Power. Check voltage and line power frequency. Correct voltage and frequency problems. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E115	Low 24V - Control will restart if the error recovers.	24-Volt Power Low (Range is 18 to 30 volts). Check and correct voltage. Check for additional power-robbing equipment connected to system. May require installation of larger VA transformer to be installed in furnace / air handler. Clears after fault recovered.
E117	Poor ground detected (Warning only)	Provide proper grounding for unit. Check for proper earth ground to the system. Warning only will clear 30 seconds after fault recovered.
E125	Control failed self-check, internal error, failed hardware. Will restart if error recovers. Integrated control not communicating. Covers hardware errors (flame sense circuit faults, pin shorts, etc.).	Hardware problem on the control. Cycle power on control. Replace if problem prevents service and is persistent. Critical alert. Cleared 300 seconds after fault recovered.
E200	Hard lockout - Rollout circuit open or previously open.	Correct cause of rollout trip, or replace flame rollout switch. Test furnace operation. Cleared after fault recovered.
E204	Gas valve mis-wired.	Check gas valve operation and wiring. Clears when repaired.
E205	Gas valve control relay contact shorted.	Check wiring on control and gas valve. If wiring is correct, replace control.
E206	Gas valve second-stage relay failure.	Furnace will operate on 1st stage for remainder of the heating demand. Will clear after fault recovered. If unable to operate 2nd stage, replace control.
E207	Hot surface ignitor sensed open.	Measure resistance of hot surface ignitor. Replace if open or not within specified range found in IOM. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.

Table 4. Integrated Diagnostic Codes / Status of Equipment

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E223	Low pressure switch failed open.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared
E224	Low pressure switch failed closed.	Check operation of low pressure switch to see if it is stuck closed on heat call longer than 150 seconds. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E225	High pressure switch failed open.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of high pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air
		inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E226	High pressure switch failed closed.	Check operation of high pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E227	Low pressure switch open during trial for ignition or run mode.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E229	Ignition on High Fire - Information Only.	Code is displayed if 1) low pressure switch fails to close, then furnace will switch to high speed inducer to close both low and high pressure switches, then furnace lights on high fire, or 2) if continuous fan is active, furnace lights on high fire for 60 seconds to improve heat exchanger warm up time.
E240	Low flame current - Run mode.	Check micro-amperes of flame sensor using control diagnostics or field-installed mode. Clean or replace sensor. Measure voltage of neutral to ground to ensure good unit ground. Alert clears after current heat call has been completed.
E241	Flame sensed out of sequence - Flame still present.	Shut off gas. Check for gas valve leak. Replace, if necessary. Alert clears when fault is recovered.
E250	Limit switch circuit open.	Check for proper firing rate on furnace. Ensure there is no blockage in heater. Check for proper air flow. If limit not closed within 3 minutes, unit will go into 1-hour soft lockout. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E270	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of retries. No flame current sensed.	Check for proper gas flow. Ensure that ignitor is lighting burner. Check flame sensor current. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E271	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of retries. Last retry failed due to the pressure switch opening.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E272	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle due to the pressure switch opening.	Check operation of low pressure switch to see if it is stuck closed on heat call. Check pressure (inches w.c.) of high pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E273	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle due to flame failure.	Check micro-amperes of flame sensor using control diagnostics or field-installed mode. Clean or replace sensor. Measure voltage of neutral to ground to ensure good unit ground. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E274	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle failed due to the limit circuit opening or limit remained open longer than 3 minutes.	Shut down system. 1-hour soft lockout. Check firing rate and air flow. Check for blockage. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E275	Soft lockout - Flame sensed out of sequence. Flame signal is gone.	Shut off gas. Check for gas valve leak. 1-hour soft lockout. Clears when flame has been proven stable.

Table 4. Integrated Diagnostic Codes / Status of Equipment

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E290	Ignitor circuit fault - Failed ignitor or triggering circuitry.	Measure resistance of hot surface ignitor. Replace if open or not within specifications. 1-hour soft lockout. Clears when flame has been proven stable.

Table 4. Integrated Diagnostic Codes / Status of Equipment

Diagnostic LED (Figure 4)

The seven-segment diagnostic LED displays operating status, error codes and other information. Table 4 lists diagnostic LED codes.

Diagnostic Push Button (Figure 4)

The diagnostic push button is located adjacent to the sevensegment diagnostic LED. This button is used to enable the Error Code Recall "E" mode and the Flame Signal "F" mode. Press the button and hold it to cycle through a menu of options. Every five seconds a new menu item will be displayed. When the button is released, the displayed item will be selected. Once all items in the menu have been displayed, the menu resumes from the beginning until the button is released.

Error Code Recall Mode

Select "E" from the menu to access the most recent 10 error codes. Select "c" from the Error Code Recall menu to clear all error codes. Button must be pressed a second time while "c" is flashing to confirm command to delete codes. Press the button until a solid "=" is displayed to exit the Error Code Recall mode.

Flame Signal Mode

Select "F" from the menu to access the flame signal mode. The integrated control will display the flame current on seven-segment LED in in micro amps (uA).

Flame signal mode is exited after any of the following:

- Power is reset
- Pressing and holding push button until 3 horizontal lines "=" are displayed
- 10 minutes after entering the flame sense mode. Integrated Control DIP Switches

Integrated Control DIP Switches

A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) units are equipped with a twostage integrated control. This control manages ignition timing, heating mode fan off delays and indoor blower speeds based on selections made using the control dip switches and jumpers. The control includes an internal soft lockout feature which automatically resets the ignition control when it has been locked out. After one hour of continuous thermostat demand for heat, the soft lockout will break and remake thermostat demand to the furnace and automatically reset the control to relight the furnace.

Heating Operation DIP Switch Settings

Switch 1 -- Thermostat Selection -- This unit may be used with either a single-stage or two-stage thermostat. The thermostat selection is made using a DIP switch which must be properly positioned for the particular application. The DIP switch is factory-positioned for use with a twostage thermostat. If a single-stage thermostat is to be used, the DIP switch must be repositioned.

- a. Select "OFF" for two-stage heating operation controlled by a two-stage heating thermostat (factory setting);
- Select "ON" for two-stage heating operation controlled by a single-stage heating thermostat.
 This setting provides a timed delay before secondstage heat is initiated.

Switch 2 --- Second Stage Delay (Used with Single-Stage Thermostat Only) -- This switch is used to determine the second stage on delay when a single-stage thermostat is being used. The switch is factory-set in the OFF position, which provides a 7-minute delay before second-stage heat is initiated. If the switch is toggled to the ON position, it will provide a 12-minute delay before second-stage heat is initiated. This switch is only activated when the thermostat selector jumper is positioned for single-stage thermostat use.

Indoor Blower Operation DIP Switch Settings

Switches 3 and 4 -- Heating Mode Blower-Off Delay --

The blower-on delay of 30 seconds is not adjustable. The blower-off delay (time that the blower operates after the heating demand has been satisfied) can be adjusted by moving switches 3 and 4 on the integrated control. The unit is shipped from the factory with a blower-off delay of 90 seconds. The blower off delay affects comfort and is adjustable to satisfy individual applications. Adjust the blower off delay to achieve a supply air temperature between 90° and 110°F at the exact moment that the blower is de-energized. Longer off delay settings provide lower supply air temperatures; shorter settings provide higher supply air temperatures. Table 5 provides the blower off timings that will result from different switch settings.

Blower Off Delay (seconds)	Switch 3	Switch 4
60	On	Off
90 (Factory)	Off	Off
120	Off	On
180	On	On

Table 5. Blower Off Heating Mode Delay Switch Settings

Switch 5 -- Cooling Mode Blower-Off Delay -- The unit is shipped from the factory with the dip switch positioned OFF for a 45 second delay. Table 6 provides the cooling mode off delay settings.

Blower Off Delay (seconds)	Switch 5
45 (Factory)	Off
2	On

Table 6. Blower Off Cooling Mode Delay Switch Settings

Switches 6 and 7 -- Continuous Fan Mode -- Continuous fan speed can be controlled by changing DIP switch positions. Table 7 provides DIP switch settings for continuous fan mode.

Continuous Fan Mode	Switch 6	Switch 7
Low Heat Speed (Factory)	Off	Off
Low Cool Speed	Off	On
High Heat Speed	On	Off
High Cool Speed	On	On

Table 7. Continuous Fan Mode Settings

Onboard Links

W914 Dehum

Onboard link W914, is a clippable connection between terminals R and DS on the integrated control. W914 must be cut when the furnace is installed with a thermostat which features humidity control. If the link is not cut, terminal "DS" will remain energized not allowing the blower to reduce to low cool speed upon a call for dehumidification.

W951 Heat Pump (R to O)

Onboard link W951 is a clippable connection between terminals R and O on the integrated control. W951 must be cut when the furnace is installed in applications which include a heat pump unit and a thermostat which features dual fuel use. If the link is left intact, terminal "O" will remain energized eliminating the HEAT MODE in the heat pump.

W915 2 Stage Compr (Y1 to Y2)

Onboard link W915 is a clippable connection between terminals Y1 and Y2 on the integrated control. W915 must be cut if two-stage cooling will be used. If the Y1 to Y2 link is not cut the outdoor unit will operate in second-stage cooling only.

A IMPORTANT

If any onboard link is cut by mistake, install a jumper across the corresponding terminals on the low voltage terminal strip. Do not replace control.

Blower Compartment

A IMPORTANT

Each blower is statically and dynamically balanced as an assembly before installation in the unit.

A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) units are equipped with a constant torque ECM motor. It has a DC motor coupled to an electronic control module both contained in the same motor housing. The motor is programmed to provide constant torque at each of the five selectable speed taps. Each tap requires 24 volts to energize.

Input Voltage Requirements

The circuit is designed to be operated with AC voltage. To enable a tap requires 12 to 33VAC. Expected current draw will be less than 20mA.

Troubleshooting the Motor

Troubleshooting the motor is an easy process. Follow steps below.

- 1. Shut off power to unit.
- 2. Remove input plugs P48 and P49 from motor. See Figure 8 for troubleshooting procedure.

If correct voltage is present in tests 1 and 2 and motor is not operating properly, replace motor. The motor is not field repairable.

If replacing the indoor blower motor or blower wheel is necessary, placement is critical. The blower wheel must be centered in the blower housing as shown in Figure 6. When replacing the indoor blower motor the set screw must be aligned and tightened with the motor shaft as shown in Figure 7.

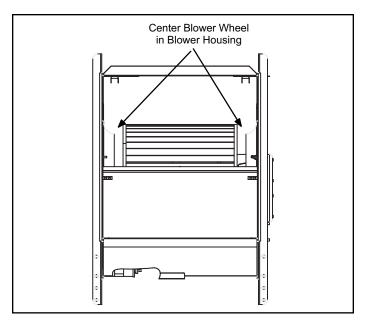


Figure 6. Blower Wheel Replacement

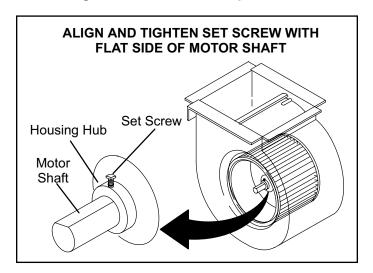


Figure 7.

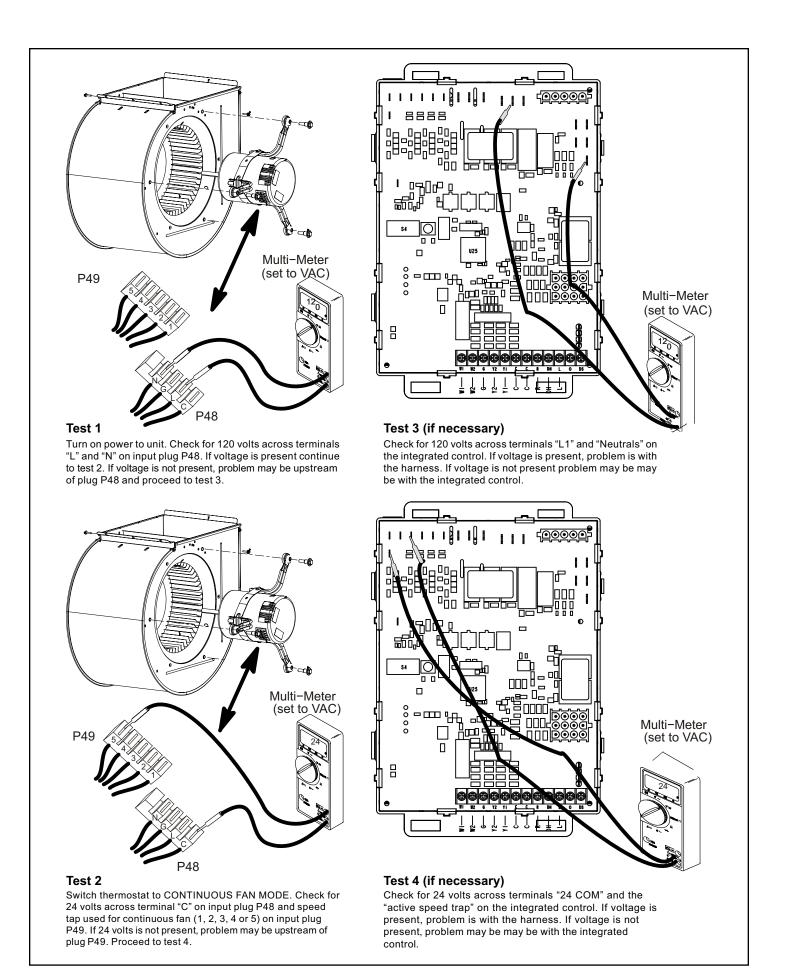


Figure 8.

Heating Components

Ignitor

The ignitor is made of durable silicon nitride. The integrated control provides 120 volts to the ignitor for a consistent ignition and long ignitor life. Ohm value should be 39 to 70. See Figure 9 for ignitor location and Figure 10 for ignitor check out.

NOTE: The A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) furnace contains electronic components that are polarity sensitive. Make sure that the furnace is wired correctly and is properly grounded.

Flame Sensor

A flame sensor is located on the left side of the burner support. See Figure 9. The sensor tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the left-most burner. The sensor can be removed for service without removing any part of the burners. During operation, flame is sensed by current passed through the flame and sensing electrode. The control allows the gas valve to remain open as long as flame signal is sensed. To check flame sense signal use the push-button found on the integrated control and go to Field Test Mode. The menu will display the flame signal. See Table 8 for flame signal.

To Measure Flame Signal - Integrated Control:

Use a digital readout meter capable of reading DC microamps. See Figure 11 and Table 8 for flame signal check.

- 1. Set the meter to the DC amps scale.
- 2. Turn off supply voltage to control.
- Disconnect integrated control flame sensor wire from the flame sensor.
- 4. Connect (-) lead to flame sensor.
- 5. Connect (+) lead to the ignition control sensor wire.
- 6. Turn supply voltage on and close thermostat contacts to cycle system.
- 7. When main burners are in operation for two minutes, take reading.

Normal	Low	Drop Out
2.6 or greater	2.5 or less	0.06

Table 8. Flame Signal in Microamps

Gas Valve

The valve (Figure 14) is internally redundant to assure safety shut-off. If the gas valve must be replaced, the same type valve must be used.

24VAC terminals and gas control knob are located on the valve. A wire harness connects the terminals from the gas valve to the electronic ignition control. 24V applied to the terminals energizes the valve.

Inlet and outlet pressure taps are located on the valve. A regulator adjustment screw is located on the valve.

LPG change over kits are available from Allied. Kits include burner orifices and a gas valve.

Flame Rollout Switches (S47)

Flame rollout switch is a high temperature limit located on top of the burner box, one on each side.- See Figure 9. The limit is a N.C. SPST manual-reset limit. When S47 senses rollout, the circuit breaks and the ignition control immediately stops ignition and closes the gas valve. Rollout can be caused by a blocked exchanger, flue or lack of combustion air. The switch is factory set to trip (open) at 210°F and cannot be adjusted. The switch can be manually reset. To manually reset a tripped switch, push the reset button located on the control.

Burners

All units use inshot burners. Burners are factory set and require no adjustment. Always operate the unit with the burner box front panel in place. Each burner uses an orifice that is precisely matched to the burner input. Burners can be removed as a one piece assembly for service. If burner assembly has been removed, it is critical to align center of each burner to the center of the clamshell when reinstalling. See more detail in the Maintenance section.

Primary Limit Control (S10)

The primary limit (S10) is located in the heating vestibule panel. When excess heat is sensed in the heat exchanger, the limit will open. If the limit is open, the furnace control energizes the supply air blower and closes the gas valve. The limit automatically resets when unit temperature returns to normal. The switch must reset within three minutes or the control will go into Watch guard for one hour. The switch is factory set and cannot be adjusted. The switch may have a different set point for each unit model number.

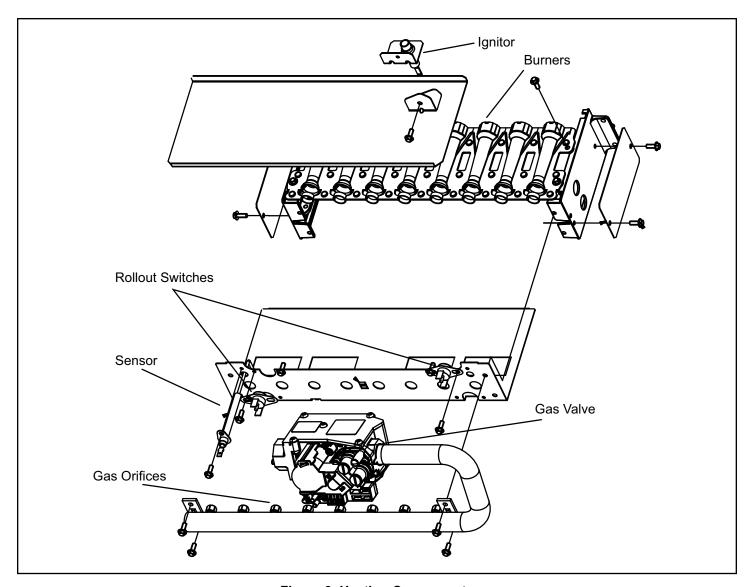


Figure 9. Heating Components

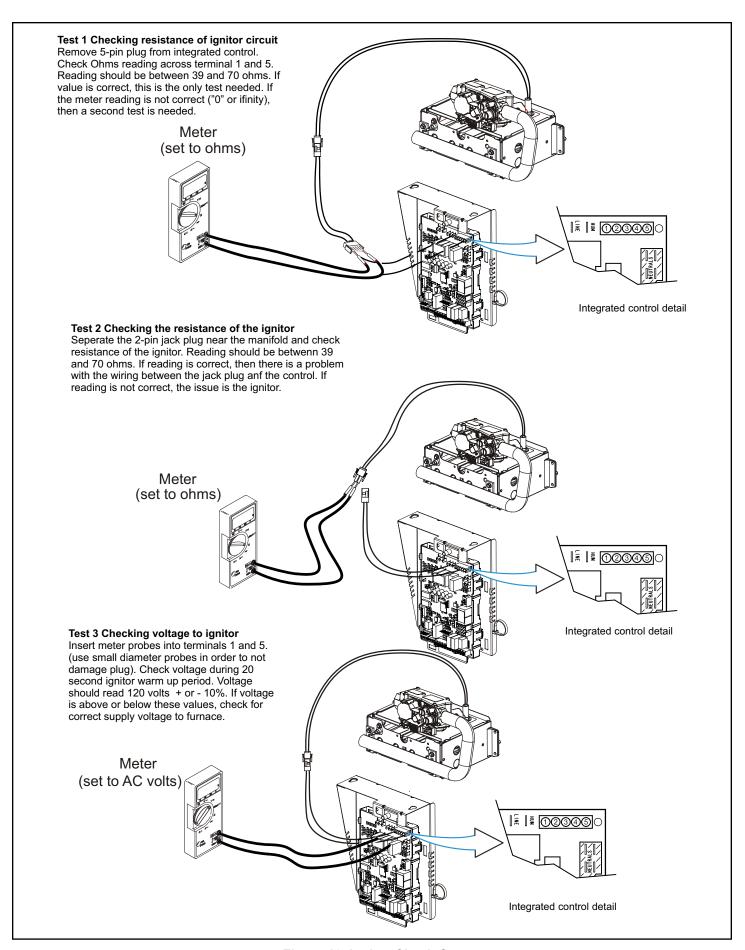


Figure 10. Ignitor Check Out

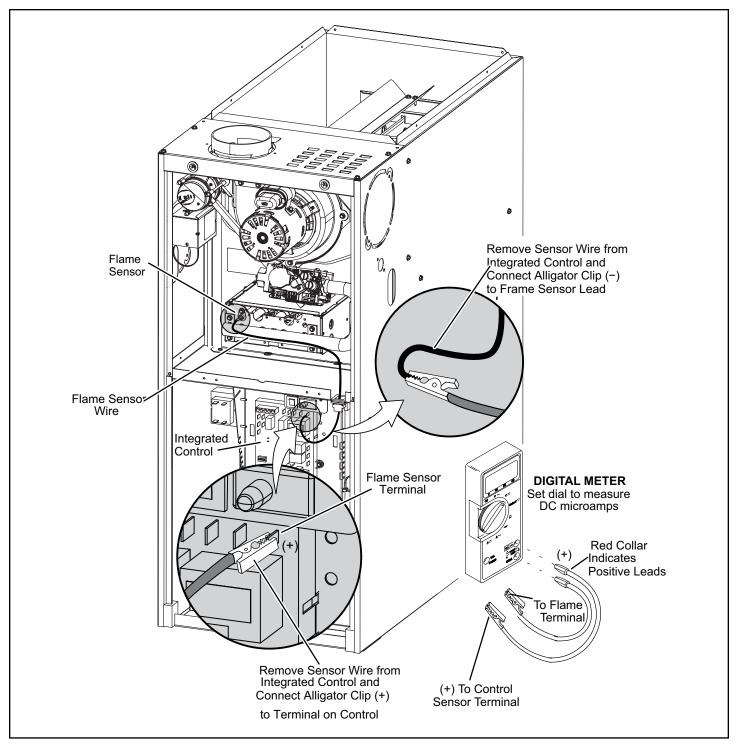


Figure 11. Measuring Flame Signal

Combustion Air Inducer (B6) and Cold End Header Box

All A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) units use a two-stage combustion air inducer to move air through the burners and heat exchanger during heating operation. The blower uses a 120VAC motor. The motor operates during all heating operation and is controlled by integrated control control A92. The inducer also operates for 15 seconds before burner ignition (pre-purge) and for 5 seconds after the gas valve closes (post-purge). The inducer operates on low speed during firststage heat, then switches to high speed for second stage heat.

Combustion Air Inducer Pressure Switch (S18)

A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) series units are equipped with a dual combustion air pressure switch (first and second stage) located on the combustion air inducer orifice bracket. The switch is connected to the combustion air inducer housing by means of a flexible silicone hose. It monitors negative air pressure in the combustion air inducer housing.

The switches are a single-pole single-throw proving switch electrically connected to the integrated control. The purpose of the switch is to prevent burner operation if the combustion air inducer is not operating or if the flue becomes obstructed.

On heat demand (first or second stage) the switch senses that the combustion air inducer is operating. It closes a circuit to the integrated control when pressure inside the combustion air inducer decreases to a certain set point.

Set points vary depending on unit size. See Table 9. The pressure sensed by the switch is negative relative to atmospheric pressure. If the flue becomes obstructed during operation, the switch senses a loss of negative pressure (pressure becomes more equal with atmospheric pressure) and opens the circuit to the furnace control and gas valve.

Unit	Set Point Low Heat (in. w.c.)	Set Point High Heat (in. w.c.)
-045*12	0.30	
-070*12	0.35	
-090*12		0.68
-090*16	0.30	0.00
-110*16	0.30	
-110*20		

Table 9. 0 - 4,500 ft.

NOTE: See Table 13 for high altitude pressure switch kits.

Troubleshooting

See Figure 12 for measuring operating pressure and checking resistance in the pressure switch.

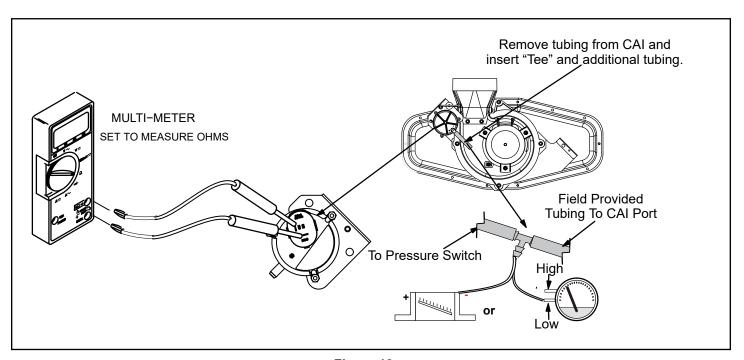


Figure 12.

Multiple Venting

The A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) furnace can vent in multiple positions. See Figure 13.

The make up box may be removed and the combustion air inducer may be rotated clockwise or counterclockwise 90° to allow for vertical or horizontal vent discharge in a vertical or horizontal cabinet position. Remove the four mounting screws, rotate the assembly (assembly consists of orifice plate, proving switch, gasket and combustion air inducer), then reinstall the mounting screws. See unit Installation Instructions for more detail.

A IMPORTANT

The combustion air pressure switch must be moved for horizontal discharge air left position.

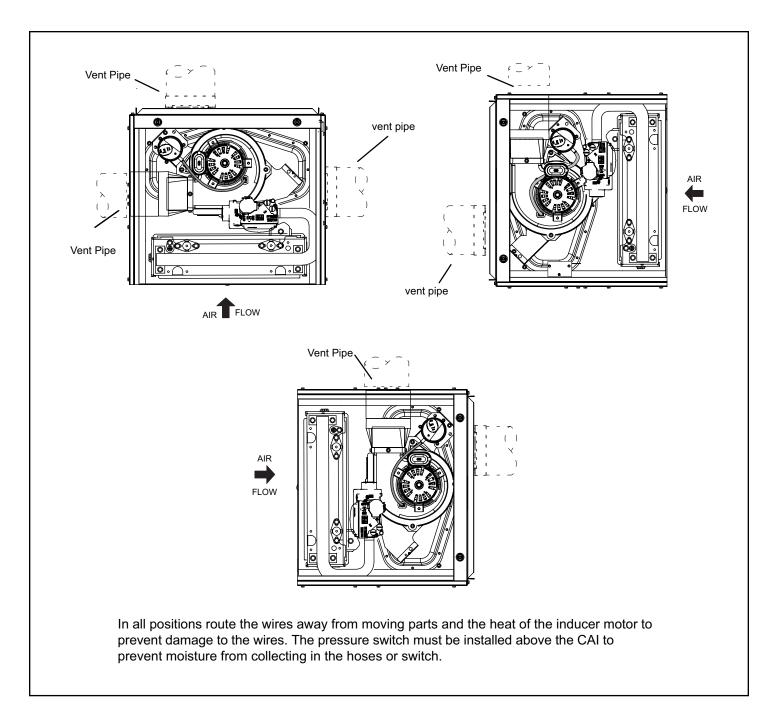


Figure 13.

Placement and Installation

Make sure unit is installed in accordance with installation instructions and applicable codes.

Start-Up

Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- Inspect electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult the power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 3. Inspect condition of condensate traps and drain assembly. Disassemble and clean seasonally.

Heating Start-Up

BEFORE LIGHTING the unit, smell all around the furnace area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

The gas valve on the A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) is equipped with a gas control switch. Use only your hand to move the switch. Never use tools. If the the switch will not move by hand, replace the valve. Do not try to repair it. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

A WARNING

Shock and burn hazard.

A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) units are equipped with a hot surface ignition system. Do not attempt to light manually.

Gas Valve Operation (Figure 14)

- 1. **STOP!** Read the safety information at the beginning of this section.
- 2. Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
- 3. Turn off all electrical power to the unit.
- This furnace is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burners. Do not try to light the burners by hand.
- 5. Remove the access panel.
- 6. Move gas valve switch to OFF. See Figure 14.
- Wait five minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas go to next step.
- 8. Move gas valve switch to ON. See Figure 14.

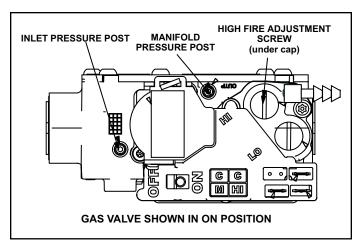


Figure 14. Gas Valve

- 9. Replace the access panel.
- 10. Turn on all electrical power to to the unit.
- 11. Set the thermostat to desired setting.

NOTE: When unit is initially started, steps 1 through 11 may need to be repeated to purge air from gas line.

12. If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Unit" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Unit

- Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
- Turn off all electrical power to the unit if service is to be performed.
- Remove the access panel.
- 4. Move gas valve switch to OFF.
- Replace the access panel.

Failure To Operate

If the unit fails to operate, check the following:

- 1. Is the thermostat calling for heat?
- Are access panels securely in place?
- 3. Is the main disconnect switch closed?
- 4. Is there a blown fuse or tripped breaker?
- 5. Is the filter dirty or plugged? Dirty or plugged filters will cause the limit control to shut the unit off.
- 6. Is gas turned on at the meter?
- 7. Is the manual main shut-off valve open?
- 8. Is the internal manual shut-off valve open?
- 9. Is the unit ignition system in lockout? If the unit locks out again, inspect the unit for blockages.
- Is pressure switch closed? Obstructed flue will cause unit to shut off at pressure switch. Check flue and outlet for blockages.

11. Are flame rollout switches tripped? If flame rollout switches are tripped, call the service technician for inspection.

Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Turn off unit power. Close manual and main gas valves.

Extended Period Shutdown

Turn off thermostat or set to "UNOCCUPIED" mode. Close all gas valves (both internal and external to unit) to guarantee no gas leak into combustion chamber. Turn off power to unit. All access panels and covers must be in place and secured.

Heating System Service Checks

C.S.A. Certification

All units are C.S.A. design certified without modifications.

Refer to the A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) Operation and Installation Instruction.

Gas Piping

Gas supply piping should not allow more than 0.5" W.C. drop in pressure between gas meter and unit. Supply gas pipe must not be smaller than unit gas connection.

Compounds used on gas piping threaded joints should be resistant to action of liquefied petroleum gases.

A CAUTION

If a flexible gas connector is required or allowed by the authority that has jurisdiction, black iron pipe shall be installed at the gas valve and extend outside the furnace cabinet. The flexible connector can then be added between the black iron pipe and the gas supply line.

A WARNING

Do not over torque (800 in-lbs) or under torque (350 in-lbs) when attaching the gas piping to the gas valve.

Testing Gas Piping

A IMPORTANT

In case emergency shutdown is required, turn off the main shut-off valve and disconnect the main power to unit. These controls should be properly labeled by the installer.

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5 psig (14" W.C.). See Figure 15. If the pressure is greater than 0.5psig (14"W.C.), use the manual shut-off valve before pressure testing to isolate furnace from gas supply.

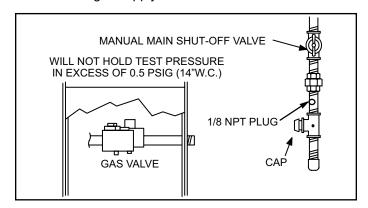


Figure 15.

When checking piping connections for gas leaks, use preferred means. Kitchen detergents can cause harmful corrosion on various metals used in gas piping. Use of a specialty Gas Leak Detector is strongly recommended.

A WARNING

Do not use matches, candles, flame or any other source of ignition to check for gas leaks.

Supply Pressure Measurement

A threaded plug on the inlet side of the gas valve provides access to the supply pressure tap. Remove the threaded plug, install a field-provided barbed fitting and connect a manometer to measure supply pressure. Replace the threaded plug after measurements have been taken. See Table 12 for supply line pressure.

Manifold Pressure Measurement

After line pressure has been checked and adjusted, check manifold pressure. Checks of manifold pressure are made as verification of proper regulator adjustment. Manifold pressure for the A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) can be measured at any time the gas valve is open and is supplying gas to the unit.

NOTE: Pressure test adapter kit (10L34) is available from Allied Air to facilitate manifold pressure measurement.

NOTE: The gas valve is factory set and should not require adjustment. All gas valves are factory regulated.

A IMPORTANT

For safety, connect a shut-off valve between the manometer and the gas tap to permit shut off of gas pressure to the manometer.

- 1. Connect test gauge to manifold pressure post (Figure 14) on gas valve.
- Ignite unit on low fire and let run for 5 minutes to allow for steady state conditions.
- After allowing unit to stabilize for 5 minutes, record manifold pressure and compare to value given in Table 12.
- 4. If necessary, make adjustments. Figure 14 shows location of high fire and low fire adjustment screw.
- 5. Repeat steps 2, 3 and 4 on high fire.
- Shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained. Take care to replace pressure tap plug.
- 7. Start unit and perform leak check. Seal leaks if found.

Gas Flow (Approximate)

Furnace should operate at least 5 minutes before checking gas flow. Determine time in seconds for two revolutions of gas through the meter. (Two revolutions assures a more accurate time.) Divide by two and compare to time in Table 10. If manifold pressure matches Table 12 and rate is incorrect, check gas orifices for proper size and restriction. Remove temporary gas meter if installed.

NOTE: To obtain accurate reading, shut off all other gas appliances connected to meter.

	Seconds for One Revolution						
Capacity	Natı	ıral	LP				
Capacity	1 cu ft Dial	2 cu ft Dial	1 cu ft Dial	2 cu ft Dial			
-45	80	160	200	400			
-70	55	110	136	272			
-90	41	82	102	204			
-110	33	66	82	164			
Natural-1000 btu/cu ft LP-2500 btu/cu ft							

Table 10. Gas Meter Clocking Chart

A IMPORTANT

For safety, shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained. Take care to replace pressure tap plug.

Proper Combustion

Furnace should operate a minimum 15 minutes with correct manifold pressure and gas flow rate before checking combustion. Table 11 shows acceptable combustion for all A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) models. The maximum carbon monoxide reading should not exceed 100 ppm.

Capacity	CO ₂ % for Nat	CO ₂ % for LP
High Fire	6.0 - 7.5	7.0 - 8.5
Low Fire	5.0 - 6.5	5.8 - 7.3

Table 11.

High Altitude

The manifold pressure may require adjustment and combustion air pressure switch may need replacing to ensure proper combustion at higher altitudes. Refer to Table 12 for manifold pressure and Table 13 for pressure switch change and gas conversion kits.

Capacity	Gas	Manifold Pressure in. wg. 0 - 4,500 ft.		Manifold Pressure in. wg. 4,501 - 7,500 ft.		Manifold Pressure in. wg. 7,501 - 10,000 ft. ²		Supply Line Pressure in. wg.	
		Low Fire	High Fire	Low Fire	High Fire	Low Fire	High Fire	Min.	Max.
045	Natrual	1.7	3.5	1.5	3.2	1.7	3.5	4.5	13.0
045	LP/Propane ³	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.0	11.0	13.0
070	Natrual	1.7	3.5	1.6	3.4	1.7	3.5	4.5	13.0
070	LP/Propane ³	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.5	11.0	13.0
090	Natrual	1.7	3.5	1.5	3.2	1.7	3.5	4.5	13.0
090	LP/Propane ³	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.0	11.0	13.0
110	Natrual	1.7	3.5	1.5	2.8	1.7	3.5	4.5	13.0
110	LP/Propane ³	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.0	4.5	10.0	11.0	13.0

- 1. This is the only permissible derate for these units.
- 2. Natural gas high altitude orifice kit required.
- 3. A natural to L.P. propane gas changeover kit is necessary to convert this unit. Refer to the changeover kit installation instruction for the conversion procedure.

NOTE - Units may be installed at altitudes up to 4500 ft. above sea level without modifications.

Table 12. Manifold Pressure and Line Pressure at Various Altitudes

Capacity	High Altitude Pressure Switch Kit		High Altitude Natural Gas Oririce Kit	Natural to LP/Propane Kit		LP/Propane to Natural Kit	
	0 - 4,500 ft.	4,501 - 7,500 ft.	7,501 - 10,000 ft.	7,501 - 10,000 ft.	0 - 7,500 ft.	7,501 - 10,000 ft.	0 - 7,500 ft.
All	No Change	91W53	73W35	51W01	11K48	11K47	77W10

NOTE: A natural to LP/Propane gas changeover kit is necessary to convert this unit. Refer to the changeover kit installation instruction for the conversion procedure.

Table 13. Orifice Kits and Pressure Switch Kits at Various Altitudes

Proper Ground and Voltage

Furnace must be properly grounded for proper performance. Use the following procedure to check for ground and voltage to the integrated control.

- Measure the AC voltage between Line Neutral (spade terminals) and "C" terminal (low voltage terminal block) on the integrated control. See Figure 16. A wide variation in the voltage between Line Neutral and "C" as a function of load indicates a poor or partial ground. Compare the readings to Table 14. If the readings exceed the maximum shown in Table 14, make repairs before operating the furnace.
- 2. In addition, measure the AC voltage from Line Hot to Line Neutral (spade terminals) on the integrated control. See Figure 16. This voltage should be in the range of 97 to 132 Vac.

Furnace Status	Measurement VAC			
Furnace Status	Expected	Maximum		
Power On Furnace Idle	0.3	2		
CAI / Ignitor Enerigized	0.75	5		
Indoor Blower Energized	Less than 2	10		

Table 14.

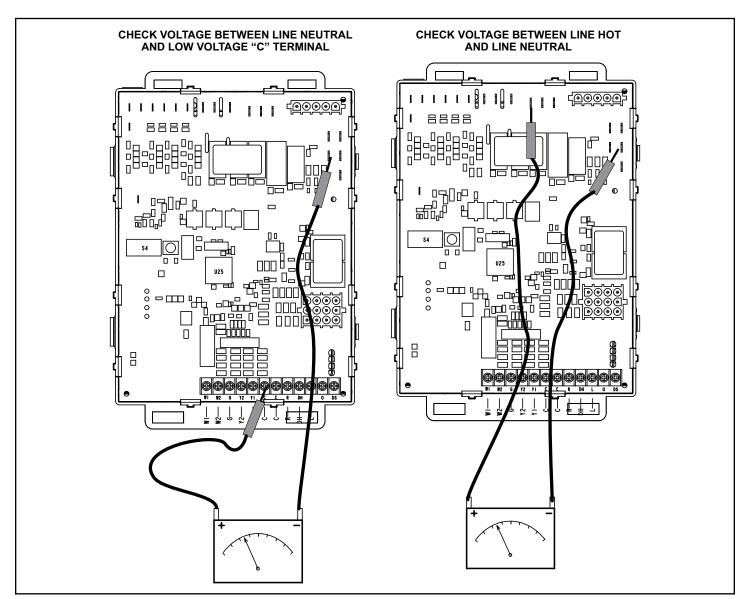


Figure 16.

Typical Operating Characteristics

Blower Operation and Adjustment

NOTE: The following is a generalized procedure and does not apply to all thermostat controls.

- 1. Blower operation is dependent on thermostat control system.
- Generally, blower operation is set at thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in ON position, blower operates continuously. With fan switch in AUTO position, blower cycles with demand or runs continuously while heating or cooling circuit cycles.
- Depending on the type of indoor thermostat, blower and entire unit will be off when the system switch is in OFF position.

Temperature Rise (Figure 17)

Temperature rise for A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) units depends on unit input, blower speed, blower horsepower and static pressure as marked on the unit rating plate. The blower speed must be set for unit operation within the range of "TEMP. RISE "F" listed on the unit rating plate.

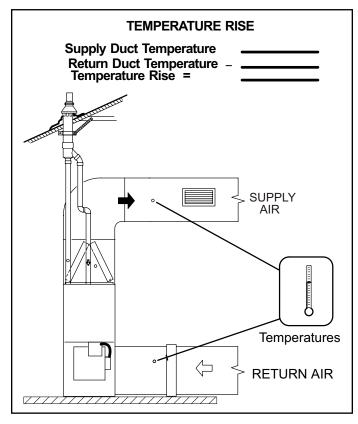


Figure 17.

External Static Pressure

- 1. Tap locations shown in Figure 18.
- Punch a 1/4" diameter hole in supply and return air plenums. Insert manometer hose flush with inside edge of hole or insulation. Seal around the hose with permagum. Connect the zero end of the manometer to the discharge (supply) side of the system. On ducted systems, connect the other end of manometer to the return duct as above.
- 3. With only the blower motor running and the evaporator coil dry, observe the manometer reading. Adjust blower motor speed to deliver the air desired according to the job requirements. For heating speed (second stage heat speed) external static pressure drop must not be more than 0.5" W.C. For cooling speed (second stage cool speed) external static pressure drop must not be more than 0.5" W.C.
- 4. Seal the hole when the check is complete.

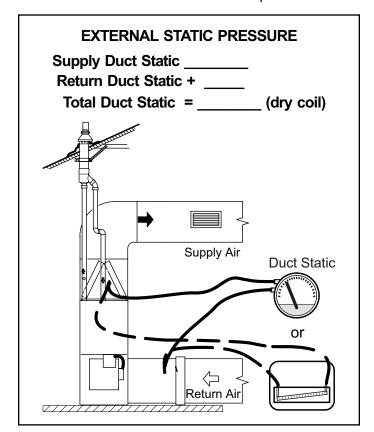


Figure 18.

Maintenance

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE, OR EXPLOSION HAZARD.

Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death or property damage.

Improper servicing could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death, or property damage.

Before servicing, disconnect all electrical power to furnace.

When servicing controls, label all wires prior to disconnecting. Take care to reconnect wires correctly. Verify proper operation after servicing.

At the beginning of each heating season, system should be checked as follows by a qualified service technician:

Blower

Check the blower wheel for debris and clean if necessary. The blower motors are prelubricated for extended bearing life. No further lubrication is needed.

A WARNING

The blower access panel must be securely in place when the blower and burners are operating. Gas fumes, which could contain carbon monoxide, can be drawn into living space resulting in personal injury or death.

Filters

All air filters are installed external to the unit. Filters should be inspected monthly. Clean or replace the filters when necessary to ensure proper furnace operation. Table 15 lists recommended filter sizes.

A IMPORTANT

If a high-efficiency filter is being installed as part of this system to ensure better indoor air quality, the filter must be properly sized. High-efficiency filters have a higher static pressure drop than standard-efficiency glass/foam filters. If the pressure drop is too great, system capacity and performance may be reduced. The pressure drop may also cause the limit to trip more frequently during the winter and the indoor coil to freeze in the summer, resulting in an increase in the number of service calls.

Before using any filter with this system, check the specifications provided by the filter manufacturer

Cabinet Width	Filter Size			
Cabinet Width	Side Return	Bottom Return		
14-1/2"		14 x 25 x 1		
17-1/2"	16 x 25 x 1	16 x 25 x 1		
21"		20 x 25 x 1		

Table 15.

Exhaust and Air Intake Pipes

Check the exhaust and air intake pipes and all connections for tightness and to make sure there is no blockage.

NOTE: After any heavy snow, ice or frozen fog event the furnace vent pipes may become restricted. Always check the vent system and remove any snow or ice that may be obstructing the plastic intake or exhaust pipes.

Annual Furnace Maintenance

At the beginning of each heating season, and to comply with the Allied Air Limited Warranty, your system should be checked by a licensed professional technician (or equivalent) as follows:

A WARNING

Disconnect power before servicing unit.

A CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A WARNING

The blower access panel must be securely in place when the blower and burners are operating. Gas fumes, which could contain carbon monoxide, can be drawn into living space resulting in personal injury or death.

- 1. Check wiring for loose connections, voltage at indoor unit and amperage of indoor motor.
- Check the condition of the belt and shaft bearings if applicable.
- 3. Inspect all gas pipe and connections for leaks.
- 4. Check the cleanliness of filters and change if necessary (monthly).
- 5. Check the condition and cleanliness of burners and heat exchanger and clean if necessary.

- Check the cleanliness of blower assembly and clean the housing, blower wheel and blower motor if necessary. The blower motors are prelubricated for extended bearing life. No further lubrication is needed.
- 7. Inspect the combustion air inducer and clean if necessary.
- Evaluate the heat exchanger integrity by inspecting the heat exchanger per the AHRI heat exchanger inspection procedure. This procedure can be viewed at www.ahrinet.org
- Ensure sufficient combustion air is available to the furnace. Fresh air grilles and louvers (on the unit and in the room where the furnace is installed) must be properly sized, open and unobstructed to provide combustion air.
- 10. Inspect the furnace venting system to make sure it is in place, structurally sound, and without holes, corrosion, or blockage. Vent system must be free and clear of obstructions and must slope upward away from the furnace. Vent system should be installed per the National Fuel Gas Code.
- Inspect the furnace return air duct connection to ensure the duct is sealed to the furnace. Check for air leaks on supply and return ducts and seal where necessary.
- 12. Check the condition of the furnace cabinet insulation and repair if necessary.

- Perform a complete combustion analysis during the furnace inspection to ensure proper combustion and operation. Consult Service Literature for proper combustion values.
- Verify operation of CO detectors and replace batteries as required.

Perform a general system test. Turn on the furnace to check operating functions such as the start-up and shut-off operation.

- Check the operation of the ignition system, inspect and clean flame sensor. Check microamps before and after. Check controls and safety devices (gas valve, flame sensor, temperature limits). Consult Service Manual for proper operating range. Thermal Limits should be checked by restricting airflow and not disconnecting the indoor blower. For additional details, please see Service and Application Note H049.
- 2. Verify that system total static pressure and airflow settings are within specific operating parameters.
- 3. Clock gas meter to ensure that the unit is operating at the specified firing rate. Check the supply pressure and the manifold pressure. On two-stage gas furnaces check the manifold pressure on high fire and low fire. If manifold pressure adjustment is necessary, consult the Service Literature for unit specific information on adjusting gas pressure. Not all gas valves are adjustable. Verify correct temperature rise.

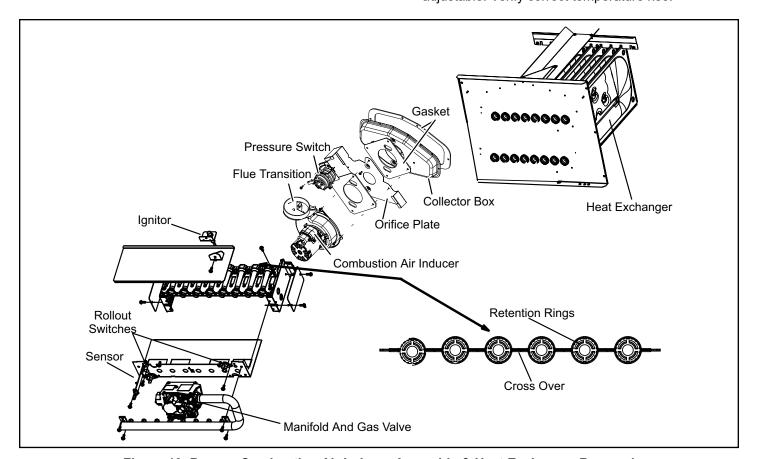


Figure 19. Burner, Combustion Air Inducer Assembly & Heat Exchanger Removal

Cleaning the Heat Exchanger and Burners

NOTE: Use papers or protective covering in front of the furnace during cleaning.

- Turn off both electrical and gas power supplies to furnace.
- 2. Remove flue pipe and top cap (some applications top cap can remain) from the unit.
- Label the wires from gas valve, rollout switches, primary limit switch and make-up box then disconnect them
- Remove the screws that secure the combustion air inducer/pressure switch assembly to the collector box. Carefully remove the combustion air inducer to avoid damaging blower gasket. If gasket is damaged, it must be replaced to prevent leakage.
- Remove the collector box located behind the combustion air inducer. Be careful with the collector box gasket. If the gasket is damaged, it must be replaced to prevent leakage.
- Disconnect gas supply piping. Remove the screw securing the burner box cover and remove cover. Remove the four screws securing the burner manifold assembly to the vestibule panel and remove the assembly from the unit.
- Remove screws securing burner box and remove burner box.
- 8. NOx units only Remove screw securing NOX insert. Remove NOx insert. See Figure 20.
- Remove screws from both sides, top and bottom of vestibule panel.
- Remove heat exchanger. It may be necessary to spread cabinet side to allow more room. If so, remove five screws from the left side or right side of cabinet. See Figure 21.
- 11. Backwash using steam. Begin from the burner opening on each clam. Steam must not exceed 275°F.
- 12. To clean burners, run a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush attachment over the face of burners. Visually inspect inside the burners and crossovers for any blockage caused by foreign matter. Remove any blockage. Figure 19 shows burner detail.
- 13. To clean the combustion air inducer visually inspect and using a wire brush clean where necessary. Use compressed air to clean off debris and any rust.
- 14. Reinstall heat exchanger in vestibule. (Replace the five screws in the cabinet from step 10 if removed).
- 15. NOx units only Replace NOx inserts.
- 16. Reinstall collector box and combustion air assembly. Reinstall all screws to the collector box and combustion air inducer. Failure to replace all screws may cause leaks. Inspect gaskets for any damage and replace if necessary.

- Reinstall burner box, manifold assembly and burner box cover.
- 18. Reconnect all wires.
- 19. Reconnect top cap and vent pipe to combustion air inducer outlet.
- Reconnect gas supply piping.
- 21. Turn on power and gas supply to unit.
- 22. Set thermostat and check for proper operation.
- Check all piping connections, factory and field, for gas leaks. Use a leak detecting solution or other preferred means.

A CAUTION

Some soaps used for leak detection are corrosive to certain metals. Carefully rinse piping thoroughly after leak test has been completed. Do not use matches, candles, flame or other sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

- 24. If a leak is detected, shut gas and electricity off and repair leak.
- 25. Repeat steps 24 and 26 until no leaks are detected.
- 26. Replace access panel.

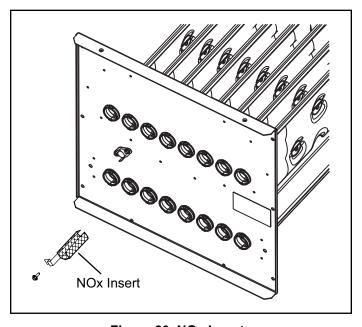


Figure 20. NOx Inserts

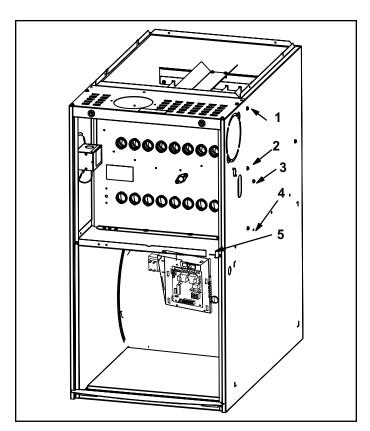


Figure 21. Remove 5 screws if necessary (either side of cabinet)

Wiring and Sequence of Operation

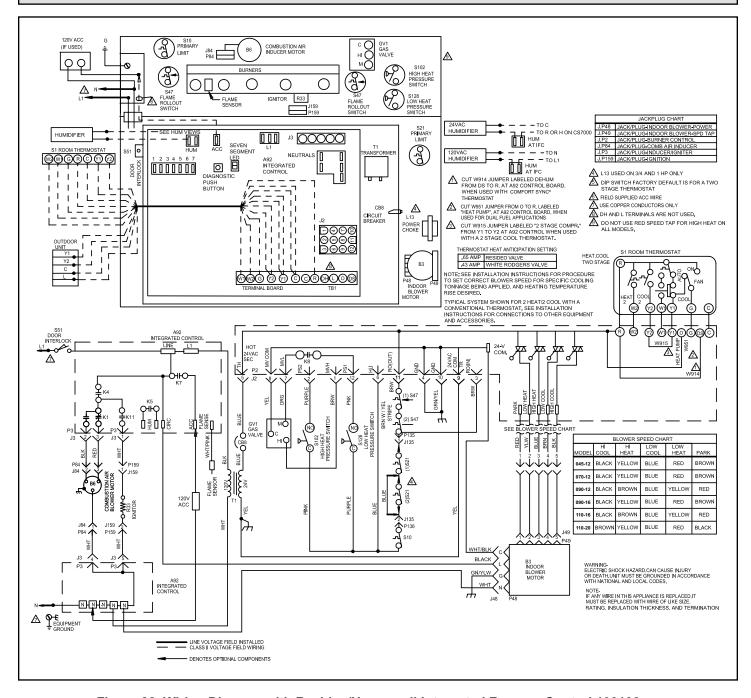


Figure 22. Wiring Diagram with Resideo/Honeywell Integrated Furnace Control 103132-xx

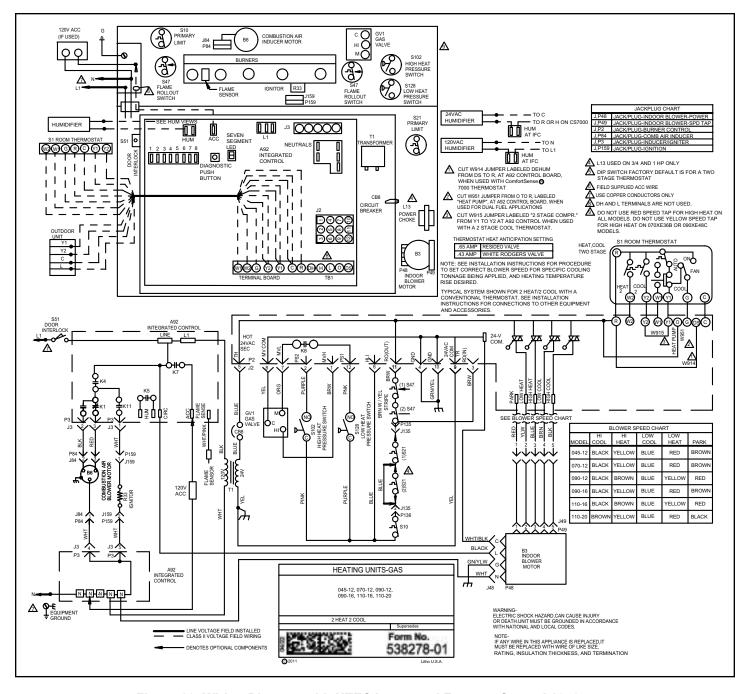


Figure 23. Wiring Diagram with UTEC Integrated Furnace Control 107047-xx

Electronic Ignition

The two-stage, variable speed integrated control used in A80UH2E / 80G2UHE(L) units has an added feature of an internal soft lockout control. The feature serves as an automatic reset device for ignition control lockout caused by ignition failure. After one hour of continuous thermostat demand for heat, soft lockout will break and remake thermostat demand to the furnace and automatically reset the control to begin the ignition sequence.

NOTE: The ignition control thermostat selection DIP switch is factory-set in the "TWO-STAGE" position.

Applications Using a Two-Stage Thermostat

A - Heating Sequence -- Integrated Control Thermostat Selection DIP Switch 1 OFF in "Two-Stage" Position (Factory Setting)

- On a call for heat, thermostat first-stage contacts close sending a signal to the integrated control. The integrated control runs a self-diagnostic program and checks high temperature limit switches for normally closed contacts and pressure switches for normally open contacts. The combustion air inducer is energized at low speed.
- Once the control receives a signal that the low pressure switch has closed, the combustion air inducer begins a 15-second pre-purge in low speed.

NOTE: If the low fire pressure switch does not close the combustion air inducer will switch to high fire. After a 15 second pre-purge the high fire pressure switch will close and the unit will begin operation on high fire. After 10 to 20 seconds of high fire operation the unit will switch to low fire.

- After the pre-purge is complete, a 20-second initial ignitor warm-up period begins. The combustion air inducer continues to operate at low speed.
- 4. After the 20-second warm-up period has ended, the gas valve is energized on low fire (first stage) and ignition occurs. At the same time, the control module sends a signal to begin an indoor blower 30-second ON-delay. When the delay ends, the indoor blower motor is energized on the low fire heating speed, the HUM contacts close energizing the humidifier and 120V ACC terminal is energized. The furnace will continue this operation as long as the thermostat has a first-stage heating demand.
- 5. If second-stage heat is required, the thermostat second-stage heat contacts close and send a signal to the integrated control. The integrated control initiates a 30-second second-stage recognition delay.

- 6. At the end of the recognition delay, the integrated control energizes the combustion air inducer at high speed. The control also checks the high fire (second-stage) pressure switch to make sure it is closed. The high fire (second stage) gas valve is energized and the indoor blower motor is energized for operation at the high fire heating speed.
- 7. When the demand for high fire (second stage) heat is satisfied, the combustion air inducer is switched to the low-fire heating speed and the high-fire (second-stage) gas valve is de-energized. The low-fire (first-stage) gas valve continues operation. The indoor blower motor is switched to the low-fire heating speed.
- When the thermostat demand for low-fire (first stage) heat is satisfied, the gas valve is de-energized and the field-selected indoor blower off delay begins. The combustion air inducer begins a 5-second postpurge period.
- When the combustion air post-purge period is complete, the inducer and the HUM contacts are deenergized. The indoor blower is de-energized at the end of the off delay as well as the ACC terminals.

Applications Using A Single-Stage Thermostat

B - Heating Sequence -- Integrated Control Thermostat Selection DIP Switch 1 ON in "Single-Stage" Position

NOTE: In these applications, two-stage heat will be initiated by the integrated control if heating demand has not been satisfied after the field adjustable period (7 or 12 minutes).

- On a call for heat, thermostat first-stage contacts close sending a signal to the integrated control. The integrated control runs a self-diagnostic program and checks high temperature limit switches for normally closed contacts and pressure switches for normally open contacts. The combustion air inducer is energized at low speed.
- Once the control receives a signal that the low pressure switch has closed, the combustion air inducer begins a 15-second pre-purge in low speed.

NOTE: If the low fire pressure switch does not close the combustion air inducer will switch to high fire. After a 15 second pre-purge the high fire pressure switch will close and the unit will begin operation on high fire. After 10 to 20 seconds of high fire operation the unit will switch to low fire.

3. After the pre-purge is complete, a 20-second initial ignitor warm-up period begins. The combustion air inducer continues to operate at low speed.

- 4. After the 20-second warm-up period has ended, the gas valve is energized on low fire (first stage) and ignition occurs. At the same time, the control module sends a signal to begin an indoor blower 30-second ON-delay. When the delay ends, the indoor blower motor is energized on the low fire heating speed and the HUM contacts are energized. The integrated control also initiates a second-stage on delay (factory-set at 7 minutes; adjustable to 12 minutes).
- 5. If the heating demand continues beyond the secondstage on delay, the integrated control energizes the combustion air inducer at high speed. The control also checks the high fire (second stage) pressure switch to make sure it is closed. The high fire (second stage) gas valve is energized and the indoor blower motor is energized for operation at the high fire heating speed.
- When the thermostat heating demand is satisfied, the combustion air inducer begins a 5-second low speed post-purge. The field-selected indoor blower off delay begins. The indoor blower operates at the low-fire heating speed.
- When the combustion air post-purge period is complete, the inducer and the HUM contacts are deenergized. The indoor blower is de-energized at the end of the off delay as well as the 120 ACC terminals

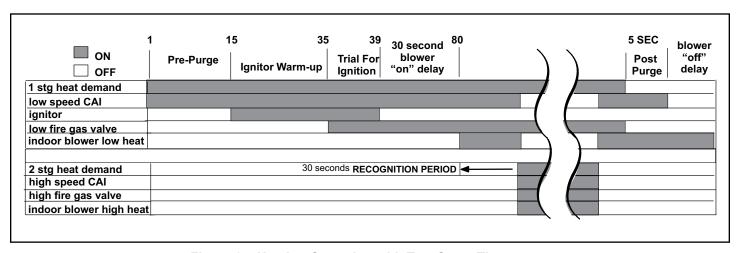


Figure 24. Heating Operation with Two-Stage Thermostat

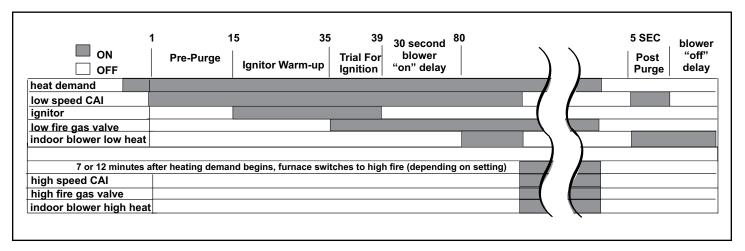


Figure 25. Heating Operation with Single-Stage Thermostat

Field Wiring and DIP Switch Settings

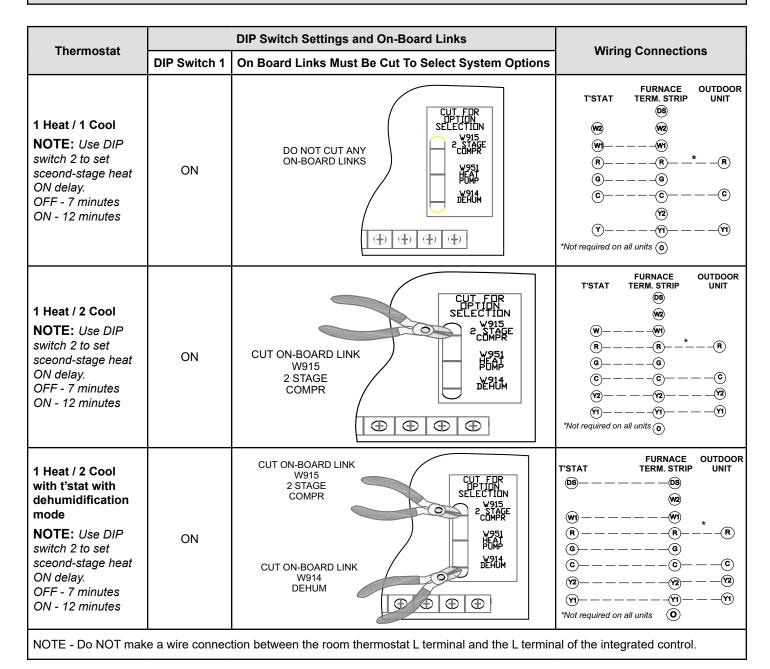


Table 16. Field Wiring for Non-Communicating Thermostat Applications

Thermostat	DIP Switch Settings and On-Board Links		Wining Connections		
	DIP Switch 1	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select System Options	Wiring Connections		
2 Heat / 2 Cool	OFF	CUT_FIR SELECTION SELECTION V915 2 STAGE COMPR THE	#Not required on all units 0		
2 Heat / 2 Cool with t'stat with dehumidification mode	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT FOR SELECTION V915 2 STAGE COMPR V914 V914 V914	FURNACE TERM. STRIP OUTDOOR UNIT		
2 Heat / 1 Cool with t'stat with dehumidification mode	OFF	CUT FOR OPTION SELECTION S	FURNACE TERM. STRIP OUTDOOR TERM. STRIP OUTDOOR 08 68 02 69 03 69 04 69 06 69 0 - 69 0 - 69 0 - 69 0 - 70 * Not required on all units		
2 Heat / 1 Cool	OFF	DO NOT CUT ANY ON-BOARD LINKS CUT FOR DPTION SELECTION	FURNACE TERM. STRIP OUTDOOR OUTDOOR		
NOTE - Do NOT mak	NOTE - Do NOT make a wire connection between the room thermostat L terminal and the L terminal of the integrated control.				
- 20 NOT make a wife confidence between the footh the mostate terminal and the Eterminal of the integrated control.					

Table 16. Field Wiring for Non-Communicating Thermostat Applications

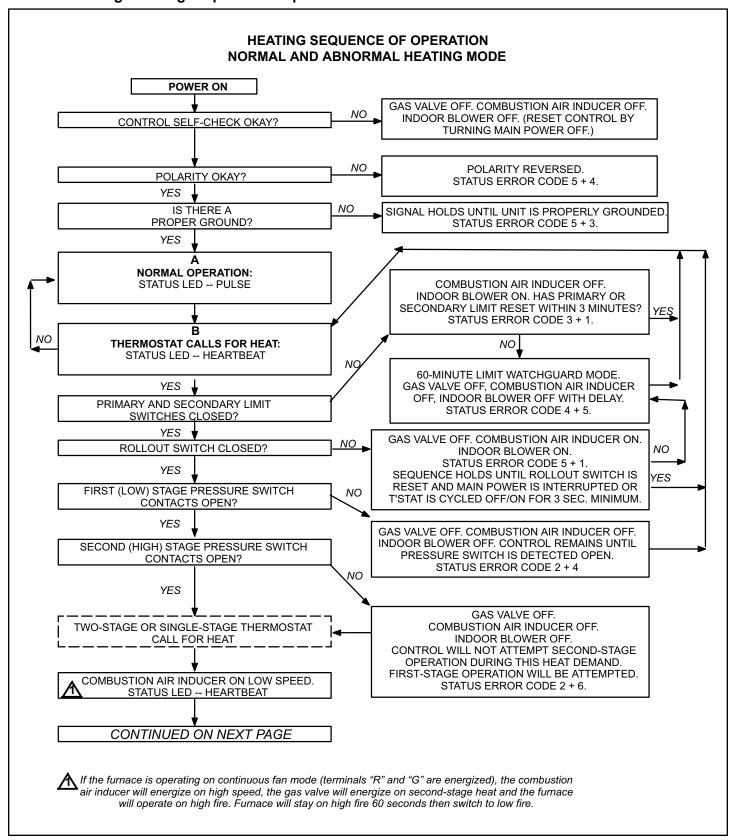
Thermostat	DIP Switch Settings and On-Board Links		Mr. t O d
	DIP Switch 1	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select System Options	Wiring Connections
Dual Fuel Single- Stage Heat Pump Thermostat w/dual fuel capabilities Capable of 2-stage gas heat control	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W951 HEAT PUMP PUMP PUMP PUMP PUMP PUMP PUMP PUM	FURNACE TERM. STRIP
Dual Fuel Two- Stage Heat Pump Thermostat w/dual fuel capabilities Capable of 2-stage gas heat control	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT ON-BOARD LINK W951 HEAT PUMP THE	T'STAT

Table 16. Field Wiring for Non-Communicating Thermostat Applications

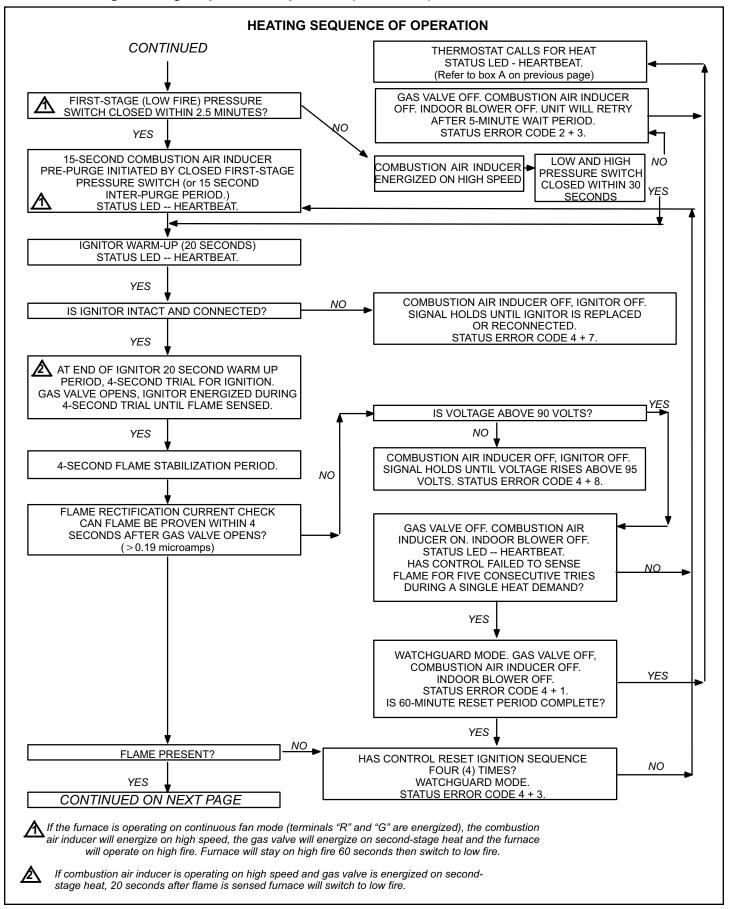
Thermostat	DIP Switch Settings and On-Board Links		William O
	DIP Switch 1	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select System Options	Wiring Connections
Dual Fuel Single- Stage Heat Pump Thermostat w/dual fuel capabilities Capable of 2-stage gas heat control with dehumidification mode	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W951 HEAT PUMP CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM	FURNACE TERM. STRIP T'STAT R
Dual Fuel Two- Stage Heat Pump Thermostat w/dual fuel capabilities Capable of 2-stage gas heat control with dehumidification mode	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT ON-BOARD LINK W951 HEAT PUMP CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM	T'STAT FURNACE TERM. STRIP HEAT PUMP

Table 16. Field Wiring for Non-Communicating Thermostat Applications

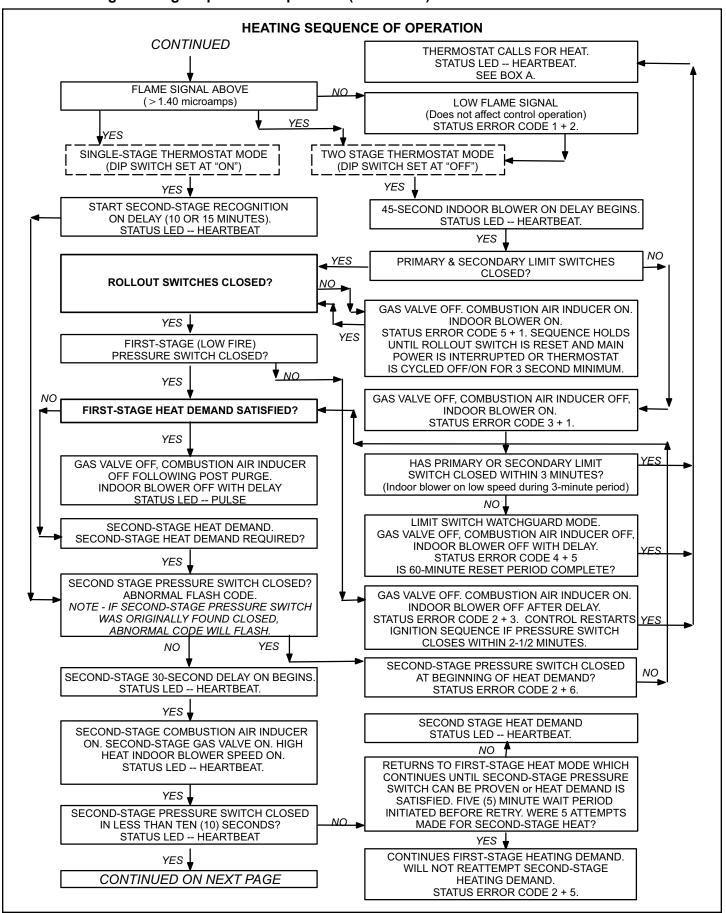
Troubleshooting: Heating Sequence of Operation



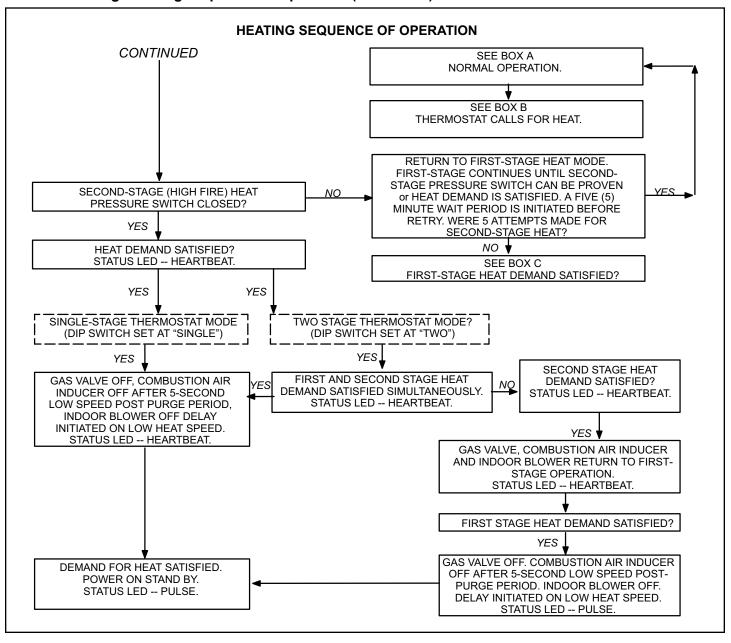
Troubleshooting: Heating Sequence of Operation (Continued)



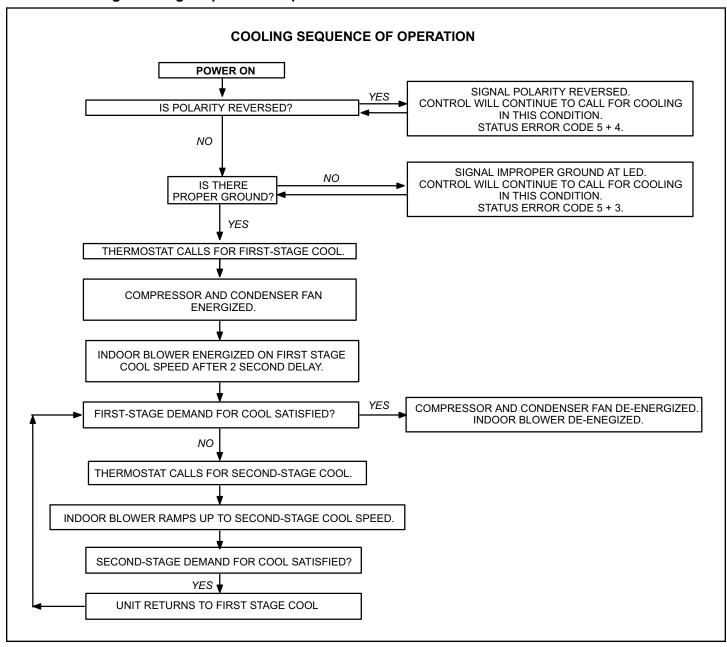
Troubleshooting: Heating Sequence of Operation (Continued)



Troubleshooting: Heating Sequence of Operation (Continued)



Troubleshooting: Cooling Sequence of Operation



Troubleshooting: Continuous Fan Sequence of Operation

