I-100 FIELD INSTALLATION HANDBOOK

24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Victaulic® Mechanical Piping Products for Carbon Steel, Stainless Steel, Aluminum, and CPVC/PVC Pipe



Revision H 03/202

WARNING













- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, foot protection, and hearing protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Contact Victaulic with any questions regarding safe and proper installation of products featured in this handbook.

Visit victaulic.com for the most up-to-date information on Victaulic products.

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NOTICE

 Pages that include information pertaining to FireLock™ branded products have been identified with a black band on the side of the page.

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INTRODUCTION

This I-100 Field Installation Handbook contains important information regarding pipe preparation and installation of 24-inch/DN600 and smaller Victaulic® mechanical piping products for carbon steel, stainless steel, aluminum, and CPVC/PVC pipe. For installation of Victaulic Copper Connection products, refer to the I-600 Field Installation Handbook.

Always follow good piping practices and local building codes and requirements. Specified pressures, temperatures, external loads, internal loads, performance standards, and tolerances shall never be exceeded.

Qualified engineers shall reference Victaulic Section 26 publications and publication 05.01 for additional information regarding special conditions, code requirements, and the use of safety factors. These publications can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Products featured in this handbook are designed for use only with pipe that is specified by a system designer/engineer or contractor and then prepared to Victaulic specifications.

Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are designed for use only with pipe that is grooved to Victaulic specifications. In addition, Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are for use only with Victaulic grooved-end fittings, valves, and related grooved-end components. Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are not intended for use with plain-end pipe and/or fittings. Victaulic plain-end pipe couplings are designed for use only with plain-end or beveled-

end steel pipe and Victaulic plain-end fittings, unless indicated otherwise. Victaulic plainend pipe couplings shall not be used with grooved-end or threaded pipe and/or fittings. Victaulic gaskets are designed to perform in a wide range of temperatures and operating

conditions. As with all installations, there is a direct relationship between temperature, continuity of service, and gasket life. Always reference Victaulic publication 05.01 to determine gasket material grades that may be specified for each application.

The term "mating component" used throughout this handbook applies to pipe, fitting, valve, or accessory ends that are prepared to the appropriate Victaulic groove specification.

Metric values listed throughout this handbook are converted from the Imperial values and may be rounded.

In addition to this I-100, Victaulic offers field installation handbooks, installation sheets, or installation tags for mechanical piping products that join alternate piping materials or other dedicated groove profile technologies. These instructions are shipped with the applicable product and can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



SCAN QR CODE FOR ADDITIONAL FIELD INSTALLATION HANDBOOKS THAT VICTAULIC OFFERS

ADDITIONAL COPIES OF FIELD INSTALLATION HANDBOOKS ARE AVAILABLE FROM YOUR LOCAL VICTAULIC SALES REPRESENTATIVE

NOTICE

- Victaulic maintains a policy of continuous product improvement. Therefore, Victaulic reserves the right to change product specifications, designs, and standard equipment
- without notice and without incurring obligation.
 VICTAULIC IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR SYSTEM DESIGN, NOR DOES THE COMPANY
 ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR SYSTEMS THAT ARE DESIGNED IMPROPERLY.
- This handbook is not intended to be a substitute for competent, professional engineering/piping system design and installation, which are prerequisites for any product application.
- This handbook is intended for use only by professional piping system designers, engineers, and installers.
- The information published in this handbook and other Victaulic literature supersedes all previously published information.

 Drawings and/or pictures in this manual may be exaggerated for clarity.

- Drawings alluor pictures in this manual may be exaggerated for clarity.

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California Customers – Proposition 65 Compliance



WARNING: The painted surface of these products can expose you to chemicals, including BBP, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov.

WARNING: Grades V and M2 can expose you to trace amounts of chemicals, such as ethylene thiourea, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov.

WARNING: Brass components, even those manufactured from "low lead" or "no lead" brass, can expose you to trace amounts of chemicals, such as lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov.

Canadian Customers - CSA B51 Compliance

For applications within the scope of CSA B51, "Boiler, Pressure Vessel and Pressure Piping Code," please contact Victaulic for the most up-to-date Canadian Registration Numbers, approved products, and temperature ratings.

Hazard Identification

Definitions for identifying the various hazard levels are provided below.



This safety alert symbol indicates important safety messages. When you see this symbol throughout this handbook, be alert to the possibility of personal injury. Carefully read and fully understand the message that follows.

▲ DANGER

 The use of the word "DANGER" identifies an immediate hazard with a likelihood of death or serious personal injury if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.

A WARNING

 The use of the word "WARNING" identifies the presence of hazards or unsafe practices that could result in death or serious personal injury if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.

ACAUTION

 The use of the word "CAUTION" identifies possible hazards or unsafe practices that could result in personal injury and product or property damage if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.

NOTICE

 The use of the word "NOTICE" identifies special instructions that are important but not related to hazards.



Pipe Preparation and Grooving Specifications

PIPE PREPARATION

Pipe shall be prepared to Victaulic specifications outlined for each product style. Preparation may vary according to pipe material, wall thickness, outside diameter ("OD") dimensions, and other factors. Refer to all pipe preparation and groove specification sections on the following pages for detailed information.

TOOL RATINGS

AWARNING



- Before setting up and operating any Victaulic pipe preparation tools, read and understand the operating and maintenance manual that is shipped with the tool.
- Learn the operation requirements, applications, and potential hazards associated with the tool.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause improper product installation, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- AGS roll sets for use on both light-weight and standard-weight carbon steel pipe, as well as standard-weight stainless steel pipe, are distinguished by a black appearance with a yellow band.
- AGS roll sets for less than standard-weight stainless steel pipe are distinguished by a silver appearance with a black band.
- . AGS roll sets SHALL NOT be mixed with roll sets for other groove profiles.

Victaulic offers pipe preparation tools that are designed for field use or shop fabrication. For detailed information on pipe preparation tool ratings and capacities, refer to Victaulic publication 24.01, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. For information about maintenance and operation of pipe preparation tools, refer to the applicable operating and maintenance manual that is shipped with the tool and that can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

PIPE LENGTHS SUITABLE FOR GROOVING

The table below identifies the minimum pipe lengths that can be grooved safely by using Victaulic Roll Grooving Tools. In addition, this table identifies the maximum pipe lengths that can be roll grooved without the use of a pipe stand. Pipe that exceeds the maximum lengths listed in this table requires the use of a pipe stand. For additional tool and pipe stand setup requirements, and for pipe lengths required for Victaulic Cut Grooving Tools, always refer to the operating and maintenance manual that is shipped with the applicable tool. Manuals and repair parts lists can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Minimum Length that can be Grooved Safely with Victaulic Tool inches/mm	Maximum Length that can be Grooved Without Use of Pipe Stand inches/mm
³ / ₄ – 4	1.050 – 4.500	8	36
DN20 – DN100	26.9 – 114.3	205	915
	3.000 – 4.250	8	36
	76.1 – 108.0	205	915
4½ – 5	5.000 – 5.563	8	32
	127.0 – 141.3	205	815
	5.250 – 5.500	8	32
	133.0 – 139.7	205	815
	6.000 – 6.500	10	30
	152.4 – 165.1	255	765
6	6.625	10	28
DN150	168.3	255	715
	8.000 – 8.500	10	24
	203.2 – 216.3	255	610
8	8.625	10	24
DN200	219.1	255	610
	10.000 – 10.528	10	20
	254.0 – 267.4	255	510
10	10.750	10	20
DN250	273	255	510
	12.000 – 12.539	12	18
	304.8 – 318.5	305	460
12	12.750	12	18
DN300	323.9	305	460
14 – 16	14.000 – 16.000	12	16
DN350 – DN400	355.6 – 406.4	305	410
	14.843 – 16.772	12	16
	377.0 – 426.0	305	410
18 and Larger DN450 and Larger	18.000 and Larger 457.2 and Larger	NOTE: Always use roll grooving pig DO NOT roll groo	oe in these sizes.
	18.898 and Larger 480.0 and Larger	shorter than 18 in these	nches/457 mm in

If pipe is required that is shorter than the minimum length listed in this table, shorten the next-to-last piece so that the last piece is as long (or longer) than the minimum length specified.

EXAMPLE: A 20-foot, 4-inch/6.2-m length of 10-inch/DN250 diameter carbon steel pipe is required to finish a section and only 20-foot/6.1-m lengths are available. Instead of roll grooving a 20-foot/6.1-m length of carbon steel pipe and a 4-inch/102-mm length of carbon steel pipe, follow these steps:

- 1. Refer to the table above, and note that for 10-inch/DN250 diameter carbon steel pipe, the minimum length that can be roll grooved is 10inches/255mm.
- 2. Roll groove a 19-foot, 6-inch/5.9-m length of pipe and a 10-inch/255-mm length of pipe.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL ROLL GROOVE AND CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS – ORIGINAL GROOVE SYSTEM (OGS) AND ENDSEAL™

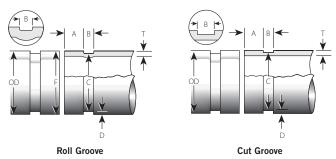
A WARNING

 Pipe dimensions and groove dimensions shall be within the tolerances specified in the tables on the following pages to ensure proper joint performance.

FOR OGS COUPLINGS WITH RATINGS ON LIGHT-WALL STAINLESS STEEL PIPE:

 Victaulic RX rolls SHALL be used when roll grooving light-wall stainless steel pipe for use with OGS couplings. For complete stainless steel pipe preparation requirements, refer to Victaulic publication 17.01, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



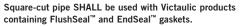
Illustrations are exaggerated for clarity - Pipe and grooves are not shown to scale

Pipe Outside Diameter – Nominal NPS Pipe Size (ANSI B36.10) and Basic Metric Pipe Size (ISO 4200) – The average pipe outside diameter shall not vary from the specifications listed in the tables on the following pages. Maximum allowable pipe ovality shall not vary by more than 1%. Greater variations between the major and minor diameters will result in difficult coupling assembly.

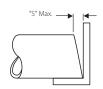
Victaulic recommends square-cut pipe. Beveled-end pipe may be used, provided that the wall thickness is standard wall (ANSI B36.10) or less and that the bevel meets ANSI B16.25 (37½°) or ASTM A-53 (30°). **NOTE:** Roll grooving beveled-end pipe may result in unacceptable flare.

For OGS, the maximum allowable tolerance from square-cut pipe ends is:

 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch/0.8 mm for $\frac{3}{4}$ – $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch/DN20 – DN90 sizes $\frac{1}{1}$ 6 inch/1.6 mm for 4 – 24-inch/DN100 – DN600 sizes This is measured from the true square line.



Any internal and external weld beads or seams shall be ground flush to the pipe surface. The inside diameter of the pipe end shall be cleaned to remove coarse scale, dirt, and other foreign material that might interfere with or damage grooving rolls. The front edge of the pipe end shall be uniform with no concave/convex surface features that will cause improper grooving roll tracking and result in difficulties during coupling assembly.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL ROLL GROOVE AND CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS – ORIGINAL GROOVE SYSTEM (OGS) AND ENDSEAL™ (CONTINUED)

"A" Dimension – The "A" dimension, or the distance from the pipe end to the groove, identifies the gasket seating area. This area between the groove and the pipe end shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.

"B" Dimension – The "B" dimension, or groove width, controls expansion, contraction, and angular deflection of flexible couplings by the distance it is located from the pipe and its width in relation to the coupling housings' "key" width. The bottom of the groove shall be free from loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles that may interfere with proper coupling assembly.

For EndSeal[™] (roll groove): The corners at the bottom of the groove shall be radiused 0.040 inch/1.02 mm.

For EndSeal™ (cut groove): The maximum permissible radius at the bottom of the groove is 0.015 inch/0.38 mm.

- **"C" Dimension** The "C" dimension is the average diameter at the base of the groove. This dimension shall be within the diameter's tolerance and concentric with the OD for proper coupling fit. The groove shall be of uniform depth for the entire pipe circumference.
- **"D" Dimension** The "D" dimension is the normal depth of the groove and is a reference for a "trial groove" only. Variations in pipe OD affect this dimension and shall be altered, if necessary, to keep the "C" dimension within tolerance. The groove diameter shall conform to the "C" dimension described above.
- "F" Dimension (Roll Groove Only) Maximum allowable pipe-end flare diameter is measured at the extreme pipe-end diameter. **NOTE:** This applies to average (pi tape) and single-point readings.
- "T" Dimension The "T" dimension is the lightest grade (minimum nominal wall thickness) of pipe that is suitable for cut or roll grooving. Pipe that is less than the minimum nominal wall thickness for cut grooving may be suitable for roll grooving or adapted for Victaulic couplings by using *Vic-Ring* Adapters. *Vic-Ring* Adapters can be used in the following situations (contact Victaulic for details):
- When pipe is less than the minimum nominal wall thickness suitable for roll grooving
- When pipe outside diameter is too large to roll or cut groove
- When pipe is used in abrasive services

NOTICE

Coatings that are applied to the interior surfaces of Victaulic grooved and plain-end pipe couplings listed in this handbook shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This includes the bolt pad mating surfaces.

The coating thickness applied to the gasket sealing surface and within the groove on the roll-grooved pipe exterior shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This pipe coating thickness will affect the roll groove specifications listed on the following pages. Allowances shall be made for the following:

- Pipe Outside Diameter, Gasket Seat "A", Groove Diameter "C", Minimum Allowable Wall Thickness "T", and Maximum Allowable Flare Diameter "F" will be INCREASED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.
- Groove Width "B" will be REDUCED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.



OGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel Pipe and All Materials Grooved with Standard and RX Rolls

		Max. Allow. Flare Dia. "F"	1.15	1.43	1.77	2.01	2.35 59.7	2.48	2.98	3.10	3.60 91.4	4.10
	-	Min. Allow. Wall Thick. "T"	0.049	0.049	0.049	0.049	0.049	0.049	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.078
		Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	0.056	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.078	0.078	0.078	0.083
	Groove Diameter "C"	Min.	0.923	1.175	1.520 38.6	1.760	2.102 53.4	2.235 56.8	2.702 68.6	2.827 71.8	3.326 84.5	3.814 96.9
	Groove Dia	Мах.	0.938	1.190	1.535 39.0	1.775	2.118 53.8	2.250 57.2	2.720 69.1	2.845 72.3	3.344 84.9	3.834 97.4
	"B"	Min.	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.313 8.0	0.313	0.313	0.313	0.313	0.313 8.0
limeters	Groove Width "B"	Max.	0.312	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.375 9.5	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
inches/millimeters	Gro	Basic	0.281	0.281	0.281	0.281	0.344	0.344	0.344	0.344	0.344	0.344 8.7
	"A"	Min.	0.594	0.594	0.594	0.594	0.594	0.594	0.594	0.594	0.594	0.594
	Gasket Seat "A"	Max.	0.656	0.656	0.656	0.656	0.656 16.7	0.656	0.656	0.656 16.7	0.656 16.7	0.656
	Ga	Basic	0.625	0.625	0.625	0.625	0.625 15.9	0.625	0.625	0.625	0.625	0.625 15.9
	ımeter	Min.	1.040 26.4	1.302	1.644	1.881	2.222 56.4	2.351	2.846 72.3	2.970 75.4	3.469 88.1	3.969 100.8
	Pipe Outside Diameter	Max.	1.060 26.9	1.328	1.676 42.6	1.919	2.267 57.6	2.399	2.904	3.030	3.535 89.8	4.040 102.6
	Pipe 0	Actual	1.050	1.315	1.660	1.900	2.244 57.0	2.375 60.3	2.875 73.0	3.000	3.500	4.000
		Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	3/4 DN20	1 DN25	11/4 DN32	1½ DN40		2 DN50	21/2	DN65	3 DN80	3½ DN90



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						_	_									_		
		2	Max. Allow. Flare	įį	4.35	4.60	δ.	5.10 129.5	5.35	135.9	5.60 142.2	5.66	145.8	6.10 154.9	6.35	0.101	6.60 167.6	6.73
tinued)			Min. Wall Thick	Ţ,	0.078	0.078	7.0	0.078	0.078	7.0	0.078	0.078	7.0	0.078	0.109	7.0	0.078	0.078
lls (Con			Groove Depth	(ref.)	0.083	0.083	7.1	0.083	0.083	7.1	0.083	0.084	7.7	0.085	0.109	7.0	0.085	0.085
nd RX Ro		meter "C"		Min.	4.064	4.314	109.6	4.814	5.064	128.6	5.314	5.373	130.5	5.808	6.002	132.3	6.308	6.433 163.4
tandard a		Groove Diameter "C"		Max.	4.084	4.334	1.0.1	4.834 122.8	5.084	1.671	5.334	5.395	137.0	5.830	6.032	133.2	6.330	6.455 164.0
d with S		"B"		Min.	0.313	0.313	8.0	0.313 8.0	0.313	8.0	0.313 8.0	0.313	Ø.0	0.313 8.0	0.313	0.0	0.313 8.0	0.313
s Groove	limeters	Groove Width "B"		Мах.	0.375	0.375	9.5	0.375 9.5	0.375	9.5	0.375 9.5	0.375	7.5	0.375	0.375	7.0	0.375	0.375
Material	inches/millimeters	Gro		Basic	0.344	0.344	8./	0.344 8.7	0.344	8./	0.344	0.344	۵./	0.344 8.7	0.344	0./	0.344	0.344
and All		"A"		Min.	0.594	0.594	15.1	0.594	0.594	1.5.1	0.594	0.594	12.1	0.594	0.594	13.1	0.594	0.594
teel Pip		Gasket Seat "A"		Max.	0.656	0.656	10./	0.656 16.7	0.656	10./	0.656	0.656	/:01	0.656	0.656	10.7	0.656	0.656
Carbon S		Ga		Basic	0.625	0.625	6.61	0.625 15.9	0.625	6.61	0.625	0.625	6.0	0.625	0.625	6.01	0.625	0.625
ions for		ameter		Min.	4.219	4.469	113.5	4.969 126.2	5.219	132.6	5.469 138.9	5.532	140.5	5.969	6.219	0.001	6.469	6.594
pecificat		Pipe Outside Diameter		Мах.	4.293 109.0	4.545	115.4	5.050 128.3	5.303	134.7	5.556	5.619	147.7	6.056 153.8	6.313	100.4	6.563 166.7	6.688 169.9
Groove S		Pipe 0		Actual	4.250	4.500	14.3	5.000 127.0	5.250	133.0	5.500 139.7	5.563	5.14	6.000	6.250	0.90	6.500 165.1	6.625 168.3
OGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel Pipe and All Materials Grooved with Standard and RX Rolls (Continued)			Nominal Pine Size	inches/DN		4 2	DN100	41/2			DN125	5						6 DN150



OGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel Pipe and All Materials Grooved with Standard and RX Rolls (Continued)

		Groove Allow. Depth Wall Flare "D" Thick. Dia. Max. Min. (ref.) "T" "F".	7.816 7.791 0.092 0.109 8.17 198.5 197.9 2.4 2.8 207.5	8.331 8.306 0.092 0.109 8.69 211.6 211.0 2.4 2.8 220.7	8.441 8.416 0.092 0.109 8.80 214.4 213.8 2.4 2.8 223.5	9.812 9.785 0.094 0.134 10.17 249.2 248.5 2.4 3.4 258.3	10.340 10.313 0.094 0.134 10.70 262.6 262.0 2.4 3.4 271.8	10.562 10.535 0.094 0.134 10.92 268.3 267.6 2.4 3.4 277.4	11.781 11.751 0.109 0.156 12.17 299.2 298.5 2.8 4.0 309.1	12.321 12.291 0.109 0.156 12.71 313.0 312.2 2.8 4.0 322.8	12.531 12.501 0.109 0.156 12.92 318.3 317.5 2.8 4.0 328.2	13.781 13.751 0.109 0.156 14.16 350.0 349.3 2.8 4.0 359.7
	, "B"	Min.	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.438	0.438
Illimeters	Groove Width "B"	Max.	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
inches/millimeters	Gro	Basic	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.469
	"A"	Min.	0.719	0.719	0.719	0.719 18.3	0.719	0.719 18.3	0.719 18.3	0.719 18.3	0.719 18.3	0.907
	Gasket Seat "A"	Мах.	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.969
	Ga	Basic	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750	0.750 19.1	0.750 19.1	0.750	0.938 23.8
	ameter	Min.	7.969 202.4	8.484 215.5	8.594 218.3	9.969 253.2	10.497 266.6	10.719 272.3	11.969 304.0	12.508 317.7	12.719 323.1	13.969 354.8
	Pipe Outside Diameter	Мах.	8.063 204.8	8.578 217.9	8.688 220.7	10.063 255.6	10.591 269.0	10.813 274.7	12.063 306.4	12.602 320.1	12.813 325.5	14.063 357.2
	Pipe 0	Actual	8.000	8.515 216.3	8.625 219.1	10.000 254.0	10.528 267.4	10.750 273.0	12.000 304.8	12.539 318.5	12.750 323.9	14.000 355.6
		Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN		#	8 DN200		#	10 DN250		#	12 DN300	14* DN350



OGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel Pipe and All Materials Grooved with Standard and RX Bolls (Continued)

inches/millimaters					, d		inches/millimeters	limeters		5				
	Pipe 0	Pipe Outside Diameter	meter	Gas	Gasket Seat "A"		Groc		"B"	Groove Diameter	meter "C"			
Nominal Pipe Size								:	1	:		Groove Depth "D"	Min. Allow. Thick.	Max. Allow. Flare Dia.
Inches/DIN	- I	14 027	MIII.	Basic	Max.	MIIN.	Basic	Max.	MIII.	Max.	MIN.	(rer.)		15.00
	377.0	379.4	376.2	23.8	24.6	23.0	11.9	12.7	11.1	371.1	370.4	2.9	4.5	381.0
15 DN375	15.000 381.0	15.063 382.6	14.969 380.2	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.469	0.500	0.438	14.781 375.4	14.751 374.7	0.109	0.165	15.16 385.1
16* DN400	16.000 406.4	16.063 408.0	15.969 405.6	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.469	0.500	0.438	15.781 400.8	15.751 400.1	0.109	0.165	16.16
	16.772 426.0	16.866 428.4	16.740 425.2	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.469	0.500	0.438	16.514 419.5	16.479 418.6	0.129	0.177	16.93
18* DN450	18.000	18.063 458.8	17.969 456.4	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969	0.469	0.500	0.438	17.781 451.6	17.751 450.9	0.109	0.188	18.16
	18.898 480.0	18.992 482.4	18.867 479.2	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969	0.469	0.500	0.438	18.626 473.1	18.591 472.2	0.136	0.236	19.06
20* DN500	20.000 508.0	20.063 509.6	19.969 507.2	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969 24.6	0.469 11.9	0.500	0.438 11.1	19.781 502.4	19.751 501.7	0.109	0.188	20.16 512.1
	20.866 530.0	20.960 532.4	20.835 529.2	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969 24.6	0.469 11.9	0.500	0.438	20.572 522.5	20.537 521.6	0.147	0.236	21.03 534.2
22* DN550	22.000 558.8	22.063 560.4	21.969 558.0	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969	0.500	0.531	0.469	21.656 550.1	21.626 549.3	0.172	0.188	22.20 563.9
	22.835 580.0	22.929 582.4	22.803 579.2	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969	0.500	0.531	0.469	22.488	22.457 570.4	0.172	0.276	23.03 585.0



0.276

0.172 4.4 0.172

> 24.424 620.4

24.20 614.7 25.00 635.0

0.218

23.626 600.1

23.656 600.9

0.469

0.531

0.500

0.969

.031

1.000

23.969

24.063 611.2

24.000 609.6

24* DN600

608.8

Max. Allow. Flare Dia. "F" OGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel Pipe and All Materials Grooved with Standard and RX Rolls (Continued) Min. Allow. Wall Thick. Groove Depth "D" (ref.) "Ç **Groove Diameter** Max. Groove Width "B" inches/millimeters Max. Basic ă. Gasket Seat "A" Max. Basic Σ Z Pipe Outside Diameter Max. Actual inches/DN Pipe Size Nominal

24.803 24.897 24.772 1.000 1.031 0.969 0.500 0.531 0.469 24.459 5.00 0.50.0 0.531 0.469 24.459 5.00 0.50.0 0.531 0.469 0.4459 5.00 0.50.0 0.50											
24.897 24.772 1.000 1.031 0.969 0.500 0.531 0.469	621.3	11.9	13.5	12.7	24.6	26.2	25.4	629.2	632.4	630.0	
	 24.459	0.469	0.531	0.500	0.969	1.031	1.000	24.772	24.897	24.803	

* OGS grooving specifications. For Advanced Groove System (AGS) grooving specifications in these sizes, refer to Victaulic publication 25,09, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

ENDSEAL™ "ES" ROLL GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS

EndSeal" "ES" Roll Groove Specifications for Standard-Wall or Plastic-Coated Pipe Joined with Style HP-70ES EndSeal" Couplings

		1 1	5			inches/millimeters	illimeters					
	Pipe	Pipe Outside Diameter	meter	Gasket \$	Gasket Seat "A"	Groove M	Groove Width "B"	Groove Diameter "C"	ameter "C"		Mis	M
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Max.	Min.	Мах.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Мах.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Mill. Wall Thick. "T"	Max. Flare Dia. "F"
	2.375 60.3	2.399	2.351 59.7	0.572	0.552	0.265	0.250 6.4	2.250 57.2	2.235 56.8	0.063	0.065	2.480 63.0
	2.875 73.0	2.904 73.8	2.846 72.3	0.572	0.552 14.0	0.265	0.250 6.4	2.720 69.1	2.702 68.6	0.078	0.083 2.1	2.980 75.7
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	3.535 89.8	3.469 88.1	0.572	0.552 14.0	0.265	0.250 6.4	3.344 84.9	3.326 84.5	0.083 2.1	0.083 2.1	3.600 91.4
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	4.545 115.4	4.469	0.610	0.590	0.320 8.1	0.300 7.6	4.334	4.314 109.6	0.083	0.083 2.1	4.600 116.8
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	6.688	6.594	0.610	0.590	0.320	0.300	6.455 164.0	6.433	0.085	0.109	6.730
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	8.688 220.7	8.594 218.3	0.719	0.699	0.410	0.390	8.441 214.4	8.416 213.8	0.092	0.109	8.800 223.5
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	10.813 274.7	10.719 272.3	0.719	0.699	0.410	0.390 9.9	10.562 268.3	10.535 267.6	0.094	0.134 3.4	10.920 277.4
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	12.813 325.5	12.719	0.719	0.699 17.8	0.410	0.390	12.531 318.3	12.501 317.5	0.109	0.156 4.0	12.920 328.2



OGS Cut Groove Specifications for Steel and Other NPS Pipe

						.=	inches/millimeters	meters					
	Pipe 0	Pipe Outside Diameter	ameter	Ga	Gasket Seat "A"	"A"	Gro	Groove Width "B"	"B"	Groove Dia	Groove Diameter "C"		Min
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Max.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Allow. Wall Thick. "T"
3/4	1.050	1.060	1.040	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.313	0.344	0.282	0.938	0.923	0.056	0.113
DN20	26.9	26.9	26.4	15.9	16.7	15.1	8.0	8.7	7.2	23.8	23.4	1.5	2.9
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	1.328	1.302 33.1	0.625 15.9	0.656	0.594	0.313 8.0	0.344 8.7	0.282	1.190 30.2	1.175	0.063	0.133 3.4
11/4 DN32	1.660	1.676	1.644	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.313	0.344	0.282	1.535	1.520 38.6	0.063	0.140
11/2 DN40	1.900	1.919	1.881	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.313	0.344	0.282	1.775	1.760	0.063	0.145
	2.244 57.0	2.267 57.6	2.222 56.4	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.313	0.344	0.282	2.118 53.8	2.102	0.063	0.157
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	2.399	2.351 59.7	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.313	0.344	0.282	2.250 57.2	2.235 56.8	0.063	0.154
21/2	2.875	2.904	2.846 72.3	0.625	0.656 16.7	0.594	0.313	0.344 8.7	0.282	2.720 69.1	2.702 68.6	0.078	0.188
DN65	3.000 76.1	3.030 77.0	2.970 75.4	0.625 15.9	0.656 16.7	0.594	0.313 8.0	0.344 8.7	0.282	2.845 72.3	2.827 71.8	0.078	0.188
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	3.535 89.8	3.469 88.1	0.625 15.9	0.656	0.594	0.313 8.0	0.344 8.7	0.282	3.344 84.9	3.326 84.5	0.078	0.188
3½ DN90	4.000	4.040 102.6	3.969	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.313	0.344	0.282	3.834 97.4	3.814 96.9	0.083	0.188

OGS Cut Groove Specifications for Steel and Other NPS Pipe (Continued)

						i.	inches/millimeters	meters					
	Pipe 0	Pipe Outside Diameter	ameter	Ga	Gasket Seat "A"	,A,	Groc	Groove Width "B"	"B"	Groove Diameter	meter "C"		Min.
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Мах.	Min.	Basic	Мах.	Min	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Allow. Wall Thick. "T"
	4.250	4.293 109.0	4.219	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.375	0.406	0.344	4.084	4.064	0.083	0.203
4 DN100	4.500	4.545	4.469	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.375	0.406	0.344	4.334	4.314	0.083	0.203
4 1/2	5.000	5.050	4.969 126.2	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.375	0.406	0.344 8.7	4.834	4.814	0.083	0.203
	5.250	5.303	5.219	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.375	0.406	0.344	5.084	5.064	0.083	0.203
DN125	5.500	5.556	5.469 138.9	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.375 9.5	0.406	0.344 8.7	5.334 135.5	5.314	0.083	0.203
5	5.563	5.619 142.7	5.532 140.5	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.375 9.5	0.406	0.344	5.395 137.0	5.373 136.5	0.084	0.203
	6.000	6.056 153.8	5.969 151.6	0.625 15.9	0.656	0.594	0.375 9.5	0.406	0.344 8.7	5.830 148.1	5.808	0.085	0.219
	6.250 159	6.313 160.4	6.219 158.0	0.625 15.9	0.656	0.594	0.375 9.5	0.406	0.344 8.7	6.032 153.2	6.002 152.5	0.109	0.246
	6.500 165.1	6.563 166.7	6.469 164.3	0.625 15.9	0.656 16.7	0.594	0.375 9.5	0.406 10.3	0.344 8.7	6.330 160.8	6.308 160.2	0.085	0.219 5.6
6 DN150	6.625	6.688 169.9	6.594 167.5	0.625	0.656	0.594	0.375 9.5	0.406	0.344 8.7	6.455 164.0	6.433 163.4	0.085	0.219 5.6

OGS Cut Groove Specifications for Steel and Other NPS Pipe (Continued)

						. <u>=</u>	inches/millimeters	meters					
	Pipe 0	Pipe Outside Diameter	ameter	Ga	Gasket Seat "A"	,A,,	Gro	Groove Width "B"	"B"	Groove Diameter "C"	ameter "C"		Min.
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Мах.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Allow. Wall Thick. "T"
	8.000	8.063 204.8	7.969	0.750	0.781	0.719	0.438	0.469	0.407	7.816 198.5	7.791	0.092	0.238
#	8.515 216.3	8.578 217.9	8.484 215.5	0.750	0.781	0.719	0.438	0.469	0.407	8.331 211.6	8.306 211.0	0.092	0.238
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	8.688 220.7	8.594 218.3	0.750	0.781	0.719	0.438	0.469	0.407	8.441 214.4	8.416 213.8	0.092	0.238
	10.000	10.063 255.6	9.969	0.750	0.781	0.719 18.3	0.500	0.531	0.469	9.812 249.2	9.785 248.5	0.094	0.250 6.4
#	10.528 267.4	10.591 269.0	10.497 266.6	0.750	0.781 19.8	0.719 18.3	0.500	0.531	0.469	10.340 262.6	10.313 262.0	0.094	0.250 6.4
10 DN250	10.750 273	10.813 274.7	10.719 272.3	0.750	0.781	0.719	0.500	0.531	0.469	10.562 268.3	10.535 267.6	0.094	0.250 6.4
	12.000 304.8	12.063 306.4	11.969	0.750	0.781	0.719	0.500	0.531	0.469	11.781 299.2	11.751 298.5	0.109	0.279
#	12.539 318.5	12.602 320.1	12.508 317.7	0.750 19.1	0.781 19.8	0.719 18.3	0.500	0.531 13.5	0.469	12.321 313.0	12.291 312.2	0.109	0.279 7.1
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	12.813 325.5	12.719 323.1	0.750 19.1	0.781 19.8	0.719 18.3	0.500	0.531 13.5	0.469 11.9	12.531 318.3	12.501 317.5	0.109	0.279 7.1
14* DN350	14.000 355.6	14.063 357.2	13.969 354.8	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.500	0.531	0.469	13.781 350.0	13.751 349.3	0.109	0.281

OGS Cut Groove Specifications for Steel and Other NPS Pipe (Continued)

						.E	inches/millimeters	meters					
	Pipe 0	Pipe Outside Diameter	ameter	Ga	Gasket Seat "A"	,Α,,	Gro	Groove Width "B"	"B"	Groove Diameter "C"	meter "C"		Min.
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Мах.	Min.	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Мах.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Allow. Wall Thick. "T"
	14.843 377.0	14.937 379.4	14.811	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.500	0.531	0.469	14.611	14.581 370.4	0.116	0.315
15 DN380	15.000	15.063 382.6	14.969 380.2	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.500	0.531	0.469	14.781	14.751 374.7	0.109	0.312 7.9
16* DN400	16.000	16.063 408.0	15.969 405.6	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.500	0.531	0.469	15.781 400.8	15.751 400.1	0.109	0.312 7.9
	16.772 426	16.866 428.4	16.740 425.2	0.938	0.969	0.907	0.500	0.531	0.469	16.514 419.5	16.479 418.6	0.129	0.335
18* DN450	18.000	18.063 458.8	17.969 456.4	1.000	1.031	0.969	0.500	0.531	0.469	17.781	17.751 450.9	0.109	0.312 7.9
	18.898	18.992 482.4	18.863 497.1	1.000	1.031	0.969	0.500	0.531	0.469	18.626 473.1	18.591 472.2	0.136	0.354
20* DN500	20.000	20.063 509.6	19.969 507.2	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969	0.500	0.531	0.469	19.781 502.4	19.751 501.7	0.109	0.312 7.9
	20.866 530	20.960 532.4	20.835 529.2	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969 24.6	0.500	0.531 13.5	0.469	20.572 522.5	20.537 521.6	0.147	0.354 9.0
22* DN550	22.000 559	22.063 560.4	21.969 558.0	1.000	1.031	0.969	0.563 14.3	0.594	0.532 13.5	21.656 550.1	21.626 549.3	0.172 4.4	0.375 9.5
	22.835 580	22.929 582.4	22.803 579.2	1.000	1.031	0.969	0.563 14.3	0.594	0.532	22.488 571.2	22.457 570.4	0.172	0.375 9.5



OGS Cut Groove Specifications for Steel and Other NPS Pipe (Continued)

					·=	inches/millimeters	meters					
e C	Pipe Outside Diameter	ameter	Ga	Gasket Seat "A"	,A,,	Gro	Groove Width "B"	"B"	Groove Dia	Groove Diameter "C"		:
Actual	Max.	Min.	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Min. Mall Thick.
24.000 610	24.063 611.2	23.969 608.8	1.000	1.031	0.969	0.563	0.594	0.532	23.656 600.9	23.626 600.1	0.172	0.375
24.803 630	24.897 632.4	24.772 629.2	1.000	1.031 26.2	0.969	0.563	0.594	0.532 13.5	24.459 621.3	24.424 620.4	0.172	0.394

Applies to JIS metric pipe sizes 200A, 250A, and 300A, respectively (JIS Specification G 3452; G 3454).

OGS grooving specifications. For Advanced Groove System (AGS) grooving specifications in these sizes, contact Victaulic.

EndSeal" "ES" Cut Groove Specifications for Standard or Heavier-Wall Pipe or Plastic-Coated Pipe Joined with Style HP-70ES EndSeal" Couplings

						·=	inches/millimeters	imeters					
	Pipe C	Pipe Outside Diameter	meter	Gas	Gasket Seat "A"	,A,,	Groc	Groove Width "B"	"B"	Groove Diameter "C"	meter "C"		
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Max.	Min.	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	MIN. Mall Thick.
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	2.399	2.351 59.7	0.562	0.572	0.552	0.255	0.265	0.250 6.4	2.250 57.2	2.235	0.063	0.154
21/2	2.875 73.0	2.904	2.846 72.3	0.562	0.572	0.552	0.255	0.265	0.250 6.4	2.720 69.1	2.702 68.6	0.078	0.188
3 DN80	3.500	3.535 89.8	3.469 88.1	0.562	0.572	0.552	0.255 6.5	0.265	0.250 6.4	3.344 84.9	3.326 84.5	0.078	0.188
4 DN100	4.500	4.545 115.4	4.469	0.605	0.620	0.590	0.305	0.315	0.300	4.334	4.314	0.083	0.203
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	6.688	6.594	0.605	0.620	0.590	0.305	0.315	0.300	6.455 164.0	6.433	0.085	0.219
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	8.688	8.594 218.3	0.714 18.1	0.729 18.5	0.699	0.400	0.410	0.390 9.9	8.441 214.4	8.416 213.8	0.092	0.238
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	10.813 274.7	10.719 272.3	0.714 18.1	0.729	0.699	0.400	0.410	0.390	10.562 268.3	10.535 267.6	0.094	0.250 6.4
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	12.813 325.5	12.719 323.1	0.714	0.729	0.699	0.400	0.410	0.390	12.531 318.3	12.501 317.5	0.109	0.279

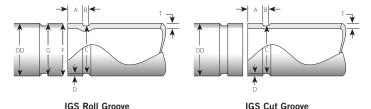
EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL ROLL GROOVE AND CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS – FIRELOCK™ INNOVATIVE GROOVE SYSTEM



A WARNING

 Pipe dimensions and groove dimensions shall be within the tolerances specified in the tables on the following pages to ensure proper joint performance.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

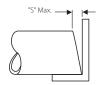


Illustrations are exaggerated for clarity - Pipe and grooves are not shown to scale

Pipe Outside Diameter – Nominal NPS Pipe Size (ANSI B36.10) and Basic Metric Pipe Size (ISO 4200) – The average pipe outside diameter shall not vary from the specifications listed in the tables on the following pages. Maximum allowable pipe ovality shall not vary by more than 1%. Greater variations between the major and minor diameters will result in difficult coupling assembly.

FOR SCHEDULES 10 AND 40 NPS CARBON STEEL PIPE. CONTACT VICTAULIC REGARDING OTHER PIPE SPECIFICATIONS.

The maximum allowable tolerance from square-cut pipe ends is $\frac{1}{32}$ inch/0.8 mm. This is measured from the true square line.



Any internal and external weld beads or seams shall be ground flush to the pipe surface. The inside diameter of the pipe end shall be cleaned to remove coarse scale, dirt, and other foreign material that might interfere with or damage grooving rolls. The front edge of the pipe end shall be uniform with no concave/convex surface features that will cause improper grooving roll tracking and result in difficulties during coupling assembly.

- "A" Dimension The "A" dimension, or the distance from the pipe end to the groove, identifies the gasket seating area. This area between the groove and the pipe end shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.
- "B" Dimension The "B" dimension identifies the groove width. The bottom of the groove shall be free from loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles that may interfere with proper coupling assembly. The corners at the bottom of the groove shall be radiused.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL ROLL GROOVE AND CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS – FIRELOCK™ INNOVATIVE GROOVE SYSTEM (CONTINUED)



- **"C" Dimension** The "C" dimension is the average diameter at the base of the groove. This dimension shall be within the diameter's tolerance and concentric with the OD for proper coupling fit. The groove shall be of uniform depth for the entire pipe circumference.
- **"D" Dimension** The "D" dimension is the normal depth of the groove and is a reference for a "trial groove" only. Variations in pipe OD affect this dimension and shall be altered, if necessary, to keep the "C" dimension within tolerance. The groove diameter shall conform to the "C" dimension described above.
- **"F"** Dimension (Roll Groove Only) Maximum allowable pipe-end flare diameter is measured at the extreme pipe-end diameter (square cut or beveled). **NOTE:** This applies to average (pi tape) and single-point readings.
- **"G"** Dimension (Roll Groove Only) The "G" dimension identifies the groove shoulder and is the minimum diameter of the front side of the roll groove.
- "T" Dimension The "T" dimension is the lightest grade (minimum nominal wall thickness) of pipe that is suitable for cut or roll grooving.

NOTICE

Coatings that are applied to the interior surfaces of Victaulic grooved and plain-end pipe couplings listed in this handbook shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This includes the bolt pad mating surfaces.

The coating thickness applied to the gasket sealing surface and within the groove on the roll-grooved pipe exterior shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This pipe coating thickness will affect the roll groove specifications listed on the following pages. Allowances shall be made for the following:

- Pipe Outside Diameter, Gasket Seat "A", Groove Diameter "C", Minimum Allowable Wall Thickness "T", and Maximum Allowable Flare Diameter "F" will be INCREASED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.
- Groove Width "B" will be REDUCED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.



Max. Allow. Flare Dia. "F" 1.370

		-	Allow	Wall Thick.		0.109	2.8
				Groove Shoulder	"5"	1.260	32.0
			Groove	Depth "D"	(ref.)	0.063	1.6
		Groove Diameter "C"			Min.	1.170	29.7
Pipe		Groove Dia			Мах.	1.190	30.2
on Steel	inches/millimeters	, "B"			Min.		3.6
S Carb	inches/m	Groove Width "B"			Мах.	1.315 1.346 1.300 0.375 0.405 0.345 0.150 0.160	4.1
40 NF		Groc			Basic	0.150	3.8
s 10 and		"Y"			Min.	0.345	8.8
shedule		Gasket Seat "A"			Basic Max.	0.405	10.3
is for Sc		ges				0.375	9.5
fication		iameter			Min.	1.300	33.0
e Speci		Pipe Outside Diameter			Мах.	1.346	34.2
I Groov		Pipe 0			Actual	1.315	33.7
IGS™ Roll Groove Specifications for Schedules 10 and 40 NPS Carbon Steel Pipe				Nominal Pipe Size	inches/DN	1	DN25

Min.
Allow.
Wall
Thick.
"T"
0.133

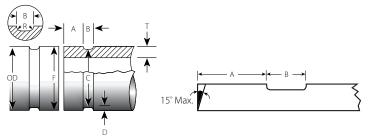
Groove Depth "D" (ref.) 0.063 Groove Diameter "C" 1.175 29.9 Мах. 1.190 "B 0.150 Мах. **Groove Width** IGST Cut Groove Specifications for Schedules 10 and 40 NPS Carbon Steel Pipe inches/millimeters Basic 0.140 0.345 Gasket Seat "A" Max. 0.405 Basic 0.375 1.300 Μij. Pipe Outside Diameter 1.346 Мах. Actual 1.315 Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN DN25

EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL STANDARD RADIUS CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS FOR SCHEDULF 40 OR 80 CPVC AND PVC PIPE

A WARNING

- Pipe dimensions and groove dimensions shall be within the tolerances specified in the tables on the following pages to ensure proper joint performance.
- Only products specified in Victaulic publications 32.01 and 33.02 shall be used on CPVC or PVC pipe that is prepared to the following standard radius cut groove specifications.
- DO NOT use <u>P6S</u>-300 system products on pipe that is prepared to standard radius cut groove specifications and vice versa. For more information on <u>P6S</u>-300 system products, refer to the I-350 Field Installation Handbook and Victaulic publications 25.18, 33.03, 33.05, 33.05, 33.07, 33.08, 33.16, and 33.17, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.
- . DO NOT use rigid, angled-bolt-pad couplings on CPVC or PVC pipe.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



Illustrations are exaggerated for clarity - Pipe and grooves are not shown to scale

Pipe Outside Diameter – The average pipe outside diameter shall not vary from the specifications listed in the tables on the following pages.

CPVC Pipe – Manufactured to ASTM F441 with material confirming to Type IV, Grade 1 CPVC compound with a cell classification of 23447 or 24448, per ASTM D1784.

PVC Pipe – Based on modified PVC plastic pipe conforming to ASTM D1785-70, Type I, Grade I-PVC 1120 or Grade II-PVC 1220 at a maximum operating temperature of +75°F/+24°C. For other types of PVC pipe and other operating temperatures, contact Victaulic.

The maximum allowable tolerance from square-cut pipe ends is:

 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch/0.8 mm for $\frac{3}{4}$ – $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch/DN20 – DN90 sizes $\frac{3}{4}$ 4 inch/1.2 mm for 4 – 6-inch/DN100 – DN150 sizes $\frac{1}{16}$ 6 inch/1.6 mm for 8-inch/DN200 and larger sizes This is measured from the true square line.



NOTE: Pipe with chamfers up to 15° may be cut grooved and used with products specified in Victaulic publications 32.01 and 33.02. DO NOT use pipe with chamfers greater than 15°.

"A" Dimension – The "A" dimension, or the distance from the pipe end to the groove, identifies the gasket seating area. This area between the groove and the pipe end shall be generally free from indentations, projections, and tool marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL STANDARD RADIUS CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS FOR SCHEDULE 40 OR SCHEDULE 80 CPVC AND PVC PIPE (CONTINUED)

"B" Dimension – The "B" dimension, or groove width, controls expansion, contraction, and angular deflection of flexible couplings by the distance it is located from the pipe and its width in relation to the coupling housings' "key" width. The bottom of the groove shall be free from dirt and cutting particles that may interfere with proper coupling assembly.

NOTICE

FOR STANDARD RADIUS CUT GROOVE WIDTHS PRIOR TO AUGUST 2016:

- The 2 3-inch/DN50 DN80 groove width was 0.312 inch/7.9 mm.
- The 4 6-inch/DN100 DN150 groove width was 0.375 inch/9.5 mm.
- The 8-inch/DN200 groove width was 0.437 inch/11.1 mm.
- The 10 12-inch/DN250 DN300 groove width was 0.500 inch/12.7 mm.
- Continued use of prior groove widths will not affect joint performance with Victaulic grooved pipe couplings specified in publications 32.01 and 33.02.
- "C" Dimension The "C" dimension is the average diameter at the base of the groove. This dimension shall be within the diameter's tolerance and concentric with the OD for proper coupling fit. The groove shall be of uniform depth for the entire pipe circumference.
- "D" Dimension The "D" dimension is the normal depth of the groove and is a reference for a "trial groove" only. Variations in pipe OD affect this dimension and shall be altered, if necessary, to keep the "C" dimension within tolerance. The groove diameter shall conform to the "C" dimension described above.
- "R" Dimension The "R" dimension is the radius required at the bottom of the groove to eliminate point-loaded stress concentration.

NOTICE

Coatings that are applied to the interior surfaces of Victaulic grooved and plain-end pipe couplings listed in this handbook shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This includes the bolt pad mating surfaces.



RADIUS CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Radius Cut Groove Specifications for Schedule 40 or 80 CPVC and PVC Pipe

						incl	inches/millimeters	sters					
	Pipe C	Pipe Outside Diameter	meter	Ga	Gasket Seat	"A"	Gro	Groove Width "B"		Groove Diameter "C"	meter "C"		
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Max.	Min.	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Groove Radius "R"
3/4 DN20	1.050 26.7	1.054 26.8	1.046 26.6	0.625	0.655	0.595	0.312 7.9	0.342	0.282	0.938	0.923	0.056	0.078
1 DN25	1.315	1.320 33.5	1.310	0.625	0.655 16.6	0.595	0.312 7.9	0.342	0.282	1.190 30.2	1.175 29.8	0.062	0.078
11/4 DN32	1.660 42.4	1.665	1.655	0.625	0.655	0.595	0.312 7.9	0.342	0.282	1.535 39.0	1.520 38.6	0.062	0.078
11/2 DN40	1.900 48.3	1.906 48.4	1.894	0.625	0.655 16.6	0.595	0.312 7.9	0.342 8.7	0.282 7.2	1.775 45.1	1.760	0.062	0.078
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	2.381 60.5	2.369	0.625	0.655 16.6	0.595 15.1	0.344 8.7	0.374 9.5	0.314 8.0	2.250 57.2	2.235 56.8	0.062 1.6	0.078
21/2	2.875 73.0	2.882	2.868	0.625	0.655	0.595	0.344	0.374	0.314	2.720 69.1	2.702 68.6	0.078	0.078
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	3.508 89.1	3.492 88.7	0.625	0.655 16.6	0.595	0.344	0.374 9.5	0.314	3.344 84.9	3.326 84.5	0.078	0.078
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	4.509 114.5	4.491 114.1	0.625 15.9	0.655 16.6	0.595 15.1	0.344 8.7	0.374 9.5	0.314 8.0	4.334 110.1	4.314 109.6	0.083	0.078
5	5.563 141.3	5.573 141.6	5.553 141.0	0.625 15.9	0.655 16.6	0.595 15.1	0.344 8.7	0.374 9.5	0.314 8.0	5.395 137.0	5.373 136.5	0.083	0.078
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	6.636 168.6	6.614	0.625	0.655	0.595	0.344 8.7	0.374 9.5	0.314	6.455 164.0	6.433 163.4	0.085	0.078



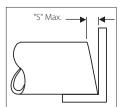
RADIUS CUT GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Dadine Cut Crooks Specifications for Schodule 40 or 80 CDVC and DVC Dine (Continued)

Standard Kadius cut Groove Specifications for Schedule 40 of 80 CPVC and PVC Pipe (Continued)	Radius C	ut Groove	е эресіпс	cations to	r schedu	le 40 or 8	SU CPVC	and PVC	Pipe (Co	ntinued)			
						incl	inches/millimeters	eters					
	Pipe (Pipe Outside Diameter	ameter	Ga	Gasket Seat "A"	,A,,	Gro	Groove Width "B"		Groove Diameter "C"	meter "C"		
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Max.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Basic	Max.	Min.	Max.	Mi.	Groove Depth "D" (ref.)	Groove Radius "R"
∞ !	8.625	8.640	8.610	0.750	0.780	0.720	0.469	0.499	0.439	8.441	8.416	0.092	0.078
DN200	219.1	219.5	218./	19.1	19.8	18.3	11.9	12./	11.2	214.4	213.8	2.3	7.0
10	10.750	10.765	10.735	0.750	0.780	0.720	0.469	0.499	0.439	10.562	10.535	0.094	0.078
DN250	273.0	273.4	272.7	19.1	19.8	18.3	11.9	12.7	11.2	268.3	267.6	2.4	2.0
12	12.750	12.765	12.735	0.750	0.780	0.720	0.469	0.499	0.439	12.531	12.501	0.109	0.078
DN300	323.9	324.2	323.5	19.1	19.8	18.3	11.9	12.7	11.2	318.3	317.5	2.8	2.0
14	14.000	14.015	13.985	0.938	0.968	0.908	0.500	0.530	0.470	13.781	13.751	0.109	0.078
DN350	355.6	356.0	355.2	23.8	24.6	23.1	12.7	13.5	11.9	350.0	349.3	2.8	2.0
16	16.000	16.019	15.981	0.938	0.968	0.908	0.500	0.530	0.470	15.781	15.751	0.109	0.078
DN400	406.4	406.9	405.9	23.8	24.6	23.1	12.7	13.5	11.9	400.8	400.1	2.8	2.0

PIPE END INSPECTION AND PREPARATION – ADVANCED GROOVE SYSTEM DIRECT-GROOVING APPLICATIONS

Pipe ends shall be prepared and visually inspected in accordance with the requirements listed in this section.



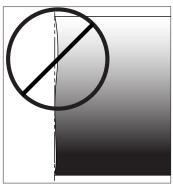
1. The maximum allowable tolerance from square-cut pipe ends ("S" dimension shown) is:

 $\frac{1}{6}$ inch/1.6 mm for 14 – 20-inch/DN350 – DN500 – sizes $\frac{3}{32}$ inch/2.4 mm for 22 – 24-inch/DN550 – DN600 sizes This is measured from the true square line.

For 14-24-inch/DN350 – DN600 sizes, beveled-end pipe may be used, provided that the wall thickness is 0.375 inch/9.5 mm or less and that the bevel meets ASTM A53 and/or API 5L (30° +5°/-0°). **NOTE: Roll grooving beveled-end pipe may result in unacceptable flare.**

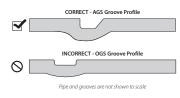


- 2. Prior to grooving, raised internal and external weld beads and seams shall be ground flush to the pipe surface a minimum of 6 inches/152 mm back from the pipe end. This area shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leaktight seal.
- 3. Pipe with external axial weld seams can be supported with Victaulic Adjustable Pipe Stands; however, the weld seam shall be smooth and rounded and at least three times as wide as it is high. External axial weld seams shall not exceed \(\frac{1}{8} \) inch/3.2 mm in height.
- **4.** The inside diameter of the pipe end shall be cleaned to remove coarse scale, dirt, and other foreign material that might interfere with or damage grooving rolls.



- **5.** The front edge of the pipe end shall be uniform, with no concave/convex surface features that will cause improper grooving roll tracking and result in difficulties during coupling assembly. Refer to the drawing to the left for an unacceptable pipe end.
- **6.** If pipe cut-off is required, Victaulic recommends the use of a mechanically-guided pipe cutting tool for proper pipe end preparation. Free-hand pipe end cutting is not recommended.
- 7. Always refer to the operating and maintenance manual for the pipe preparation tool and the specific installation instructions associated with the product for which you are preparing pipe. For stainless steel pipe preparation requirements, always refer to Victaulic publication 17.01, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.





8. Groove the pipe in accordance with the AGS grooving specifications listed on the following pages. When direct-grooving pipe for use with Style W07/LW07, W77, and W89 AGS Couplings or Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapters, Victaulic AGS roll sets are required. DO NOT attempt to assemble AGS Couplings on pipe that is direct grooved with OGS roll sets.



9. Clean the outside surface of the pipe, from the groove to the pipe end, to remove all oil, grease, loose paint, and dirt.

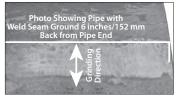
PIPE END INSPECTION AND PREPARATION – 465 VIC-RING APPLICATIONS

For *Vic-Ring* applications, Type "B" or Type "D" AGS *Vic-Rings* are required for use with Style W07, W77 and W89 AGS Couplings. Pipe ends and *Vic-Rings* shall be prepared and visually inspected in accordance with the requirements listed in this section.

AWARNING

- It is the welder's responsibility to verify that AGS Vic-Rings are welded correctly to the pipe, in accordance with project/site-specific welding standards and in conformance with the AGS Vic-Ring Weldment submittal drawing(s) provided for the specific project.
- The weld shall be capable of withstanding all thrust loads, in accordance with appropriate American Welding Society (AWS) specifications or other local or national codes and requirements. All welds shall be leak-tight.
- Applicable safety procedures shall be followed during the welding process.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause improper product installation, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



- 1. Prior to welding a *Vic-Ring* onto the pipe end, weld seams shall be ground flush to the pipe surface (outside diameter). Grind the weld seam from the pipe end to a minimum distance of 6 inches/ 152 mm back from the pipe end. This area shall be generally free from indentations, projections, and roll marks.
- **2.** Weld the *Vic-Ring* onto the pipe end per the literature provided with the shipment and the specifications listed in Victaulic publication 16.11 for Style W07 Rigid Couplings, 16.12 for Style W77 Flexible Couplings, or 16.15 for Style W89 Rigid Couplings.



3. Clean the outside surface of the *Vic-Rings* to remove dirt and other foreign material.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL AGS ROLL GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS



A WARNING

 Pipe and groove dimensions shall be within the tolerances specified in the tables on the following pages to ensure proper joint performance.

FOR ADVANCED GROOVE SYSTEM (AGS) COUPLINGS WITH RATINGS ON STAINLESS STEEL PIPE:

- Victaulic AGS RW rolls SHALL be used when roll grooving Schedule 40S/ Standard-Weight Type 304/316 pipe for use with AGS couplings.
- Victaulic AGS RWX rolls SHALL be used when roll grooving Schedule 5S, Schedule 10S, and Schedule 10 Type 304/316 pipe for use with AGS couplings.
- For complete stainless steel pipe preparation requirements, refer to Victaulic publication 17.01, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Failure to follow these specifications could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

• Depending on pipe material strength and hardness, AGS grooves produce pipe growth that typically is % inch (0.125 inch/3.2 mm) per AGS groove. This typical growth may vary and should be estimated based on the specific material conditions. For a pipe length with an AGS roll groove at each end, the pipe length will grow approximately ¼ inch (0.250 inch/6.4 mm) total. Therefore, the cut length should be adjusted to accommodate this growth. EXAMPLE: If you need a 24-inch/610-mm length of pipe that will contain an AGS roll groove at each end, cut the pipe to a length of approximately 23¾ inches/603 mm to allow for this growth.

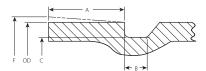


Illustration is exaggerated for clarity - Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Pipe shall meet the physical and mechanical properties of ASTM A53, API 5L, AWWA C200, EN/BS10216-1, EN/BS10217-1, GB/T 3091, GB/T 8163, or other internationally recognized standards. Carbon steel pipe suitable for AGS roll grooving shall be Seamless, Electric-Welded (ERW), Longitudinal Seam Submerged-Arc Welded (SAW), Double Seam Submerged-Arc Welded (DSAW), or Helical Seam Submerged-Arc Welded (HSAW) construction.

Pipe Outside Diameter – Nominal NPS Pipe Size (ANSI B36.10) and Basic Metric Pipe Size (ISO 4200) – The average pipe outside diameter shall not vary from the specifications listed in the tables on the following pages. Maximum allowable pipe ovality shall not vary by more than 1%. Greater variations between the major and minor diameters will result in difficult coupling assembly.

"A" Dimension – The "A" dimension, or the distance from the pipe end to the groove, identifies the gasket seating area. This area between the groove and the pipe end shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL AGS ROLL GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)



- **"B" Dimension** The "B" dimension, or groove width, controls expansion, contraction, and angular deflection of flexible couplings by the distance it is located from the pipe and its width in relation to the coupling housings' "key" width. The bottom of the groove shall be free from loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles that may interfere with proper coupling assembly. The Groove Width "B" dimension will be achieved with properly maintained Victaulic tools that are equipped with Victaulic AGS roll sets.
- **"C" Dimension** The "C" dimension is the average diameter at the base of the groove. This dimension shall be within the diameter's tolerance and concentric with the OD for proper coupling fit. The groove shall be of uniform depth for the entire pipe circumference.
- **"D" Dimension** The "D" dimension is the normal depth of the groove and is a reference for a "trial groove" only. Variations in pipe OD affect this dimension and shall be altered, if necessary, to keep the "C" dimension within tolerance. The groove diameter shall conform to the "C" dimension described above.
- "F" Dimension (Roll Groove Only) Maximum allowable pipe-end flare diameter is measured at the extreme pipe-end diameter. NOTE: This applies to average (pi tape) and single-point readings.

Nominal Wall Thickness – This is the nominal allowable pipe wall thickness that is suitable for roll grooving. Pipe that is less than the nominal wall thickness may be adapted for Victaulic AGS couplings by using AGS *Vic-Ring* Adapters. AGS *Vic-Ring* Adapters can be used in the following situations (contact Victaulic for details):

- When pipe is less than the nominal allowable pipe wall thickness that is suitable for roll grooving
- When pipe outside diameter is too large to roll groove
- When pipe is used in abrasive services

NOTICE

Coatings that are applied to the interior surfaces of Victaulic AGS Couplings listed in this handbook shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This includes the bolt pad mating surfaces.

The coating thickness applied to the gasket sealing surface and within the AGS groove on the pipe exterior or AGS *Vic-Ring* exterior shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This pipe coating thickness will affect the roll groove specifications listed on the following pages. Allowances shall be made for the following:

- Pipe Outside Diameter, Gasket Seat "A", Groove Diameter "C", Minimum Allowable Wall Thickness "T", and Maximum Allowable Flare Diameter "F" will be INCREASED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.
- · Groove Width "B" will be REDUCED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.



AGS ROLL GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS

AGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel and Stainless Steel Pipe (In Accordance with EN 10217, ASTM A-53, ASTM A-312, or API 5L)

					inches/millimeters	meters						
	Pipe (Pipe Outside Diameter	meter	Nominal Wall Thic	Nominal Wall Thickness for Grooving	Gasi	Gasket Seat "A"	"A"		Groove Diameter	meter "C"	Max.
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual	Мах.	Min.	Carbon Steel	Stainless Steel (Less Than Standard Weight)	Basic	Max.	Min.	Groove Width "B"	Max.	Min.	Flare Dia. "F"
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	14.093 358.0	13.969 354.8	0.220 - 0.750 5.6 - 19.1	0.188	1.500 38.1	1.531	1.437	0.455	13.500 342.9	13.455 341.8	14.23 361.4
	14.843 377.0	14.937 379.4	14.812 376.2	0.217 - 0.750 5.5 - 19.1	1 1	1.500 38.1	1.531	1.437	0.455	14.343 364.3	14.298 363.2	15.07
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	16.093 408.8	15.969 405.6	0.250 - 0.750 6.4 - 19.1	0.188 4.8	1.500 38.1	1.531 38.9	1.437	0.455	15.500 393.7	15.455 392.6	16.23 412.2
	16.772 426.0	16.866 428.4	16.741 425.2	0.256 - 0.750 6.5 - 19.1	1 1	1.500 38.1	1.531 38.9	1.437	0.455	16.272 413.3	16.227 412.2	17.00
18 DN450	18.000 457.2	18.093 459.6	17.969 456.4	0.250 - 0.750 6.4 - 19.1	0.188 4.8	1.500 38.1	1.531 38.9	1.437	0.455	17.500 444.5	17.455 443.4	18.23 463.0
	18.898 480.0	18.992 482.4	18.867	0.256 - 0.750 6.5 - 19.1	1 1	1.500 38.1	1.531	1.437	0.455	18.398 467.3	18.353 466.2	19.13 485.9
20 DN500	20.000 508.0	20.093	19.969 507.2	0.250 - 0.750 6.4 - 19.1	0.218 5.5	1.500 38.1	1.531	1.437	0.455	19.500 495.3	19.455 494.2	20.23 513.8
	20.866 530.0	20.960 532.4	20.835 529.2	0.256 - 0.750 6.5 - 19.1	1 1	1.500 38.1	1.531 38.9	1.437 36.5	0.455	20.366 517.3	20.321 516.2	21.09
22 DN550	22.000 558.8	22.093 561.2	21.969 558.0	0.250 - 0.750 6.4 - 19.1	0.218 5.5	1.500 38.1	1.531 38.9	1.437 36.5	0.455	21.500 546.1	21.455 545.0	22.23 564.6
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	24.093 612.0	23.969 608.8	0.250 - 0.750 6.4 - 19.1	0.218 5.5	1.500 38.1	1.531 38.9	1.437	0.455	23.500 596.9	23.455 595.8	24.23 615.4

Important Gasket and Lubricant Information

GASKET SELECTION AND LUBRICANT REQUIREMENTS

! CAUTION

 To ensure gasket performance, always specify the material grade that is suitable for the intended service.

Failure to select the proper material grade for the service may result in joint leakage and property damage.

During selection and verification of gasket material grades, always refer to Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. For rubberlined valves or other rubber-lined products, always reference the applicable Victaulic product publication for specific requirements.

Do not subject gaskets to temperatures beyond the specified limits. Excessive temperatures will degrade gasket performance.

Gasket Color Code Reference

Grade	Compound	Color Code
E	EPDM	Green Stripe
EHP	EPDM	Red and Green Stripes
E (Type A)	EPDM	Violet Stripe
E2	EPDM	Double Green Stripes
E 3	EPDM	Green and Silver Stripes
EF	EPDM	Green "X"
EW	EPDM	Green "W"
Т	Nitrile	Orange Stripe
T (Type A)	Nitrile	Gray Gasket
HMT (High-Modulus Nitrile)	Nitrile	Orange and Silver Stripes
T (T-607 EndSeal™)	Nitrile	Gray Gasket
M2	Epichlorohydrin	White Stripe
V	Neoprene	Yellow Stripe
L	Silicone	Red Gasket
Α	White Nitrile	White Gasket
0	Fluoroelastomer	Blue Stripe
CHP-2	Fluoroelastomer	Yellow and Copper Stripes
Р	Fluoroelastomer Blend	Double Blue Stripes

! CAUTION

FOR INSTALLATION-READY COUPLINGS:

- When specified, a thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied only to the
 gasket sealing lips to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing
 during installation. Reference the "NOTICE" on page 36 for information regarding
 products that may be provided with pre-lubricated gaskets.
- . DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips.

FOR STANDARD COUPLINGS:

- When specified, a thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



Properly Lubricated Installation-Ready Gasket with Thin Coating of Lubricant



Improperly Lubricated Installation-Ready Gasket with Too Much Lubricant



Properly Lubricated Standard Gasket with Thin Coating of Lubricant



with Too Much Lubricant

A thin coating of a compatible lubricant is required to help prevent gasket pinching and to facilitate product installation. Always follow the specific product instructions featured in this handbook, and refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on the following page. Publication 05.02, Victaulic Lubricant Safety Data Sheet (SDS), can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

NOTICE

- Victaulic Lubricant shall not be mixed with Poly Olester (POE) Oil during installation.
- Prior to assembly, Victaulic recommends maintaining lubricant and gaskets at temperatures above 0°C/32°F to prevent the lubricant from freezing and to ease installation onto the pipe ends.

Storage of Gaskets

Until the time of installation, Victaulic products with exposed elastomeric components shall be stored in typical warehouse conditions, where components are protected from outside environmental factors such as: sun exposure, ozone exposure, extreme temperatures, and extreme relative humidity (or as specified by national and local codes and standards for the jobsite).



Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets

The following recommendations are for the gasket materials listed. Commercial lubricants may contain multiple ingredients. Always refer to the lubricant manufacturer's recommendations for material compatibility. NOTE: Victaulic Lubricant shall not be mixed with Poly Olester (POE) Oil during installation.

		Victaulic Lubricant	Soap- Based Solutions	Glycerin	Silicone Grease	Silicone Spray	Corn Oil	Soybean Oil	Hydrocarbon- Based Oils	Petroleum- Based Greases
Compatible with EPDM Gaskets?	ble with JM ets?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Not Recommended	Not Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Compatible with Nitrile Gaskets?	ble with rile ets?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Not Recommended	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Compatible with Epichlorohydrin Gaskets?	ble with ohydrin ets?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Not Recommended	Yes	Yes	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Compatible with Neoprene Gaskets?	ble with rene ets?	Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Yes	Yes	Not Recommended	Not Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Compatible with Silicone Gaskets?	ble with one ets?	Yes	Not Recommended	Yes	Not Recommended	Not Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Not Recommended Recommended	Not Recommended
Compatible with Fluoroelastomer Gaskets?	ble with astomer ets?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Not Recommended	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Victaulic Lubricant Usage Guide

The following table provides the **approximate** number of common-size **standard** gaskets that can be lubricated with a 4.5-ounce/127.5-gram tube or a 1-quart/32-ounce/907-gram container of Victaulic Lubricant (lubricant applied to gasket sealing lips and exterior). These values have been calculated using a thin coating of Victaulic Lubricant, as described in this section, and do not take into account any overuse or spillage. **THE APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF GASKETS LISTED IN THIS TABLE CAN BE DOUBLED FOR INSTALLATION-READY PRODUCTS (LUBRICANT APPLIED ONLY TO GASKET SEALING LIPS).**

Approximate shelf life of Victaulic Lubricant in tubes is 2 years beyond the manufacture date stamped on the container. Approximate shelf life of Victaulic Lubricant in quarts is 1 year beyond the manufacture date stamped on the container.

Nominal Size	Actual Pipe	Approximate Standare	Number of Gaskets
inches DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Per Tube	Per Quart
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	107	753
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	52	364
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	34	238
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	25	176
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	19	139
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	16	115
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	13	97
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	12	85
18 DN450	18.000 457	10	75
20 DN500	20.000 508	9	67
22 DN550	22.000 559	8	61
24 DN600	24.000 610	7	55

NOTICE

- Victaulic Lubricant has full WRAS approval (Approval No. 0507514) and ANSI/NSF 61 approval.
- Canadian Customers Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) Requirements: Canadian customers shall contact Victaulic Canada for a Victaulic Lubricant SDS that meets Canadian WHMIS requirements.



Dry Pipe Fire Protection System Notes

Victaulic Grade "E", Type A FireLock gaskets are Factory Mutual (FM) Approved and Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL) Listed for dry pipe fire protection systems. In freezers or systems subject to freezing temperatures, EPDM hardens as temperatures approach the lower temperature limitation of the gasket material.

To ensure a leak-tight seal, the outside surface of the mating components, between the groove and the mating component ends, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.

In systems subject to both freezing temperatures and hydrostatic pressure tests, Victaulic recommends the following couplings:

- Style 005H FireLock™ Rigid Couplings with Grade "E", Type A FireLock™ FlushSeal™ gaskets
- Style 108 FireLock™ IGS™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Couplings
- Style 109 FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Couplings
- Style 009N FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Couplings

The center leg of the gasket reduces the potential for ice formation from residual water that can become trapped in the gasket cavity during hydrostatic pressure testing.

Grade "L" silicone gaskets are recommended in applications where pipe joint flexibility is preferable. At low temperatures, Grade "L" gaskets remain pliable and are able to seal on the pipe surface. In addition, Grade "L" gaskets adapt more readily to temperature swings that generate both linear and radial expansion/contraction, and they increase reliability of joints subject to movement (i.e. rack piping).

It is the system designer's, material specifier's, and/or the installing contractor's responsibility to select the gasket material grade that is suitable for the intended service.

Dry pipe fire protection systems are subject to supplemental lubrication requirements, as instructed in the applicable product installation section of this handbook (and in accordance with the "NOTICE" below).

For Victaulic® FireLock™ Products with Pre-Lubricated Gaskets

NOTICE

 Certain Victaulic[®] FireLock[™] products may be provided with pre-lubricated gaskets. Additional lubrication is not required for the initial installation of wet pipe systems that are installed at or continuously operating above 0°F/–18°C.

Supplemental lubrication is required only if any of the following conditions exist. Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips, as instructed in the applicable product installation section in this handbook. It is not necessary to remove the gasket from the housings to apply additional lubricant to the gasket sealing lips.

- If the installation or continuous operating temperature is below 0°F/-18°C
- If the gasket has been exposed to fluids prior to installation
- If the surface of the gasket has a dark black or shiny appearance
- · If the gasket is being installed into a dry pipe system
- . If the system will be subjected to air tests prior to being filled with water
- · If the gasket was involved in a previous installation
- Lubricated gaskets will not enhance sealing capabilities on adverse mating component conditions. Mating component condition and preparation shall conform to the requirements listed in this handbook.



Spacing Requirements for Grooved Piping Systems

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PIPE SPACING

Since Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are externally-mounted housings that contain bolt pads, consideration shall be given to external dimensions beyond the pipe outside diameter to allow for ease of installation, inspection, and insulation. Always allow enough spacing between adjacent piping and couplings to provide access for tightening hardware and for bolt pad inspection. Bolt pads can be positioned in any orientation to prevent interference with other system components. NOTE: Allowance for insulation, when necessary, is not included in the following examples.

Example with Bolt Pads Facing Each Other

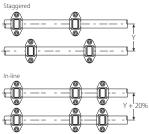


Illustration is exaggerated for clarity



For the example above, where the bolt pads are facing each other and the couplings are staggered, the pipe centerline shall be spaced with the "Y" dimension of the coupling housings. **NOTE:** The "Y" dimension is the widest point across the coupling housings (bolt pad to bolt pad).

For the example above, where the bolt pads are facing each other and the couplings are in-line with each other, add an additional 20% to the "Y" dimension.

Example with Bolt Pads Facing Away from Each Other

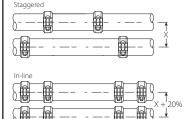


Illustration is exaggerated for clarity



For the example above, where the bolt pads are facing away from each other and the couplings are staggered, the pipe centerline shall be spaced with the "X" dimension of the coupling housings. **NOTE:** The "X" dimension is the narrowest point across the coupling housings (crown to crown). For Installation-Ready" Couplings, the "X" dimension is the pre-assembled condition.

For the example above, where the bolt pads are facing away from each other and the couplings are in-line with each other, add an additional 20% to the "X" dimension.

When installing grooved piping systems in confined areas, such as a pipe shaft, a tunnel, a narrow trench, or when joining riser pipe and dropping it through riser holes, consideration shall be given to the external clearance of the housings. This clearance shall be greater than the "Y" dimension (widest point). The necessary clearance will vary depending upon installation procedures, the proximity of other piping, and other factors.

NOTICE

When installing Style 78/78A Snap-Joint™ Couplings, sufficient room shall be
provided to allow clearance for the locking handle during assembly. Refer to the
Style 78/78A installation instructions in this handbook for complete information.



Rigid Systems

Piping Support Pipe Support Spacing Nominal Pipe-End Separation



PIPING SUPPORT FOR RIGID SYSTEMS

A WARNING

- The values in the following tables are not intended to be used as specifications for all installations, and they DO NOT apply where critical calculations are made or where there are concentrated loads between supports. The installer shall adhere to the design engineer's calculations for each project.
- DO NOT attach supports directly to couplings. Attach supports only to adjoining pipe and equipment.
- DO NOT use piping joined with Victaulic grooved pipe products as a lift point.
 DO NOT climb or hang on pipe joined with these products.
- Victaulic is not responsible for system design, nor does the Company assume any responsibility for systems that are designed improperly.
- Piping support/design shall comply with any local code requirements and shall be verified by a system designer/engineer.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Piping that is joined with grooved pipe couplings, like all other piping systems, requires support to carry the weight of piping, equipment, and fluid. The support or hanging method shall minimize stress on joints and allow pipeline movement, where required, along with other design requirements, such as drainage or venting. **NOTE:** Valves with unbalanced loads, particularly ones installed in horizontal pipelines within areas of high vibration, require support to resist external rotation.

RIGID SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING FOR STANDARD-WEIGHT CARBON STEEL PIPE

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for horizontal, straight runs of standard-weight carbon steel pipe (without concentrated loads) that carries water or similarly dense liquids.

	Actual Pipe	Sı	iggested Pipe	l Maxim Support			en
Nominal Pipe Size	Outside Diameter	Wa	ter Serv	ice	Gas	or Air Se	ervice
inches/DN	inches/mm	*	†	‡	*	†	‡
1	1.315	7	9	12	9	9	12
DN25	33.7	2.1	2.7	3.7	2.7	2.7	3.7
1 1/4	1.660	7	11	12	9	11	12
DN32	42.4	2.1	3.4	3.7	2.7	3.4	3.7
1 ½	1.900	7	12	15	9	13	15
DN40	48.3	2.1	3.7	4.6	2.7	4.0	4.6
2	2.375	10	13	15	13	15	15
DN50	60.3	3.1	4.0	4.6	4.0	4.6	4.6
3	3.500	12	16	15	15	17	15
DN80	88.9	3.7	4.9	4.6	4.6	5.2	4.6
4	4.500	14	17	15	17	21	15
DN100	114.3	4.3	5.2	4.6	5.2	6.4	4.6

^{*}Spacing based on ASME B31.1 Power Piping Code

[#]Pipe support spacing for these sizes applies to AGS Rigid Couplings



[†]Spacing based on ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping Code

^{\$}Spacing based on NFPA 13 Fire Sprinkler Systems

RIGID SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING FOR STANDARD-WEIGHT CARBON STEEL PIPE (CONTINUED)

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for horizontal, straight runs of standard-weight carbon steel pipe (without concentrated loads) that carries water or similarly dense liquids.

	Actual Pipe	Sı		l Maxim Support		oan Between /meters			
Nominal Pipe Size	Outside Diameter	Wa	ter Serv	ice	Gas	or Air Se	ervice		
inches/DN	inches/mm	*	†	‡	*	†	‡		
6	6.625	17	20	15	21	25	15		
DN150	168.3	5.2	6.1	4.6	6.4	7.6	4.6		
8	8.625	19	22	15	24	28	15		
DN200	219.1	5.8	6.7	4.6	7.3	8.5	4.6		
10	10.750	19	23	15	24	31	15		
DN250	273.0	5.8	7.0	4.6	7.3	9.5	4.6		
12	12.750	23	24	15	30	33	15		
DN300	323.9	7.0	7.3	4.6	9.1	10.1	4.6		
14#	14.000	23	25	15	30	33	15		
DN350	355.6	7.0	7.6	4.6	9.1	10.1	4.6		
#	14.843	23	25	15	30	33	15		
	377.0	7.0	7.6	4.6	9.1	10.1	4.6		
16#	16.000	27	25	15	35	33	15		
DN400	406.4	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6		
#	16.772	27	25	15	35	33	15		
	426.0	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6		
18#	18.000	27	25	15	35	33	15		
DN450	457.2	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6		
#	18.898	27	25	15	35	33	15		
	480.0	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6		
20#	20.000	30	25	15	39	33	15		
DN500	508.0	9.1	7.6	4.6	11.9	10.1	4.6		
#	20.866	30	25	15	39	33	15		
	530.0	9.1	7.6	4.6	11.9	10.1	4.6		
22#	22.000	30	25	15	39	33	15		
DN550	558.8	9.1	7.6	4.6	11.9	10.1	4.6		
24#	24.000	32	25	15	42	33	15		
DN600	609.6	9.8	7.6	4.6	12.8	10.1	4.6		
#	24.803	32	25	15	42	33	15		
	630.0	9.8	7.6	4.6	12.8	10.1	4.6		

^{*}Spacing based on ASME B31.1 Power Piping Code

[†]Spacing based on ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping Code

[‡]Spacing based on NFPA 13 Fire Sprinkler Systems

[#]Pipe support spacing for these sizes applies to AGS Rigid Couplings

RIGID SYSTEMS - PIPE SUPPORT SPACING FOR LIGHT-WALL STAINLESS STEEL PIPE

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for horizontal, straight runs of light-wall stainless steel pipe (without concentrated loads) that carries water or similarly dense liquids.

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	Wall Th	iickness	Suggested Maximum Span Between Pipe Supports
Pipe Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	inches/ mm	Schedule	feet/ meters
		0.065 1.65	5S	9 2.7
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	0.079 2.00	_	10 3.1
		0.109 2.77	105	10 3.1
DN65	3.000 76.1	0.079 2.00	_	10 3.1
		0.079 2.00	_	10 3.1
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	0.083 2.11	5S	10 3.1
		0.120 3.05	105	12 3.7
		0.079 2.00	_	11 3.4
	4.500 114.3	0.083 2.11	5S	11 3.4
		0.120 3.05	105	12 3.7
		0.079 2.00	_	13 4.0
DN125	5.500 139.7	0.102 2.60	_	13 4.0
		0.118 3.00	_	15 4.6
		0.079 2.00	_	13 4.0
		0.102 2.60	_	13 4.0
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	0.109 2.77	5S	13 4.0
		0.118 3.00	_	15 4.6
		0.134 3.40	105	15 4.6

RIGID SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING FOR LIGHT-WALL STAINLESS STEEL PIPE (CONTINUED)

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for horizontal, straight runs of light-wall stainless steel pipe (without concentrated loads) that carries water or similarly dense liquids.

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	Wall Tr	nickness	Suggested Maximum Span Between Pipe Supports
Pipe Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	inches/ mm	Schedule	feet/ meters
		0.102 2.60	_	13 4.0
8	8.625	0.109 2.77	5S	13 4.0
DN200	219.1	0.118 3.00	_	15 4.6
		0.148 3.76	105	15 4.6
		0.118 3.00	_	15 4.6
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	0.134 3.40	5S	15 4.6
		0.165 4.19	105	16 4.9
		0.118 3.00	_	15 4.6
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	0.156 3.96	5S	16 4.9
3.1333		0.180 4.57	105	17 5.2
14# DN350	14.000 355.6	0.188 4.78	105	21 6.4
16# DN400	16.000 406.4	0.188 4.78	105	22 6.7
18# DN450	18.000 457.2	0.188 4.78	105	22 6.7
20# DN500	20.000 508.0	0.218 5.54	105	24 7.3
22# DN550	22.000 558.8	0.218 5.54	105	24 7.3
24# DN600	24.000 609.6	0.250 6.35	105	25 7.6

#Pipe support spacing for these sizes applies to AGS Rigid Couplings **NOTE:** Contact Victaulic for applications above 24 inch/DN600.

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION FOR OGS RIGID, INSTALLATION-READY™ COUPLINGS

The nominal pipe-end separation dimensions, shown in the table below, are provided for system layout and installation purposes. The coupling styles listed are considered rigid connections and will not accommodate expansion or contraction of the piping system.

	Actual Pipe	N	ominal Pipe-Ei		on
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 009N	Style 107V, 107N, 807N*	Style 108	Style 109
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	_	_	0.14 3.6	_
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	0.10 2.5	_	_	0.10 2.5
1 ½ DN40	1.900 48.3	0.10 2.5	_	_	0.10 2.5
2 – 3 DN50 – DN80	2.375 – 3.500 60.3 – 88.9	0.12 3.1	0.15 3.8	_	0.12 3.1
	4.250 108.0	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	_
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	0.17 4.3
	5.250 133.0	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	_
DN125	5.500 139.7	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	_
5	5.563 141.3	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	_
	6.250 159.0	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	_
	6.500 165.1	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	_
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	0.17 4.3	0.15 3.8	_	_
	8.500 216.0	0.17 4.3	_	_	_
#	8.515 216.3	_	0.20 5.1	_	_
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	0.17 4.3	0.20 5.1		_
#	10.528 267.4		0.20 5.1		_
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	0.25 6.4	0.20 5.1		_
#	12.539 318.5		0.20 5.1		
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	0.25 6.4	0.20 5.1		

^{*} The Style 107V and 807N are not available in all sizes listed in this table

[#] Applies to JIS metric pipe sizes 200A, 250A, and 300A, respectively (JIS Specification G 3452; G 3454).



NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION FOR ALL OTHER OGS RIGID COUPLINGS

The nominal pipe-end separation dimensions, shown in the table below, are provided for system layout and installation purposes. The coupling styles listed are considered rigid connections and will not accommodate expansion or contraction of the piping system.

	Actual Pipe		Nominal	Pipe-End inches/m	Separatio m	n
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 005H	Style 07/L07	Style 89/889/ HP-70	Style HP-70ES	Style 489/ 489DX
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	_	0.05 1.2	_	_	_
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	0.05 1.2	0.05 1.2	_	_	_
1½ DN40	1.900 48.3	0.05 1.2	0.05 1.2	_	_	0.05 1.3
2 – 3 DN50 – DN80	2.375 – 3.500 60.3 – 88.9	0.07 1.7	0.07 1.7	0.14 3.6	0.19 4.8	0.05 1.3
	4.250 108.0	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	_	_	_
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	0.25 6.4	0.19 4.8	0.19 4.8
	5.250 133.0	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	_	_	_
DN125	5.500 139.7	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	0.25 6.4	_	0.25 6.4
5	5.563 141.3	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	0.25 6.4	_	0.25 6.4
	6.250 159.0	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	_	_	_
	6.500 165.1	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	0.25 6.4	_	0.25 6.4
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	0.16 4.1	0.16 4.1	0.25 6.4	0.27 6.7	0.25 6.4
#	8.515 216.3	_	0.19 4.8	0.25 6.4	_	0.25 6.4
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	0.19 4.8	0.19 4.8	0.25 6.4	0.27 6.7	0.25 6.4
#	10.528 267.4	_	0.13 3.3	0.25 6.4	_	0.25 6.4
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	_	0.13 3.3	0.25 6.4	0.28 7.1	0.25 6.4
#	12.539 318.5	_	0.13 3.3	0.25 6.4	_	0.25 6.4
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	_	0.13 3.3	0.25 6.4	0.28 7.1	0.25 6.4
14 – 16 DN350 – DN400	14.000 – 16.000 355.6 – 406.4	_	_	0.25 6.4	_	_

NOTE: Not all coupling styles are available in all sizes listed in this table # Applies to JIS metric pipe sizes 200A, 250A, and 300A, respectively (JIS Specification G 3454), 6 3454).

[†] Nominal pipe-end separation differs for Style 307 Transition Couplings. Refer to the I-300 Field Installation Handbook for details, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION FOR AGS RIGID COUPLINGS ON DIRECT-GROOVED PIPE OR PIPE PREPARED WITH AGS *VIC-RINGS*

The nominal pipe-end separation dimensions, shown in the table below, are provided for system layout and installation purposes and apply only to pipe that is roll grooved to AGS specifications or prepared with AGS *Vic-Rings* for Style W07/LW07 and W89 AGS Rigid Couplings. Victaulic Style W07/LW07 and W89 AGS Rigid Couplings are considered rigid connections and will not accommodate expansion or contraction of the piping system.

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Coupling/ AGS <i>Vic-Ring</i> Size inches/mm	Nominal Pipe-End Separation inches/mm
12 – 22	14.000 – 24.000	0.25
DN300 – DN550	355.6 – 609.6	6.4

Flexible Systems

Piping Support
Pipe Support Spacing
Nominal Pipe-End Separation
and Pipeline Deflection



PIPING SUPPORT FOR FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS

A WARNING

- The values in the following tables are not intended to be used as specifications
 for all installations, and they DO NOT apply where critical calculations are made
 or where there are concentrated loads between supports. The installer shall
 adhere to the design engineer's calculations for each project.
- DO NOT attach supports directly to couplings. Attach supports only to adjoining pipe and equipment.
- DO NOT use piping joined with Victaulic grooved pipe products as a lift point.
 DO NOT climb or hang on pipe joined with these products.
- Victaulic is not responsible for system design, nor does the Company assume any responsibility for systems that are designed improperly.
- Piping support/design shall comply with any local code requirements and shall be verified by a system designer/engineer.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Piping that is joined with grooved pipe couplings, like all other piping systems, requires support to carry the weight of piping, equipment, and fluid. The support or hanging method shall minimize stress on joints and allow pipeline movement, where required, along with other design requirements, such as drainage or venting. The system designer shall consider the special requirements of flexible couplings while designing a support system. **NOTE:** Valves with unbalanced loads, particularly ones installed in horizontal pipelines within areas of high vibration, require support to resist external rotation.

FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING

The following table lists the suggested minimum number of pipe supports per standardweight carbon steel pipe length for straight runs without concentrated loads, where full linear movement **IS REQUIRED**.

	Actual Pipe			Pip	e Ler	ngth i	n fee	t/met	ers		
Nominal Pipe Size	Outside Diameter	7 2.1	10 3.0	12 3.7	15 4.6	20 6.1	22 6.7	25 7.6	30 9.1	35 10.7	40 12.2
inches/DN	inches/mm	*Ave	rage I	lange	ers Pe	r Pip	e Ler	ıgth -	- Ever	nly Sp	aced
³ / ₄ – 1 DN20 – DN25	1.050 – 1.315 26.9 – 33.7	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	6
1 ½ – 2 DN32 – DN50	1.660 – 2.375 42.4 – 60.3	1	2	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
21/2	2.875 73.0	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4
DN65	3.000 76.1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4
3 – 4 DN80 – DN100	3.500 – 4.500 88.9 – 114.3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4
5 – 12	5.563 – 12.750 141.3 – 323.9	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
14 – 16# DN350 – DN400	14.000 – 16.000 355.6 – 406.4	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
18 – 24# DN450 – DN600	18.000 – 24.000 457.2 – 609.6	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3

^{*}Pipe lengths shall not be left unsupported between any two couplings

NOTE: For project-specific requirements outside of the values provided, contact Victaulic.

[#] The values provided are for Style W77 AGS Flexible Couplings, installed with standard carbon steel hardware, at full operating pressure. For alternate hardware, operating pressures, or design spacing requirements, contact Victaulic.



FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING (CONTINUED)

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for standard-weight carbon steel pipe for straight runs without concentrated loads, where full linear movement **IS NOT REQUIRED**.

Nominal	Actual Pipe	Suggested Maximum Span
Pipe Size	Outside Diameter	Between Pipe Supports
inches/DN	inches/mm	feet/meters
³ / ₄ – 1	1.050 – 1.315	8
DN20 – DN25	26.9 – 33.7	2.4
1 ½ – 2	1.660 – 2.375	10
DN32 – DN50	42.4 – 60.3	3.0
21/2	2.875 73.0	12 3.7
DN65	3.000 76.1	12 3.7
3 – 4	3.500 – 4.500	12
DN80 – DN100	88.9 – 114.3	3.7
5	5.563 141.3	14 4.3
	6.000 152.4	14 4.3
	6.250 159.0	14 4.3
	6.500 165.1	14 4.3
6 – 8	6.625 – 8.625	14
DN150 – DN200	168.3 – 219.1	4.3
10 – 12	10.750 – 12.750	16
DN250 – DN300	273.0 – 323.9	4.9
14 – 16#	14.000 – 16.000	18
DN350 – DN400	355.6 – 406.4	5.5
18 – 24#	18.000 – 24.000	20
DN450 – DN600	457.2 – 609.6	6.1

NOTE: For project-specific requirements outside of the values provided, contact Victaulic.

[#] The values provided are for Style W77 AGS Flexible Couplings, installed with standard carbon steel hardware, at full operating pressure. For alternate hardware, operating pressures, or design spacing requirements, contact Victaulic.

NOMINAL RANGE OF PIPE-END SEPARATION FOR STYLE 004N, 177N, AND 877N INSTALLATION-READY™ FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

The nominal range of pipe-end separation dimensions, shown in the table below, are provided for system layout and installation purposes for both roll-grooved and cut-grooved pipe; this ensures that adequate clearances are included in piping system installation, relative to other piping system components or the building structure. These dimensions are particularly important when the system is free floating, or contains no thrust anchors, and the coupling joints are installed with the pipe ends butted against the center leg of the gasket. When installed in this condition, the joints will open to their full nominal pipe-end separation when the piping system is pressurized. This movement is cumulative and will be most significant in long runs of piping where multiple flexible couplings are installed with the pipe ends butted against the center leg of the gasket.

		Nominal Range of Pipe-End Separation inches/mm		
Nominal	Actual Pipe	Pipe Ends Butted	Full	
Pipe Size	Outside Diameter	Against Center	Nominal	
inches/DN	inches/mm	Leg of Gasket ²	Separation ³	
2	2.375	0.13	0.25	
DN50	60.3	3.3	6.4	
2½	2.875	0.13	0.25	
	73.0	3.3	6.4	
DN65	3.000	0.13	0.25	
	76.1	3.3	6.4	
3	3.500	0.13	0.25	
DN80	88.9	3.3	6.4	
	4.250	0.18	0.38	
	108.0	4.6	9.7	
4	4.500	0.18	0.38	
DN100	114.3	4.6	9.7	
	5.250	0.18	0.38	
	133.0	4.6	9.7	
DN125	5.500	0.18	0.38	
	139.7	4.6	9.7	
5	5.563	0.18	0.38	
	141.3	4.6	9.7	
	6.250	0.18	0.38	
	159.0	4.6	9.7	
	6.500	0.18	0.38	
	165.1	4.6	9.7	
6	6.625	0.18	0.38	
DN150	168.3	4.6	9.7	
8	8.625	0.18	0.38	
DN200	219.1	4.6	9.7	

¹ Nominal range of pipe-end separation that may exist at the time of installation

³ Nominal pipe-end separation when the pipe ends are at full separation, as illustrated in Figure 2







Figure 2



 $^{^2}$ Nominal pipe-end separation when the pipe ends are butted against the center leg of the gasket, as illustrated in Figure 1 $\,$

LINEAR MOVEMENT AND ANGULAR DEFLECTION FOR STYLE 004N, 177N, AND 877N INSTALLATION-READY™ FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

The following table provides linear movement and joint deflection capabilities of each coupling. Mechanical properties of the flexible coupling can be used in piping system design to accommodate curves, settlement of the building structure, seismic movement, or thermally-induced expansion or contraction of the piping system. Always refer to Victaulic publication 26.02 for additional design data.

			Joint De	flection ⁷
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Linear Movement Per Coupling ^{4,7} inches/mm	Angle at Coupling ⁵ (Degrees Per Coupling)	Slope of Pipe ⁶ in/ft mm/m
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	0.09 2.3	2.17	0.46 38.1
21/2	2.875 73.0	0.09 2.3	1.79	0.38 31.5
DN65	3.000 76.1	0.09 2.3	1.72	0.36 30.2
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	0.09 2.3	1.47	0.31 25.9
	4.250 108.0	0.18 4.6	2.43	0.51 42.6
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	0.18 4.6	2.29	0.48 40.3
	5.250 133.0	0.18 4.6	1.96	0.41 34.6
DN125	5.500 139.7	0.18 4.6	1.88	0.39 32.9
5	5.563 141.3	0.18 4.6	1.85	0.39 32.4
	6.250 159.0	0.18 4.6	1.65	0.35 28.9
	6.500 165.1	0.18 4.6	1.59	0.33 27.9
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	0.18 4.6	1.56	0.33 27.3
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	0.18 4.6	1.20	0.25 21.0

⁴ Actual net linear movement available at each coupling, as illustrated in Figures 1 and 2

NOTE: A coupling joint cannot provide full linear movement and full angular deflection simultaneously. If both linear movement and angular deflection are needed, sufficient couplings shall be installed for each purpose. Refer to Victaulic publication 26.02 for complete details.



Figure 3 - Deflection Angle at Each Coupling Listed in Degrees

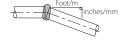


Figure 4 - Deflection Angle at Each Coupling Listed as Slope of the Pipe

Illustrations are exaggerated for clarity



Actual net deflection angle available at each coupling (listed in degrees), as illustrated in Figure 3
 Actual net deflection angle available at each coupling (listed as slope of pipe), as illustrated in Figure 4 ⁷ Net amount of linear movement or joint deflection available at the couplings. No further reduction, as detailed in Victaulic publication 26.02, is needed to allow for design and installation purposes.

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND DEFLECTION FROM CENTERLINE FOR ALL OTHER OGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection values, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is roll grooved to OGS specifications. **Values for OGS cut-grooved pipe may be doubled.** These values are maximums. For design and installation purposes, these values may be reduced by 50% for ¾ – 3½-inch/DN20 – DN90 sizes and 25% for 4-inch/DN100 and larger sizes.

		OGS ROLL-GROOVED PIPE		
		Nominal Deflection from Cen		on from Centerline
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nominal Pipe-End Separation inches/mm	Degrees Per Coupling	inches Per One foot of Pipe/ mm Per One meter of Pipe
³ / ₄ DN20	1.050 26.7	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	3.40	0.72 60
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	2.72	0.57 48
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.2	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	2.17	0.45 38
1½ DN40	1.900 48.3	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	1.93	0.40 33
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	1.52	0.32 26
	2.664 57.0	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	1.57	0.33 27
2½	2.875 73.0	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	1.25	0.26 22
DN65	3.000 76.1	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	1.20	0.26 22
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	1.03	0.22 18
3 ½ DN90	4.000 101.6	0 – 0.06 0 – 1.6	0.90	0.19 16
	4.250 108.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.68	0.35 29
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.60	0.34 28
	5.250 133.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.35	0.28 24
DN125	5.500 139.7	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.30	0.28 24
5	5.563 141.3	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.30	0.27 23
	6.250 159.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.15	0.24 20
	6.500 165.1	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.10	0.23 19
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	1.08	0.23 18

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND DEFLECTION FROM CENTERLINE FOR ALL OTHER OGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS (CONTINUED)

The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection values, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is roll grooved to OGS specifications. **Values for OGS cut-grooved pipe may be doubled.** These values are maximums. For design and installation purposes, these values may be reduced by 50% for ¾ – 3½-inch/DN20 – DN90 sizes and 25% for 4-inch/DN100 and larger sizes.

		OGS ROLL-GROOVED PIPE		D PIPE
			Nominal Deflection	on from Centerline
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nominal Pipe-End Separation inches/mm	Degrees Per Coupling	inches Per One foot of Pipe/ mm Per One meter of Pipe
8*	8.625	0 – 0.13	0.83	0.18
DN200	219.1	0 – 3.2		14
10*	10.750	0 – 0.13	0.67	0.14
DN250	273.0	0 – 3.2		12
12*	12.750	0 – 0.13	0.57	0.12
DN300	323.9	0 – 3.2		9
14#	14.000	0 – 0.13	0.52	0.11
DN350	355.6	0 – 3.2		9
#	14.843 377.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	0.52	0.11 9
16#	16.000	0 – 0.13	0.45	0.10
DN400	406.4	0 – 3.2		9
#	16.772 426.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	0.45	0.10 9
18#	18.000	0 – 0.13	0.40	0.08
DN450	457.2	0 – 3.2		7
#	18.898 480.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	0.40	0.08 7
20#	20.000	0 – 0.13	0.37	0.08
DN500	508.0	0 – 3.2		7
#	20.866 530.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	0.37	0.08 7
22#	22.000	0 – 0.13	0.32	0.07
DN550	559.0	0 – 3.2		6
	22.835 580.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	0.32	0.07 6
24#	24.000	0 – 0.13	0.30	0.07
DN600	609.6	0 – 3.2		6
#	24.803 630.0	0 – 0.13 0 – 3.2	0.30	0.07 6

^{*} Available in sizes to the JIS Standard. Refer to Victaulic publication 06.17, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com



[#] Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS) line of products in these sizes. Refer to the two following pages in this handbook and Victaulic publication 20.03 for additional information.

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND DEFLECTION FROM CENTERLINE FOR AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS ON DIRECT-GROOVED PIPE

The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection from centerline dimensions, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is roll grooved to AGS specifications for Style W77 AGS Flexible Couplings.

Nominal	Actual Pipe	Nominal Pipe-End		Nominal Deflection	
	Outside	Separation inches/mm		from Centerline	
Pipe Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	Minimum	Maximum	Degrees Per Coupling	in/ft mm/m
14	14.000	0.13	0.31	0.73	0.154
DN350	355.6	3.3	7.9		12.86
	14.843 377.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.69	0.146 12.13
16	16.000	0.13	0.31	0.64	0.135
DN400	406.4	3.3	7.9		11.25
	16.772 426.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.61	0.129 10.73
18	18.000	0.13	0.31	0.57	0.120
DN450	457.2	3.3	7.9		10.00
	18.898 480.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.54	0.114 9.52
20	20.000	0.13	0.31	0.51	0.108
DN500	508.0	3.3	7.9		9.00
	20.866 530.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.49	0.104 8.63
22	22.000	0.13	0.31	0.46	0.098
DN550	558.8	3.3	7.9		8.18
24	24.000	0.13	0.31	0.42	0.090
DN600	609.6	3.3	7.9		7.50
	24.803 630.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.41	0.087 7.26

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND DEFLECTION FROM CENTERLINE FOR AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS ON PIPE PREPARED WITH AGS VIC-RINGS

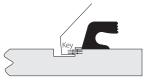
The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection from centerline dimensions, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is prepared with AGS *Vic-Rings* for Style W77 AGS Flexible Couplings.

Nominal	Coupling/	Nominal Pipe-End		Nominal Deflection	
	AGS Vic-Ring	Separation inches/mm		from Centerline	
Pipe Size inches/DN	Size	Minimum	Maximum	Degrees Per Coupling	in/ft mm/m
12	14.000	0.13	0.31	0.73	0.154
DN300	355.6	3.3	7.9		12.86
14	16.000	0.13	0.31	0.64	0.135
DN350	406.4	3.3	7.9		11.25
16	18.000	0.13	0.31	0.57	0.120
DN400	457.2	3.3	7.9		10.00
18	20.000	0.13	0.31	0.51	0.108
DN450	508.0	3.3	7.9		9.00
20	22.000	0.13	0.31	0.46	0.098
DN500	558.8	3.3	7.9		8.18
22	24.000	0.13	0.31	0.42	0.090
DN550	609.6	3.3	7.9		7.50

INSTALLATION TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM LINEAR MOVEMENT CAPABILITIES OF FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS

To achieve maximum expansion/contraction allowance, pipe joints shall be installed with proper spacing between the pipe ends. The following is an overview of methods to accommodate expansion/contraction. For complete information, refer to Victaulic Section 26 publications, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

For maximum expansion, pipe ends shall be at their maximum gap within the coupling.



PROPER INSTALLATION FOR EXPANSION

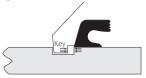
Illustration is exaggerated for clarity Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

 Vertical systems can be installed as the pipe is lowered by assembling the couplings and using the weight of the pipe to pull the pipe ends open.

For horizontal systems, select method 2a or 2b.

- 2a. Anchor the system at one end, and install the couplings and proper guides. Cap the system, pressurize it to fully open the pipe ends, then anchor the other end with the pipe ends fully gapped.
- **2b.** Install the couplings. Use rigging equipment to pull the pipe for full end separation, then secure the pipe to maintain the opening.

For maximum contraction, pipe ends shall be installed at the minimum pipe-end separation.



PROPER INSTALLATION FOR CONTRACTION

Illustration is exaggerated for clarity Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

- In vertical systems, stack the pipe by using the weight to butt the pipe ends, then anchor the pipe to maintain the position.
- In horizontal systems, install the pipe ends at the minimum pipe-end separation by using the coupling's "come-along" feature to adjust the pipe ends, then secure the pipe in position.

For Expansion and Contraction

 Alternate the above procedures in proportion to the need for expansion and contraction.

Groove/Coupling Gapping

For expansion, visible gaps on either side of the coupling housings' key section (between the coupling housings' key section and the rear edge of the groove) can be used to verify proper installation of most couplings for maximum movement. These gaps are approximately equal to half the linear movement capability. Piping shall be secured to maintain the desired position.

For pipe contraction, virtually no gap should be visible between the coupling housings' key section and the rear edge of the groove. Piping shall be secured to maintain the desired position.



Installation Overview

Impact Tool Usage Guidelines
Impact Tool Selection
Torque Wrench Selection
Required Tools and Supplies for Installation
Important Installation Information
Installation Inspection
System Testing
Maintenance After Installation
Insulation
Buried Applications
European ATEX Directive Notice



IMPACT TOOL USAGE GUIDELINES

NOTICE

- These guidelines are for couplings that require metal-to-metal bolt pad contact without a specified assembly torque.
- These guidelines are for non-lubricated, zinc-electroplated carbon steel hardware only.
- These guidelines are for products used on metallic piping only.
- FOR ADVANCED GROOVE SYSTEM (AGS) PRODUCTS, REFER TO THE
 I-W100 FIELD INSTALLATION HANDBOOK FOR "IMPACT WRENCH USAGE,"
 "IMPACT WRENCH SELECTION," AND "TORQUE WRENCH SELECTION"
 REQUIREMENTS. THE I-W100 CAN BE DOWNLOADED AT VICTAULIC.COM.

Impact tools do not provide the installer with direct "wrench feel" to judge nut torque. Since some impact tools are capable of high output speed and torque, it is important to develop a familiarity with the impact tool to avoid over-shifting and/or over-torquing, which may damage or fracture the bolts or the coupling's bolt pads during installation.

A WARNING

 DO NOT exceed the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table on the following page for the applicable bolt/nut size.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death.

Assemble couplings per the applicable product installation instructions in this handbook.

Continue to tighten the nut(s) until the visual inspection requirements, listed in the applicable product installation instructions in this handbook, are achieved. Visual inspection of each joint is required for verification of proper assembly. For angled-bolt-pad couplings: Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the angled bolt pads.

During the installation process, the installation torque shall not exceed the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table on the following page for the applicable bolt/nut size. Conditions that may result in over-shifting and/or excessive bolt torque include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Improperly-Sized Impact Tool Refer to the "Impact Tool Selection" section on page 60.
- Uneven tightening of hardware For couplings containing two or more bolts, the nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides until the visual inspection requirements for the particular coupling are achieved.
- Over-shifting of the angled bolt pad Over-shifting of an angled bolt pad results in an offset that prevents metal-to-metal contact and equal and positive or neutral offset at the opposite angled bolt pad. This occurs when the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Attempting to tighten the hardware on one side while the other side is over-shifted is improper installation and will result in bolt torque that exceeds the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table on the following page. Continuing to tighten the hardware in an attempt to achieve metal-to-metal bolt pad contact at the other bolt pad will cause joint failure, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death. For overshifted couplings, the hardware for the angled bolt pads shall be loosened and then re-tightened to achieve equal and positive or neutral offsets at both angled bolt pads.



- Out-of-specification grooved pipe end dimensions (particularly large and out-of-specification "C" diameters) If proper visual assembly is not achieved, remove the coupling and confirm that all grooved pipe end dimensions are within Victaulic specifications. If grooved pipe end dimensions are not within Victaulic specifications, rework the pipe ends by following all instructions in the applicable pipe preparation tool's operating and maintenance manual.
- Continued tightening of nut(s) after the visual inspection requirements are achieved DO NOT continue to tighten the nut(s) after the visual inspection requirements are achieved. Continuing to tighten the hardware after proper visual inspection requirements are achieved will cause joint failure, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death. In addition, continued tightening may cause excessive stresses that compromise the long-term integrity of the bolts and may cause joint failure, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death. Additional bolt torque will not provide a better installation; bolt torque that exceeds the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table on this page could damage or fracture the bolts and/or the coupling's bolt pads during installation.
- Pinched gasket A pinched gasket could result in the inability to achieve proper visual inspection requirements. The coupling shall be disassembled and inspected to verify that the gasket is not pinched. If the gasket is pinched, a new coupling assembly shall be used.
- Coupling was not assembled per the applicable Victaulic installation instructions – Adherence to installation instructions will help to avoid the conditions covered in this section.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-torqued, the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.).

Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque

Bolt/Nut Size		Maximum Allowable	
inches	Metric	Bolt Torque*	
5/16	-	15 ft-lbs	
716		_	_
3/. ±	3/8† M10	55 ft-lbs	
78 1		75 N•m	
7/16 ‡	M11	100 ft-lbs	
716 +		136 N•m	
1/-	½ M12	135 ft-lbs	
/2		183 N•m	

Bolt/Nut Size		Maximum Allowable
inches	Metric	Bolt Torque*
5/8	M16	235 ft-lbs
78		319 N•m
3/4 §	M20	425 ft-lbs
74 9		576 N•m
7/8 €	M22	675 ft-lbs
78 9		915 N•m
1	1 M24	875 ft-lbs
		1186 N•m

^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data

§ Style 107V QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Couplings Only:

These bolt sizes are pre-lubricated. Reference the table on page 97 for the maximum allowable bolt torques for these bolt/nut sizes.

Continued on the following page



 $[\]dagger$ For 009N, 101, 102, 103, 104, 108, 109, and 118 FireLock" Products Only: For LPCB and VdS Certification for % //M10 bolts, the bolt torque is 55 ft-lbs/75 N·m.

[‡] For 009N, 101, 102, 103, 104, and 109 FireLock" **Products Only:**For LPCB and VdS Certification for 1/6"/M11 bolts, the bolt torque is 75 ft-lbs/102 N·m.

IMPACT TOOL SELECTION

Appropriate selection of an impact tool is required to ensure proper installation in accordance with the applicable coupling installation instructions. Improper impact tool selection could cause coupling mis-assembly and damage, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death.

To determine the suitability of an impact tool, perform trial installation assemblies with a standard socket wrench or a torque wrench. These trial coupling assemblies shall meet the visual installation requirements for the particular coupling. After visual installation requirements are achieved, measure the torque applied to each nut with a torque wrench. Using the torque value measured, select an impact tool with a torque output or torque output setting that conforms to the measured value but does not exceed the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table on the previous page.

Selection of an Impact Tool:

Impact Tools with Single Output Torque – Selection of an impact tool with an output torque considerably higher than the required installation torque could result in hardware and/or coupling damage due to the possibility of hardware over-torque. Under no circumstances shall an impact tool be selected for use that has a torque output setting that exceeds the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table on the previous page.

Impact Tools with Multiple Output Torque Settings – If an impact tool with multiple output torque settings is selected, the impact tool shall have at least one torque setting that satisfies the above requirements for an "Impact Tool with Single Output Torque."

Use of impact tools with excessive output torques creates installation difficulties for the installer due to the tool's unmanageable rotational speed and power. Using the same method above, periodically check nut torque on coupling assemblies throughout the system installation process.

For safe and proper use of impact tools, always refer to the impact tool manufacturer's operating instructions. In addition, verify that proper impact grade sockets are being used for coupling installation.

A WARNING

Failure to follow instructions for tightening hardware could result in:

- Bolt damage or fracture
- · Damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings
- Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

TORQUE WRENCH SELECTION

For products that have a required assembly torque, a torque wrench shall be selected with a range that is in accordance with the required bolt torque specified in the respective instructions in this handbook. The selected torque wrench shall be certified and calibrated in accordance with a recognized national standard. Always refer to the instructions supplied with the torque wrench for proper usage and selection of desired torque value.



REQUIRED TOOLS AND SUPPLIES FOR INSTALLATION

Confirm that the correct quantity of applicable hardware and housings has been supplied for the connection being made. Inspect gasket size, gasket material grade, and hardware size to verify suitability for the intended service.

The following tools and supplies are required for all coupling and flange adapter installations.

- PPE Required by Jobsite (hardhat, leather gloves, safety glasses, steel-toe shoes)
- · Victaulic Lubricant or Other Compatible Lubricant
- Appropriate Bolt Thread Lubricant (Where Noted in Specific Product Instructions)
- Brushes for Lubrication (Where Noted in Specific Product Instructions)
- Deep-Well Sockets
- Long-Handle Ratchet Wrench or Impact Tool
- Torque Wrench (Where Noted in Specific Product Instructions)
- Towels
- Water Bottle (for misting lubricated gaskets in hot environments, as needed)



IMPORTANT INSTALLATION INFORMATION

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/ during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- Always reference the operating and maintenance manual for the applicable pipe preparation tool and the specific product instructions in this handbook for complete safety and operating/installation requirements.
- Always allow enough spacing between adjacent piping and couplings to provide access for tightening hardware and for bolt pad inspection.
- When joining pipe of the same size but different wall thicknesses/schedules, the
 joint rating will be based on the pressure rating of the thinner-wall pipe.
- Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.
- The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances published in current Victaulic groove specifications.
- Always check gasket material grade to verify that it is suitable for the intended service.
- DO NOT use rigid, angled-bolt-pad couplings with PVC plastic pipe.
- When wafer or lug-type valves are used adjoining a Victaulic fitting, verify the disc dimensions to ensure that there is proper clearance.
- Couplings that contain a tongue-and-recess feature shall be mated properly, tongue-to-recess.
- When an assembly torque value is specified for coupling installation, the torque SHALL be applied to the nuts to achieve proper installation. Torque beyond the specified values will not improve sealing. Exceeding the specified torque by more than 10% may cause product damage, resulting in joint failure and property damage.
- Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation of Advanced Groove System 49, Installation-Ready™, FireLock EZ™, and QuickVic™ couplings and are recommended for all other couplings. Deep-well sockets provide full nut engagement during tightening.
- During installation, if the coupling does not appear to be seated in the grooves
 properly, the hardware for the coupling shall be loosened and the installation
 process shall be attempted again. If installation difficulties persist, refer to the
 "Installation Inspection" section on the following pages.
- Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats proper in the bolt hole, as shown below.



GOOD BOLT ENGAGEMENT (OVAL NECK OF EACH BOLT IS SEATED PROPERLY IN THE BOLT HOLE)



BAD BOLT ENGAGEMENT (OVAL NECK OF BOLT IS NOT SEATED PROPERLY IN THE BOLT HOLE)



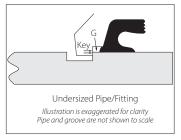
INSTALLATION INSPECTION

A WARNING

- · Always inspect each joint to verify proper product installation.
- Undersized or oversized pipes/fittings, shallow grooves, eccentric grooves, bolt pad gaps, etc. are unacceptable. Any of these conditions shall be corrected before attempting to pressurize the system.
- . DO NOT impact/hit the coupling to force it to seat in the grooves.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Installations with Undersized Pipe/Fittings - NOT ACCEPTABLE

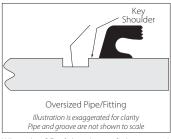


When the OD of the pipe or fitting is below the minimum tolerance, engagement of the housings' key sections is lowered considerably. THIS RESULTS IN REDUCED WORKING PRESSURE FOR THE JOINT.

Additionally, there is little or no added compression of the gasket. The increased gap "G" between the pipe and the housing may also result in gasket extrusion. These factors can contribute to reduced gasket life, joint leakage, and property damage.

When the OD of the pipe or fitting is below the minimum tolerance, discard the fitting or section of pipe and use a new fitting or section of pipe that conforms to Victaulic specifications.

Installations with Oversized Pipe/Fittings - NOT ACCEPTABLE



When the OD of the pipe or fitting exceeds the maximum tolerance, engagement of the housings' key sections is increased to the point that the shoulder can grip onto the pipe and can result in reduced linear or angular movement. Under these conditions, metal-to-metal bolt pad contact may not be achieved, the gasket may become extruded, the working pressure of the joint may be reduced, and gasket life may be reduced.

When the OD of the pipe or fitting exceeds the maximum tolerance, discard the fitting or section of pipe and use a new fitting or section of pipe that conforms to Victaulic specifications.

Installations on Pipe with Shallow Grooves - NOT ACCEPTABLE

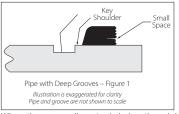


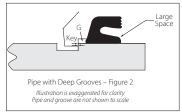
When the groove diameter exceeds the maximum tolerance, a shallow groove will occur. A groove that is shallow (not deep enough) will have the same effect as the conditions described in the "Installations with Undersized Pipes/Fittings" section above. In addition, this condition may prevent metal-to-metal bolt pad contact from being achieved, resulting in joint failure and property damage.

If the groove is shallow (not deep enough), re-groove the pipe to Victaulic specifications by following the instructions in the applicable pipe preparation tool's operating and maintenance manual.



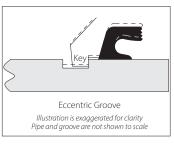
Installations on Pipe with Deep Grooves - NOT ACCEPTABLE





When the groove diameter is below the minimum tolerance, a deep groove will occur. A groove that is too deep will allow the coupling to shift so that one housing will have full key engagement (Figure 1 above) and the other housing will have significantly reduced key engagement (Figure 2 above). This will have the same effect as the conditions described in the "Installations with Undersized Pipe/Fittings" section. Additionally, roll grooving pipe to an undersized dimension may overstress and weaken the pipe wall. Cut grooving pipe to an undersized dimension will result in insufficient wall thickness under the groove. If the groove is too deep, discard that section of pipe and groove another section to Victaulic specifications.

Installations on Pipe with Eccentric Grooves - NOT ACCEPTABLE



An eccentric groove is a groove that is too shallow on one side and too deep on the other side. Generally, eccentric grooves occur when out-of-round pipe is grooved with a stationary tool bit, such as the case with a lathe, and they can also occur when roll grooving pipe with large wall thickness variations. Eccentric grooves may lead to a combination of the conditions outlined in the "Installations with Oversized Pipes/Fittings" section and the "Installations on Pipes with Shallow Grooves" section.

Bolt Pad Gaps - NOT ACCEPTABLE

Always refer to the instructions in this handbook for the applicable product. Unless stated otherwise in the specific product's installation instructions, Victaulic grooved pipe couplings **SHALL** be assembled with metal-to-metal bolt pad contact. For couplings with an assembly torque requirement, any specified torque values shall be achieved at each set of hardware; however, metal-to-metal bolt pad contact may not occur when the torque requirement is reached (this condition will be noted in the applicable product's installation instructions). Any questions regarding an installation should be directed to Victaulic (scan the QR code on the back cover of this handbook for a listing of locations and contact information).

If the bolt pads are not in metal-to-metal contact:

- Verify that the hardware has been tightened evenly by alternating bolt pad locations, in accordance with the instructions in this handbook for the applicable product
- Verify that the coupling keys are engaged with the grooves. Coupling keys shall not rest on the outside surface of the pipe.
- Verify that the gasket has not fallen/shifted into the grooves in the pipe.
- Verify that the gasket is not pinched at the bolt pad locations. Pinched gaskets shall be replaced immediately.
- Verify that oversized pipe or fittings were not used (reference the "Installation with Oversized Pipe/Fittings" section on the previous page).
- Verify that the grooves conform to Victaulic specifications (reference the "Installations on Pipe with Shallow Grooves, Installations on Pipe with Deep Grooves, and Installations on Pipe with Eccentric Grooves" sections above and on the previous page).



SYSTEM TESTING

System testing shall be in accordance with any jobsite requirements and any local or national codes and requirements.

Always re-inspect joints before and after the field test to identify points of improper installation. Look for gaps at the bolt pads and/or keys that ride up on the shoulders. If any of these conditions exist, depressurize the system and replace any questionable joints.

NOTICE

- A SUCCESSFUL INITIAL SYSTEM PRESSURE TEST DOES NOT VALIDATE PROPER INSTALLATION AND IS NOT A GUARANTEE OF LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE.
- Victaulic will not assume any liability for pipe joint leakage or failure that may result from an installer's failure to follow installation instructions.
- As with any pipe joining method, success is determined by close attention to details. Careful adherence to the instructions found in this handbook is critical to ensure maximum system reliability.

MAINTENANCE AFTER INSTALLATION

When installed correctly in accordance with the instructions in this handbook, Victaulic grooved pipe products do not require maintenance after installation. Maintenance activities for certain valves will be specified within their respective "Installation and Maintenance" manual, which is provided with the valve.

A WARNING

 Any replacement parts, including coupling hardware, shall be authorized/ supplied by Victaulic.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

INSULATION

Before installing insulation, verify that the piping system to be covered has been properly installed, tested, and approved by the engineer of record. Contact Victaulic for additional information regarding insulation products.

BURIED APPLICATIONS

When specifying products in this handbook for buried applications, the effects of soil conditions on buried systems shall be incorporated into system design to prevent corrosion. Reference the applicable product publication(s) for details regarding the materials and finishes available for assembly hardware. The system designer shall evaluate the effect of chemical composition and pH level on the assembly hardware to confirm that the materials and finishes used will resist corrosion and will be acceptable for the intended service. Special coatings and/or cathodic protection may be applied to ensure system longevity. Request Victaulic publication 26.15, "Grooved Piping Systems in Buried Applications" for additional information.

FOR BURIED APPLICATIONS, THE SYSTEM DESIGNER OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIFYING/SPECIFYING THE FOLLOWING:

- Appropriate pipe wall thickness for the application
- Hardware material requirements
- Maximum allowable working pressure
- Maximum allowable test pressure
- Soil backfill type, modulus, and density
- Distance of the piping system from structures (maximum shear loads)
- Effects of live loads on the piping system
- Effects of earth loads on pipe ovality

The trench bed shall be prepared to ensure that continuous support is provided under the pipe and couplings. Haunching material, which is found in the area between the bedding and the underside of the pipe, shall be worked in and compacted before continuing backfill. Haunching shall have no voids, and the backfill material shall not be contaminated with debris or other foreign materials that could damage the pipe or cause loss of support. All backfill shall be consistent and meet application-site specifications. Protection shall be implemented to prevent aggregate from entering the grooves adjacent to the coupling keys.

EUROPEAN ATEX DIRECTIVE

For applications involving compliance with the European ATEX Directive, the following "NOTICE" applies.

NOTICE

Stainless Steel Rigid Couplings Installed with Stainless Steel Pipe and Fittings

Galvanized Rigid Couplings Installed with Galvanized and Uncoated Steel Pipe and Galvanized Fittings

- When used in applications where the atmosphere is potentially combustible, Victaulic's product installation instructions shall be strictly followed to ensure that the couplings are engaged properly in the pipe grooves and that the housings are assembled with full metal-to-metal bolt pad contact.
- Electrical conductivity shall be checked routinely (electrostatic resistance not to exceed 10⁶ Ohm when measured across a properly installed pipe-to-pipe or pipeto-fitting joint).



One-Bolt, Installation-Ready™ Couplings for Grooved-End Mating Components

Instructions for Initial Installation
Instructions for Reassembly



PREPARATORY STEPS FOR INSTALLATION OF COUPLINGS FEATURED IN THIS SECTION













- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

▲ WARNING

- Style 108 and 118 Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic IGS proprietary groove specifications.
- Style 109 Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications.
- DO NOT attempt to install these products on mating components that are prepared to any groove specification other than what is specified in their respective installation instructions.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Instructions for the Initial Installation of Style 108, 109, and 118 Couplings

NOTICE

 The photos in this section show installation of a Style 109 Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of all other couplings listed above.



1. DO NOT DISASSEMBLE THE COUPLING:

Installation-Ready™ Couplings are designed so that the installer does not need to remove the nut, bolt, or linkage for initial installation. This facilitates installation by allowing the installer to directly insert the grooved end of mating components into the coupling.



2. CHECK MATING COMPONENT ENDS: The outside surface of the mating components, between the groove and the mating component ends, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

For Style 108 and 118 Couplings: The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic IGS groove specifications.

For Style 109 Couplings: The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic OGS groove specifications.

NOTICE

 For Victaulic® FireLock™ products that are provided with pre-lubricated gaskets, refer to the "NOTICE" and the "Dry Pipe Fire Protection Systems Notes" section on page 36 for additional information.



that it is suitable for the intended service.
The color code identifies the material grade.
Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code
Reference" table and the "NOTICE" on page 36
for important gasket information. For complete
compatibility information, reference Victaulic
publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be
downloaded at victaulic.com.

3. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify

! CAUTION

- If any conditions listed in the "NOTICE" on page 36 are met, a thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied only to the gasket sealing lips to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- . DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



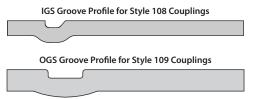
3a. If any conditions listed in the "NOTICE" on page 36 are met, apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant only to the gasket sealing lips. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- Style 108 and 109 Victaulic® FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Couplings shall be used only in fire protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 68-69.



Pipe and grooves are not shown to scale

Style 108 Couplings shall be used **ONLY** with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic IGS proprietary groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install this coupling on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification. **DO NOT** use the Style 108 Coupling for sprinkler-piping-to-sprinkler connections. For sprinkler-piping-to-sprinkler connections, the Style V9 shall be used.

Style 109 Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install this coupling on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.



NOTICE

The photos in this section show installation of a Style 109 Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of a Style 108 Coupling.







- Never leave a Style 108 or 109 Coupling partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled coupling poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening. Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





4. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into each opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the center leg of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove in each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. NOTE: Prior to tightening the nut, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 108 AND 109 COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

WARNING

Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 108 and 109 Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
- For Style 108 Couplings, use only Victaulic® No. 146 FireLock™ IGS™ End Caps containing the "PG" marking.
- For Style 109 Couplings, use only Victaulic® FireLock™ No. 006 End Caps containing the "EZ" marking on the inside face or Victaulic End Caps containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic fittings with Style 108 and 109 Couplings.



▲ WARNING

- The nut shall be tightened until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6a or 6b.
- DO NOT continue to tighten the nut after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow instructions for tightening hardware could result in:

- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

NOTICE

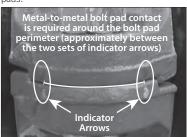
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook.





5. TIGHTEN NUT: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nut.

For Style 108 Couplings: Tighten the nut until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads.



For Style 109 Couplings: Tighten the nut until metal-to-metal contact occurs around the bolt pad perimeter (approximately between the two sets of indicator arrows that are cast into the housings, as shown to the left).

For Style 108 and 109 Couplings: Verify that the oval neck of the bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. DO NOT continue to tighten the nut after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.

OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY





Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
1 – 2	1.315 – 2.375	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN25 – DN50	33.7 – 60.3	M10	17	75 N•m
21/2	2.875	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
	73.0	M10	17	75 N•m
DN65	3.000	⁷ / ₁₆	³ / ₄	100 ft-lbs
	76.1	M11	19	136 N•m
3 – 4	3.500 – 4.500	⁷ ⁄ ₁₆	³ / ₄	100 ft-lbs
DN80 – DN100	88.9 – 114.3	M11	19	136 N•m

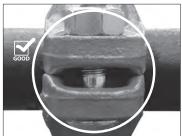
^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data NOTE: The Style 108 Coupling is available only in the 1-inch/DN25 size

A WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

6a. REQUIRED INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – VISUAL INSPECTION FOR STYLE 108 COUPLINGS: Visually inspect the bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved.

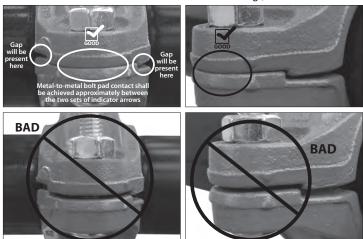




Continued on the following page



6b. REQUIRED INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – VISUAL INSPECTION FOR STYLE 109 COUPLINGS: Visually inspect the bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved around the bolt pad perimeter (approximately between the two sets of indicator arrows that are cast into the housings).



6c. INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – TORQUE WRENCH METHOD FOR STYLE 108 AND 109 COUPLINGS: If additional coupling assembly inspection is determined to be necessary by others, a torque wrench method may be used. **NOTE:** Satisfying step 6b is first required before proceeding with the torque wrench method. The suggested bolt torque range for an assembled coupling that satisfies the visual inspection requirements of step 6b shall be as follows:

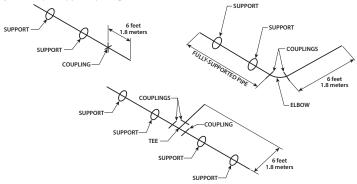
Bolt Size inches/ Metric	Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque*	Maximum Assembled Bolt Torque	
³ / ₈	20 ft-lbs	55 ft-lbs	
M10	27 N•m	75 N•m	

Bolt Size inches/ Metric	Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque*	Maximum Assembled Bolt Torque	
⁷ ⁄ ₁₆	25 ft-lbs	80 ft-lbs	
M11	34 N•m	108 N•m	

 $^{^{\}star}$ LPCB Compliant assemblies shall meet the Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque, as noted in the table above.

Pipe Support Requirements During Construction Phase

Style 108 and 109 Couplings require pipe support during construction of the piping system to prevent coupling or joint damage, which can reduce or eliminate rigidity of the finished assembly. Listed below are maximum allowable unsupported overhung pipe lengths. Pipe lengths longer than what is listed below shall be supported per the "Rigid Systems Pipe Support Spacing" section in this handbook.



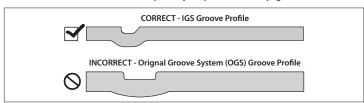




- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- The Style 118 Victaulic® FireLock™ IGS™ Installation-Ready™ Outlet Coupling shall be used only in fire protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 68 - 69.



Pipe and grooves are not shown to scale

Style 118 FireLock™ IGS™ Installation-Ready™ Outlet Couplings shall be used **ONLY** with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic IGS proprietary groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install this coupling on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

▲ WARNING





- Never leave a Style 118 Outlet Coupling partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled coupling poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





4. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into each opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the pipe stop of the gasket occurs.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove in each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nut, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 118 OUTLET COUPLINGS WITH VICTAULIC NO. 146 IGS™ END CAPS AND OTHER IGS™ FITTINGS:

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 118 Outlet Couplings onto Victaulic® No. 146 IGS™ End Caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the IGS™ End Cap is seated fully against the pipe stop of the gasket.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.



A WARNING

- The nut shall be tightened until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6.
- DO NOT continue to tighten the nut after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow instructions for tightening hardware could result in:

- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

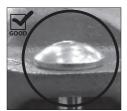
NOTICE

- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook.





5. TIGHTEN NUT: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with an ½-inch (for Imperial nuts)/17-mm (for Metric nuts) deep-well socket, tighten the nut until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of the bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. DO NOT continue to tighten the nut after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY



A WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

6. REQUIRED INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – VISUAL INSPECTION: Visually inspect the bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.





6a. INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – TORQUE WRENCH METHOD: If additional coupling assembly inspection is determined to be necessary by others, a torque wrench method may be used. **NOTE:** Satisfying step 6 is first required before proceeding with the torque wrench method. The suggested bolt torque range for an assembled coupling that satisfies the visual inspection requirements of step 6 shall be as follows:

Bolt Size inches/ Metric	Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque*	Maximum Assembled Bolt Torque
3/8	20 ft-lbs	55 ft-lbs
M10	27 N•m	75 N•m

^{*} LPCB Compliant assemblies shall meet the Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque, as noted in the table above.



7. Install the Victaulic® VicFlex™ flexible hose with captured coupling in accordance with the applicable instructions found in the I-VICFLEX handbook, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 108 AND 109 COUPLINGS

WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- . Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nut of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends.
- 3. Remove the nut, bolt, gasket, and linkage from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- 4. Check mating component ends, as described in step 2 on page 69.

NOTICE

The photos in this section show reassembly of a Style 109 Coupling; however, the same steps apply to reassembly of a Style 108 Coupling.

! CAUTION

- · A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





5. FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 108 AND 109 COUPLINGS. LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to

the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



6. INSTALL GASKET INTO FIRST COUPLING HOUSING: Install the gasket into one of the housings. Verify that the gasket is seated fully in the housing's pocket.

Instructions continue on the following page





7. INSTALL SECOND COUPLING HOUSING AND LINKAGE: Install the second coupling housing. Verify that the gasket is seated in the housings' pockets. Install the linkage onto the housings, as shown to the left.



8. INSTALL BOLT AND NUT: Install the bolt, and thread a nut onto the bolt. NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of the bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. DO NOT tighten the nut completely. The bolt pads need to be set at a gap for reinstallation of the coupling. The nut should be flush with the top of the bolt to provide the proper gap.

9. Follow all steps on pages 71 - 74 to complete the assembly.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 118 OUTLET COUPLINGS

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nut of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends. **NOTE:** When removing the captured coupling of the Victaulic® VicFlex™ flexible hose, refer to the applicable I-VICFLEX document for complete instructions.
- **3.** Remove the nut, bolt, gasket, and linkage from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- 4. Check mating component ends, as described in step 2 on page 69.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- . DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





5. FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 118 OUTLET COUPLINGS, LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the three gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.

Instructions continue on the following page







6. INSTALL GASKET INTO OUTLET HOUSING:

Install the gasket into the outlet housing. Verify that the housing's outlet engages with the outlet portion of the gasket.

6a. INSTALL SECOND HOUSING AND LINKAGE: Install the second housing. Verify that

the gasket is seated in the housings' pockets.

Install the linkage onto the housings, as shown to the left.





7. INSTALL BOLT AND NUT: Install the bolt, and thread a nut onto the bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of the bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. DO NOT tighten the nut completely. The bolt pads need to be set at a gap for reinstallation of the coupling. The nut should be flush with the top of the bolt to provide the proper gap.

8. Follow all steps on pages 76 – 78 to complete the assembly.

Installation-Ready™ Couplings for Grooved-End Mating Components

Instructions for Initial Installation
Instructions for Reassembly



PREPARATORY STEPS FOR INSTALLATION OF COUPLINGS FEATURED IN THIS SECTION













- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

▲ WARNING

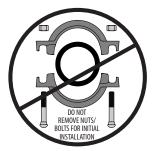
- Style 004N, 009N, 107V, 107N, 171, 177N, 807N, and 877N Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications.
- Style 115 Reducing Couplings shall be used with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic IGS proprietary groove specifications and OGS groove specifications.
- DO NOT attempt to install these products on mating components that are prepared to any groove specification other than what is specified in their respective installation instructions.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Instructions for the Initial Installation of Style 004N, 009N, 107V, 107N, 115, 171, 177N, 807N, and 877N Couplings

NOTICE

 The photos in this section show installation of a Style 107V Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of all other couplings listed above.



1. DO NOT DISASSEMBLE THE COUPLING:

Installation-Ready™ Couplings are designed so that the installer does not need to remove the nuts and bolts for initial installation. This facilitates installation by allowing the installer to directly insert the grooved end of mating components into the coupling.



2. CHECK MATING COMPONENT ENDS: The outside surface of the mating components, between the groove and the mating component ends, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic OGS groove specifications (or IGS and OGS groove specifications for the Style 115 Reducing Coupling).

NOTICE

• For Victaulic® FireLock™ products that are provided with pre-lubricated gaskets, refer to the "NOTICE" and the "Dry Pipe Fire Protection Systems Notes" section on page 36 for additional information.



3a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. For FireLock™ products, refer to the "NOTICE" on page 36 for important gasket information.

3b. FOR STYLE 107V AND 177N COUPLINGS, IF THE GASKET IS MARKED WITH GREEN AND YELLOW STRIPES OR ORANGE AND YELLOW STRIPES: LUBRICATION OF THE GASKET SEALING LIPS IS OPTIONAL, PROCEED TO THE STYLE 107V (PAGE 95) OR 177N (PAGE 112) INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

3c. For all other marked gaskets, including red and green stripes or orange and silver stripes, and for FireLock" products that meet any conditions in the "NOTICE" on page 36: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant only to the gasket sealing lips. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34. NOTE: It is not necessary to remove the gasket from the housings to apply lubricant to the exterior surface.



! CAUTION

For all other marked gaskets, including red and green stripes or orange and silver stripes, and for FireLock™ products that meet any conditions in the "NOTICE" on page 36:

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied only to the gasket sealing lips to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips.
- When using the Style 171 Composite Flexible Coupling with HDPE pipe, always consult the pipe manufacturer for lubricant compatibility requirements.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- Style 004N Victaulic® FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Flexible Couplings shall
 be used only in fire protection systems that are designed and installed in
 accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA
 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with
 applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important
 information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures,
 corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 84 - 85.

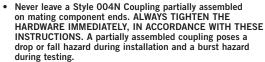
OGS Roll Groove Profile Shown

Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Style 004N Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these couplings on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

A WARNING







- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.







5. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into each opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the center leg of the gasket occurs.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nuts, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 004N COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

⚠ WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 004N Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
- Use only Victaulic FireLock™ No. 006 End Caps containing the "EZ" marking on the inside face or Victaulic End Caps containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 can
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic FireLock[™] fittings with Style 004N Couplings.

A WARNING

 Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 6 and 7.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.



NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table below.





6. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. **If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table below.**



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
2 – 3	2.375 – 3.500	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN50 – DN80	60.3 – 88.9	M12	22	183 N•m
4	4.500	5⁄8	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
DN100	114.3	M16	27	319 N•m
5	5.563	³ ⁄ ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
	141.3	M20	32	576 N•m
6	6.625	³ / ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	M20	32	576 N•m
8	8.625	⁷ / ₈	1	675 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M22		915 N•m

*Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data

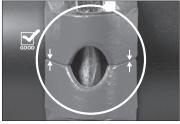


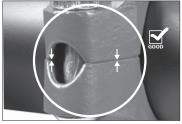


- Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

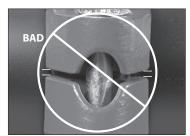
Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

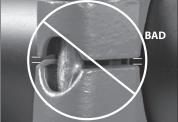
7. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.





PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT - METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AS INDICATED





IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT - BOLT PAD GAP/UNDER-TIGHTENED

Bolt pad gaps occur when the nuts are not tightened sufficiently. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" section in this handbook. These photos represent improper assemblies, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.









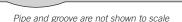


- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- Style 009N Victaulic® FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Couplings shall be used only in fire protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer. The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 84 - 85.

OGS Roll Groove Profile Shown



Style 009N Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install this coupling on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.



NOTICE

When stainless steel hardware is special ordered, the bolt head will contain a "316" mark, as shown to the left.

WARNING







- Never leave a Style 009N Coupling partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled coupling poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening. Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





4. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into each opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the center leg of the gasket occurs.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nuts, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 009N COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

▲ WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 009N Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
- Use only Victaulic FireLock™ No. 006 End Caps containing the "EZ" marking on the inside face or Victaulic End Caps containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic FireLock™ fittings with Style 009N Couplings.

A WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6.
- Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.



NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.





5. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
1 ¼ – 4	1.660 – 4.500	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN32 – DN100	42.4 – 114.3	M10	17	75 N•m
	5.250	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
	133.0	M12	22	183 N•m
DN125	5.500	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
	139.7	M12	22	183 N•m
5	5.563	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
	141.3	M12	22	183 N•m
	6.250 – 6.500	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
	159.0 – 165.1	M12	22	183 N•m
6	6.625	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	M12	22	183 N•m
	8.500	5⁄ ₈	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
	216.0	M16	27	319 N•m
8	8.625	5⁄ ₈	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M16	27	319 N•m
10 – 12	10.750 – 12.750	⁷ ⁄ ₈	1 ½	675 ft-lbs
DN250 – DN300	273.0 – 323.9	M22	36	915 N•m

^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data

WARNING

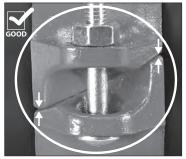
- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

6. REQUIRED INSPECTION TECHNIQUE - VISUAL INSPECTION: Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at each bolt pad location.



PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED **BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, POSITIVE** OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS



PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT **BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, NEUTRAL** OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS

Continued on the following page





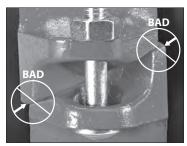
IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT BOLT PAD GAP

Bolt pad gaps occur when the nuts are not tightened sufficiently or if the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Refer to the "Improperly Assembled Joint – Over-Shifted" section below. In addition, refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT NEGATIVE OFFSET

Negative bolt pad offsets occur when the nuts are not tightened evenly, which produces over-tightening of one side and under-tightening of the other side. In addition, negative offsets occur if both nuts are under-tightened. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT - OVER-SHIFTED

Over-shifting of an angled bolt pad results in an offset that prevents metal-to-metal contact and equal and positive or neutral offset at the opposite angled bolt pad. This occurs when the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Attempting to tighten the hardware on one side while the other side is over-shifted will result in bolt torque that exceeds the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the "Helpful Information" table in this section. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.

6a. INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – TORQUE WRENCH METHOD: If additional coupling assembly inspection is determined to be necessary by others, a torque wrench method may be used. **NOTE:** Satisfying step 6 is first required before proceeding with the torque wrench method. The suggested bolt torque range for an assembled coupling that satisfies the visual inspection requirements of step 6 shall be as follows:

Bolt Size inches/ Metric	Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque*	Maximum Assembled Bolt Torque
³ / ₈	20 ft-lbs	55 ft-lbs
M10	27 N•m	75 N•m
½	30 ft-lbs	125 ft-lbs
M12	41 N•m	169 N•m

Bolt Size	Minimum	Maximum
inches/	Assembled	Assembled
Metric	Bolt Torque*	Bolt Torque
5⁄8	40 ft-lbs	175 ft-lbs
M16	54 N•m	237 N•m
⁷ ⁄ ₈	225 ft-lbs	350 ft-lbs
M22	305 N•m	475 N•m

^{*} LPCB Compliant assemblies shall meet the Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque, as noted in the table above.





- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 84 - 85.

OGS Roll Groove Profile Shown



Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Style 107V Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these couplings on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

A WARNING





- Never leave a Style 107V Coupling partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled coupling poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.







4. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into each opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the center leg of the gasket occurs.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nuts, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 107V COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 107V Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
- Use only Victaulic End Caps containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end cap.
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic fittings with Style 107V Couplings.

A WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6. For couplings shipped with a tag attached to the bolt pads, use only the Method 2 (Alternating Sides) assembly technique detailed on the following page.
- Hardware for Style 107V Couplings may be tightened completely on one side before proceeding to the other side. It is the contractor's responsibility to use this installation method ONLY for the Style 107V Coupling. All other Victaulic couplings shall be installed per the requirements published in their specific installation instructions.
- DO NOT exceed the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table on the following page for the applicable bolt/nut size.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Bolt fracture or damage that makes the bolt more susceptible to fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.



NOTICE

- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table below.





5. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. DO NOT exceed the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the table below for the applicable bolt/nut size. **NOTE:** For couplings shipped with a tag attached to the bolt pads, use only the Method 2 (Alternating Sides) assembly technique detailed below.

METHOD 1: Style 107V Coupling hardware may be tightened completely on one side before proceeding to the other side. It is the contractor's responsibility to use this installation method ONLY for the Style 107V Coupling. All other Victaulic couplings shall be installed per the requirements published in their specific installation instructions.

METHOD 2 (ALTERNATING SIDES): As an alternative to Method 1, Style 107V Coupling hardware may be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads.

Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
2 – 4	2.375 – 4.500	1/2	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN50 - DN100	60.3 – 114.3	M12	22	183 N•m
5	5.563	5/8	1 1/16	235 ft-lbs
	141.3	M16	27	319 N•m
6	6.625	5/8	1 1/16	235 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	M16	27	319 N•m
8	8.625	3/4	1 1/4	365 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M20	32	495 N•m
10 – 12	10.528 – 12.750	7/8	1 7/16	590 ft-lbs
DN250 - DN300	267.4 – 323.9	M22	36	800 N•m

^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data



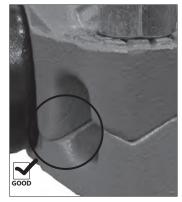
▲ WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

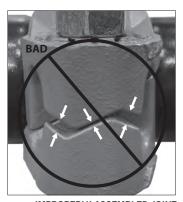
Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

6. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved.





PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT - METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AS INDICATED





IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT - BOLT PAD GAP/UNDER-TIGHTENED

Bolt pad gaps occur when the nuts are not tightened sufficiently. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. These photos represent improper assemblies, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.





- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 84 - 85.



Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Style 107N and 807N Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these couplings on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

NOTICE

 The photos in this section show installation of a Style 107N Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of a Style 807N Coupling.

▲ WARNING

- Style 807N Couplings shall be installed only on stainless steel or galvanized carbon steel mating components that are prepared to Victaulic Original Groove System (OGS) Specifications.
- Refer to Victaulic publication 17.01 for stainless steel pipe preparation methods, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.
- Victaulic RX grooving rolls shall be used for stainless steel pipe that is designated in Table 1 in Victaulic publication 17.01. Victaulic RX grooving rolls are silver in color and are identified by the "RX" marking on the face.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



▲ WARNING





- Never leave a Style 107N or 807N Coupling partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled coupling poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





5. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into each opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the center leg of the gasket occurs.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nuts, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 107N AND 807N COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

▲ WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 107N or 807N Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
- Use only Victaulic End Caps containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic fittings with Style 107N and 807N Couplings.



A WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 6 and 7.
- Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 6 and 7.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.





6. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY



Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
2 – 4	2.375 – 4.500	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN50 – DN100	60.3 – 114.3	M12	22	183 N•m
	5.250	5⁄8	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
	133.0	M16	27	319 N•m
DN125	5.500	5⁄ ₈	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
	139.7	M16	27	319 N•m
5	5.563	⁵ ⁄ ₈	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
	141.3	M16	27	319 N•m
	6.250 – 6.500	5⁄8	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
	159.0 – 165.1	M16	27	319 N•m
6	6.625	⁵ ⁄ ₈	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	M16	27	319 N•m
	8.515	³ ⁄ ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
	216.3	M20	32	576 N•m
8	8.625	³ ⁄ ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M20	32	576 N•m
10 – 12	10.528 – 12.750	⁷ ⁄ ₈	1 ½6	675 ft-lbs
DN250 – DN300	267.4 – 323.9	M22	36	915 N•m

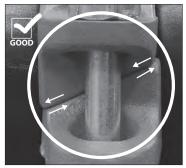
^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data NOTE: The Style 807N Coupling may not be available in all sizes listed in this table

A WARNING

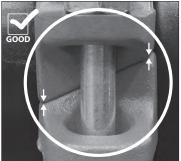
- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

7. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at each bolt pad location.



PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, POSITIVE OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS



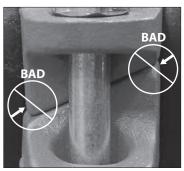
PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, NEUTRAL OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS





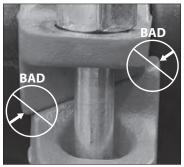
IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT BOLT PAD GAP

Bolt pad gaps occur when the nuts are not tightened sufficiently or if the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Refer to the "Improperly Assembled Joint – Over-Shifted" section below. In addition, refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT NEGATIVE OFFSET

Negative bolt pad offsets occur when the nuts are not tightened evenly, which produces over-tightening of one side and under-tightening of the other side. In addition, negative offsets occur if both nuts are under-tightened. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT OVER-SHIFTED

Over-shifting of an angled bolt pad results in an offset that prevents metal-to-metal contact and equal and positive or neutral offset at the opposite angled bolt pad. This occurs when the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Attempting to tighten the hardware on one side while the other side is over-shifted will result in bolt torque that exceeds the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the "Helpful Information" table in this section. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.

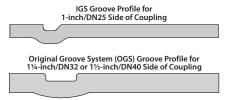




- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- Style 115 Victaulic® FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™ Reducing Couplings shall be used only in fire protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 84 - 85.



Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

The 1-inch/DN25 side of Style 115 Couplings shall be used **ONLY** with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic IGS proprietary groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install the 1-inch/DN25 side on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

The $1\frac{1}{1}$ -inch/DN32 or $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch/DN40 side of Style 115 Couplings shall be used **ONLY** with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install the $1\frac{1}{4}$ -inch/DN32 or $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch/DN40 side on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.



NOTICE

 When stainless steel hardware is special ordered, the bolt head will contain a "316" mark, as shown to the left.



A WARNING





- Never leave a Style 115 Coupling partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled coupling poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



4. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into the corresponding size opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the center leg of the gasket occurs.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nuts, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 115 COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

⚠ WARNING

- Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.
- For the 1-inch/DN25 IGS side, the FireLock™ No. 146 End Cap SHALL NOT be used directly with the Style 115 Coupling. Refer to further instructions below.
 Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.
- For the 1-inch/DN25 IGS side, the FireLock[™] No. 146 End Cap **SHALL NOT** be used directly with the Style 115 Coupling. In this case, a spool piece with both ends prepared to 1-inch/DN25 IGS dimensions and a Style 108 Coupling are required between the Style 115 Coupling and No. 146 End Cap.
- For the 1¼-inch/DN32 or 1½-inch/DN40 side, use only Victaulic FireLock No. 006
 End Caps containing the "EZ" marking on the inside face or Victaulic End Caps
 containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- When assembling Style 115 Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic fittings with Style 115 Couplings.



▲ WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6.
- Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- · Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook.





5. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with an ¹¹/₁₆-inch (for Imperial nuts)/17-mm (for Metric nuts) deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the bolt pads. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE BOLT TORQUE IS 55 ft-lbs/75 N•m. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

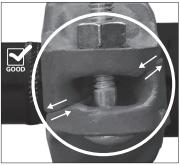


WARNING

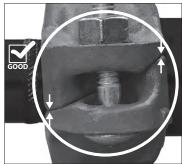
- Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

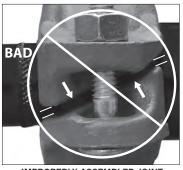
6. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at each bolt pad location.



PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, POSITIVE OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS

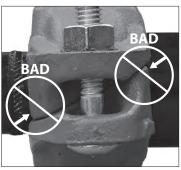


PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT **BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, NEUTRAL** OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS



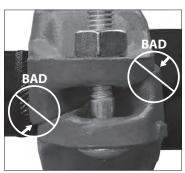
IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT BOLT PAD GAP

Bolt pad gaps occur when the nuts are not tightened sufficiently or if the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Refer to the "Improperly Assembled Joint – Over-Shifted" section below. In addition, refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT NEGATIVE OFFSET

Negative bolt pad offsets occur when the nuts are not tightened evenly, which produces over-tightening of one side and under-tightening of the other side. In addition, negative offsets occur if both nuts are under-tightened. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT OVER-SHIFTED

Over-shifting of an angled bolt pad results in an offset that prevents metal-to-metal contact and equal and positive or neutral offset at the opposite angled bolt pad. This occurs when the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Attempting to tighten the hardware on one side while the other side is over-shifted will result in bolt torque that exceeds the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the "Helpful Information" table in this section. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



⚠ WARNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 84 - 85.

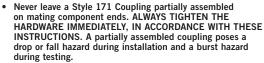
OGS Roll Groove Profile Shown



Style 171 Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these couplings on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

A WARNING







- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



5. INSTALL COUPLING OVER MATING COMPONENT END: Install the coupling over the grooved mating component end. Verify that the coupling and gasket do not overhang the mating component end.





6. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends. Slide the coupling into position so that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nuts, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 171 COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

▲ WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 171 Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully in the coupling.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic fittings with Style 171 Couplings.

▲ WARNING

 Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until full bolt-pad to bolt-pad contact occurs, as indicated in steps 7 and 8.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, bolt-pad to bolt-pad inspection requirement is achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.







7. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until full bolt-pad to bolt-pad contact occurs. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, bolt-pad to bolt-pad inspection requirement is achieved, and DO NOT exceed 60 ft-lbs/81 N•m of torque on the nuts during assembly. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table below.

OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY



Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
1½ – 2	1.900 – 2.375	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	60 ft-lbs
DN40 – DN50	48.3 – 60.3	M10	17	81 N•m
21/2	2.875	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	60 ft-lbs
	73.0	M10	17	81 N•m
3 – 4	3.500 – 4.500	½	7/8	60 ft-lbs
DN80 – DN100	88.9 – 114.3	M12	22	81 N•m

^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data

⚠ WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





8. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that full bolt-pad to bolt-pad contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.



Style 177N - QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Flexible Coupling
Style 877N - QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Flexible Coupling for Potable Water



- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 84 - 85.



Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Style 177N and 877N Couplings shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these couplings on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

NOTICE

 The photos in this section show installation of a Style 177N Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of a Style 877N Coupling.

A WARNING

- Style 877N Couplings shall be installed only on stainless steel or galvanized carbon steel mating components that are prepared to Victaulic Original Groove System (OGS) Specifications.
- Refer to Victaulic publication 17.01 for stainless steel pipe preparation methods, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.
- Victaulic RX grooving rolls shall be used for stainless steel pipe that is designated in Table 1 in Victaulic publication 17.01. Victaulic RX grooving rolls are silver in color and are identified by the "RX" marking on the face.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



A WARNING





- Never leave a Style 177N or 877N Coupling partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled coupling poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the coupling when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the coupling.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





5. ASSEMBLE JOINT: Assemble the joint by inserting the grooved end of a mating component into each opening of the coupling. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the coupling until contact with the center leg of the gasket occurs.

A visual check is required to verify that the coupling keys align with the groove of each mating component and that the gasket is seated properly. **NOTE:** Prior to tightening the nuts, the coupling may be rotated to verify that the gasket is seated properly on the mating component ends and within the coupling housings.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 177N AND 877N COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS AND FITTINGS:

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling Style 177N or 877N Couplings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
- Use only Victaulic End Caps containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.
- Victaulic recommends the use of Victaulic fittings with Style 177N and 877N Couplings.



▲ WARNING

 Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 6 and 7.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.





6. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. **If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.**



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY



INSTALLATION-READY™ COUPLINGS FOR GROOVED-END MATING COMPONENTS INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS REV H

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
2 – 3	2.375 – 3.500	½	%	135 ft-lbs
DN50 – DN80	60.3 – 88.9	M12	22	183 N•m
	4.250	5⁄8	1 ½	235 ft-lbs
	108.0	M16	27	319 N•m
4	4.500	5⁄8	1 ½16	235 ft-lbs
DN100	114.3	M16	27	319 N•m
	5.250	³ / ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
	133.0	M20	32	576 N•m
DN125	5.500	³ / ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
	139.7	M20	32	576 N•m
5	5.563	³ / ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
	141.3	M20	32	576 N•m
	6.250 – 6.500	³ / ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
	159.0 – 165.1	M20	32	576 N•m
6	6.625	³ / ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	M20	32	576 N•m
8	8.625	7⁄8	1 ½	675 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M22	36	915 N•m

^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data NOTE: The Style 877N may not be available in all sizes listed in this table

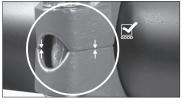
⚠ WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

7. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.





PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT - METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AS INDICATED





IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT - BOLT PAD GAP/UNDER-TIGHTENED

Bolt pad gaps occur when the nuts are not tightened sufficiently. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" section. These photos represent improper assemblies, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 009N, 107V, 107N, AND 807N COUPLINGS

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE



Two methods can be followed for reassembly of Style 009N, 107V, 107N, and 807N Couplings.

METHOD 1 FOR REASSEMBLY: The coupling can be reassembled into its "installation-ready" condition by installing the gasket into the housings, then inserting the bolts and threading a nut onto each bolt until 2 - 3 threads are exposed, as shown to the left. If this method is chosen, steps 1 - 5 on this page, along with the tightening sequence steps described in the applicable coupling installation instructions on the previous pages, shall be followed.

OR

 METHOD 2 FOR REASSEMBLY: The gasket and housings can be assembled onto the mating component ends by following steps 1 – 5 on this page, along with all steps in the "Method 2 for Reassembly" section on the following page.

Follow these five steps for Method 1 or Method 2:

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nuts of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends.
- **3.** Remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- **4.** Check mating component ends, as described in the applicable coupling installation instructions on the previous pages.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





5. FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 009N, 107V, 107N, AND 807N COUPLINGS, LUBRICATE GASKET:

Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.

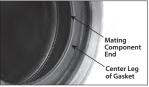


I-100 116

INSTALLATION-READY™ COUPLINGS FOR GROOVED-END MATING COMPONENTS INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS REV H

NOTICE

- The photos in this section show reassembly of a Style 107V Coupling; however, the same steps apply to reassembly of a Style 009N, 107N, and 807N Coupling.
- **1.** Verify that steps 1-5 on the previous page have been followed.



2. INSTALL GASKET: Insert the grooved end of a mating component into the gasket until it contacts the center leg of the gasket.



3. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends. Insert the other mating component end into the gasket until it contacts the center leg of the gasket. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.



4. TO FACILITATE REASSEMBLY: One bolt can be inserted into the housings with the nut threaded loosely onto the bolt to allow for the "swing-over" feature, as shown. **NOTE:** The nut should be threaded no further than flush with the end of the bolt.

! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage.



5. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.



6. INSTALL REMAINING BOLT/NUT: Install the remaining bolt, and thread the nut finger-tight onto the bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

7. TIGHTEN NUTS: To complete the assembly, follow the tightening sequence described in the applicable coupling installation instructions on the previous pages.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 115 COUPLINGS

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

Two methods can be followed for reassembly of Style 115 Couplings.



METHOD 1 FOR REASSEMBLY: The coupling can be reassembled into its "installation-ready" condition by installing the gasket into the housings, then inserting the bolts and threading a nut onto each bolt until 2 – 3 threads are exposed, as shown to the left. Verify that the smaller opening of the gasket is facing toward the smaller opening of the housings. If this method is chosen, steps 1 – 5 on this page, along with all steps on pages 105 – 108, shall be followed.

ΩR

 METHOD 2 FOR REASSEMBLY: The gasket and housings can be assembled onto the mating component ends by following steps 1 – 5 on this page, along with all steps in the "Method 2 for Reassembly" section on the following page.

Follow these five steps for Method 1 or Method 2:

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- **2.** Loosen the nuts of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends.
- 3. Remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- 4. Check mating component ends, as described in step 2 on page 85.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.







5. FOR REASSEMBLY, LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the surfaces of the gasket shown above. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



Method 2 for Reassembly

1. Verify that steps 1-5 in the "Instructions for Reassembly of Style 115 Couplings" section have been followed.



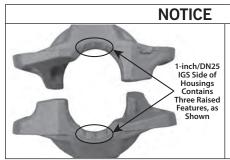


2. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends. Insert the smaller mating component end into the smaller opening of the gasket and the larger mating component end into the larger opening of the gasket until contact with the center leg occurs. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.

! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage.



 Match the correct size opening of each housing before attempting to install the housings (refer to the size markings on top of each housing). In addition, the 1-inch/DN25 IGS side of the housings contains three raised features.



3. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components and that each side of the housing is facing the corresponding mating component side.



- **4. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS:** Install the bolts and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.
- **5. TIGHTEN NUTS:** Follow steps 5-6 on pages 106-108 to complete the assembly.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 171 COUPLINGS

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nuts of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends.
- 3. Remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- 4. Check mating component ends, as described in step 2 on page 85.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





5. FOR REASSEMBLY, LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



6. INSTALL GASKET: Install the gasket over the mating component end. **NOTE:** Verify that the gasket does not overhang the mating component end.





7. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove of each mating component.

NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.

! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage.



8. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.



9. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

10. TIGHTEN NUTS: Follow steps 7 – 8 on page 111 to complete the assembly.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 004N, 177N, AND 877N COUPLINGS

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE



Two methods can be followed for reassembly of Style 004N, 177N, and 877N Couplings.

METHOD 1 FOR REASSEMBLY: The coupling can be reassembled into its "installation-ready" condition by installing the gasket into the housings, then inserting the bolts and threading a nut onto each bolt until 2 - 3 threads are exposed, as shown to the left. If this method is chosen, steps 1 - 5 on this page, along with the tightening sequence steps described in the applicable coupling installation instructions on the previous pages, shall be followed.

OR

 METHOD 2 FOR REASSEMBLY: The gasket and housings can be assembled onto the mating component ends by following steps 1 – 5 on this page, along with all steps in the "Method 2 for Reassembly" section on the following page.

Follow these five steps for Method 1 or Method 2:

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nuts of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends.
- 3. Remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- **4.** Check mating component ends, as described in the applicable coupling installation instructions on the previous pages.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





5. FOR REASSEMBLY, LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



NOTICE

- The photos in this section show reassembly of a Style 177N Coupling; however, the same steps apply to reassembly of a Style 004N and 877N Coupling.
- 1. Verify that steps 1 5 on the previous page have been followed.



2. INSTALL GASKET: Insert the grooved end of a mating component into the gasket until it contacts the center leg of the gasket.



3. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends. Insert the other mating component end into the gasket until it contacts the center leg of the gasket. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.

! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage.



- **4. INSTALL HOUSINGS:** Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.
- **5. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS:** Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.
- **6. TIGHTEN NUTS:** To complete the assembly, follow the tightening sequence described in the applicable coupling installation instructions on the previous pages.



FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fittings for Grooved-End Mating Components

Installation Instructions
Instructions for Reassembly



PREPARATORY STEPS FOR INSTALLATION OF FITTINGS FEATURED IN THIS SECTION







WARNING





- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

WARNING **BS** Groove Profile for 1-inch/DN25 FireLock* Installation-Ready* Fittings Original Groove System (OGS) Groove Profile for Sizes Greater Than 1-inch/DN25

- FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fittings in the 1-inch/DN25 size shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic IGS proprietary groove specifications.
- FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fittings in sizes greater than 1-inch/DN25 shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications.
- DO NOT attempt to install these products on mating components that are prepared to any groove specification other than what is specified in their respective installation instructions.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Instructions for the Initial Installation of No. 101, 102, 103, and 104 Fittings



No. 101 Fitting Shown Above

1. DO NOT DISASSEMBLE THE FITTING FOR INITIAL INSTALLATION: Victaulic® FireLock™

Installation-Ready™ Fittings are designed so that the installer does not need to remove the nuts and bolts for initial installation. This facilitates installation by allowing the installer to directly insert the grooved end of mating components into the fitting.



2. CHECK MATING COMPONENT ENDS: The outside surface of the mating components, between the groove and the mating component ends, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

For FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fittings in the 1-inch/DN25 size: The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic IGS groove specifications.

For FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fittings in sizes greater than 1-inch/DN25: The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic OGS groove specifications.

NOTICE

 For Victaulic® FireLock™ products that are provided with pre-lubricated gaskets, refer to the "NOTICE" and the "Dry Pipe Fire Protection Systems Notes" section on page 36 for additional information.

3a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table and the "NOTICE" on page 36 for important gasket information. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

! CAUTION

- If any conditions listed in the "NOTICE" on page 36 are met, a thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied only to the gasket sealing lips to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- . DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.

3b. If any conditions listed in the "NOTICE" on page 36 are met, apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant only to the gasket sealing lips. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.

Important Information for Use of No. 101, 102, 103, and 104 Fittings with End Caps:

WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- When assembling No. 101, 102, 103, or 104 Fittings onto end caps, take additional time to inspect and verify that the end cap is seated fully against the pipe stop of the gasket.
- For the 1-inch/DN25 size, use only No. 146 FireLock™ IGS™ End Caps containing the "PG" marking. No. 006 and No. 60 Ends Caps in the 1-inch/DN25 size SHALL NOT be used.
- For 1 ¼-inch/DN32 and larger sizes, use only Victaulic FireLock™ No. 006 End Caps containing the "EZ" marking on the inside face or Victaulic End Caps containing the "QV" or "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.



No. 101 (90° Elbow) and No. 103 (45° Elbow) - FireLock™

Installation-Ready™ Fittings

WARNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- No. 101 and 103 Victaulic® FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fittings shall be used only in fire protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NO. 101/103 INSTALLATION METHOD 1

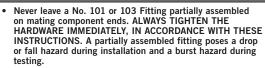
1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 126 - 127.

NOTICE

 The images in this section show installation of a No. 101 Fitting; however, the same steps apply to installation of a No. 103 Fitting.

WARNING







- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the fitting when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the fitting.
- Keep hands away from fitting openings during tightening.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





2a. INSERT FIRST MATING COMPONENT

END: Assemble the joint by inserting a grooved mating component end into one opening of the fitting. The grooved mating component end shall be inserted into the fitting until contact with the pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the groove in the mating component end.



2b. TIGHTEN NUT AT FIRST OUTSIDE

LOCATION: Using an impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nut at the first outside location until the fitting is secured safely to the pipe, but do not tighten past initial metal-to-metal bolt pad contact. Verify that the fitting's keys engage the groove completely and that the oval neck of the bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

NOTICE

- · Never force installation. Mating components should insert easily into the fitting.
- If experiencing difficulty inserting mating components, verify that the gasket is lubricated and seated properly within the housings, that the mating component dimensions and grooves are within Victaulic specifications, and that the hardware is loose enough to accommodate mating component insertion.

A WARNING

- · At this point, the fitting is only partially installed.
- The fitting shall be treated as a potential drop hazard and shall not be left unattended.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



3a. INSERT SECOND MATING COMPONENT

END: Insert the second grooved mating component end into the second opening of the fitting. The grooved mating component end shall be inserted into the fitting until contact with the pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the groove in the mating component end.

NOTE: If the mating component cannot be inserted into the fitting, incrementally loosen the nut that was tightened in step 4b just until the mating component is inserted (refer to the warning above).





3b. COMPLETELY TIGHTEN NUT AT INSIDE LOCATION: Completely tighten the nut at the inside location until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the fitting's keys still engage the grooves completely and that the oval neck of the bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



4. COMPLETELY TIGHTEN NUT AT SECOND OUTSIDE LOCATION: Completely tighten the nut at the second outside location until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the fitting's keys still engage the grooves completely and that the oval neck of the bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



5. COMPLETELY TIGHTEN NUT AT FIRST OUTSIDE LOCATION: Go back and completely tighten the nut at the first outside location to confirm metal-to-metal contact at the bolt pads.

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire fitting assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table below.

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
1	1.315	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN25	33.7	M10	17	75 N•m
1 ¼	1.660	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN32	42.1	M10	17	75 N•m
1½	1.900	³ / ₈	¹¹ / ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN40	48.3	M10	17	75 N•m
2	2.375	⁷ / ₁₆	¹¹ / ₁₆	100 ft-lbs
DN50	60.3	M11	17	136 N•m
21/2	2.875	⁷ / ₁₆	¹¹ / ₁₆	100 ft-lbs
	73.0	M11	17	136 N•m
DN65	3.000	⁷ / ₁₆	¹¹ / ₁₆	100 ft-lbs
	76.1	M11	17	136 N•m

^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data



A WARNING

Nuts shall be tightened in the sequence shown on pages 129 – 130 until metal-tometal contact occurs at the bolt pads.

Failure to tighten nuts in the sequence shown will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

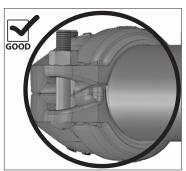
- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the previous page.





6. REQUIRED INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – VISUAL INSPECTION: VERIFY THAT ALL NUTS ARE TIGHTENED APPROPRIATELY AND THAT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IS ACHIEVED AT ALL BOLT PADS. Visually inspect all bolt pads at each joint to verify metal-to-metal contact with positive or neutral offsets at the angled bolt pads and metal-to-metal contact at the flat bolt pads. If the bolt pads do not reach metal-to-metal contact, loosen the nuts at the angled bolt pads, then retighten all nuts evenly by alternating bolt pad locations. If the bolt pads still do not reach metal-to-metal contact, remove the fitting from the mating component ends and verify that the mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter are within the specifications listed in this handbook for the applicable groove profile.

NOTE: Before pressurizing the system, the fitting may be adjusted by loosening the appropriate hardware. After repositioning the fitting, the hardware shall be retightened until the installation requirements listed in these instructions are achieved.

⚠ WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



6a. INSPECTION TECHNIQUE - TORQUE WRENCH METHOD:

If additional fitting assembly inspection is determined to be necessary by others, a torque wrench method may be used.

NOTE: Satisfying step 6 is first required before proceeding with the torque wrench method. The suggested bolt torque range for an assembled fitting that satisfies the visual inspection requirements of step 6 shall be as follows:

Bolt Size inches/Metric	Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque*	Maximum Assembled Bolt Torque
³ / ₈	20 ft-lbs	55 ft-lbs
M10	27 N•m	75 N•m
⁷ / ₁₆	25 ft-lbs	80 ft-lbs
M11	34 N•m	108 N•m

^{*} LPCB compliant assemblies shall meet the Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque, as noted in the table above.

NO. 101/103 INSTALLATION METHOD 2

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 126 - 127.



- 2. When practical, both grooved mating component ends may be inserted into the fitting prior to tightening. Verify that the mating component ends are inserted into the fitting until contact with the pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the grooves in the mating component ends. The hardware shall be tightened evenly by alternating bolt pad locations until the installation requirements listed in these instructions are achieved.
- **3.** Before pressurizing the system, the fitting may be adjusted by loosening the appropriate hardware. After repositioning the fitting, the hardware shall be retightened until the installation requirements listed in these instructions are achieved.

REMOVAL OF A NO. 101 OR 103 FITTING FROM THE PIPING SYSTEM

▲ WARNING



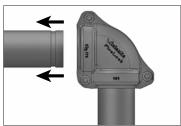
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Never leave a No. 101 or 103 Fitting partially assembled on mating component ends. A partially assembled fitting poses a drop or fall hazard.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- . No. 101 and No. 103 Fittings DO NOT need to be fully disassembled for removal.
- The images in this section show removal of a No. 101 Fitting; however, the same steps apply to installation of a No. 103 Fitting.
- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to remove any fittings from the piping system.





2. Loosen the nuts only on the outside and inside locations of the fitting end where the first mating component is to be removed (nuts should be threaded no further than flush with the end of the bolts). Remove the mating component from the loosened side. Verify that the fitting is secured to the other mating component to prevent the fitting from falling.





- **3.** While supporting the fitting, loosen the nut at the second outside location. Carefully remove the fitting from the mating component.
- **4.** Inspect all components for any damage or wear, including tears in gasket lips, deformities in gasket lips, or pinched sections at the bolt pad locations. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied fitting assembly.
- **5a.** After inspection of the fitting, if it is determined that the fitting can be reused in its current condition, follow all steps of the applicable installation method section.
- **5b.** If the fitting is fully disassembled for any reason, refer to the reassembly instructions on the following page.

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REASSEMBLY OF A NO. 101 OR 103 FITTING THAT WAS FULLY DISASSEMBLED DURING REMOVAL FROM THE PIPING SYSTEM

NOTICE

- No. 101 and 103 Fittings DO NOT need to be fully disassembled for removal.
 However, if a fitting is fully disassembled during maintenance or for any other reason, the following steps shall be completed.
- The fitting shall be reassembled, as shown in the steps below, before attempting to reinstall the product.
- 1. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied fitting assembly.
- 2. Check mating component ends, as described in step 2 on page 127.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



3a. VERIFY THAT THE CORRECT-SIZE GASKET IS BEING USED FOR REASSEMBLY.

3b. FOR REASSEMBLY OF NO. 101 AND 103 FITTINGS, LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior, as shown to the left. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



4. INSTALL GASKET INTO FIRST FITTING
HOUSING: Install the gasket into one of the housings.

Verify that the ends of the gasket are seated in the housing's pockets, as shown to the left.



5. INSTALL SECOND FITTING HOUSING: Install the second fitting housing. Verify that the ends of the gasket are seated in the housings' pockets.



6. INSTALL BOLTS AND NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut onto each bolt. NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. DO NOT tighten the nuts completely. The bolt pads need to be set at a gap for reinstallation of the fitting. Two to three full bolt threads, exposed above each nut, will provide the proper gap.

7. Follow all steps of the applicable installation method section to complete the assembly.



No. 102 (Straight Tee) and No. 104 (Bullhead Tee) - FireLock™

Installation-Ready™ Fittings











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- No. 102 and 104 Victaulic® FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fittings shall be used only in fire protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13. 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer. The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NO. 102/104 INSTALLATION METHOD 1 – MATING COMPONENTS INSERTED INTO RUN ENDS FIRST

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 126 - 127.

NOTICE

The images in this section show installation of a No. 102 Fitting; however, the same steps apply to installation of a No. 104 Fitting.

WARNING







- Never leave a No. 102 or 104 Fitting partially assembled on mating component ends. ALWAYS TIGHTEN THE HARDWARE IMMEDIATELY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS. A partially assembled fitting poses a drop or fall hazard during installation and a burst hazard during testing.
- Keep hands away from the mating component ends and the openings of the fitting when attempting to insert grooved mating component ends into the fitting.
- Keep hands away from fitting openings during tightening. Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.











OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY

OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

2a. INSERT MATING COMPONENTS INTO RUN ENDS: Insert a grooved mating component into each run end of the fitting. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the fitting until contact with each pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the groove in each mating component.

2b. TIGHTEN NUTS ALONG THE RUN ENDS: Using an impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts along the run ends until the fitting is secured safely to the mating components, but do not tighten past initial metal-to-metal bolt pad contact. Verify that the fitting's keys engage the grooves completely and that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on the following page.

NOTICE

- DO NOT insert only one grooved mating component into the run end of the fitting and then tighten the hardware. Doing so will prevent insertion of a grooved mating component into the second run end of the fitting.
- Never force installation. Mating components should insert easily into the fitting.
- If experiencing difficulty inserting mating components, verify that the gasket is lubricated and seated properly within the housings, that the mating component dimensions and grooves are within Victaulic specifications, and that the hardware is loose enough to accommodate mating component insertion.

A WARNING

- . At this point, the fitting is only partially installed.
- The fitting shall be treated as a potential drop hazard and shall not be left unattended.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.











OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY

OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

- **3a. INSERT MATING COMPONENT INTO THE BRANCH END:** Insert the third grooved mating component into the opening of the branch end. The grooved mating component end shall be inserted into the fitting until contact with the pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the groove in the mating component.
- **3b. TIGHTEN NUTS ALONG THE BRANCH END:** Tighten the nuts along the branch end until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the fitting's keys engage the groove completely and that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

No. 102 Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*	
1	1.315	3/8	¹¹ / ₁₆	55 ft-lbs	
DN25	33.7	M10	17	75 N•m	
1 ¼	1.660	³/ ₈	1½ ₆	55 ft-lbs	
DN32	42.1	M10	17	75 N•m	
1 ½	1.900	³ / ₈	1½6	55 ft-lbs	
DN40	48.3	M10	17	75 N•m	
2	2.375	⁷ / ₁₆	1½6	100 ft-lbs	
DN50	60.3	M11	17	136 N•m	
21/2	2.875	⁷ / ₁₆	1½6	100 ft-lbs	
	73.0	M11	17	136 N•m	
DN65	3.000	⁷ ⁄ ₁₆	11/ ₁₆	100 ft-lbs	
	76.1	M11	17	136 N•m	

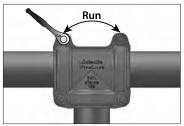
^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data

No. 104 Helpful Information

	Nut Size	Deep-Well	Maximum
	inches/	Socket Size	Allowable Bolt
	Metric	inches/mm	Torque*
All Sizes	⁷ ⁄16	¹¹ ⁄ ₁₆	100 ft-lbs
	M11	17	136 N•m

^{*}Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data







4. COMPLETELY TIGHTEN NUTS ALONG THE RUN ENDS: Tighten the nuts along the run ends until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire fitting assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on the previous page.

WARNING

Nuts shall be tightened in the sequence shown on pages 136-138 until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads.

Failure to tighten nuts in the sequence shown will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

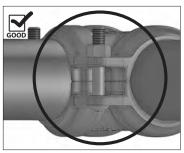
Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

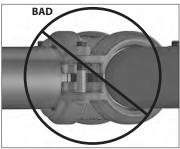
NOTICE

- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on the previous page.



I-100 138





5. REQUIRED INSPECTION TECHNIQUE – VISUAL INSPECTION: VERIFY THAT ALL NUTS ARE TIGHTENED APPROPRIATELY AND THAT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IS ACHIEVED AT ALL BOLT PADS. Visually inspect all bolt pads at each joint to verify metal-to-metal contact with positive or neutral offsets at the angled bolt pads and metal-to-metal contact at the flat bolt pads. If the bolt pads do not reach metal-to-metal contact, loosen the nuts at the angled bolt pads, then retighten all nuts evenly by alternating bolt pad locations. If the bolt pads still do not reach metal-to-metal contact, remove the fitting from the mating component ends and verify that the mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter are within the specifications listed in this handbook for the applicable groove profile.

NOTE: Before pressurizing the system, the fitting may be adjusted by loosening the appropriate hardware. After repositioning the fitting, the hardware shall be retightened until the installation requirements listed in these instructions are achieved.

WARNING

- Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

5a. INSPECTION TECHNIQUE - TORQUE WRENCH METHOD:

If additional fitting assembly inspection is determined to be necessary by others, a torque wrench method may be used.

NOTE: Satisfying step 5 is first required before proceeding with the torque wrench method. The suggested bolt torque range for an assembled fitting that satisfies the visual inspection requirements of step 5 shall be as follows:

Bolt Size inches/Metric	Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque*	Maximum Assembled Bolt Torque		
³ / ₈	20 ft-lbs	55 ft-lbs		
M10	27 N•m	75 N•m		
7/16	25 ft-lbs	80 ft-lbs		
M11	34 N•m	108 N•m		

^{*} LPCB compliant assemblies shall meet the Minimum Assembled Bolt Torque, as noted in the table above.



NO. 102/104 INSTALLATION METHOD 2 – MATING COMPONENT INSERTED INTO BRANCH END FIRST

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 126 - 127.









OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY

OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

2a. INSERT MATING COMPONENT INTO BRANCH END: Insert a grooved mating component end into the opening of the branch end. The grooved mating component end shall be inserted into the fitting until contact with the pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the groove in the mating component end.

2b. TIGHTEN NUTS ALONG THE BRANCH END: Using an impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts along the branch end until the fitting is secured safely to the mating component. Verify that the fitting's keys engage the groove completely and that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on page 137.

NOTICE

- . Never force installation. Mating components should insert easily into the fitting.
- If experiencing difficulty inserting mating components, verify that the gasket is lubricated and seated properly within the housings, that the mating component dimensions and grooves are within Victaulic specifications, and that the hardware is loose enough to accommodate mating component insertion.

A WARNING

- . At this point, the fitting is only partially installed.
- The fitting shall be treated as a potential drop hazard and shall not be left unattended.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.











OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY

OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

- **3a. INSERT MATING COMPONENTS INTO RUN ENDS:** Insert a grooved mating component end into each run end of the fitting. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the fitting until contact with each pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the groove in each mating component end. **NOTE:** If the mating component ends cannot be inserted into the fitting, incrementally loosen the nuts that were tightened in step 2b just until all mating component ends can be inserted (refer to the warning above).
- **3b. TIGHTEN NUTS ALONG THE RUN SIDE:** Tighten the nuts along the run ends until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the fitting's keys engage the grooves completely and that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on page 137.

A WARNING

Nuts shall be tightened in the sequence shown on pages 140 – 142 until metal-tometal contact occurs at the bolt pads.

Failure to tighten nuts in the sequence shown will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.







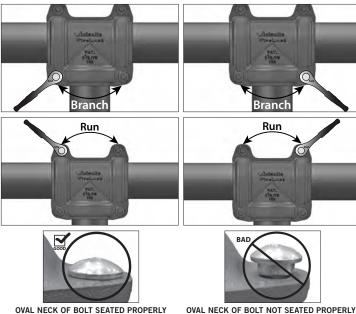
- 4. COMPLETELY TIGHTEN NUTS ALONG THE BRANCH END: Tighten the nuts along the branch end until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on page 137.
- 5. VERIFY THAT ALL NUTS ARE TIGHTENED APPROPRIATELY AND THAT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IS ACHIEVED AT ALL BOLT PADS: Visually inspect all bolt pads at each joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved, as shown in step 5 on page 139.

NOTE: Before pressurizing the system, the fitting may be adjusted by loosening the appropriate hardware. After repositioning the fitting, the hardware shall be retightened until the installation requirements listed in these instructions are achieved.



NO. 102/104 INSTALLATION METHOD 3 - ALL MATING COMPONENTS INSERTED

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 126 - 127.



2. When practical, all grooved mating component ends may be inserted into the fitting prior to tightening. The grooved mating component ends shall be inserted into the fitting until contact with each pipe stop of the gasket occurs. A visual check is required to verify that the fitting's keys align with the groove in each mating component end.

NOTICE

- · Never force installation. Mating components should insert easily into the fitting.
- If experiencing difficulty inserting mating components, verify that the gasket is lubricated and seated properly within the housings, that the mating component dimensions and grooves are within Victaulic specifications, and that the hardware is loose enough to accommodate mating component insertion.
- 3. Using an impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts along the branch end until the fitting is secured safely to the mating component, but do not tighten past initial metal-to-metal bolt pad contact. Verify that the fitting's keys engage the groove completely and that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on page
- 4. Tighten the nuts along the run ends until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the fitting's keys engage the grooves completely and that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Continued on the following page



- **5.** Completely tighten the nuts along the branch end until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire fitting assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on page 137.
- **6. VERIFY THAT ALL NUTS ARE TIGHTENED APPROPRIATELY AND THAT METAL- TO-METAL CONTACT IS ACHIEVED AT ALL BOLT PADS:** Visually inspect all bolt pads at each joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved, as shown in step 5 on page 139.

NOTE: Before pressurizing the system, the fitting may be adjusted by loosening the appropriate hardware. After repositioning the fitting, the hardware shall be retightened until the installation requirements listed in these instructions are achieved.



REMOVAL OF A NO. 102 OR 104 FITTING FROM THE PIPING SYSTEM

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Never leave a No. 102 or 104 Fitting partially assembled on mating component ends. A partially assembled fitting poses a drop or fall hazard.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- . No. 102 and No. 104 Fittings DO NOT need to be fully disassembled for removal.
- The images in this section show installation of a No. 102 Fitting; however, the same steps apply to installation of a No. 104 Fitting.
- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to remove any fittings from the piping system.





2. Loosen the nuts only along the branch side of the fitting (nuts should be threaded no further than flush with the end of the bolts). Remove the mating component from the loosened branch side. Verify that the fitting is secured to the mating components on the run ends to prevent the fitting from falling.





- **3.** While supporting the fitting, loosen the nuts along the run ends of the fitting. Carefully remove the fitting from the mating components.
- **4.** Inspect all components for any damage or wear, including tears in gasket lips, deformities in gasket lips, or pinched sections at the bolt pad locations. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied fitting assembly.
- **5a.** After inspection of the fitting, if it is determined that the fitting can be reused in its current condition, follow all steps of the applicable installation method section.
- **5b.** If the fitting is fully disassembled for any reason, refer to the reassembly instructions on the following page.



REASSEMBLY OF A NO. 102 OR 104 FITTING THAT WAS FULLY DISASSEMBLED DURING REMOVAL FROM THE PIPING SYSTEM

NOTICE

- No. 102 and 104 Fittings DO NOT need to be fully disassembled for removal.
 However, if a fitting is fully disassembled during maintenance or for any other reason, the following steps shall be completed.
- The fitting shall be reassembled, as shown in the steps below, before attempting to reinstall the product.
- 1. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied fitting assembly.
- 2. Check mating component ends, as described in step 2 on page 127.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be used to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during reassembly.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



3a. VERIFY THAT THE CORRECT-SIZE GASKET IS BEING USED FOR REASSEMBLY.

3b. FOR REASSEMBLY OF NO. 102 AND 104 FITTINGS, LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior portion outside the sealing lips, as shown to the left. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



4. INSTALL GASKET INTO FIRST FITTING HOUSING: Install the gasket into one of the housings. Verify that the ends of the gasket are seated in the housing's pockets, as shown to the left.



5. INSTALL SECOND FITTING HOUSING: Install the second fitting housing. Verify that the ends of the gasket are seated in the housings' pockets.



6. INSTALL BOLTS AND NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. DO NOT tighten the nuts completely. The bolt pads need to be set at a gap for reinstallation of the fitting. Two to three full bolt threads, exposed above each nut, will provide the proper gap.

7. Follow all steps of the applicable installation method section to complete the assembly.



FIRELOCK™ INSTALLATION-READY™ FITTINGS FOR GROOVED-END MATING COMPONENTS INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS REV H

Standard Couplings for OGS Grooved-End Mating Components

Preparatory Steps for Installation of Couplings Featured in this Section

Installation Instructions

Instructions for Reassembly



PREPARATORY STEPS FOR INSTALLATION OF COUPLINGS FEATURED IN THIS SECTION







WARNING





- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

♠ WARNING

OGS Roll Groove Profile Shown

Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

 Products featured in this section shall be used ONLY with mating components that are prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications.

 DO NOT attempt to install these products on mating components that are prepared to any other groove specification.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



1. CHECK MATING COMPONENT ENDS: The outside surface of the mating components, between the groove and the mating component ends, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic OGS groove specifications.

NOTICE

- Some Victaulic® FireLock™ products may be provided with pre-lubricated gaskets.
- Refer to the "NOTICE" and the "Dry Pipe Fire Protection Systems Notes" section on page 36 for additional information.

2. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic. com. For FireLock™ products, refer to the "NOTICE" on page 36 for important gasket information.



! CAUTION

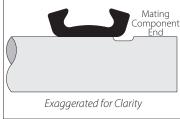
- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





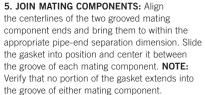
3. LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.
NOTE: This step shall also be completed for FireLock™ products that meet any of the conditions listed in the "NOTICE" on page 36.

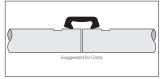




4. INSTALL GASKET: Install the gasket over the mating component end.
For 14-inch/DN350 and larger coupling sizes: It may be easier to turn the gasket inside out to install it over the mating component end. NOTE: Verify that the gasket does not overhang the mating component end.







5a. If the gasket was turned inside out in step 4: Roll the gasket into position and center it between the groove of each mating component. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.



Style 005H - FireLock™ Rigid Coupling

Style 07 - Zero-Flex™ Rigid Coupling (12-inch/DN300 and Smaller Sizes)

Style L07 - Zero-Flex[™] Rigid Coupling (12-inch/DN300 and Smaller Sizes)

Style 489 - Stainless Steel Rigid Coupling (4-inch/DN100 and Smaller Sizes)

A WARNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- Style 005H Victaulic[®] FireLock[™] Rigid Couplings shall be used only in fire
 protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current,
 applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.)
 standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building
 and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information
 regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion,
 mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

 The photos in this section show installation of a Style 005H Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of Style 07, L07, and 489 Couplings in the size ranges listed above.

For Style 489 Couplings Supplied with Stainless Steel Bolts and Nuts:

- . Apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt threads before installing the hardware.
- 1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 149.



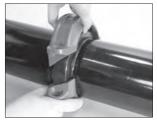
2. TO FACILITATE ASSEMBLY: One bolt can be inserted into the housings with the nut threaded loosely onto the bolt to allow for the "swing-over" feature, as shown. NOTE: The nut should be threaded no further than flush with the end of the bolt.



! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



3. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.



4. INSTALL REMAINING BOLT/NUT: Install the remaining bolt, and thread the nut finger-tight onto the bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 005H, 07, L07, AND 489 COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

 Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end cap.

A WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6.
- Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the angled bolt pads, as indicated in steps 5 and 6.
- · Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.



NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table below or on page 155.





5. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the angled bolt pads. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table below or on page 155.

5a. FOR STYLE 489 COUPLINGS ONLY: To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut with a torque wrench. Refer to the "Style 489 Helpful Information and Assembly Torque Requirements" table below, along with the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

Style 489 Helpful Information and Assembly Torque Requirements

Nominal	Pipe Size Outside Diameter		Deep-Well	Required	
Pipe Size			Socket Size	Assembly	
inches/DN			inches/mm	Torques	
1½ – 2 DN40 – DN50			¹¹ / ₁₆ 17	18 – 22 ft-lbs 25 – 30 N•m	
2½			¹¹ / ₁₆ 17	18 – 22 ft-lbs 25 – 30 N•m	
DN65	3.000	³ / ₈	¹¹ ⁄ ₁₆	18 – 22 ft-lbs	
	76.1	M10	17	25 – 30 N•m	
3 – 4	3.500 – 4.500	½	7/ ₈	45 – 50 ft-lbs	
DN80 – DN100	88.9 – 114.3	M12	22	60 – 68 N•m	

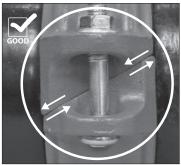


WARNING

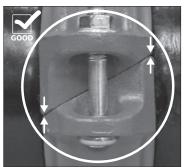
- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

6. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section. Equal and positive or neutral offsets shall be present at each bolt pad location.



PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT AT ANGLED **BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, POSITIVE** OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS

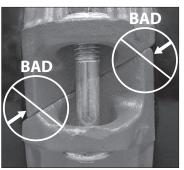


PROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT **BOLT PADS WITH EQUAL, NEUTRAL** OFFSETS AT THE BOLT PADS



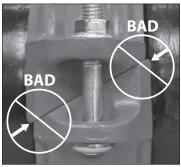
IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT BOLT PAD GAP

Bolt pad gaps occur when the nuts are not tightened sufficiently or if the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Refer to the "Improperly Assembled Joint – Over-Shifted" section below. In addition, refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT NEGATIVE OFFSET

Negative bolt pad offsets occur when the nuts are not tightened evenly, which produces over-tightening of one side and under-tightening of the other side. In addition, negative offsets occur if both nuts are under-tightened. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



IMPROPERLY ASSEMBLED JOINT OVER-SHIFTED

Over-shifting of an angled bolt pad results in an offset that prevents metal-to-metal contact and equal and positive or neutral offset at the opposite angled bolt pad. This occurs when the hardware is not tightened evenly by alternating sides. Attempting to tighten the hardware on one side while the other side is over-shifted will result in bolt torque that exceeds the "Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque" values specified in the "Helpful Information" table in this section. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection sections in this handbook. This represents an improper assembly, which could result in joint failure, property damage, serious personal injury, or death.



Style 005H, 07, and L07 Helpful Information

Style 005H, 07, and L07 Helpful Information										
			Style 005	Н	St		yle 07/L07‡			
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Max. Allow. Bolt Torque*	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Max. Allow. Bolt Torque*			
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	_	_	_	³⁄ ₈ M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m			
1 ¼	1.660	³ ⁄ ₈	%	55 ft-lbs	³ ⁄ ₈	11/ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs			
DN32	42.4	M10	15	75 N•m	M10	17	75 N•m			
1 ½	1.900	³ ⁄ ₈	%	55 ft-lbs	³ ⁄ ₈	11/ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs			
DN40	48.3	M10	15	75 N•m	M10	17	75 N•m			
2	2.375	¾	%	55 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs			
DN50	60.3	M10	15	75 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m			
2½	2.875	³ ⁄ ₈	%	55 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs			
	73.0	M10	15	75 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m			
DN65	3.000	³ ⁄ ₈	%16	55 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs			
	76.1	M10	15	75 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m			
3	3.500	³ ⁄ ₈	%	55 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs			
DN80	88.9	M10	15	75 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m			
4	4.500	³ ⁄ ₈	%16	55 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs			
DN100	114.3	M10	15	75 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m			
	4.250	³ ⁄ ₈	%	55 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs			
	108.0	M10	15	75 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m			
	5.250	½	³ ⁄ ₄	135 ft-lbs	⁵ ⁄ ₈	1 ½	235 ft-lbs			
	133.0	M12	18	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N•m			
DN125	5.500	½	³ ⁄ ₄	135 ft-lbs	⁵ ⁄ ₈	1 ½	235 ft-lbs			
	139.7	M12	18	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N•m			
5	5.563	½	³ ⁄ ₄	135 ft-lbs	⁵ ⁄ ₈	1 ½	235 ft-lbs			
	141.3	M12	18	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N•m			
	6.250	½	³ ⁄ ₄	135 ft-lbs	⁵ ⁄ ₈	1 ½	235 ft-lbs			
	159.0	M12	18	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N•m			
	6.500	½	³ ⁄ ₄	135 ft-lbs	⁵ ⁄ ₈	1 ½	235 ft-lbs			
	165.1	M12	18	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N•m			
6	6.625	½	³ ⁄ ₄	135 ft-lbs	5⁄8	1 ½	235 ft-lbs			
DN150	168.3	M12	18	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N•m			
#	8.515 216.3	⁵ ⁄ ₈ M16	15/ ₁₆ 24	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	_	_	_			
8	8.625	5⁄8	15/ ₁₆	235 ft-lbs	³ ⁄ ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs			
DN200	219.1	M16	24	319 N•m	M20	32	576 N•m			
#	10.528 267.4		_	_	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1 ½ 36	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m			
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	_	_	_	7⁄8 M22	1 ½16 36	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m			
#	12.539 318.5		_	_	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1 ½ 36	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m			
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	_	_	_	⅓ M22	1 ½ 36	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m			

[‡] The Style LO7 may not be available in all sizes listed.

 $[\]begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{NOTE:} For 14-24-inch/DN350-DN600 sizes, refer to the Style W07 AGS Rigid Coupling instructions in this handbook. \end{tabular}$



[#] Applies to JIS metric pipe sizes 200A, 250A, and 300A, respectively (JIS Specification G 3452; G3454).

^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.

Style HP-70 - Rigid Coupling (12-inch/DN300 and Smaller Sizes)

Style 89 - Rigid Coupling

Style 889 - Rigid Coupling for Potable Water Applications

Style 489 - Rigid Stainless Steel Coupling (5-inch, DN125, and Larger Sizes)

Style 489DX - Duplex Stainless Steel Rigid Coupling



- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

 The photos in this section show installation of a Style 889 Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of Style HP-70, 89, 489, and 489DX Couplings in the size ranges listed above.

For Style HP-70 Couplings:

 Always verify the gasket style that is provided with the coupling. If the gasket is an EndSeal™ design, the HP-70ES instructions on pages 188 – 192 of this handbook shall be followed.

For Style 489/489DX Couplings Supplied with Stainless Steel Bolts and Nuts:

. Apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt threads before installing the hardware.

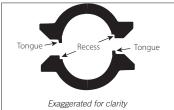
1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 - 149.

/!\CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





2. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket with the tongue-and-recess features mated properly (tongue in recess). Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.





3. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

If couplings are special-ordered with stainless steel bolts and nuts, an anti-seize compound shall be applied to the bolt threads.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE HP-70, 89, 489, 489DX, AND 889 COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

▲ WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
cap.

₩ WARNING

- The housings' tongue-and-recess features shall be mated properly (tongue in recess)
- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in steps 4 and 5 are achieved
- . Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the assembly requirements specified in steps 4 and 5 are achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the hardware.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines," "Impact Tool Selection," and "Torque Wrench Selection" sections in this handbook. In addition, refer to the "Assembly Torque Requirements" table on page 159 and the "Helpful Information" table on page 160.





4. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides until the gaps are equal at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut with a torque wrench. Refer to the "NOTICE" below for exceptions, the "Assembly Torque Requirements" table on the following page, and the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately.

NOTICE

Style HP-70 Couplings in 6 – 12-inch/DN150 – DN300 sizes do not have a
torque requirement. However, the nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating
sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact
occurs at the bolt pads. It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating
sides to prevent gasket pinching. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the
visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT

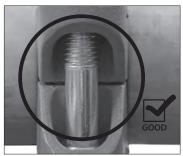


OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

A WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





5. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that proper assembly is achieved (refer to the "NOTICE" above for Style HP-70 Couplings in 6 – 12-inch/DN150 – DN300 sizes).



Assembly Torque Requirements

	Actual		Required Asse	embly Torques	
Nom. Pipe Size inches/ DN	Pipe Outside Diameter inches/ mm	Style HP-70	Style 89/889*	Style 489	Style 489DX
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	60 – 80 ft-lbs 81 – 109 N•m	60 – 90 ft-lbs 81 – 122 N•m	_	45 – 60 ft-lbs 61 – 81 N•m
2 ½	2.875 73.0	60 – 80 ft-lbs 81 – 109 N•m	60 – 90 ft-lbs 81 – 122 N•m	_	60 – 90 ft-lbs 81 – 122 N•m
DN65	3.000 76.1	_	60 – 90 ft-lbs 81 – 122 N•m	_	60 – 90 ft-lbs 81 – 122 N•m
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	60 – 80 ft-lbs 81 – 109 N•m	60 – 90 ft-lbs 81 – 122 N•m	_	60 – 90 ft-lbs 81 – 122 N•m
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	60 – 80 ft-lbs 81 – 109 N•m	85 – 125 ft-lbs 115 – 170 N•m	_	85 – 125 ft-lbs 115 – 170 N•m
DN125	5.500 139.7	_	85 – 125 ft-lbs 115 – 170 N•m	75 – 100 ft-lbs 102 – 136 N•m	85 – 125 ft-lbs 115 – 170 N•m
5	5.563 141.3	_	85 – 125 ft-lbs 115 – 170 N•m	85 – 125 ft-lbs 115 – 170 N•m	_
	6.500 165.1	_	175 – 250 ft-lbs 237 – 339 N•m	125 – 200 ft-lbs 170 – 271 N•m	125 – 200 ft-lbs 170 – 271 N•m
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	See Notice Below	175 – 250 ft-lbs 237 – 339 N•m	125 – 200 ft-lbs 170 – 271 N•m	
	8.515 216.3	_	200 – 300 ft-lbs 271 – 407 N•m	200 – 300 ft-lbs 271 – 407 N•m	_
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	See Notice Below	500 ft-lbs 678 N•m		200 – 300 ft-lbs 271 – 407 N•m
	10.528 267.4	_		200 – 300 ft-lbs 271 – 407 N•m	_
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	See Notice Below	500 ft-lbs 678 N•m		250 – 350 ft-lbs 339 – 475 N•m
	12.539 318.5	_	250 – 350 ft-lbs 339 – 475 N•m	200 – 300 ft-lbs 271 – 407 N•m	_
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	See Notice Below	500 ft-lbs 678 N•m		250 – 350 ft-lbs 339 – 475 N•m
14 DN350	14.000 323.9	_	_		250 – 350 ft-lbs 339 – 475 N•m

^{*} The Style 889 may not be available in all sizes listed.

NOTICE

Style HP-70 Couplings in 6 – 12-inch/DN150 – DN300 sizes do not have a
torque requirement. However, the nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating
sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact
occurs at the bolt pads. It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating
sides to prevent gasket pinching. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the
visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Helpful Information

			yle -70		yle 889*	St: 48	yle 39		yle PDX
Nominal Pipe Size inches/ DN			Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	_	_	½ M12	% 19
21/2	2.375 60.3	5% M16	1 ½ 27	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	_	_	5% M16	1 ½ 27
DN65	3.000 76.1	_	_	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	_	_	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	_	_	5% M16	1 ½ 27
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	³ / ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	_	_	³ / ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32
DN125	5.500 139.7	_	_	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	³ / ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32
5	5.563 141.3	_	_	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	_	_
	6.500 165.1	_	_	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1 ½ 36	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1 ½ 36	7⁄8 M22	1 ½ 36
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	⅓ M22	1 7/16 36	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1 7/16 36	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1 7/16 36	7⁄8 M22	1 7/16 36
	8.515 216.3	_	_	1 M24	1 5% 41	1 M24	1	_	_
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	1 M24	1 5/8 41	1 M24	1 5/8 41	1 M24	1	1 M24	1 5/8 41
	10.528 267.4	_	_	1 M24	1 5/8 41	1 M24	1	_	_
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	1 M24	1	1 M24	1 5/8 41	1 M24	1	1 M24	1 5/8 41
	12.539 318.5	_	_	1 M24	1 5/8 41	1 M24	1 5/8 41	_	_
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	1 M24	1 5/8 41						

^{*} The Style 889 may not be available in all sizes listed.

Style HP-70 - Rigid Coupling (14-inch/DN350 and Larger Sizes)

Style 77 - Flexible Coupling (14-inch/DN350 and Larger Sizes - Four or Six Housings)

Style 77S - Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling (16-inch/DN400 and Larger Sizes - Four Housings)

WARNING WARNING

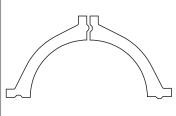
- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- The following installation steps feature photos of a Style 77 Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of Style 77S and HP-70 Couplings in the size ranges listed above.
- · Couplings are cast in multiple housings to ease handling.
- 1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 149.





2. ASSEMBLE HOUSINGS: Assemble the housings into two equal halves. Install a bolt into each hole location at the bolt pads and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Tighten the nuts until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, then back the nuts off a full turn to provide spacing between the bolt pads.

FOR STYLE 77 COUPLINGS WITH BOLT PADS THAT CONTAIN A TONGUE-AND-RECESS FEATURE: Assemble the housings with the tongue-and-recess features mated properly (tongue in recess), as shown above.

! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





3a. INSTALL FIRST PRE-ASSEMBLED HALF: Install the first pre-assembled half over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.

3b. INSTALL REMAINING PRE-ASSEMBLED HALF: Install the remaining pre-assembled half over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components. While supporting the weight of the assembly, install the remaining bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE HP-70, 77, AND 77S COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
cap.

⚠ WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating bolt pad locations, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in steps 4 and 5 are achieved.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the assembly requirements specified in steps 4 and 5 are achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.



NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating bolt pad locations to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the hardware.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



4. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten all nuts evenly by alternating bolt pad locations, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at each bolt pad. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes.

FOR STYLE HP-70 COUPLINGS: To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut with a torque wrench. Refer to the "Style HP-70 Helpful Information and Assembly Torque Requirements" table on the following page, along with the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook.

FOR STYLE 77 COUPLINGS: DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved. Refer to the applicable "Helpful Information" table on the following page.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

A WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





5. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that proper assembly is achieved.



Style HP-70 Helpful Information and Assembly Torque Requirements

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Required Assembly Torques
14	14.000	1 ¼	2	600 ft-lbs
DN350	355.6	M30	50	814 N•m
16	16.000	1 ¼	2	700 ft-lbs
DN400	406.4	M30	50	949 N•m

Style 77 Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*	
14 – 18	14.000 – 18.000	1	1 5/8	875 ft-lbs	
DN350 – DN450	355.6 – 457	M24	41	1186 N•m	
	14.842 377.0	1 M24	1	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	16.771 426.0	1 M24	1	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	18.897	1 ½	1 ¹³ /16	875 ft-lbs	
	480.0	M27	46	1186 N•m	
20 – 24	20.000 – 24.000	1 1/8	1 ¹³ / ₁₆	875 ft-lbs	
DN500 – DN600	508 – 610	M27	46	1186 N•m	
	20.866	1 1/8	1 ¹³ / ₁₆	875 ft-lbs	
	530.0	M27	46	1186 N•m	
	24.803	1 1/8	1 ¹³ ⁄ ₁₆	875 ft-lbs	
	630.0	M27	46	1186 N•m	
28 – 30	28.000 – 30.000	1	1	875 ft-lbs	
DN700 – DN750	711 – 762	M24		1186 N•m	

^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.

Style 77S Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
16 – 18	16.000 – 18.000	1	1 5/8	875 ft-lbs
DN400 – DN450	406.4 – 457.0	M24	41	1186 N•m

^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.



A WARNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- Style 72 Outlet Couplings are not designed for use on vacuum service.
- Style 72 Outlet Couplings are not recommended for use on stainless steel mating components.
- End caps SHALL NOT be installed in Style 72 Outlet Coupling runs in systems where vacuums may develop.
- The Style 72 gasket contains a plated "neck ring" to aid sealing. DO NOT remove this ring, since leakage may result.
- Style 72 Outlet Couplings are primarily intended for flow that goes out through the outlet. Flow that goes into the outlet shall not exceed 7 feet per second/ 2.1 meters per second.
- 1. Follow steps 1 3 in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 149.



2. INSTALL GASKET: Install the gasket onto the mating component end so that the lips on one side cover the area between the groove and the mating component end. NOTE: The mating component end should not contact the reinforcement ribs inside the gasket.



3. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends and bring them to within the appropriate pipe-end separation dimension. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove of each mating component. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.



! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



4. INSTALL LOWER HOUSING: Install the lower housing (without the outlet) around the lower portion of the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components. **NOTE:** Tabs are located on the gasket, which are designed to rest in the recesses on both the upper and lower housings. These tabs ensure proper gasket positioning within the housings.



5. INSTALL UPPER HOUSING: Install the upper housing over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components. Inspect the outlet opening to verify that the outlet neck of the gasket is positioned properly in the upper housing.



6. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 72 COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- End caps SHALL NOT be installed in Style 72 Outlet Coupling runs in systems where vacuums may develop.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.





- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 7 and 8.
- . Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



7. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

▲ WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





- 8. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.
- **9.** Make threaded outlet connections by following standard threading practices and grooved outlet connections by following the applicable coupling instructions in this handbook.

Helpful Information

N Pij inc	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm			Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*	
1½ x DN40 x	½ – 1 DN15 – DN25	1.900 48.3	х	0.840 - 1.315 21.3 - 33.7	³ / ₈ M10	1½ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m
2 DN50 x	½ – 1 DN15–DN25	2.375 60.3	х	0.840 - 1.315 21.3 - 33.7	³ ⁄ ₈ M10	1½ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m
2½ x	½ – 1 DN15 – DN25	2.875 73.0	х	0.840 – 1.315 21.3 – 33.7	½ M12	7/ ₈ 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
	1 1⁄4 – 1 1⁄2 DN32 – DN40			1.660 - 1.900 42.4 - 48.3	5⁄ ₈ M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m
3 DN80 x	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20	3.500 88.9	х	1.050 26.9	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
	1 – 1½ DN25 – DN40			1.315 – 1.900 33.7 – 48.3	5⁄ ₈ M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m
4 DN100 X	³ ⁄ ₄ – 1 DN20 – DN25	4.500 114.3	х	1.050 – 1.315 26.9 – 33.7	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
	1½ – 2 DN40 – DN50			1.900 - 2.375 48.3 - 60.3	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m
6 DN150 X	1 – 2 DN25 – DN50	6.625 219.1	х	1.315 – 2.375 33.7 – 60.3	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
	DN65			3.000 76.1	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m

Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.



Style 75 - Flexible Coupling

Style 77 - Flexible Coupling (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes - Two Housings)

Style L77 - Flexible Coupling (12-inch/DN300 and Smaller Sizes)

Style 77A - Aluminum Flexible Coupling

Style 77S - Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling (8 – 14-inch/DN200 – DN350 Sizes)

Style 77DX - Duplex Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling

Style 475 - Lightweight Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling

Style 475DX - Duplex Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling

A WARNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

 The following installation steps feature photos of a Style 77 Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of Style 75, L77, 77A, 77S, 77DX, 475, and 475DX Couplings in the size ranges listed above.

For Style 475/475DX Couplings Only:

 Style 475/475DX Couplings have a tongue-and-recess feature at the bolt pads. The housings' tongue-and-recess features shall be mated properly (tongue in recess).

For Couplings Supplied with Stainless Steel Bolts and Nuts:

. Apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt threads before installing the hardware.

1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 - 149.

! CAUTION

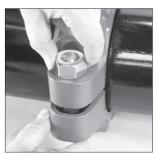
 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



2. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components. Refer to the "NOTICE" above for Style 475/475DX Couplings.





3. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt.

For couplings supplied with stainless steel hardware, verify that an anti-seize compound is applied to the bolt threads.

For ¾ – 4-inch/DN25 – DN100 Style 77S Couplings and for ¾ – 6-inch/DN25 – DN150 Style 77DX Couplings with bronze nuts only: A flat washer shall be installed under each nut.

NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 75, 77, L77, 77A, 77S, 77DX, 475, AND 475DX COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

▲ WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

 Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end cap.

A WARNING

- For Style 475/475DX Couplings, the housings' tongue-and-recess features shall be mated properly (tongue in recess).
- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 4 and 5.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on pages 172 – 174.





4. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved..

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the applicable "Helpful Information" table on the following pages.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY





Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.

A WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



Style 75, 77, L77, and 77A Helpful Information

			Style 75		Style 77/L77‡/77A		
	Actual Pipe		Deep- Well			Deep- Well	
Nominal Pipe Size	Outside Diameter	Nut Size	Socket Size	Maximum Allowable	Nut Size	Socket Size	Maximum Allowable
inches/	inches	inches/	inches/	Bolt	inches/	inches/	Bolt
DN	mm	Metric	mm	Torque*	Metric	mm	Torque*
3/4	1.050				3/8	11/16	55 ft-lbs
DN20	26.9	_		_	M10	17	75 N•m
1 DN25	1.315 33.7†	³⁄ ₈ M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m	³⁄ ₈ M10	¹¹ ⁄ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4†	³⁄ ₈ M10	1½ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
1 ½ DN40	1.900 48.3	³ / ₈ M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
2	2.375	3/8	11/16	55 ft-lbs	1/2	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN50	60.3	M10	17	75 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m
	2.664 57.0	³⁄ ₈ M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
2 1/2	2.875 73.0	³ / ₈ M10	1½ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
DN65	3.000 76.1	³ / ₈ M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
3	3.500	1/2	7/8	135 ft-lbs	1/2	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN80	88.9	M12	22	183 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m
31/2	4.000	1/2	7/8	135 ft-lbs	5/8	1 1/16	235 ft-lbs
DN90	101.6	M12	22	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N·m
	4.250 108.0	½ M12	% 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m
4	4.500	1/2	7/8	135 ft-lbs	5/8	1 1/16	235 ft-lbs
DN100	114.3	M12	22	183 N•m	M16	27	319 N•m
	5.000 127.0	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	_	_	_
	5.250 133.0	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
DN125	5.500 139.7	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
5	5.563	5/8	1 1/16	235 ft-lbs	3/4	1 1/4	425 ft-lbs
	141.3	M16	27	319 N•m	M20	32	576 N•m
	6.000 152.4	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	_	_	_
	6.250 159.0	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
	6.500 165.1	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
	8.515	3/4	1 1/4	425 ft-lbs	7/8	1 7/16	675 ft-lbs
#	216.3	M20	32	576 N•m	M22	36	915 N•m
8	8.625	3/4	11/4	425 ft-lbs	7/8	1 7/16	675 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M20	32	576 N•m	M22	36	915 N•m

[‡] The Style L77 may not be available in all sizes listed.

^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.



[†] Style 75 and 77/77A housings are marked 33.4 mm and 42.2 mm, respectively. # Applies to JIS metric pipe sizes 200A, 250A, and 300A, respectively (JIS Specification G 3452; G 3454).

Style 75, 77, L77, and 77A Helpful Information (Continued)

Style 75,	tyle /5, //, L//, and //A Helpful Information (Continued)							
		Style 75		Styl	e 77/L77	‡/7 7A		
Nominal Pipe Size inches/ DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*	
#	10.528 267.4	_	_	_	1 M24	1 5/8 41	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	_	_	_	1 M24	1	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
#	12.539 318.5	_	_	_	1 M24	1 % 41	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	_	_	_	1 M24	1 % 41	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	_	_	_	1 M24	1	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	14.842 377.0	_	_	_	1 M24	1	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	_	_	_	1 M24	1	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	16.772 426.0	_	_	_	1 M24	1	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
18 DN450	18.000 457	_	_	_	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹¾6 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	18.898 480.0	_	_	_	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹¾6 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
20 DN500	20.000 508.0	_	_	_	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ / ₁₆ 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	20.866 530.0	_	_	_	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ / ₁₆ 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	22.000 559.0	_		_	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ / ₁₆ 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	22.835 580.0	_	_	_	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ / ₁₆ 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	_	_		1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ /16 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	
	24.803 630.0	_	_	_	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ / ₁₆ 46	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m	

[‡] The Style L77 may not be available in all sizes listed. # Applies to JIS metric pipe sizes 200A, 250A, and 300A, respectively (JIS Specification G 3452; * Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.

Style 77S Helpful Information

	Actual Pipe	Style 77S				
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*		
8	8.625	⁷ ⁄ ₈	1 7⁄16	675 ft-lbs		
DN200	219.1	M22	36	915 N•m		
10 – 14	10.750 – 14.000	1	1	875 ft-lbs		
DN250 – DN350	273.0 – 355.6	M24		1186 N•m		

Style 77DX, 475, and 475DX Helpful Information

		Style 77DX		Style 475/475DX‡		'5DX‡	
Nominal Pipe Size inches/ DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
³ / ₄ DN20	1.050 26.9	³⁄ ₈ M10	1½ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m	_	_	_
1	1.315	³⁄ ₈	1½ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs	³ ⁄ ₈	11/ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN25	33.7	M10	17	75 N•m	M10	17	75 N•m
1 ¼	1.660	³⁄ ₈	1½ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs	³⁄ ₈	11/ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN32	42.4	M10	17	75 N•m	M10	17	75 N•m
1 ½	1.900	³⁄ ₈	1½ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs	³⁄ ₈	11/ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN40	48.3	M10	17	75 N•m	M10	17	75 N•m
2	2.375	³⁄ ₈	1½ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs	³⁄ ₈	11/ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
DN50	60.3	M10	17	75 N•m	M10	17	75 N•m
21/2	2.875	³⁄ ₈	1½ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs	³⁄ ₈	11/ ₁₆	55 ft-lbs
	73.0	M10	17	75 N•m	M10	17	75 N•m
DN65	3.000 76.1	_	_	_	³⁄ ₈ M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m
3	3.500	½	⅓	135 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN80	88.9	M12	22	183 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m
4	4.500	5⁄8	1 ½	235 ft-lbs	½	7/8	135 ft-lbs
DN100	114.3	M16	27	319 N•m	M12	22	183 N•m
DN125	5.500 139.7	_	_	_	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
	6.500 165.1	_	_	_	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m	_	_	_

[‡] The Style 475DX may not be available in all sizes listed.

^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- When Style 78/78A Snap-Joint Couplings are used in concrete pumping, the working pressure shall include shock load. This coupling shall be used within all design parameters.
- Style 78/78A Snap-Joint Couplings and pipe used in concrete pumping shall be free from concrete and foreign material in the pipe grooves and the keys and gasket cavity of the couplings.
- Style 78/78A Snap-Joint Couplings are not designed for eccentric loading. These
 couplings are not recommended for use at the end of concrete pumping booms
 or on vertical risers above 30 feet/9.1 m. Sound anchoring and lashing practices
 shall always be observed.
- 1. Follow all instructions in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 149.



2. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install one housing of the hinged assembly over the gasket. Verify that the housing's keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components. Swing the other housing of the hinged assembly into position. Squeeze the housings together to further center the gasket and to engage the grooves completely on both mating components.



3. POSITION LOCKING HANDLE: Lift the locking handle to position the nose in the cradle tab of the opposite housing, as shown to the left.



- DO NOT use hammers/heavy instruments to close the locking handle. Use of hammers/heavy instruments to close the locking handle can crack, distort, or misalign components.
- Use caution to prevent fingers/hands from being pinched while the locking handle is being closed.

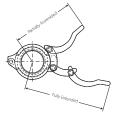
Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



4. CLOSE LOCKING HANDLE: Close the locking handle by pushing down firmly until the handle assembly contacts the coupling housing, as shown to the left. The handle assembly shall contact the coupling housing to ensure a properly installed joint.

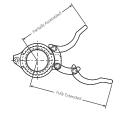
Assembly Clearance Requirements for Style 78 Snap-Joint Couplings

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Partially Assembled inches/mm	Fully Extended inches/mm
1	1.315	3.38	4.50
DN25	33.7	85.9	114.3
1 ¼	1.660	3.80	4.88
DN32	42.4	96.5	124.0
1 ½	1.900	5.50	7.63
DN40	48.3	139.7	193.8
2	2.375	6.25	7.75
DN50	60.3	158.8	196.9
2½	2.875	7.16	10.72
DN65	73.0	181.9	272.3
3	3.500	7.88	10.25
DN80	88.9	200.2	260.4
4	4.500	10.63	12.88
DN100	114.3	270.0	327.2
5	5.563	13.66	16.88
DN125	141.3	347.0	428.8
6	6.625	14.88	18.38
DN150	168.3	378.0	466.9
8	8.625	15.38	18.91
DN200	219.1	390.7	480.3



Assembly Clearance Requirements for Style 78A Snap-Joint Aluminum Couplings

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Partially Assembled inches/mm	Fully Extended inches/mm
2	2.375	3.22	4.06
DN50	60.3	81.8	103.1
10	10.750	21.00	23.00
DN250	273.0	533.4	584.2





Disassembly and Reassembly Instructions for Style 78/78A Snap-Joint Couplings

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Slide a screwdriver or similar pry tool underneath the locking handle for leverage.
- 3. Pull the locking handle away from the coupling housing. Remove the coupling and gasket from the mating component ends. Check the housing hinge and locking handle to verify that they have not become loosened, distorted, bent, or damaged. If there is any doubt about the condition of the coupling or gasket, a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly shall be used.
- 4. Follow all instructions in this section for reassembly of the coupling.

Style 875 - Reducing Coupling for Potable Water Applications

A WARNING









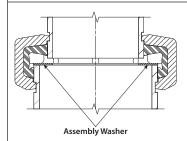


- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- End caps SHALL NOT be installed on the smaller end of Style 750 or 875 Reducing Couplings in systems where vacuums may develop.
- The following installation steps feature photos of a Style 750 Reducing Coupling; however, the same steps apply to installation of Style 875 Reducing Couplings.



 FOR VERTICAL INSTALLATIONS: An assembly washer is recommended to prevent smaller pipe from telescoping inside larger pipe in vertical installations (refer to graphic shown to the left). Contact Victaulic for details.

1. Follow steps 1 - 3 in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 - 149.



2. INSTALL GASKET: Install the larger opening of the gasket over the larger mating component end. Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of the mating component.



I-100 178



3. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends and bring them to within the appropriate pipe-end separation dimension. Insert the smaller mating component end into the gasket. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.

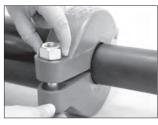
! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



4. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components and that each side of the housing is facing the corresponding mating component side.



5. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 750 COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- End caps SHALL NOT be installed on the smaller end of Style 750 or 875 Reducing Couplings in systems where vacuums may develop.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end cap.



- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 6 and 7.
- · Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

• Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



6. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.







7. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN		Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm			Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep- Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*	
2 DN50	х	1 – 1½ DN25 – DN40	2.375 60.3	х	1.315 – 1.900 33.7 – 48.3	³ / ₈ M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m
2 ½	Х	2 DN50	2.875 73.0	х	2.375 60.3	3/8 M10	11/ ₁₆ 17	55 ft-lbs 75 N•m
DN65	х	2 DN50	3.000 76.1	х	2.375 60.3	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
3 DN80	Х	2 DN50	3.500 88.9	х	2.375 60.3	½ M12	7/ ₈ 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
		21/2			2.875 73.0	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
		DN65			3.000 76.1	½ M12	7/8 22	135 ft-lbs 183 N•m
4 DN100	Х	2 – 3 DN50 – DN80	4.500 114.3	х	2.375 - 3.500 60.3 - 88.9	5⁄8 M16	1 ½ 27	235 ft-lbs 319 N•m
5	Х	4 DN100	5.563 141.3	х	4.500 114.3	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
165.1	Х	4 DN100	6.500 165.1	х	4.500 114.3	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
6 DN150	Х	4 DN100	6.625 168.3	х	4.500 114.3	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
		5			5.563 141.3	³ ⁄ ₄ M20	1 ¼ 32	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
8 DN200	х	165.1	8.625 219.1	х	6.500 165.1	⁷ / ₈ M22	1 ½16 36	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m
		6 DN150			6.625 168.3	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1 ½16 36	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m
10 DN250	х	8 DN200	10.750 273.0	х	8.625 219.1	1 M24	1 % 41	875 ft-lbs 1186 N•m

^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.













- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1. Follow steps 1 - 3 in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 - 149.



2. INSTALL GASKET: Install the larger opening of the gasket (marked NPS) over the larger mating component end (NPS side). NOTE: Verify that the gasket does not overhang the mating component end.



3. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the NPS and JIS grooved mating component ends and bring them to within the appropriate pipe-end separation dimension. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove of each mating component. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component and that the NPS side of the gasket is facing the NPS mating component.

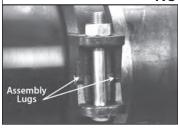
! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

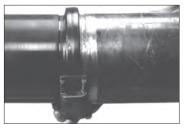
Failure to follow this instruction may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



NOTICE



 Victaulic Style 707-IJ Transition Couplings are designed with assembly lugs to ensure proper assembly of housings (NPS to NPS and JIS to JIS). These assembly lugs shall be on opposite sides for proper assembly.



4. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket with the assembly lugs on opposite sides. Verify that the larger openings of the housings (marked NPS) face the larger mating component (NPS side) and that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.



5. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE 707-IJ COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

 Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end cap.



- . The housings' assembly lugs shall be on opposite sides for proper assembly.
- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, as indicated in steps 6 and 7.
- . Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

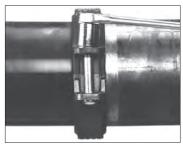
- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



6. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY



- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





7. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.

Helpful Information

Nomir Pipe S		Actual Pipe Outside Diameter		Nut Size	Socket Size	Maximum Allowable
NPS DN/inches	JIS mm	NPS mm/inches	JIS mm	Metric/ inches	mm/ inches	Bolt Torque*
DN200 8	200A	219.1 8.625	216.3	M20 ¾	32 1¼	425 ft-lbs 576 N•m
DN250 10	250A	273.0 10.750	267.4	M22 %	36 1 7/16	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m
DN300 12	300A	323.9 12.750	318.5	M22 %	36 17/16	675 ft-lbs 915 N•m

^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF COUPLINGS FEATURED IN THIS SECTION

Couplings featured in this section can be reassembled by following the instructions below. **NOTE:** For Style 78/78A Snap-Joint™ Couplings and 791 *Vic-Bottless* Couplings, refer to the specific reassembly requirements included at the end of their respective installation instructions.

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nuts of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends.
- Remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- **4.** Check mating component ends and lubricate gasket, as described in the "Preparatory Steps" section on pages 148 149 or the applicable product's installation instructions.
- 5. Reassemble the coupling by following the applicable product's installation instructions.



Standard Coupling for EndSeal™ Grooved-End Mating Components

Installation Instructions
Instructions for Reassembly













- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

A WARNING

- Style HP-70ES Couplings shall be used ONLY with pipe that is prepared
 to Victaulic EndSeal™ "ES" specifications. DO NOT attempt to install Style
 HP-70ES Couplings on pipe that is prepared to any other groove specification.
- Style HP-70ES Couplings SHALL NOT be used for installation of Victaulic Series 700 Butterfly Valves.
- Victaulic EndSeal™ Extra-Strong Fittings shall be used for applications with operating pressures over 1000 psi/69 Bar (for 2 – 6-inch/DN50 – DN150 coupling sizes) and 800 psi/55 Bar (for 8 – 12-inch/DN200 – DN300 coupling sizes).

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



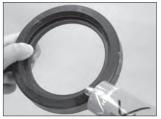
1. CHECK MATING COMPONENT ENDS: The outside surface of the mating components, between the groove and the mating component ends, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic EndSeal™ "ES" groove specifications.

2. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



3. LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



4. POSITION GASKET: The Style HP-70ES gasket is molded with a center leg that fits between the mating component ends. Insert the grooved end of a mating component into the gasket until it contacts the center leg of the gasket.



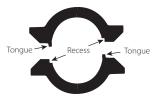
5. JOIN MATING COMPONENTS: Align the centerlines of the two grooved mating component ends. Insert the other mating component end into the gasket until it contacts the center leg of the gasket. NOTE: Verify that no portion of the gasket extends into the groove of either mating component.

! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage.





Exaggerated for clarity

6. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket with the tongue-and-recess features mated properly (tongue in recess). Verify that the housings' keys engage the grooves completely on both mating components.





7. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE OF STYLE HP-70ES COUPLINGS WITH END CAPS:

WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- Victaulic EndSeal™ Extra-Strong End Caps shall be used for applications with operating pressures over 1000 psi/69 Bar (for 2 – 6-inch/DN50 – DN150 coupling sizes) and 800 psi/55 Bar (for 8 – 12-inch/DN200 – DN300 coupling sizes).
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.

▲ WARNING

- The housings' tongue-and-recess features shall be mated properly (tongue in recess)
- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact is achieved, as indicated in steps 8 and 9.
- . Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the hardware.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" section in this handbook and the "Helpful Information" table on the following page.





8. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads.

THE STYLE HP-70ES DOES NOT HAVE A TORQUE REQUIREMENT FOR INSTALLATION.

Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the visual, metal-to-metal bolt pad inspection requirement is achieved.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately. Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines" and "Impact Tool Selection" sections in this handbook, along with the "Helpful Information" table below.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Maximum Allowable Bolt Torque*
2	2.375	5%	1 ½6	235 ft-lbs
DN50	60.3	M16	27	319 N•m
2 ½	2.875	5%	1 ½	235 ft-lbs
	73.0	M16	27	319 N•m
3	3.500	5%	1 1⁄16	235 ft-lbs
DN80	88.9	M16	27	319 N•m
4	4.500	³ / ₄	1 ¼	425 ft-lbs
DN100	114.3	M20	32	576 N•m
6	6.625	⁷ ⁄ ₈	1 ¹⁷ / ₁₆	675 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	M22	36	915 N•m
8	8.625	1	1 5/8	875 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M24	41	1186 N•m
10	10.750	1	1	875 ft-lbs
DN250	273.0	M24		1186 N•m
12	12.750	1	1	875 ft-lbs
DN300	323.9	M24		1186 N•m

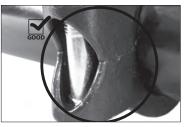
^{*} Maximum allowable bolt torque values have been derived from actual test data

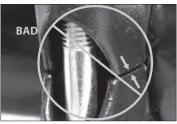
Instructions continue on the following page



- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is tested or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is tested or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





9. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal bolt pad contact is achieved.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY

Style HP-70ES Couplings can be reassembled by following the instructions below.

⚠ WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nuts of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the mating component ends.
- Remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- **4.** Check mating component ends, lubricate gasket, and reassemble the coupling by following all instructions in this section.



Advanced Groove System 455 Couplings for AGS Direct-Grooved Pipe or AGS Vic-Ring Applications

Installation Instructions
Instructions for Reassembly



Style W07 - 49 Rigid Coupling (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes)

Style LW07 - 49 Rigid Coupling (14 – 16-inch/DN350 – DN400 Sizes)

Style W77 - 49 Flexible Coupling (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes)

Style W89 - 49 Rigid Coupling for Direct-Grooved Stainless Steel Pipe or Carbon Steel Pipe Prepared with AGS Vic-Rings (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes)

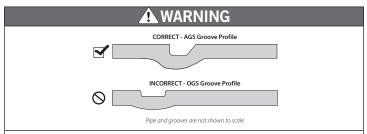
- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

The following installation steps feature photos of a Style W07/LW07 AGS Rigid Coupling on AGS direct-grooved pipe. Note that the same steps apply to installation of the following:

- . Style W77 AGS Flexible Couplings on AGS direct-grooved pipe
- Installation of Style W07 and W77 Couplings on pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings
- . Style W89 AGS Rigid Couplings on AGS direct-grooved stainless steel pipe
- Installation of Style W89 AGS Rigid Couplings on carbon steel pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings



 DO NOT attempt to assemble Style W07/LW07, W77, or W89 AGS Couplings on pipe that is direct-grooved with OGS roll sets.

Failure to follow this instruction will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

STYLE W07/LW07, W77, and W89 COUPLINGS HAVE A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.



1. PREPARE PIPE: Prepare the pipe by following the appropriate "Pipe End Inspection and Preparation" section on pages 26 – 27 in this handbook. Support both pipe lengths securely. Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.

! CAUTION

 A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of each coupling housing to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



2a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



2b. LUBRICATE GASKET AND HOUSINGS: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant, Victaulic Lubricant or silicone grease, to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of both coupling housings

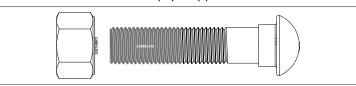
(silicone spray is not a compatible lubricant).



3. POSITION GASKET: Position the gasket over the prepared pipe end. Verify that no portion of the gasket overhangs the prepared pipe end.



4. JOIN PREPARED PIPE ENDS: Align the centerlines of the two prepared pipe ends and bring them to within the appropriate pipe-end separation dimension. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove in each prepared pipe end. Verify that the gasket does not extend into the groove of either prepared pipe end at any point throughout the installation. The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe ends. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe ends.



5. LUBRICATE BOLT THREADS: At the time of hardware installation, apply a thin coat of Victaulic Lubricant or equivalent bolt thread lubricant to the bolt threads, as indicated above. **NOTE:** If stainless steel hardware is special ordered, apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt threads in the same manner indicated above.



! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause damage to the gasket, resulting in joint leakage.



6a. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys completely engage the groove in each prepared pipe end. Maintain support of the housings while preparing to install the lubricated bolts and nuts.

6b. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the lubricated bolts, and thread a nut onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.







OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

7. TIGHTEN NUTS: Tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps during tightening. Continue to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved. Refer to the applicable "Required Torque" and "Helpful Information" tables on the following page. NOTE: It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching. Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer bolt lengths associated with these couplings.

TO PREVENT LUBRICATION FROM DRYING OUT AND CAUSING GASKET PINCHING, ALWAYS BRING THE BOLT PADS INTO METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IMMEDIATELY AFTER ASSEMBLING THE COUPLING ONTO THE PREPARED PIPE ENDS.

⚠ WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until both conditions of metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved.
- Always bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact immediately after assembling the coupling onto prepared pipe ends.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to follow instructions for tightening coupling hardware could result in:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death







8. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section.

Style W07/LW07 and W77 Required Torque

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
14 – 18	14.000 – 18.000	250 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN450	355.6 – 457.2	340 N•m
	14.843 – 24.803	250 ft-lbs
	377.0 – 630.0	340 N•m
20 – 24	20.000 – 24.000	375 ft-lbs
DN500 - DN600	508.0 – 609.6	500 N•m

Style W07/LW07 and W77 Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/Nuts	Nut Size inches/Metric	Socket Size inches/mm
14 – 18 DN350 – DN450	14.000 – 18.000 355.6 – 457.2	2	1 M24	1
	14.843 – 24.803 377.0 – 630.0	2	1 M24	1
20 – 24 DN500 – DN600	20.000 – 24.000 508.0 – 609.6	2	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ ⁄16 41

Style W89 Required Torque

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
14 – 24	14.000 – 24.000	375 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN600	355.6 – 609.6	500 N∙m

Style W89 Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/Nuts		Socket Size inches/mm
14 – 24	14.000 – 24.000	2	1 1/8	1 ¹³ ⁄16
DN350 – DN600	355.6 – 609.6	_	M27	41



INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF COUPLINGS FEATURED IN THIS SECTION

Couplings featured in this section can be reassembled by following the instructions below.

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- 2. Loosen the nuts of the coupling assembly to permit removal of the coupling from the prepared pipe ends.
- 3. Remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket from the housings. Inspect all components for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly.
- **4.** Check prepared pipe ends, lubricate gasket, and reassemble the coupling by following all steps on pages 194 197.

I-100 198

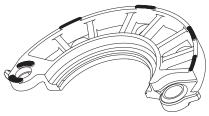
Flange Adapters for OGS Grooved-End Pipe

Installation Instructions



STYLE 441 STAINLESS STEEL *VIC-FLANGE* ADAPTER NOTES

 The Style 441 does not create a rigid connection with the grooved pipe. Some axial, angular, and rotational flexibility of the connection can be expected.



Exaggerated for clarity

- The Style 441 is designed for use with ANSI B16.5 Class 150 raised-face mating
 flanges. When used with a flat-faced flange, the projections on the outside edge and
 around the mating holes of the Style 441 (highlighted above) shall be ground flush to
 the housings' surface. Refer to the "Grinding Instructions for Projections on Style 441
 and 743 Flange Adapters" section on page 223 for complete instructions.
- The Style 441 SHALL NOT be used against rubbercoated surfaces or with wafer- or lug-type valves, with flange washers, or when the Style 441 does not mount flush with the mating flange. For these types of applications, use a No. 445F (flat face) or No. 445R (raised face) Flange Adapter Nipple instead of a Style 441

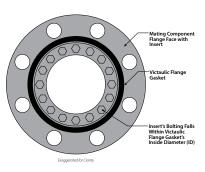


No. 445F and No. 445R Flange Adapter Nipple

- The Style 441 shall not be used as anchor points for tie rods across non-restrained joints.
- If the Style 441 will be used on more than one outlet of an OGS grooved fitting, verify
 that there will not be interference between the flanges prior to installation.
- The Style 441 Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip
 on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the
 lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style
 441 prior to attaching the mating flange.
- STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED) ARE REQUIRED FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF THE STYLE 441. FULLY-THREADED BOLTS SHALL NOT BE USED.
- THE MATING FLANGE SHALL HAVE THE SAME NUMBER OF BOLT HOLES AS THE STYLE 441.

STYLE 441 STAINLESS STEEL *VIC-FLANGE* ADAPTER NOTES (CONTINUED)

- The Style 441 is designed to mate to flanges with a sealing surface roughness
 conforming to ASME B16.5 requirements, without the use of a Victaulic Flange Washer
 and mating flange gasket. When mating to flanged components where the sealing
 surface roughness exceeds ASME B16.5 requirements, Victaulic recommends a
 No. 445F (flat face) or No. 445R (raised face) Flange Adapter Nipple (shown on the
 previous page) instead of a Style 441.
- When mating a Style 441 to piping components (valves, strainers, etc.) where the component flange face has an insert, perform a trial fit with the Victaulic Flange Gasket to determine if the insert's bolting falls within the Flange Gasket's inside diameter (ID), as shown to the right. If the insert's bolting does not fall within the Flange Gasket's ID, Victaulic recommends a No. 445F (flat face) or No. 445R (raised face) Flange Adapter Nipple (shown on the previous page) instead of a Style 441.



NOTICE

- When a Victaulic flange solution is needed to connect components made from
 dissimilar metals, the system shall be reviewed for the potential of galvanic
 corrosion. If warranted, a No. 445F (flat face) or No. 445R (raised face) Flange
 Adapter Nipple (shown on the previous page), a bolt isolation kit, and a phenolic
 flange washer shall be used instead of a Style 441.
- Always reference the bolt isolation kit manufacturer's installation instructions.
 A qualified engineer or system designer shall ultimately review and approve any solution for galvanic protection of a system.









- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Style 441 Stainless Steel *Vic-Flange* Adapters shall be used ONLY with stainless steel pipe that is prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install the Style 441 on pipe that is prepared to any other groove specification.

WARNING

- Style 441 Stainless Steel Vic-Flange Adapters shall be installed only with stainless steel pipe that is prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications.
- Refer to Victaulic publication 17.01 for stainless steel pipe preparation methods, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.
- Victaulic RX grooving rolls shall be used for stainless steel pipe that is designated in Table 1 in Victaulic publication 17.01. Victaulic RX grooving rolls are silver in color and are identified by the "RX" marking on the face.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

1a. CHECK PIPE END: The outside surface of the pipe, between the groove and the pipe end, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

The pipe's outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic OGS groove specifications.

NOTICE

 Verify that there is sufficient clearance behind the groove to permit proper assembly of the Style 441.





1b. CHECK MATING FLANGE: The gray area of the mating flange face (shown to the left) shall be generally free from gouges, undulations, and deformities of any type for proper sealing. Refer to the table below for the required mating flange face sealing surface.

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Mating Flange Face Sealing Surface inches/mm		
Pipe Size inches/DN		"A" Maximum	"B" Minimum	
2	2.375	2.38	3.41	
DN50	60.3	61	87	
21/2	2.875	2.88	3.91	
	73.0	73	99	
3	3.500	3.50	4.53	
DN75	88.9	89	11.5	
4	4.500	4.50	5.53	
DN100	114.3	114	141	
6	6.625	6.63	7.78	
DN150	168.3	168	198	

2. CHECK FLANGE GASKET: Check the Flange Gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table in this handbook. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

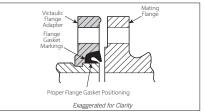
! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the Flange Gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause Flange Gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



3. LUBRICATE FLANGE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table in this handbook. NOTE: This Flange Gasket is designed to provide the sole seal. However, reference shall be made to the "Style 441 Stainless Steel Vic-Flange Notes" section on pages 200 – 201 for special applications.





4. POSITION AND INSTALL FLANGE GASKET: Verify that the Flange Gasket is positioned properly, then install the Flange Gasket onto the pipe end. The Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style 441. Verify that no portion of the Flange Gasket extends into the groove of the pipe end.





5. INSERT A STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLT AT LAP-JOINT BOLT HOLES ON ONE SIDE: Insert a standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolt through the lap-joint bolt holes on one side to create a hinge, as shown to the left. Refer to the "Helpful Information" table on the following page for the required assembly bolt size and length. NOTE: Victaulic does not supply these assembly bolts.



6. INSTALL STYLE 441: Install the hinged Style 441 around the grooved pipe end. Verify that the key section of the housings engages with the groove in the pipe end.



7a. Closure lugs are provided for ease of installation. Clamp both lugs with a wrench or pliers to bring the other lap-joint bolt holes into alignment.



7b. Insert a standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolt through the lap-joint bolt holes on the opposite side.



7c. Verify that the Flange Gasket is still seated properly within the gasket pocket of the Style 441 and that the lettering on the Flange Gasket is not visible when viewing the face of the Style 441

NOTICE

 When using stainless steel hardware, an anti-seize lubricant shall be applied to all bolt threads prior to installation of the nuts.





8. JOIN STYLE 441 AND MATING FLANGE: Insert the assembly bolts, installed in steps 5 and 7b, into the mating flange holes. Tighten a nut onto each bolt to prevent the bolts from pulling out.



9. INSTALL REMAINING STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLT/NUTS:

Insert a standard full-shank diameter assembly bolt through each remaining hole in the Style 441 and mating flange. Tighten a nut onto each bolt.





4-Bolt Tightening Pattern

8-Bolt Tightening Pattern



10. TIGHTEN NUTS: Tighten all nuts evenly in the applicable pattern shown above until metalto-metal contact is achieved between the flange faces or the flange-bolt torque requirement for the mating flange is achieved.

Helpful Information

	Actual Pipe	Standard Full-Shank-Diameter Assembly Bolts/Nuts †					
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches			
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	4	5/8 X 23/4	1 1/16			
21/2	2.875 73.0	4	5⁄8 x 3	1 1/16			
3 DN75	3.500 88.9	4	5⁄8 x 3	1 1/16			
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	8	5⁄8 x 3	1 1/16			
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	8	³⁄4 x 3½	1 1/4			

[†] Victaulic does not supply the standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of Style 441 Stainless Steel *Vic-Flange* Adapters. **Fully-threaded bolts shall not be used**. The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections.



VICTAULIC FLANGE ADAPTER NOTES FOR 12-INCH/DN300 AND SMALLER SIZES

Style 741 Vic-Flange Adapter
Style 841 Vic-Flange Adapter for Potable Water
Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapter
Style 744 FireLock™ Flange Adapter

- Style 741, 841, and 744 housings incorporate small teeth on the ID of the key section
 to resist rotation. These teeth shall be ground flush to the housings' surface when
 the Style 741, 841, and 744 are used with grooved-end Victaulic Series 700 Butterfly
 Valves, Schedule 5 pipe, and plastic pipe. Refer to the "Grinding Instructions for
 Teeth on Style 741, 841, and 744 Flange Adapters" section on page 224 for complete
 instructions.
- The Style 743 is designed for use with ANSI Class 250 and 300 raised-face mating flanges. When used with a flat-faced flange, or when used in a dielectric scenario with a phenolic flange washer, the projections on the outside edge of the Style 743 shall be ground flush to the housings' surface. Refer to the "Grinding Instructions for Projections on Style 441 and 743 Flange Adapters" section on page 223 for complete instructions. NOTE: When a Style 743 is used with a flat-faced flange and a Victaulic Flange Washer, DO NOT grind off these projections.
- The Style 741, 841, 743, and 744 shall not be used as anchor points for tie rods across non-restrained joints.
- If the Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 will be used on more than one outlet of an OGS grooved fitting, verify that there will not be interference between the flanges prior to installation.
- DO NOT attempt to install Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 Flange Adapters on FireLock™ fittings.
- The Style 741, 841, 743, and 744 Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 prior to attaching the mating flange.
- The Style 741 and 841 can be used only on one side of 8-inch/DN200 and smaller Series 700, 705, 707C, 765, and 766 Butterfly Valves that will not interfere with mating components and handle operation.
- Series 461, 700, 705, 707C, 761/861, 765, and 766 Butterfly Valves CANNOT be connected directly to flanged components with Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapters. A No. 46 ANSI 300 groove-by-flange adapter is required for this application.
- Style 741 and 841 Vic-Flange Adapters CANNOT be used on 10 12-inch/ DN250 – DN300 Series 705W Butterfly Valves.
- QuickVicTM Grooved-End Fittings (No. V10, V11, V20) SHALL NOT be used with Vic-Flange Adapters. When connecting to flanged components, a No. V15 or V16 Flanged Elbow shall be used.
- Refer to the "Victaulic Flange Washer Notes" section on the following page for details regarding applications that require a Victaulic Flange Washer.
- STANDARD FULL-SHANK DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED) ARE REQUIRED FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF THE STYLE 741, 841, 743, AND 744. FULLY-THREADED BOLTS SHALL NOT BE USED.
- THE MATING FLANGE SHALL HAVE THE SAME NUMBER OF BOLT HOLES AS THE STYLE 741, 841, 743, OR 744.

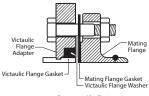


VICTAULIC FLANGE WASHER NOTES FOR 12-INCH/DN300 AND SMALLER SIZES

Style 741 Vic-Flange Adapter
Style 841 Vic-Flange Adapter for Potable Water
Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapter
Style 744 FireLock™ Flange Adapter

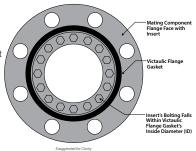
Style 741, 841, 743, and 744 Flange Adapters require a smooth, hard surface at the mating flange face for effective sealing. Some applications, for which these Flange Adapters are otherwise well suited, do not provide an adequate mating surface. In such cases, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall be inserted between the Victaulic Flange Adapter and the mating flange to provide the necessary sealing surface. Refer to the example to the right. NOTE: Style 741, 841, and 744 Flange Washers are different dimensions than Style 743 Flange

Washers. Direct substitution is prohibited.



Exaggerated for Clarity

- The Style 741, 841, 743, and 744 are designed to mate to flanges with a sealing surface roughness conforming to ASME B16.5 requirements, without the use of a Victaulic Flange Washer and mating flange gasket. When mating to flanged components where the sealing surface roughness exceeds ASME B16.5 requirements, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer and appropriate mating flange gasket are recommended.
- When mating a Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 to a rubber-faced or partially rubber-faced (smooth or not) piping component, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall be placed between the valve and the Victaulic Flange Adapter.
- When mating a Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 to piping components (valves, strainers, etc.) where the component flange face has an insert, perform a trial fit with the Victaulic Flange Gasket to determine if the insert's bolting falls within the Flange Gasket's inside diameter (ID), as shown to the right. If the insert's bolting does not fall within the Flange Gasket's ID, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer and appropriate mating flange gasket are recommended.



 When mating two Style 741, 841, 743, 744, or 341 Flange Adapters, the Victaulic Flange Washer shall be placed between the two Victaulic Flange Adapters with the hinge points staggered.

NOTICE

- When a Victaulic flange solution is needed to connect components made from dissimilar metals, the system shall be reviewed for the potential of galvanic corrosion. If warranted, a bolt isolation kit shall be used on the flanged connection, along with a phenolic flange washer (instead of a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer).
- Always reference the bolt isolation kit manufacturer's installation instructions.
 A qualified engineer or system designer shall ultimately review and approve any solution for galvanic protection of a system.



Style 741 - Vic-Flange Adapter (12-inch/DN300 and Smaller Sizes)

Style 841 - Vic-Flange Adapter for Potable Water

Style 743 - Vic-Flange Adapter

Style 744 - FireLock™ Flange Adapter

WARNING CO

- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- FireLock™ products shall be used only in fire protection systems that are
 designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire
 Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent
 standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These
 standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of
 systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

The Style 741, 841, 743, and 744 shall be used ONLY with pipe that is prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these flange adapters on pipe that is prepared to any other groove specification.

1a. CHECK PIPE END: The outside surface of the pipe, between the groove and the pipe end, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

The pipe's outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic OGS groove specifications.





1b. CHECK MATING FLANGE: The gray area of the mating flange face (shown to the left) shall be generally free from gouges, undulations, and deformities of any type for proper sealing. Refer to the table below for the required mating flange face sealing surface.

	1	T	
Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside		e Face Sealing Surface s/mm
Pipe Size	Diameter	"A"	"B"
inches/DN	inches/mm	Maximum	Minimum
2	2.375	2.38	3.41
DN50	60.3	60	87
21/2	2.875	2.88	3.91
	73.0	73	99
DN65*	3.000	3.07	4.05
	76.1	78	103
3	3.500	3.50	4.53
DN80	88.9	89	115
#	4.250	4.33	4.97
	108.0	110	126
4	4.500	4.50	5.53
DN100	114.3	114	141
#	5.250	5.33	6.02
	133.0	135	153
DN125‡	5.500	5.59	6.73
	139.7	142	171
5	5.563	5.56	6.71
	141.3	141	170
*	6.250	6.25	7.36
	159.0	159	187
*	6.500	6.50	7.68
	165.1	165	195
6	6.625	6.63	7.78
DN150	168.3	168	198
8	8.625	8.63	9.94
DN200	219.1	219	252
10	10.750	10.75	12.31
DN250	273.0	273	313
12	12.750	12.75	14.31
DN300	323.9	324	364

^{*} PN10/PN16 and Chinese Standard Table "E" Flange sizes # Chinese Standard Table "E" Flange sizes ‡ PN10/PN16 Flange sizes



NOTICE

- The following installation steps feature photos of a Style 741 Vic-Flange Adapter. However, the same installation steps apply to Style 743 and 841 Vic-Flange Adapters and Style 744 FireLock™ Flange Adapters, except where noted.
- Verify that there is sufficient clearance behind the groove to permit proper assembly of the Style 741, 841, 743, or 744.
- 2. CHECK FLANGE GASKET: Check the Flange Gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table in this handbook. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the Flange Gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior. Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause Flange Gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



3. LUBRICATE FLANGE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table in this handbook. NOTE: This Flange Gasket is designed to provide the sole seal. However, reference shall be made to the "Victaulic Flange Washer Notes" section on page 207 for special applications.





4. POSITION AND INSTALL FLANGE GASKET: Verify that the Flange Gasket is positioned properly, then install the Flange Gasket onto the pipe end. The Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style 741, 841, 743, or 744. Verify that no portion of the Flange Gasket extends into the groove of the pipe end.



5. INSTALL STYLE 741, 841, 743, OR 744: Install the hinged Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 around the grooved pipe end. Verify that the key section of the housings engages with the groove in the pipe end.





6a. FOR STYLE 741, 841, AND STYLE 744 ONLY: Closure lugs are provided for ease of installation. Clamp both lugs with a wrench or pliers to bring the lap-joint bolt holes into alignment.

Style 741, 841, and 744



Style 743



6b. Insert a standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolt through the two lap-joint bolt hole locations, as shown above. Refer to the applicable "Helpful Information" table on pages 212 – 215 for the required assembly bolt size and length. **NOTE:** Victaulic does not supply these assembly bolts.



6c. Verify that the Flange Gasket is still seated properly within the gasket pocket of the Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 and that the lettering on the Flange Gasket is not visible when viewing the face of the Style 741, 841, 743, or 744.

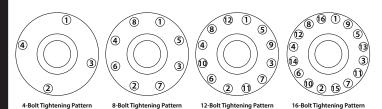


7. JOIN STYLE 741, 841, 743, OR 744 AND MATING FLANGE: Insert the assembly bolts, installed in step 6b, into the mating flange holes. Tighten a nut onto each bolt to prevent the bolts from pulling out.



8. INSTALL REMAINING STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLT/NUTS: Insert a standard full-shank diameter assembly bolt through each remaining hole in the Style 741, 841, 743, or 744 and mating flange. Tighten a nut onto each bolt.







9. TIGHTEN NUTS: Tighten all nuts evenly in the applicable pattern shown above until metal-to-metal contact is achieved between the flange faces or the flange-bolt torque requirement for the mating flange is achieved.

Style 741, 841, and 744 (ANSI Class 125 and 150) and Australian Standard Table "E" Helpful Information

		Standard Full-Shank-Diameter Assembly Bolts/Nuts †				
Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	Numbe Bolts/N Requi	luts	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches		Socket
Pipe Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	Style 741/841#	Style 744	Style 741/841#	Style 744	Size inches
2* DN50	2.375 60.3	4	4	5/8 x 23/4	5/8 x 23/4	1 1/16
21/2	2.875 73.0	4	4	5% x 3	5% x 3	1 1/16
3* DN80	3.500 88.9	4	4	5% x 3	5% x 3	1 1⁄16
4* DN100	4.500 114.3	8	8	5% x 3	5% x 3	1 1⁄16
5	5.563 141.3	8	8	³⁄4 x 3½	³ / ₄ x 3½	1 1/4
6* DN150	6.625 168.3	8	8	³⁄4 x 3½	³ / ₄ x 3½	1 1/4
8* DN200	8.625 219.1	8	8	³⁄4 x 3½	³ / ₄ x 3½	1 1/4
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	12	_	7⁄8 x 4	_	1 1/16
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	12	_	% x 4	_	1 1/16

^{*}Australian Standard Table "E" Flanges are available in these sizes.

NOTE: The Style 741, 841, and 743 provide rigid joints when used on pipe that is cut or roll grooved to Victaulic OGS specifications. Consequently, no linear or angular movement is allowed at the joint.



[†] Victaulic does not supply the standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of the Style 741, 841, and 744. Fully-threaded bolts shall not be used. The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections. Longer bolts are required when the Style 741, 841, and 744 are used with wafer-type valves.

[#] The Style 841 may not be available in all sizes listed.

Style 741 PN10 and PN16 Helpful Information

		Standard Full- Shank-Diameter Assembly Bolts/ Nuts †			Standard Full- Shank-Diameter Assembly Bolts/ Nuts †		
Nominal Pipe Size	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter	No. of Bolts/ Nuts Req.	Bolt/Nut Size x Length mm	Socket Size	No. of Bolts/ Nuts Req.	Bolt/Nut Size x Length mm	Socket Size
DN/inches	mm/inches	PN10	Flanges	mm	PN16	Flanges	mm
DN50 2	60.3 2.375	4	M16 x 70	27	4	M16 x 70	27
DN65	76.1 3.000	4	M16 x 70	27	4	M16 x 70	27
DN80 3	88.9 3.500	8	M16 x 70	27	8	M16 x 70	27
DN100 4	114.3 4.500	8	M16 x 76	27	8	M16 x 76	27
DN125	139.7 5.500	8	M16 x 76	27	8	M16 x 76	27
	159.0 6.250	8	M20 x 89	32	8	M20 x 89	32
	165.1 6.500	8	34 x 3 ½ inch	1¼inch	8	34 x 3 ½ inch	1¼inch
DN150 6	168.3 6.625	8	M20 x 89	32	8	M20 x 89	32
DN200 8	219.1 8.625	8	M20 x 89	32	12	M20 x 89	32
DN250 10	273.0 10.750	12	M20 x 89	32	12	M24 x 90	41
DN300 12	323.9 12.750	12	M20 x 89	32	12	M24 x 90	41

[†] Victaulic does not supply the standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of the Style 741. Fully-threaded bolts shall not be used. The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections. Longer bolts are required when the Style 741 is used with wafer-type valves.

NOTE: The Style 741 provides a rigid joint when used on pipe that is cut or roll grooved to Victaulic OGS specifications. Consequently, no linear or angular movement is allowed at the joint.

Contact Victaulic for information on ISO 2084 (PN10); DIN 2532 (PN10); and JIS B-2210 (10K) flanges.

Style 741 Chinese Standard Table "E" Helpful Information

	Actual Pipe	Standard Full-Shank-Diameter Assembly Bolts/Nuts †		
Nominal Pipe Size DN/inches	Outside Diameter mm/inches	Number of Bolts/Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length mm	Socket Size mm
DN50 2	60.3 2.375	4	M16 x 70	27
DN65	76.1 3.000	4	M16 x 70	27
DN80 3	88.9 3.500	8	M16 x 76	27
	108.0 4.250	8	M16 x 76	27
DN100 4	114.3 4.500	8	M16 x 76	27
	133.0 5.250	8	M16 x 76	27
DN125	139.7 5.500	8	M16 x 76	27
	159.0 6.250	8	M20 x 89	32
	165.1 6.500	8	M20 x 89	32
DN200 8	219.1 8.625	12	M20 x 89	32

[†] Victaulic does not supply the standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of the Style 741. Fully-threaded bolts shall not be used. The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections. Longer bolts are required when the Style 741 is used with wafer-type valves.

NOTE: The Style 741 provides a rigid joint when used on pipe that is cut or roll grooved to Victaulic OGS specifications. Consequently, no linear or angular movement is allowed at the joint.

Contact Victaulic for information on ISO 2084 (PN10); DIN 2532 (PN10); and JIS B-2210 (10K) flanges.

Style 743 (ANSI Class 250 and 300) Helpful Information

	Actual Pipe	Standard Ful Assembly		
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	8	% x 3	1 1/16
21/2	2.875 73.0	8	³ / ₄ x 3 ¹ / ₄	1 1/4
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	8	³ / ₄ x 3½	1 1/4
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	8	³ / ₄ x 3 ³ / ₄	1 1/4
5	5.563 141.3	8	³ / ₄ x 4	1 1/4
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	12	³ / ₄ x 4 ¹ / ₂	1 1/4
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	12	⁷ / ₈ x 4 ³ / ₄	1 7/16
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	16	1 x 5¼	1 %
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	16	1% x 5¾	1 ¹³ ⁄16

[†] Victaulic does not supply the standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of the Style 743. Fully-threaded bolts shall not be used. The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections. Longer bolts are required when the Style 743 is used with wafer-type valves.

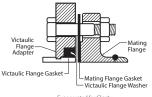
NOTE: The Style 743 provides a rigid joint when used on pipe that is cut or roll grooved to Victaulic OGS specifications. Consequently, no linear or angular movement is allowed at the joint.

VICTAULIC FLANGE ADAPTER NOTES FOR 14 – 24-INCH/DN350 – DN600 SIZES OF STYLE 741 OGS *VIC-FLANGE* ADAPTERS

- The Style 741 shall not be used as anchor points for tie rods across non-restrained joints.
- If the Style 741 will be used on more than one outlet of an OGS grooved fitting, verify that there will not be interference between the flanges prior to installation.
- The Style 741 Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip
 on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the
 lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style
 741 prior to attaching the mating flange.
- Refer to the "Victaulic Flange Washer and Transition Ring Notes" section on the following page for details regarding applications that require a Victaulic Flange Washer or Transition Ring.
- STANDARD FULL-SHANK DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED) ARE REQUIRED FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF THE STYLE 741. FULLY-THREADED BOLTS SHALL NOT BE USED.
- THE MATING FLANGE SHALL HAVE THE SAME NUMBER OF BOLT HOLES AS THE STYLE 741.

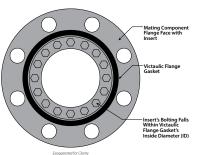
VICTAULIC FLANGE WASHER AND TRANSITION RING NOTES FOR 14 – 24-INCH/DN350 – DN600 SIZES OF STYLE 741 OGS *VIC-FLANGE* ADAPTERS

Style 741 Vic-Flange Adapters require a smooth, hard surface at the mating flange face for effective sealing. Some applications, for which the Style 741 is otherwise well suited, do not provide an adequate mating surface. In such cases, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall be inserted between the Style 741 and the mating flange to provide the necessary sealing surface. Refer to the example to the right.



Exaggerated for Clarity

- The Style 741 is designed to mate to flanges with a sealing surface roughness
 conforming to ASME B16.5 requirements, without the use of a Victaulic Flange Washer
 and mating flange gasket. When mating to flanged components where the sealing
 surface roughness exceeds ASME B16.5 requirements, a standard metallic Victaulic
 Flange Washer and appropriate mating flange gasket are recommended.
- When mating a Style 741 to a rubber-faced or partially rubber-faced (smooth or not) piping component, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall be placed between the valve and the Style 741.
- When mating a Style 741 to piping components (valves, strainers, etc.) where the component flange face has an insert, perform a trial fit with the Victaulic Flange Gasket to determine if the insert's bolting falls within the Flange Gasket's inside diameter (ID), as shown to the right. If the insert's bolting does not fall within the Flange Gasket's ID, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer and appropriate mating flange gasket are recommended.



- When mating two Style 741 Vic-Flange Adapters, the Victaulic Flange Washer shall be placed between the two Victaulic Flange Adapters with the draw bolt locations staggered.
- When mating a Victaulic Style 341 AWWA Vic-Flange Adapter to a Style 741 or W741 in 14 24-inch/DN350 DN600 sizes, the Victaulic Flange Transition Ring, rather than a Victaulic Flange Washer, shall be placed between the two Victaulic Flange Adapters with the draw bolt locations staggered. If the AWWA flange is not a Victaulic Style 341 (i.e. flanged valve), an appropriate mating flange gasket shall be placed against the non-Victaulic flanged component. The standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall then be inserted between the mating flange gasket and the Victaulic Flange Gasket, as shown at the top of this page.

NOTICE

- When a Victaulic flange solution is needed to connect components made from dissimilar metals, the system shall be reviewed for the potential of galvanic corrosion. If warranted, a bolt isolation kit shall be used on the flanged connection, along with a phenolic flange washer (instead of a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer).
- Always reference the bolt isolation kit manufacturer's installation instructions.
 A qualified engineer or system designer shall ultimately review and approve any solution for galvanic protection of a system.





- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Style 741 *Vic-Flange* Adapters shall be used ONLY with pipe that is prepared to Victaulic OGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these flange adapters on pipe that is prepared to any other groove specification.

1a. CHECK PIPE END: The outside surface of the pipe, between the groove and the pipe end, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

The pipe's outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic OGS groove specifications.

THE STYLE 741 ASSEMBLY (14 – 24-INCH/DN350 – DN600 SIZES) HAS A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.



1b. CHECK MATING FLANGE: The gray area of the mating flange face (shown to the left) shall be generally free from gouges, undulations, and deformities of any type for proper sealing. Refer to the table below for the required mating flange face sealing surface.

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside		e Face Sealing Surface s/mm
Pipe Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	"A" Maximum	"B" Minimum
14	14.000	14.00	16.39
DN350	355.6	356	416
16	16.000	16.00	18.39
DN400	406.4	406	467
18	18.000	18.00	20.00
DN450	457.0	457	508
20	20.000	20.00	22.50
DN500	508.0	508	572
24	24.000	24.00	27.75
DN600	610.0	610	705

NOTICE

- Verify that there is sufficient clearance behind the groove to permit proper assembly of the Style 741.
- Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.



2. INSTALL FIRST SEGMENT: Install the first segment onto the pipe. Verify that the segment's key section completely engages the groove. NOTE: On vertical pipe, the segments shall be supported in place until all segments are installed and fastened together. For horizontal pipe, the first segment can be balanced on top of the pipe, as shown to the left.



3. INSTALL ADDITIONAL SEGMENTS:

Install each segment onto the pipe. Install the provided draw bolts into the Style 741, as shown to the left. Thread a provided nut loosely onto each draw bolt. **NOTE:** The nut should be installed at least flush with the end of the draw bolt but loose enough to permit rotation of the Style 741 for bolt hole alignment in later steps. Verify that the key section of all segments completely engages the groove.



4a. CHECK FLANGE GASKET: Check the Flange Gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table in this handbook. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

! CAUTION

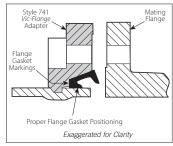
- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the Flange Gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause Flange Gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



4b. LUBRICATE FLANGE GASKET:

Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table in this handbook. NOTE: This Flange Gasket is designed to provide the sole seal. However, reference shall be made to the "Victaulic Flange Washer and Transition Ring Notes" section on page 217 for special applications.

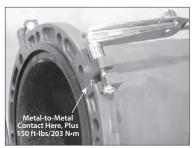




5. POSITION AND INSTALL FLANGE GASKET: Verify that the Flange Gasket is positioned properly, then install the Flange Gasket into the gasket pocket (cavity between the pipe OD and flange recess). The Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style 741.



6. ALIGN 741 AND MATING FLANGE: Rotate the Style 741 on the pipe end, as required, to align the holes with the mating flange.



7. TIGHTEN DRAW BOLT NUTS:

Tighten the draw bolt nuts evenly by alternating draw bolt locations, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps during tightening. Continue to tighten the draw bolt nuts evenly by alternating draw bolt locations until metal-to-metal contact occurs in the area indicated AND a torque of 150 ft-lbs/203 N•m are achieved.

Refer to the "Helpful Information" table on page 222 for the draw bolt/nut sizes and socket sizes. **NOTE:** Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer draw bolt lengths associated with the Style 741.



8. INSTALL STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS AT LAP JOINTS: Install a standard full-shankdiameter assembly bolt into each of the lap-joint bolt holes. Refer to the "Helpful Information" table on page 222 for the required assembly bolt size and length.

NOTE: Victaulic does not supply these assembly bolts.



9. JOIN 741 AND MATING FLANGE: Insert the assembly bolts, installed in

step 8, into the mating flange holes. Tighten a nut onto each bolt to prevent the bolts from pulling out.



10a. INSTALL REMAINING STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS/NUTS: Insert a standard full-shank diameter assembly bolt through each remaining hole in the Style 741 and mating flange. Tighten a nut onto each bolt.





14-inch/DN350 Size



16 – 18-inch/DN400 – DN450 Sizes



20 - 24-inch/DN500 - DN600 Sizes



10b. TORQUE ALL STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS:

Tighten all nuts evenly in the applicable pattern shown above until the required torque value is achieved. Refer to the "Required Torque" table below.

Required Torque

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
14 – 16	14.000 – 16.000	200 – 300 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN400	355.6 – 406.4	271 – 407 N•m
18 – 20	18.000 – 20.000	300 – 400 ft-lbs
DN450 – DN500	457.2 – 508.0	407 – 542 N•m
24	24.000	400 – 500 ft-lbs
DN600	609.6	542 – 678 N•m

Helpful Information

		Standard Full-Shank- Diameter Assembly Bolts/Nuts †			Draw	Bolts/Nut	s §
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/ Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches	Number of Bolts/ Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	12	1 x 4 ½	1 ½	4	5⁄8 x 3 ½	15/16
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	16	1 x 4½	1 ½	4	5% x 3 ½	15/16
18 DN450	18.000 457.2	16	1 1/8 x 4 3/4	1 11/16	4	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8
20 DN500	20.000 508.0	20	1 1/8 x 5 1/4	1 11/16	4	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	20	1 1/4 x 5 3/4	1 1/8	4	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8

[†] Victaulic does not supply the standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of Style 741 *Vic-Flange* Adapters. **Fully-threaded bolts shall not be used.** The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections. Longer bolts are required when the Style 741 is used with wafer-type valves.

[§] Draw bolts/nuts are supplied with all Style 741 sizes listed in this table.



GRINDING INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROJECTIONS ON STYLE 441 AND 743 FLANGE ADAPTERS

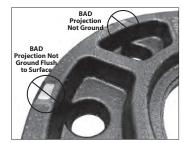
 The areas circled below identify the projections that shall be ground flush on BOTH segments of Style 441 and 743 Flange Adapters ONLY when being mated to flat-faced flanges without the use of a Victaulic Flange Washer, as noted previously. DO NOT grind these projections for any other applications.



Style 743 Shown











GRINDING INSTRUCTIONS FOR TEETH ON STYLE 741, 841, AND 744 FLANGE ADAPTERS

The areas circled below identify the teeth that shall be ground flush on BOTH segments of Style 741, 841, and 744 Flange Adapters ONLY when being mated to grooved-end Series 700 Butterfly Valves, Schedule 5 pipe, and plastic pipe. DO NOT grind these teeth for any other applications.









Advanced Groove System 455 Vic-Flange Adapter for AGS GroovedEnd Pipe

Installation Instructions

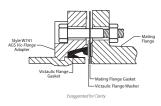


VICTAULIC FLANGE ADAPTER NOTES FOR 14 - 24-INCH/DN350 - DN600 SIZES OF STYLE W741 465 VIC-FLANGE ADAPTERS

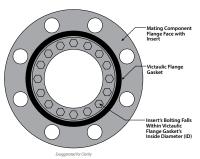
- The Style W741 shall not be used as anchor points for tie rods across non-restrained joints.
- If the Style W741 will be used on more than one outlet of an AGS grooved fitting, verify
 that there will not be interference between the flanges prior to installation.
- The Style W741 Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip
 on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the
 lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style
 W741 prior to attaching the mating flange.
- Refer to the "Victaulic Flange Washer and Transition Ring Notes" section on the following page for details regarding applications that require a Victaulic Flange Washer or Transition Ring.
- STANDARD FULL-SHANK DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED) ARE REQUIRED FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF THE STYLE W741. FULLY-THREADED BOLTS SHALL NOT BE USED.
- THE MATING FLANGE SHALL HAVE THE SAME NUMBER OF BOLT HOLES AS THE STYLE W741.

VICTAULIC FLANGE WASHER AND TRANSITION RING NOTES FOR 14 – 24-INCH/DN350 – DN600 SIZES OF STYLE W741 45 VIC-FLANGE ADAPTERS

Style W741 Vic-Flange Adapters require a smooth, hard surface at the mating flange face for effective sealing. Some applications, for which the Style W741 is otherwise well suited, do not provide an adequate mating surface. In such cases, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall be inserted between the Style W741 and the mating flange to provide the necessary sealing surface. Refer to the example to the right.



- The Style W741 is designed to mate to flanges with a sealing surface roughness
 conforming to ASME B16.5 requirements, without the use of a Victaulic Flange Washer
 and mating flange gasket. When mating to flanged components where the sealing
 surface roughness exceeds ASME B16.5 requirements, a standard metallic Victaulic
 Flange Washer and appropriate mating flange gasket are recommended.
- When mating a Style W741 to a rubber-faced or partially rubber-faced (smooth or not) piping component, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall be placed between the valve and the Style W741.
- When mating a Style W741 to piping components (valves, strainers, etc.) where the component flange face has an insert, perform a trial fit with the Victaulic Flange Gasket to determine if the insert's bolting falls within the Flange Gasket's inside diameter (ID), as shown to the right. If the insert's bolting does not fall within the Flange Gasket's ID, a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer and appropriate mating flange gasket are recommended.



- When mating two Style W741 Vic-Flange Adapters, the Victaulic Flange Washer shall be placed between the two Victaulic Flange Adapters with the draw bolt locations staggered.
- When mating a Victaulic Style 341 AWWA Vic-Flange Adapter to a Style 741 or W741 in 14 24-inch/DN350 DN600 sizes, the Victaulic Flange Transition Ring, rather than a Victaulic Flange Washer, shall be placed between the two Victaulic Flange Adapters with the draw bolt locations staggered. If the AWWA flange is not a Victaulic Style 341 (i.e. flanged valve), an appropriate mating flange gasket shall be placed against the non-Victaulic flanged component. The standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer shall then be inserted between the mating flange gasket and the Victaulic Flange Gasket, as shown at the top of this page.

NOTICE

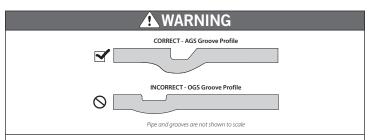
- When a Victaulic flange solution is needed to connect components made from dissimilar metals, the system shall be reviewed for the potential of galvanic corrosion. If warranted, a bolt isolation kit shall be used on the flanged connection, along with a phenolic flange washer (instead of a standard metallic Victaulic Flange Washer).
- Always reference the bolt isolation kit manufacturer's installation instructions.
 A qualified engineer or system designer shall ultimately review and approve any solution for galvanic protection of a system.





- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



 DO NOT attempt to assemble the Style W741 on pipe that is grooved with OGS roll sets.

Failure to follow this instruction will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Style W741 AGS *Vic-Flange* Adapters shall be used ONLY with pipe that is prepared to Victaulic AGS groove specifications. **DO NOT** attempt to install these flange adapters on pipe that is prepared to any other groove specification.

1a. CHECK PIPE END: The outside surface of the pipe, between the groove and the pipe end, shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed. Always verify that the correct groove profile is being used.

The pipe's outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances listed in this handbook for Victaulic AGS groove specifications.

THE STYLE W741 ASSEMBLY HAS A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.





1b. CHECK MATING FLANGE: The gray area of the mating flange face (shown to the left) shall be generally free from gouges, undulations, and deformities of any type for proper sealing. Refer to the table below for the required flange mating face sealing surface.

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside Required Mating Face Sealing inches/mm		
Pipe Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	"A" Max.	"B" Min.
14	14.000	14.00	16.00
DN350	355.6	356	406
16	16.000	16.00	18.00
DN400	406.4	406	457
18	18.000	18.00	20.00
DN450	457.2	457	508
20	20.000	20.00	22.00
DN500	508.0	508	559
24	24.000	24.00	26.00
DN600	609.6	610	660

NOTICE

- Verify that there is sufficient clearance behind the groove to permit proper assembly of the Style W741.
- Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.



2. INSTALL FIRST SEGMENT: Install the first segment onto the pipe.

Verify that the segment's key section completely engages the groove. **NOTE:** On vertical pipe, the first segment shall be supported in place until the second segment is installed and fastened to the first segment. For horizontal pipe, the first segment can be balanced on top of the pipe, as shown to the left.



3. INSTALL SECOND SEGMENT: Install the second segment onto the pipe. Install the provided draw bolts into the Style W741, as shown to the left. Thread a provided nut loosely onto each draw bolt. NOTE: The nut should be installed at least flush with the end of the draw bolt but loose enough to permit rotation of the Style W741 for bolt hole alignment in later steps. Verify that the key section of both segments completely engages the groove.

4a. CHECK FLANGE GASKET: Check the Flange Gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table in this handbook. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



! CAUTION

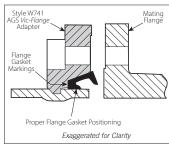
- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the Flange Gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior. Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause Flange Gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



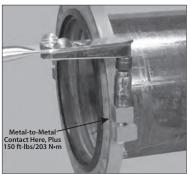
4b. LUBRICATE FLANGE GASKET:

Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant, Victaulic Lubricant or silicone grease, to the Flange Gasket's sealing lips and exterior (silicone spray is not a compatible lubricant). **NOTE:** This Flange Gasket is designed to provide the sole seal. However, reference shall be made to the notes at the beginning of this section for special applications.





5. POSITION AND INSTALL FLANGE GASKET: Verify that the Flange Gasket is positioned properly, then install the Flange Gasket into the gasket pocket (cavity between the pipe OD and flange recess). The Flange Gasket shall always be assembled with the color-coded lip on the pipe and the other lip facing the mating flange. When installed correctly, the lettering on the Flange Gasket will not be visible when viewing the face of the Style W741.



6. ALIGN W741 AND MATING FLANGE:

Rotate the Style W741 on the pipe end, as required, to align the holes with the mating flange.

7. TIGHTEN DRAW BOLT NUTS:

Tighten the draw bolt nuts evenly by alternating draw bolt locations, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps during tightening. Continue to tighten the draw bolt nuts evenly by alternating draw bolt locations until metal-to-metal contact occurs in the area indicated AND a torque of 150 ft-lbs/203 N•m are achieved.

Refer to the "Helpful Information" table on page 232 for the draw bolt/nut sizes and socket sizes. **NOTE:** Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer draw bolt lengths associated with the Style W741.





8. INSTALL STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS AT LAP

JOINTS: Install a standard full-shankdiameter assembly bolt into each of the lap-joint bolt holes. Refer to the "Helpful Information" table on the following page for the required assembly bolt size and length. NOTE: Victaulic does not supply these assembly bolts.

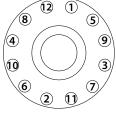


9. JOIN W741 AND MATING FLANGE:

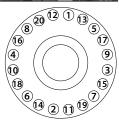
Direct the assembly bolts, installed in step 8, into the mating flange holes. Tighten a nut onto each bolt to prevent the bolts from pulling out.











14-inch/DN350 Size

16 – 18-inch/DN400 – DN450 Sizes

20 - 24-inch/DN500 - DN600 Sizes

10a. INSTALL REMAINING STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS/ NUTS: Insert a standard full-shank diameter assembly bolt through each remaining hole in the Style W741 and mating flange. Tighten a nut onto each bolt.

10b. TORQUE ALL STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS: Tighten all nuts evenly in the applicable pattern shown above until the required torque value is achieved. Refer to the "Required Torque" table on the following page.



Required Torque

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
14 – 16	14.000 – 16.000	200 – 300 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN400	355.6 – 406.4	271 – 407 N•m
18 – 20	18.000 – 20.000	300 – 400 ft-lbs
DN450 – DN500	457.2 – 508.0	407 – 542 N•m
24	24.000	400 – 500 ft-lbs
DN600	609.6	542 – 678 N•m

Helpful Information

		Standard Full-Shank- Diameter Assembly Bolts/Nuts †			Draw	Bolts/Nut	s §
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/ Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches	Number of Bolts/ Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	12	1 x 4 ½	1 ½	2	% x 3½	15/16
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	16	1 x 4½	1 ½	2	% x 3½	¹⁵ /16
18 DN450	18.000 457.2	16	1 1/8 x 4 3/4	1 11/16	2	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8
20 DN500	20.000 508.0	20	1 1/8 x 5 1/4	1 11/16	2	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	20	1 1/4 x 5 3/4	1 1/8	2	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8

[†] Victaulic does not supply the full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapters. Fully-threaded bolts shall not be used. The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections. Longer bolts are required when the Style W741 is used with wafer-type valves.

[§] Draw bolts/nuts are supplied with all Style W741 sizes listed in this table.

Couplings for Plain-End Pipe/Fittings

Installation Instructions
Instructions for Reassembly







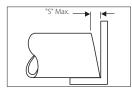


- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- For proper assembly, both pipe/fitting ends shall be the same nominal size, schedule, and pipe material.
- · Victaulic plain-end fittings shall be used with Style 99 Couplings.



1. PREPARE PLAIN-END PIPE: Square cut the plainend pipe ("S" dimension shown) to within:

 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch/0.8 mm for 1 – 6-inch/DN25 – DN150 sizes $\frac{1}{6}$ inch/1.6 mm for 8 – 12-inch/DN200 – DN300 sizes

2. CHECK PIPE/FITTING ENDS: The outside surface of the pipe/fitting ends shall be generally free from indentations and projections, within 1½ inches/38 mm from the ends, to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.



3a. PLACE GASKET-CENTERING MARK ON PIPE/

FITTING ENDS: Using a measuring tape and a bright-colored pencil or paint stick, place a mark 1 inch/25 mm from the pipe/fitting ends. This mark will be used for reference in centering the gasket during installation. Make at least four marks, equally spaced around the circumference of the pipe/fitting ends.



3b. PLACE INSERTION DEPTH MARK ON PIPE/

FITTING ENDS: Refer to the "Pipe/Fitting Insertion Depth Requirements" table on the following page. Using a measuring tape and a bright-colored pencil or paint stick, place an additional mark from the pipe/fitting ends at the measurement listed in this table. This mark will be used for visual inspection to ensure that the pipe/fitting ends are inserted properly into the coupling. Make at least four marks, equally spaced around the circumference of the pipe/fitting ends.



Pipe/Fitting Insertion Depth Requirements

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	Pipe/Fitting Insertion
Pipe Size	Diameter	Depth (2nd Mark)
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/mm
1	1.315	1 ¼
DN25	33.7	32
1 ½	1.900	1 ½
DN40	48.3	38
2	2.375	1 ¾
DN50	60.3	45
21/2	2.875 73.0	1 ¾ 45
DN65	3.000 76.1	1½ 38
3	3.500	1 ¾
DN80	88.9	45
3 ½ DN90	4.000 101.6	1
4	4.500	2 1/8
DN100	114.3	54
DN125	5.500 139.7	1 ¾ 45
5	5.563 141.3	2 ¼ 57
6	6.625	2 ¼
DN150	168.3	57
	6.500 165.1	2 ¼ 57
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	2
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	2
12	12.750	2 ¼
DN300	323.9	57

4. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.

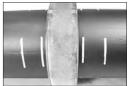


5. LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.





6. INSTALL GASKET: Install the gasket over the pipe/fitting end. **NOTE:** Verify that the gasket does not overhang the pipe/fitting end.



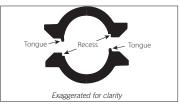
7. JOIN PIPE/FITTING ENDS: Align the centerlines of the two pipe/fitting ends and then bring the pipe/fitting ends together. Slide the gasket into position by centering it between the first set of marks. NOTE: The pipe/fitting ends should be butted; however, if a gap is present between the pipe/fitting ends, the gap shall not exceed ¼ inch/6.4 mm.

! CAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage.





8. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket with the tongue-and-recess features mated properly (tongue in recess). Verify that the housings are centered between the second set of marks. The second set of marks shall indicate full insertion into the coupling. **NOTE:** Style 99 Couplings in 1-inch/DN25, 1½-inch/DN40, DN65, and DN125 sizes do not contain the tongue-and-recess features.



9. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the bolts, and thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt.

For 6 – 12-inch/DN150 – DN300 sizes only, a flat washer shall be installed under each nut.

NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- A No. 61P Bull Plug shall be used for direct connection to a Style 99 Coupling (verify compatibility of the No. 61P with the pipe material selected).
- Another option is to use a plain-end by grooved nipple and then attach an end cap to the grooved side by using a grooved pipe coupling. Contact Victaulic for additional information.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end cap.

A WARNING

- For housings containing tongue-and-recess features, these features shall be mated properly (tongue in recess).
- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in steps 10 and 11 are achieved.
- · Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

 $\rm DO\ NOT\ continue\ to\ tighten\ the\ nuts\ after\ the\ assembly\ requirements\ specified\ in\ steps\ 10\ and\ 11\ are\ achieved.$

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the nuts.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines," "Impact Tool Selection," and "Torque Wrench Selection" sections in this handbook. In addition, refer to the "Assembly Torque Requirements" table on the following page and the "Helpful Information" table on page 239.



10. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides until the gaps are equal at the bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut with a torque wrench. Refer to the "Assembly Torque Requirements" table on the following page and the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately.



▲ WARNING

- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





11. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that proper assembly is achieved, in accordance with step 10.

Assembly Torque Requirements

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Assembly Torque
1	1.315	35 ft-lbs
DN25	33.7	48 N•m
1 ½	1.900	60 ft-lbs
DN40	48.3	81 N•m
2	2.375	150 ft-lbs
DN50	60.3	203 N•m
2 1/2	2.875	150 ft-lbs
	73.0	203 N•m
	3.000	95 ft-lbs
DN65	76.1	129 N•m
3	3.500	200 ft-lbs
DN80	88.9	271 N•m
3 1/2	4.000	200 ft-lbs
DN90	101.6	271 N•m
4	4.500	200 ft-lbs
DN100	114.3	271 N•m
	5.500	160 ft-lbs
DN125	139.7	217 N•m
5	5.563	250 ft-lbs
	141.3	339 N•m
6	6.625	250 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	339 N•m
	6.500	250 ft-lbs
	165.1	339 N•m
8	8.625	250 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	339 N•m
10	10.750	300 ft-lbs
DN350	273.0	407 N•m
12	12.750	350 ft-lbs
DN300	323.9	475 N•m



Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	3/8 M10	1½6 17
1½	1.900	1/2	7/8
DN40	48.3	M12	^{7/8} 22
2	2.375	5/8	1 1/16
DN50	60.3	M16	27
21/2	2.875	5/8	1 1/16
	73.0	M16	27
	3.000	1/2	7/8
DN65	76.1	M12	22
3	3.500	3/4	1 1/4
DN80	88.9	M20	32
3 1/2	4.000	3/4	1 1/4
DN90	101.6	M20	32
4	4.500	3/4	11/4
DN100	114.3	M20	32
DNIAGE	5.500	3/ ₄	1 ¼ 32
DN125	139.7	M20	
5	5.563 141.3	⁷ ⁄ ₈ M22	1
6	6.625	1	1%
DN150	168.3	M24	41
	6.500	.1	1 5/8
	165.1	M24	41
8	8.625	7/8	1 7/16
DN200	219.1	M22	36
10	10.750	7/8	1 7/16
DN350	273.0	M22	36
12	12.750	1	1 1/8
DN300	323.9	M24	41

Continued on the following page



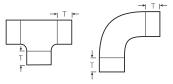
Required Tangent Lengths for Plain-End Pipe Fittings (for Style 99 Couplings)

A WARNING

 The required tangent lengths, listed below, shall be used when connecting Style 99 Couplings to fittings for plain-end pipe.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Style 99 Couplings require sufficient tangent lengths for proper assembly to fittings. The following table applies to all fittings for plain-end pipe used with Style 99 Couplings (elbows, tees, laterals, wyes, crosses, bull plugs, and nipples).



Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Minimum Tangent Length "T" inches/mm
1	1.315	1.25
DN25	33.7	32
1 ½	1.900	1.50
DN40	48.3	38
2	2.375	1.75
DN50	60.3	45
2½	2.875	1.75
	73.0	45
	3.000	1.50
DN65	76.1	38
3	3.500	1.75
DN80	88.9	45
3 1/2	4.000	1.75
DN90	101.6	45
4	4.500	2.00
DN100	114.3	51
	5.500	1.75
DN125	139.7	44.5
5	5.563	2.13
	141.3	54
6	6.625	2.13
DN150	168.3	54
	6.500	2.13
	165.1	54
8	8.625	2.25
DN200	219.1	57
10	10.750	2.25
DN350	273.0	57
12	12.750	2.25
DN300	323.9	57

NOTICE

. For reassembly instructions, refer to page 246.



▲ WARNING









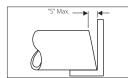


- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

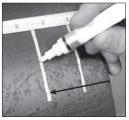
- Style 99 Couplings in 14-inch/DN350 and larger sizes are cast in multiple housings to ease handling.
- For proper assembly, both pipe/fitting ends shall be the same nominal size, schedule, and pipe material.
- . Victaulic plain-end fittings shall be used with Style 99 Couplings.



- 1. PREPARE PLAIN-END PIPE: Square cut the plainend pipe ("S" dimension shown) to within 1/16 inch/1.6 mm.
- 2. CHECK PIPE/FITTING ENDS: The outside surface of the pipe/fitting ends shall be generally free from indentations and projections, within 1½ inches/38 mm from the ends, to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.



3a. PLACE GASKET-CENTERING MARK ON PIPE/ FITTING ENDS: Using a measuring tape and a brightcolored pencil or paint stick, place a mark 1 inch/25 mm
from the pipe/fitting ends. This mark will be used for
reference in centering the gasket during installation.
Make at least four marks, equally spaced around the
circumference of the pipe/fitting ends.



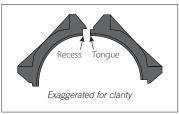
3b. PLACE INSERTION DEPTH MARK ON PIPE/ FITTING ENDS: Refer to the "Pipe/Fitting Insertion
Depth Requirements" table on the following page. Using a measuring tape and a bright-colored pencil or paint stick, place an additional mark from the pipe/fitting ends at the measurement listed in this table. This mark will be used for visual inspection to ensure that the pipe/fitting ends are inserted properly into the coupling. Make at least four marks, equally spaced around the circumference of the pipe/fitting ends.



Pipe/Fitting Insertion Depth Requirements

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	Pipe/Fitting Insertion
Pipe Size	Diameter	Depth (2nd Mark)
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/mm
14 – 18	14.000 – 18.000	2¾
DN350 – DN450	355.6 – 457.0	61





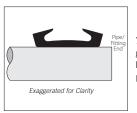
- **4. ASSEMBLE HOUSINGS:** Assemble the housings into two equal halves with the tongue-and-recess features mated properly (tongue in recess), as shown above. Install a bolt into each hole location at the bolt pads. Install a flat washer onto the end of each bolt, then thread a nut finger-tight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Tighten the nuts until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads, then back the nuts off a full turn to provide spacing between the bolt pads.
- 5. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



6. LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant to the gasket sealing lips and exterior. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.



7. INSTALL GASKET: It may be easier to turn the gasket inside out to install it over the pipe/fitting end. NOTE: Verify that the gasket does not overhang the pipe/fitting end.



8. JOIN PIPE/FITTING ENDS: Align the centerlines of the two pipe/fitting ends and then bring the pipe/fitting ends together. If the gasket was turned inside out in step 7, roll the gasket into position and center it between the first set of marks. NOTE: The pipe/fitting ends should be butted; however, if a gap is present between the pipe/fitting ends, the gap shall not exceed ¼ inch/6.4 mm.

! CAUTION

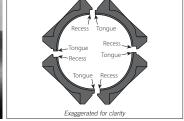
 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage.



9a. INSTALL FIRST PRE-ASSEMBLED HALF: Install the first pre-assembled half over the gasket.





9b. INSTALL REMAINING PRE-ASSEMBLED HALF: Install the remaining pre-assembled half over the gasket. Verify that the tongue-and-recess features are mated properly (tongue in recess) and that the housings are centered between the second set of marks. The second set of marks shall indicate full insertion into the coupling. While supporting the weight of the assembly, install a bolt into each remaining hole location at the bolt pads. Install a flat washer onto the end of each bolt, then thread a nut fingertight onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT



OVAL NECK OF BOLT

A WARNING

 Always read and follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section in this handbook.

Failure to follow the "Victaulic End Cap Installation Safety Instructions" section could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- Use a plain-end by grooved nipple and then attach an end cap to the grooved side by using a grooved pipe coupling. Contact Victaulic for additional information.
- Always confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to working with an end
 cap.

▲ WARNING

- The housings' tongue-and-recess features shall be mated properly (tongue in recess).
- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating bolt pad locations, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in steps 10 and 11 are achieved.
- . Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the assembly requirements specified in steps 4 and 5 are achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the nuts.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines," "Impact Tool Selection," and "Torque Wrench Selection" sections in this handbook. In addition, refer to the "Assembly Torque Requirements" and "Helpful Information" tables on the following page.



10. TIGHTEN NUTS: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating bolt pad locations until the gaps are equal at all bolt pads. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut with a torque wrench. Refer to the "Assembly Torque Requirements" table on the following page and the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately.





- · Visual inspection of each joint is required.
- Improperly assembled joints shall be corrected before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.
- Any components that exhibit physical damage due to improper assembly shall be replaced before the system is filled, tested, or placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.





11. Visually inspect each bolt pad location at every joint to verify that proper assembly is achieved, in accordance with step 10.

Assembly Torque Requirements

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Assembly Torque
14 – 18	14.000 – 18.000	350 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN450	355.6 – 457.0	475 N•m

Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm
14 – 18	14.000 - 18.000	1	1 5/8
DN350 - DN450	355.6 – 457.0	M24	41

Continued on the following page



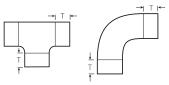
Required Tangent Lengths for Plain-End Pipe Fittings (for Style 99 Couplings)

A WARNING

 The required tangent lengths, listed below, shall be used when connecting Style 99 Couplings to fittings for plain-end pipe.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Style 99 Couplings require sufficient tangent lengths for proper assembly to fittings. The following table applies to all fittings for plain-end pipe used with Style 99 Couplings (elbows, tees, laterals, wyes, crosses, bull plugs, and nipples).



Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	Required Minimum
Pipe Size	Diameter	Tangent Length "T"
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/mm
14 – 18	14.000 – 18.000	2.25
DN350 – DN450	355.6 – 457.0	57

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY OF STYLE 99 COUPLINGS (ALL SIZES)

A WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- 1. Verify that the system is depressurized and drained completely before attempting to disassemble any couplings.
- **2.** Remove the nuts and bolts (and flat washers, if applicable) to permit removal of the coupling housings and gasket from the pipe/fitting ends.
- **3**. Inspect the coupling housings. The teeth inside the coupling housings shall be free from any damage and debris. If any damage or wear is present on the teeth, use a new Victaulic-supplied coupling assembly and proceed to steps 6 and 7 below.

If coupling housings can be reused:

- **4**. Inspect the nuts and bolts (and flat washers, if applicable) for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use new Victaulic-supplied hardware in the appropriate size for the coupling.
- 5. Inspect the gasket for any damage or wear. If any damage or wear is present, use a new Victaulic-supplied gasket in a material grade that is suitable for the intended service.
- 6. Inspect pipe/fitting ends. If pipe ends contain damage or scratches within 1½ inches/38 mm from the ends that cannot be removed by buffing, corrective action shall be taken by cutting off the pipe ends and preparing them in accordance with Steps 1 − 3b on page 234 or 241. Damaged fittings shall be replaced with new Victaulic-supplied fittings.
- **7.** Re-install the coupling by following all instructions on the previous pages for the applicable coupling size.



Hole-Cut Products

Installation Instructions



Style 422 - Stainless Steel Mechanical-T Outlet



- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

The Style 422 Stainless Steel *Mechanical-T* Outlet is designed to provide a direct branch connection.

The female threads of the Style 422 accommodate NPT (standard), BSPP (optional), or BSPT (optional) male pipe threads only. Use of male threaded products with special features, such as probes, dry pendent sprinkler heads, etc., shall be verified as suitable for use with this Victaulic product. Failure to verify suitability in advance may result in assembly issues or leakage, which can compromise system integrity and/or cause property damage.

When the Style 422 is ordered with the BSPP thread option: To create a pressure-tight seal per ISO 228-1, an appropriate seal (such as a bonded seal ring or an o-ring with retaining ring) shall be installed between the two mating surfaces outboard of the threads. NOTE: Victaulic does not supply the bonded seal ring or o-ring with retaining ring.

In addition, the Style 422 is available with Victaulic OGS or StrengThin[™]100 grooved outlets for connection to Victaulic OGS or StrengThin[™]100 grooved piping products.

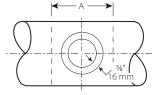
A WARNING

 When cutting an outlet hole for the Style 422, DO NOT cut over a previously welded joint. The outlet hole shall be cut in a location that has not previously been altered or repaired.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause assembly failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- · Victaulic hole cutting tools are recommended for proper outlet hole preparation.
- To prevent contamination, use only hole saws that are designed for use with stainless steel material. DO NOT use a hole saw that was used previously to cut carbon steel pipe.
- Always verify that coupons have been removed from the pipe after the outlet hole cutting process is complete.
- . The Style 422 is designed for use with stainless steel and HDPE pipe.
- DO NOT use the Style 422 on CPVC or PVC plastic pipe.
- DO NOT use the Style 422 in hot tapping applications.
- The first step in the installation process is preparation of the pipe. Proper pipe preparation is required for sealing and performance.
- Pipe shall be supported during the outlet hole cutting process. Place a mark on the pipe at the specified outlet hole location.
- 3. Verify that the correct hole saw is being used to cut the proper sized outlet hole at the specified location on the pipe. Refer to the "Pipe Preparation Dimensions" table on the following page.
- The outlet hole shall be drilled on center and perpendicular to the centerline of the pipe. Improperly cut outlet holes may prevent complete insertion of the locating collar and may prevent the product from sealing on the pipe surface.
- Remove any burrs and sharp edges from the outlet hole. Leftover burrs or sharp edges could affect engagement of the locating collar, flow from the outlet, or sealing of the gasket.
- 6. Verify that the pipe surface within % inch/ 16 mm of the outlet hole is clean, smooth, and generally free from indentations and/or projections that could affect gasket sealing. The pipe around the entire circumference within the "A" dimension shall be generally free from any dirt, scratches, abrasions, or projections that may prevent the housing from seating fully on the pipe. Refer to the drawing to the right.



Pipe Preparation Dimensions

Tipe Freparation Dimension	Minimum Outlet Hole Diameter/	Maximum Allowable Outlet Hole	Surface Preparation "A"
Outlet Size	Hole Saw Size inches/mm	Diameter inches/mm	Dimension inches/mm
All ¾-inch/	11/2	15/8	31/2
26.9-mm outlets	38	41	89
Except for 6 x ¾-inch/	2	21/8	31/2
168.3 x 26.9-mm outlets	51	54	89
Except for 8 x ¾-inch/			
219.1 x 26.9-mm	2¾	27/8	31/2
and 10 x ¾-inch/	70	73	89
273.0 x 26.9-mm outlets			
All 1-inch/	11/2	15/8	31/2
33.7-mm outlets	38	41	89
Except for 6 x 1-inch/	2	21/8	31/2
168.3 x 33.7-mm outlets	51	54	89
Except for 8 x 1-inch/			
219.1 x 33.7-mm	2¾	21/8	31/2
and 10 x 1-inch/	70	73	89
273.0 x 33.7-mm outlets			
All 1½-inch/	2	21/8	4
48.3-mm outlets	51	54	102
Except for 8 x 1 ½-inch/			_
219.1 x 48.3-mm	2¾	2%	4
and 10 x 1 ½-inch/	70	73	102
273.0 x 48.3-mm outlets			
All 2-inch/	2½ 64	25/8 67	4½ 114
60.3-mm outlets	04	0/	114
Except for 8 x 2-inch/	2¾	27/8	41/2
219.1 x 60.3-mm and 10 x 2-inch/	70	278 73	114
273.0 x 60.3-mm outlets	/0	/3	114
All 3-inch/	31/2	35/8	5 1/2
88.9-mm outlets	89	92	140
All 4-inch/	41/2	45/8	61/2
114.3-mm outlets	114	118	165

Installation

! CAUTION

 Verify that pipe is prepared properly in accordance with the instructions on the previous page.

Failure to prepare pipe according to these instructions could cause improper gasket sealing, resulting in leakage and property damage.



1. ASSEMBLE HOUSINGS: Insert a bolt into the two housings. Thread a nut loosely onto the bolt (nut should be flush with end of bolt).





2. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. Inspect the sealing surface of the gasket to verify that no debris is present.

! CAUTION

- DO NOT REMOVE THE GASKET FROM THE UPPER (OUTLET) HOUSING.
- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied ONLY to the exposed sealing surface of the gasket to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- . DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the exposed sealing surface of the gasket.
- When using the Style 422 with HDPE pipe, always consult the pipe manufacturer for lubricant compatibility requirements.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.

3. LUBRICATE GASKET: DO NOT REMOVE THE GASKET FROM THE UPPER (OUTLET) HOUSING. Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant ONLY to the exposed sealing surface of the gasket. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34. When using the Style 422 with HDPE pipe, always consult the pipe manufacturer for lubricant compatibility requirements.





4. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Rotate the lower housing so that it is positioned approximately 90° to the upper (outlet) housing, as shown above. The upper (outlet) housing's locating collar shall be placed into the outlet hole. Rotate the lower housing around the pipe.



5. VERIFY LOCATING COLLAR ENGAGEMENT:

Verify that the locating collar engages the outlet hole properly. Check this engagement by rocking the upper (outlet) housing in the outlet hole.

NOTE: The upper (outlet) housing should be flush to the pipe OD and should not be able to rotate.





6. INSTALL REMAINING BOLT/NUT: Insert the remaining bolt. Thread a nut onto the bolt fingertight. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

▲ WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in step 7 are achieved.
- · Keep hands away from housing openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

 ${\rm DO}$ NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the assembly requirements specified in step 7 are achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the hardware.
 For the 159.0-mm size, a box-end wrench SHALL NOT be used for installation.
- For the 159.0-mm size, a box-end wrench SHALL NOT be used for installation.
 Box-end wrenches do not allow for full engagement of the nut during tightening.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines," "Impact Tool Selection," and
 "Torque Wrench Selection" sections in this handbook. In addition, refer to the
 "Helpful Information and Assembly Torque Requirements" table on the following
 page.







7. TIGHTEN NUTS: Verify that the locating collar is still positioned properly in the outlet hole. Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until the upper (outlet) housing contacts the pipe completely. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut with a torque wrench. Refer to the "Helpful Information and Assembly Torque Requirements" table below and the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire outlet assembly shall be replaced immediately.

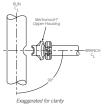
NOTICE

- For grooved outlets, refer to the applicable coupling installation instructions.
- · For threaded outlets, complete the assembly using standard threading practices.

BRANCH CONNECTIONS

If a branch connection is made to the upper (outlet) housing before the *Mechanical-T* is installed on the pipe, verify that the branch connection is 90° to the pipe run before completing the tightening sequence of the Mechanical-T assembly.

 When the Mechanical-T is used as part of a connection between two parallel runs, it shall be assembled onto the runs before the branch connection is made.



Helpful Information and Assembly Torque Requirements

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm	Required Assembly Torques
3 – 4	3.500 – 4.500	½	7/8	50 ft-lbs
DN80 – DN100	88.9 – 114.3	M12	22	68 N•m
6	6.625	5⁄8	1 ½	75 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	M16	27	102 N•m
8	8.625	³ ⁄ ₄	1 ¼	100 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	M20	32	136 N•m











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- The Style 912 FireLock™ Low-Profile Sprinkler-Tee shall be used only in fire
 protection systems that are designed and installed in accordance with current,
 applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.)
 standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building
 and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information
 regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion,
 mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

The Style 912 FireLock™ Low-Profile Sprinkler-Tee is designed with female threads to ISO 7-Rp 1/2 (Rp 1/2 BSPP per BS21) and can accommodate male sprinkler or nozzle threads only. **FOR SPRINKLER OR NOZZLE USE ONLY. DO NOT USE AS A BRANCH OUTLET.** For complete listings and approvals, refer to Victaulic publication 10.53, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

To create a pressure-tight seal per ISO 228-1, an appropriate seal (such as a bonded seal ring or an o-ring with retaining ring) shall be installed between the two mating surfaces outboard of the threads. **NOTE:** Victaulic does not supply the bonded seal ring or o-ring with retaining ring.

Pipe Preparation

A WARNING

 When cutting an outlet hole for the Style 912, DO NOT cut over a previously welded joint. The outlet hole shall be cut in a location that has not previously been altered or repaired.

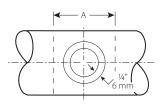
Failure to follow these instructions could cause assembly failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- Victaulic hole cutting tools are recommended for proper outlet hole preparation.
- Always verify that coupons have been removed from the pipe after the outlet hole cutting process is complete.
- The first step in the installation process is preparation of the pipe. Proper pipe preparation is required for sealing and performance.
- Pipe shall be supported during the outlet hole cutting process. Place a mark on the pipe at the specified outlet hole location.



- Verify that the correct hole saw is being used to cut the proper sized outlet hole at the specified location on the pipe. Refer to the "Pipe Preparation Dimensions" table below.
- The outlet hole shall be drilled on center and perpendicular to the centerline of the pipe. Improperly cut outlet holes may prevent complete insertion of the locating collar and may prevent the product from sealing on the pipe surface.
- Remove any burrs and sharp edges from the outlet hole. Leftover burrs or sharp edges could affect engagement of the locating collar, flow from the outlet, or sealing of the gasket.
- 6. Verify that the pipe surface within ¼ inch/6 mm of the outlet hole is clean, smooth, and generally free from indentations and/or projections that could affect gasket sealing. The pipe around the entire circumference within the "A" dimension shall be generally free from any dirt, scratches, abrasions, or projections that may prevent the housing from seating fully on the pipe. Refer to the drawing to the right.



Pipe Preparation Dimensions

	Minimum Outlet	Maximum Allowable	Surface
	Hole Diameter/	Outlet Hole	Preparation
	Hole Saw Size	Diameter	"A" Dimension
	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm
All Outlet	¹⁵ ⁄ ₁₆	1	3
Sizes	24	25	76

Installation

! CAUTION

Verify that pipe is prepared properly in accordance with the instructions on this
page and the previous page.

Failure to prepare pipe according to these instructions could cause improper gasket sealing, resulting in leakage and property damage.



1a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

1b. Inspect the sealing surface of the gasket to verify that no debris is present. Verify that the gasket is seated fully in the gasket pocket.

DO NOT LUBRICATE THE GASKET.





2. ASSEMBLE HOUSINGS: Remove the flange nut and bolt from one side of the Style 912 assembly. Thread the remaining flange nut loosely onto the bolt (flange nut should be flush with end of bolt) to allow for the "swing-over" feature.



3a. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the upper (outlet) housing onto the pipe by centering the locating collar in the outlet hole. To check for proper engagement, slide the upper (outlet) housing back and forth while pushing down. A properly positioned upper (outlet) housing will not be able to rotate around the pipe.

3b. While holding the upper (outlet) housing in place, rotate the lower housing around the pipe. Verify that the locating collar remains seated in the outlet hole.



4. INSTALL REMAINING BOLT/FLANGE NUT:

Insert the remaining bolt through the lower housing and upper (outlet) housing. Thread a flange nut onto the bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

A WARNING

- Flange nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in steps 5 – 6 are achieved.
- . Keep hands away from housing openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten flange nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- Over-compression of the gasket
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the flange nuts after the assembly requirements specified in steps 5-6 are achieved.

. Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.



NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the flange nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- To avoid over-tightening the flange nuts, use a wrench with a maximum length of 8 inches/200 mm.
- Use of an impact tool with this product is discouraged, due to the lower torque required for assembly.







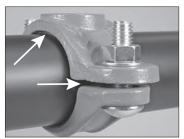


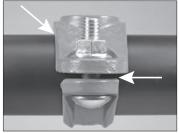
5. TIGHTEN FLANGE NUTS: Verify that the locating collar is still positioned properly in the outlet hole. Tighten the flange nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, to a maximum torque value of 20 ft-lbs/27 N•m to ensure proper gasket compression. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. Refer to the "Helpful Information" table below.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire outlet assembly shall be replaced immediately.

Helpful Information

	Nut Size inches/Metric	Wrench/Socket Size inches/mm
All Sizes	¾ M10	%6 15





6. INSPECT THE ASSEMBLY: When the Style 912 is assembled correctly, the upper (outlet) housing, near the gasket, will not make metal-to-metal contact with the pipe. If there are gaps between the upper (outlet) housing's and lower housing's bolt pads, they shall be equal on both sides of the assembly.



Style 920 - Mechanical-T Outlet Style 920N - Mechanical-T Outlet Style L920N - Mechanical-T Outlet



- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- When the Style 920 or 920N is used in fire protection applications, the system shall be designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Style 920, 920N, and L920N *Mechanical-T* Outlets are designed to provide a direct branch connection.

The female threads of the Style 920 and 920N accommodate standard NPT or BSPT male pipe threads only. The female threads of the Style L920N accommodate standard NPT male pipe threads only. Use of male threaded products with special features, such as probes, dry pendent sprinkler heads, etc., shall be verified as suitable for use with this Victaulic product. Failure to verify suitability in advance may result in assembly issues or leakage, which can compromise system integrity and/or cause property damage.

In addition, the Style 920 and 920N are available with Victaulic OGS grooved outlets for connection to Victaulic OGS grooved piping products.

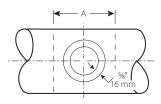
A WARNING

 When cutting an outlet hole for the Style 920 or 920N/L920N, DO NOT cut over a previously welded joint. The outlet hole shall be cut in a location that has not previously been altered or repaired.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause assembly failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- Victaulic hole cutting tools are recommended for proper outlet hole preparation.
- Always verify that coupons have been removed from the pipe after the outlet hole cutting process is complete.
- . DO NOT use the Style 920 or 920N/L920N on CPVC or PVC plastic pipe.
- DO NOT use the Style L920N on HDPE pipe.
- The first step in the installation process is preparation of the pipe. Proper pipe preparation is required for sealing and performance.
- 2. Pipe shall be supported during the outlet hole cutting process. Place a mark on the pipe at the specified outlet hole location.
- 3. Verify that the correct hole saw is being used to cut the proper sized outlet hole at the specified location on the pipe. Refer to the "Pipe Preparation Dimensions" table on the following page.
- 4. The outlet hole shall be drilled on center and perpendicular to the centerline of the pipe. Improperly cut outlet holes may prevent complete insertion of the locating collar and may prevent the product from sealing on the pipe surface.
- Remove any burrs and sharp edges from the outlet hole. Leftover burrs or sharp edges could affect engagement of the locating collar, flow from the outlet, or sealing of the gasket.
- 6. Verify that the pipe surface within % inch/ 16 mm of the outlet hole is clean, smooth, and generally free from indentations and/or projections that could affect gasket sealing. The pipe around the entire circumference within the "A" dimension shall be generally free from any dirt, scratches, abrasions, or projections that may prevent the housing from seating fully on the pipe. Refer to the drawing to the right.



7. Holes for cross assemblies shall be cut on the centerline of the pipe at predetermined locations for each branch, and shall be in line within 1/16 mm of each other. Refer to the "Style 920 or 920N/L920N Cross Assemblies" section on page 263 for additional information.

A WARNING

For proper installation, some new sizes of Style 920N/L920N products require
a different outlet hole size than the Style 920 or Style 921 that they replace.
 Verify that the proper size outlet hole is prepared for the size and style being
installed (refer to the table on the following page for requirements).

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



Pipe Preparation Dimensions

Outlet Size	Minimum Outlet Hole Diameter/ Hole Saw Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Outlet Hole Diameter inches/mm	Surface Preparation "A" Dimension inches/mm
All ½-inch/	1½	1	3½
21.3-mm outlets	38		89
All ¾-inch/	1½	15⁄8	3½
26.9-mm outlets	38	41	89
All 1-inch/	1½	1 ⁵ / ₈	3½
33.7-mm outlets	38	41	89
All 1 ¼-inch/	1¾	1%	4
42.4-mm outlets	44	48	102
All 1½-inch/	2	21/8	4
48.3-mm outlets	51	54	102
Except for Style 920N 2 x 1 ½-inch/ 60.3 x 48.3-mm outlets	1¾ 44	1% 48	4 102
Except for Style L920N 10, 12, 14 x 1 ½-inch/ 273.0, 323.9, 355.6 x 48.3-mm outlets	2¾ 70	2% 73	4 102
All 2-inch/	2½	2%	4½
60.3-mm outlets	64	67	114
Except for Style 920 and L920N 8 x 2-inch/ 219.1 x 60.3-mm outlets	2¾ 70	2% 73	4½ 114
All 2½-inch/	2¾	2%	5
73.0-mm outlets	70	73	127
All 76.1-mm	2¾	2%	5½
outlets	70	73	140
All 3-inch/	3½	35/8	5½
88.9-mm outlets	89	92	140
All 4-inch/	4½	45%	6½
114.3-mm outlets	114	118	165
All 108.0-mm	4½	45/8	6½
outlets	114	118	165

Installation

! CAUTION

 Verify that pipe is prepared properly in accordance with the instructions on page 259.

Failure to prepare pipe according to these instructions could cause improper gasket sealing, resulting in leakage and property damage.



1. ASSEMBLE HOUSINGS: Insert a bolt into the two housings. Thread a nut loosely onto the bolt (nut should be flush with end of bolt).

FOR THREE-SEGMENT STYLE L920N ASSEMBLIES (14 - 16-INCH/DN350 - DN400

SIZES): Assemble the segments loosely (nuts should be threaded no further than flush with the end of the bolts), leaving one bolt and nut off to allow for the lower housings to be rotated around the pipe.



Style 920 Gasket

Tab Tab

Style 920N/L920N Gasket



2. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. Inspect the sealing surface of the gasket to verify that no debris is present.

GASKETS FOR THE STYLE 920 ARE NOT INTERCHANGEABLE WITH GASKETS FOR THE STYLE 920N/L920N. THE CORRECT GASKET IS SHIPPED WITH THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT. Style 920 gaskets have a narrower gasket sealing area and two pronounced alignment tabs for proper positioning inside the housing. Style 920N/L920N gaskets have a wider gasket sealing area. Refer to the photos above for differences between the gaskets.

! CAUTION

- DO NOT REMOVE THE GASKET FROM THE UPPER (OUTLET) HOUSING.
- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied ONLY to the exposed sealing surface of the gasket to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- . DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the exposed sealing surface of the gasket.
- When using the Style 920 or 920N with HDPE pipe, always consult the pipe manufacturer for lubricant compatibility requirements.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.

3. LUBRICATE GASKET: DO NOT REMOVE THE GASKET FROM THE UPPER (OUTLET) HOUSING. Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant ONLY to the exposed sealing surface of the gasket. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34. When using the Style 920 or 920N with HDPE pipe, always consult the pipe manufacturer for lubricant compatibility requirements.





4. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Rotate the lower housing so that it is positioned approximately 90° to the upper (outlet) housing, as shown above. The upper (outlet) housing's locating collar shall be placed into the outlet hole. Rotate the lower housing around the pipe.



5. VERIFY LOCATING COLLAR ENGAGEMENT:

Verify that the locating collar engages the outlet hole properly. Check this engagement by rocking the upper (outlet) housing in the outlet hole.

NOTE: The upper (outlet) housing shall be flush to the pipe OD and must not be able to rotate.



6. INSTALL REMAINING BOLT/NUT: Install the remaining bolt, and thread a nut finger-tight onto the bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

A WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in steps 7 – 7c are achieved
- . Keep hands away from housing openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the nuts after the assembly requirements specified in step 7 and step 7a, 7b, or 7c are achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the hardware.
- For the 159.0-mm size, a box-end wrench SHALL NOT be used for installation.
 Box-end wrenches do not allow for full engagement of the nut during tightening.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines," "Impact Tool Selection," and "Torque Wrench Selection" sections in this handbook. In addition, refer to the applicable "Helpful Information" table on page 264.





7. TIGHTEN NUTS: Verify that the locating collar is still positioned properly in the outlet hole. Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until the upper (outlet) housing contacts the pipe completely. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes.

To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut with a torque wrench, as instructed in step 7a, 7b, or 7c below. Refer to the applicable "Helpful Information" table on the following page and the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook.

7a. FOR ALL SIZES OF STYLE 920/920N AND 2 – 12-INCH/DN50 – DN300 STYLE L920N INSTALLED ON METAL PIPE: The nuts shall be torqued to 50 ft-lbs/68 N•m with even gaps between the bolt pads. DO NOT exceed 70 ft-lbs/95 N•m of torque on the nuts.

7b. FOR 14 – 16-INCH/DN350 – DN400 STYLE L920N INSTALLED ON METAL PIPE: The nuts shall be torqued to 100 ft-lbs/136 N•m with even gaps between the bolt pads.

7c. FOR ALL SIZES OF STYLE 920 AND 920N HDPE PIPE: The nuts shall be torqued to 50 ft-lbs/68 N•m. **NOTE:** When the Style 920 or 920N is used on HDPE pipe, it is normal for the bolt pads to make metal-to-metal contact when the nuts are tightened to 50 ft-lbs/68 N•m. **DO NOT** exceed 70 ft-lbs/95 N•m of torque on the nuts.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire outlet assembly shall be replaced immediately.

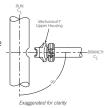
NOTICE

- For grooved outlets, refer to the applicable coupling installation instructions.
- For threaded outlets, complete the assembly using standard threading practices.

BRANCH CONNECTIONS

If a branch connection is made to the upper (outlet) housing before the *Mechanical-T* is installed on the pipe, verify that the branch connection is 90° to the pipe run before completing the tightening sequence of the *Mechanical-T* assembly.

 When the Mechanical-T is used as part of a connection between two parallel runs, it shall be assembled onto the runs before the branch connection is made.



STYLE 920 OR 920N/L920N CROSS ASSEMBLIES

- Cross assemblies can be made ON METAL PIPE ONLY by using two upper (outlet)
 housings of the same size and style. Different branch sizes are allowable.
- DO NOT mix Style 920 upper (outlet) housings with Style 920N/L920N upper (outlet) housings when making cross assemblies.
- · DO NOT make cross assemblies on HDPE pipe.
- The Style L920N in 14 16-inch/DN350 DN400 sizes cannot be installed as a cross assembly.
- Install the cross assembly in accordance with the instructions in this section. Verify that the locating collar on each side is positioned securely inside the outlet hole. Tighten the nuts evenly, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until the two upper (outlet) housings contact the pipe completely. Refer to step 7a on this page for torque requirements.





Style 920 Helpful Information

			·
Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm
DN65	3.000	½	7/ ₈
	76.1	M12	22
	4.250	½	⁷ / ₈
	108.0	M12	22
4	4.500	½	7/ ₈
DN100	114.3	M12	22
	5.250	5⁄8	1 ½
	133.0	M16	27
DN125	5.500	5⁄8	1 ½
	139.7	M16	27
5	5.563	5⁄8	1 ½6
	141.3	M16	27
6	6.625	5⁄8	1 ½
DN150	168.3	M16	27
	6.250	5⁄8	1 ½6
	159.0	M16	27
	6.500	5⁄8	1 ½6
	165.1	M16	27
#	8.515	³ ⁄ ₄	1 ¼
	216.3	M20	32
8	8.625	³ ⁄ ₄	1 ¼
DN200	219.1	M20	32

[#] Applies to JIS metric pipe size 200A (JIS Specification G 3452; G 3454).

Style 920N Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm
2 – 6	2.375 – 6.625	½	7/ ₈
DN50 – DN150	60.3 – 168.3	M12	22
DN65 – DN125	3.000 – 5.500	½	7/ ₈
	76.1 – 139.7	M12	22
	6.250	5⁄8	1 ½6
	159.0	M16	27
	6.500	½	7/8
	165.1	M12	22

Style L920N Helpful Information

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Nut Size inches/ Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/ mm
2 – 6	2.375 - 6.625	½	7/ ₈
DN50 – DN150	60.3 - 168.3	M12	22
8 – 16	8.625 – 16.000	³ / ₄	1 ¼
DN200 – DN400	219.1 – 406.4	20	32



Λ WΔRNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- The Style 922 FireLock™ Outlet-T shall be used only in fire protection systems
 that are designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National
 Fire Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent
 standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These
 standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of
 systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

The Style 922 FireLock™ Outlet-T is designed for direct connection of sprinklers, drop nipples, sprigs, gauges, drains, and other outlet products. For complete listings and approvals, refer to Victaulic publications 10.52 and 10.54, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

The female threads of the Style 922 accommodate standard NPT or BSPT (optional) male pipe threads only. Use of male threaded products with special features, such as probes, dry pendent sprinkler heads, etc., shall be verified as suitable for use with this Victaulic product. Failure to verify suitability in advance may result in assembly issues or leakage, which can compromise system integrity and/or cause property damage.

In addition, the Style 922 is available with a 1-inch/DN25 Victaulic IGS grooved outlet for connection to Victaulic IGS grooved products.

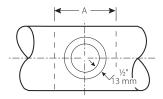
A WARNING

 When cutting an outlet hole for the Style 922, DO NOT cut over a previously welded joint. The outlet hole shall be cut in a location that has not previously been altered or repaired.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause assembly failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- Victaulic hole cutting tools are recommended for proper outlet hole preparation.
- Always verify that coupons have been removed from the pipe after the outlet hole cutting process is complete.
- Contact Victaulic for use on pipe materials other than carbon steel.
- The first step in the installation process is preparation of the pipe. Proper pipe preparation is required for sealing and performance.
- Pipe shall be supported during the outlet hole cutting process. Place a mark on the pipe at the specified outlet hole location.
- Verify that the correct hole saw is being used to cut the proper sized outlet hole at the specified location on the pipe. Refer to the "Pipe Preparation Dimensions" table below.
- 4. The outlet hole shall be drilled on center and perpendicular to the centerline of the pipe. Improperly cut outlet holes may prevent complete insertion of the locating collar and may prevent the product from sealing on the pipe surface.
- Remove any burrs and sharp edges from the outlet hole. Leftover burrs or sharp edges could affect engagement of the locating collar, flow from the outlet, or sealing of the gasket.
- 6. Verify that the pipe surface within ½ inch/ 13 mm of the outlet hole is clean, smooth, and generally free from indentations and/or projections that could affect gasket sealing. The pipe around the entire circumference within the "A" dimension shall be generally free from any dirt, scratches, abrasions, or projections that may prevent the housing from seating fully on the pipe. Refer to the drawing to the right.



Pipe Preparation Dimensions

	Minimum Outlet	Maximum Allowable	Surface
	Hole Diameter/	Outlet Hole	Preparation
	Hole Saw Size	Diameter	"A" Dimension
	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm
All Outlet	1 ³ / ₁₆	1 ¼	3
Sizes	30	32	76



! CAUTION

Verify that pipe is prepared properly in accordance with the instructions on the previous page.

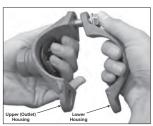
Failure to prepare pipe according to these instructions could cause improper gasket sealing, resulting in leakage and property damage.

1a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



1b. INSTALL GASKET: Inspect the gasket and the gasket pocket to verify that no debris is present. Install the gasket into the gasket pocket, as shown. Press the gasket along the full circumference to ensure that it seats fully in the gasket pocket.

DO NOT LUBRICATE THE GASKET.



2. ASSEMBLE HOUSINGS: Remove the flange nut and bolt from one side of the Style 922 assembly. Thread the remaining flange nut loosely onto the bolt (flange nut should be flush with end of bolt) to allow for the "swing-over" feature.



- 3a. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the upper (outlet) housing onto the pipe by centering the locating collar in the outlet hole. To check for proper engagement, slide the upper (outlet) housing back and forth while pushing down. A properly positioned upper (outlet) housing will not be able to rotate around the pipe.
- **3b.** While holding the upper (outlet) housing in place, rotate the lower housing around the pipe. Verify that the locating collar remains seated in the outlet hole



4. INSTALL REMAINING BOLT/FLANGE NUT:

Insert the remaining bolt through the upper (outlet) housing and lower housing. Thread a flange nut onto the bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



OVAL NECK OF BOLT SEATED PROPERLY



OVAL NECK OF BOLT NOT SEATED PROPERLY

⚠ WARNING

- Flange nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until all assembly requirements specified in steps 5 – 6 are achieved.
- . Keep hands away from housing openings during tightening.

Failure to tighten flange nuts as instructed will cause increased loading of the hardware, resulting in the following conditions:

- . Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Damage to the assembled joint (damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings)
- · Over-compression of the gasket
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- . A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

DO NOT continue to tighten the flange nuts after the assembly requirements specified in steps 5-6 are achieved.

Failure to follow this instruction could result in the conditions listed above.

NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the flange nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching.
- To avoid over-tightening the flange nuts, use a wrench with a maximum length of 8 inches/200 mm.
- Use of an impact tool with this product is discouraged, due to the lower torque required for assembly.





5. TIGHTEN FLANGE NUTS: Verify that the locating collar is still positioned properly in the outlet hole. Tighten the flange nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, to a maximum torque value listed below to ensure proper gasket compression. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt holes. Refer to the "Helpful Information" table below.

For threaded outlets: Tighten the flange nuts to a torque value of 20 ft-lbs/27 N•m maximum.
For grooved outlets: Tighten the flange nuts to a torque value of 35 ft-lbs/48 N•m maximum.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-tightened (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.), the entire outlet assembly shall be replaced immediately.

Helpful Information

	Nut Size inches/Metric	Socket Size inches/mm
All Sizes	³⁄8 M10	%6 15



6. INSPECT THE ASSEMBLY: When the Style 922 is assembled correctly, the upper (outlet) housing, near the gasket, will not make metal-to-metal contact with the pipe. If there are gaps between the upper (outlet) housing's and lower housing's bolt pads, they shall be equal on both sides of the assembly.

Style 924 - Strapless Thermometer Outlet

▲ WARNIN







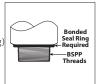




- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- When the Style 923 is used in fire protection applications, the system shall
 be designed and installed in accordance with current, applicable National Fire
 Protection Association (NFPA 13, 13D, 13R, etc.) standards, or equivalent
 standards, and in accordance with applicable building and fire codes. These
 standards and codes contain important information regarding protection of
 systems from freezing temperatures, corrosion, mechanical damage, etc.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- The female threads of the Style 923 accommodate NPT (standard), BSPT (optional), or BSPP (optional) male pipe threads only. Use of male threaded products with special features, such as probes, dry pendent sprinkler heads, etc., shall be verified as suitable for use with this Victaulic product. Failure to verify suitability in advance may result in assembly issues or leakage, which can compromise system integrity and/or cause property damage. For complete listings and approvals for the Style 923, refer to Victaulic publication 11.05, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com
- When the Style 923 is ordered with the BSPP thread option, a BSPT male x BSPP female threaded bushing is supplied: To create a pressure-tight seal per ISO 228-1, an appropriate seal (such as a bonded seal ring or an o-ring with retaining ring) shall be installed between the two mating surfaces outboard of the threads. NOTE: Victaulic does not supply the bonded seal ring or o-ring with retaining ring.



• Victaulic Style 924 Strapless Thermometer Outlets contain UNEF (standard), NPT (optional), or BSPP (optional) branch connection threads to receive industrial thermometers with a 6-inch/152-mm nominal stem length. Use of an industrial thermometer with a stem length shorter than 6 inches/152 mm may result in inaccurate readings. The stem's diameter shall be checked to verify that it will not interfere with installation of the industrial thermometer into the Style 924. NOTE: Some industrial thermometers are provided with a removable thermowell; this thermowell shall be removed before installing the industrial thermometer into the Style 924. Always refer to the industrial thermometer manufacturer's literature for complete information. For complete listings and approvals for the Style 924, refer to Victaulic publication 11.06, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

I-100 270

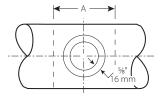
A WARNING

When cutting an outlet hole for the Style 923 or 924, DO NOT cut over a
previously welded joint. The outlet hole shall be cut in a location that has not
previously been altered or repaired.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause assembly failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- Victaulic hole cutting tools are recommended for proper outlet hole preparation.
- Always verify that coupons have been removed from the pipe after the outlet hole cutting process is complete.
- The first step in the installation process is preparation of the pipe. Proper pipe preparation is required for sealing and performance.
- Pipe shall be supported during the outlet hole cutting process. Place a mark on the pipe at the specified outlet hole location.
- Verify that the correct hole saw is being used to cut the proper sized outlet hole at the specified location on the pipe. Refer to the "Pipe Preparation Dimensions" table below
- 4. The outlet hole shall be drilled on center and perpendicular to the centerline of the pipe. Improperly cut outlet holes may prevent complete insertion of the locating collar and may prevent the product from sealing on the pipe surface.
- Remove any burrs and sharp edges from the outlet hole. Leftover burrs or sharp edges could affect engagement of the Style 923 or 924, flow from the outlet, or sealing of the gasket.
- 6. Verify that the pipe surface within % inch/ 16 mm of the outlet hole is clean, smooth, and generally free from indentations and/or projections that could affect gasket sealing. The pipe around the entire circumference within the "A" dimension shall be generally free from any dirt, scratches, abrasions, or projections that may prevent the Style 923 or 924 from seating fully on the pipe. Refer to the drawing to the right.



Pipe Preparation Dimensions

	Minimum Outlet Hole Diameter/ Hole Saw Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Outlet Hole Diameter inches/mm	Surface Preparation "A" Dimension inches/mm
All Outlet	1½	1 %16	3½
Sizes	38	40	89



! CAUTION

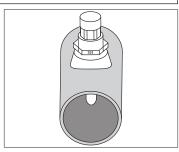
 Verify that pipe is prepared properly in accordance with the instructions on the previous page.

Failure to prepare pipe according to these instructions could cause improper gasket sealing, resulting in leakage and property damage.

NOTICE

 The images in this section show installation of a Style 923 Strapless Outlet; however, the same steps apply to installation of a Style 924 Strapless Thermometer Outlet.





1. CHECK THE STYLE 923 OR 924: Verify that the "923" or "924" marking on the top hex nut is facing toward the curvature of the collar (along pipe axis), as shown above.



2. POSITION ASSEMBLY NUT: Position the lettered face of the assembly nut at the top of the threads, as shown above. DO NOT remove the assembly nut.

3a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. Inspect the sealing surface of the gasket to verify that no debris is present.

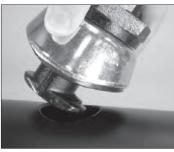
! CAUTION

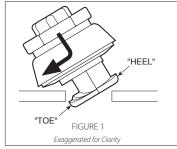
- DO NOT REMOVE THE GASKET FROM THE STYLE 923 OR 924.
- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied ONLY to the exposed sealing surface of the gasket to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant on the exposed sealing surface of the gasket.
 Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





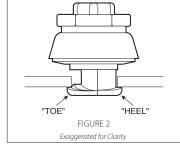
3b. LUBRICATE GASKET: DO NOT REMOVE THE GASKET FROM THE STYLE 923 OR 924. Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant ONLY to the exposed sealing surface of the gasket. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34.





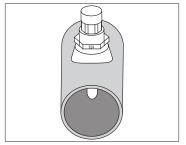
4. INSERT STYLE 923 OR 924: Align the "foot" of the Style 923 or 924 with the pipe. Tilt the "toe" into the outlet hole to insert the Style 923 or 924 (refer to Figure 1 above).





5. POSITION STYLE 923 OR 924: Shift the Style 923 or 924 to position the "heel" inside the pipe. **NOTE:** The heel shall be positioned, as shown in Figure 2 above, to ensure proper performance under operating conditions.





6. HAND-TIGHTEN ASSEMBLY NUT: While holding the collar in position, hand-tighten the assembly nut. Check for proper positioning after tightening by attempting to tilt the Style 923 or 924 in the outlet hole. The Style 923 or 924 should not shift. If shifting occurs, loosen the assembly nut, re-position the Style 923 or 924, and then hand-tighten the assembly nut again. **NOTE:** Verify that the "923" or "924" marking on the top hex nut is still facing toward the curvature of the collar (along pipe axis), as shown above.



7. WRENCH-TIGHTEN ASSEMBLY NUT: Wrenchtighten the assembly nut until the collar deforms and contacts the pipe evenly on all sides. Maintain collar/gasket alignment to prevent gasket pinching. For ½-inch/DN15 and ¾-inch/DN20 outlet sizes: DO NOT exceed 200 ft-lbs/271 N•m.

For 1-inch/DN25, 1¼-inch/DN32, and 1½-inch/DN40 outlet sizes:

DO NOT exceed 380 ft-lbs/515 N•m.

NOTE: For 4 – 8-inch/DN100 – DN200 Style 923 and 924 sizes, a "ratcheting" motion during tightening will assist in maintaining alignment with the collar.

⚠ WARNING

- . The collar shall deform to contact the pipe evenly on all sides.
- For ½-inch/DN15 and ¾-inch/DN20 outlet sizes: DO NOT exceed 200ft-lbs/ 271 N•m of torque on the assembly nut during installation.
- For 1-inch/DN25, 1¼-inch/DN32, and 1½-inch/DN40 outlet sizes: DO NOT exceed 380ft-lbs/515 N•m of torque on the assembly nut during installation.
- DO NOT exceed $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the working pressure during system tests. Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.
- 8. INSPECT THE ASSEMBLY: After wrench-tightening the assembly nut, verify that the curvature of the collar conforms to the curvature of the pipe. In addition, verify that the collar contacts the pipe evenly on all sides and that no portion of the gasket is exposed.



9. MAKE CONNECTION: Make the required connection by using a second wrench on the top hex only. To prevent loosening of the outlet in the outlet hole, DO NOT use the assembly nut for tightening this connection.

NOTICE

 Due to deformation of the collar, the Style 923 and 924 SHALL NOT be reused after initial installation.



A WARNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.

Failure to follow installation requirements and local and national codes and standards could compromise system integrity or cause system failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Style 926 *Mechanical-T* Spigot Outlets are designed to provide a direct branch connection to OGS grooved piping components. For additional details, reference Victaulic publication 11.07, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

The following procedures are for proper assembly of the Style 926 on carbon steel and ductile iron pipe. For proper assembly on HDPE pipe, reference the I-900 Field Installation Handbook, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Pipe Preparation

A WARNING

 When cutting an outlet hole for the Style 926, DO NOT cut over a previously welded joint. The outlet hole shall be cut in a location that has not previously been altered or repaired.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause assembly failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

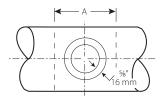
NOTICE

- For steel pipe, a Victaulic hole cutting tool equipped with a Milwaukee ½-inch Hole-Hawg® Drill 300/1200 RPM, or similar hole saw, is recommended for proper outlet hole preparation.
- Always verify that coupons have been removed from the pipe after the outlet hole-cutting process is complete.
- The first step in the installation process is preparation of the pipe. Proper pipe preparation is required for sealing and performance.
- Pipe shall be supported during the outlet hole cutting process. Place a mark on the pipe at the specified outlet hole location.
- 3. Verify that the correct hole saw is being used to cut the proper sized outlet hole at the specified location on the pipe. Refer to the "Pipe Preparation Dimensions" table on the following page.
- 4. The outlet hole shall be drilled on center and perpendicular to the centerline of the pipe. Improperly cut outlet holes may prevent complete insertion of the locating collar and may prevent the product from sealing on the pipe surface.

® Milwaukee Hole-Hawg is a registered trademark of Milwaukee Tool



- Remove any burrs and sharp edges from the outlet hole. Leftover burrs or sharp edges could affect engagement of the locating collar, flow from the outlet, or sealing of the o-ring.
- 6. Verify that the pipe surface within % inch/
 16 mm of the outlet hole is clean, smooth, and generally free from indentations and/or projections that could affect gasket sealing. The pipe around the entire circumference within the "A" dimension shall be generally free from any dirt, scratches, abrasions, or projections that may prevent the strap or Style 926 from seating fully on the pipe. Refer to the drawing to the right.



Pipe Preparation Dimensions

Nominal Outlet Size inches/mm	Minimum Outlet Hole Diameter/ Hole Saw Size inches/mm	Maximum Allowable Outlet Hole Diameter inches/mm	Surface Preparation "A" Dimension inches/mm
4	4½	4 5/8	8
100	115	117	203
6	6 5/8	6¾	10
150	168	171	254
8	8 ¼	8	12
200	210		305

Installation



1. INSERT CROSSBAR: Insert a crossbar into the retaining bracket on both sides of the strap. The flat side of the crossbar shall face away from the open end of the strap, as shown in the profile view in step 3 below.

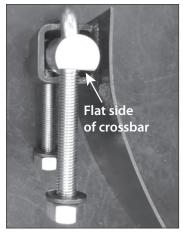


2. INSERT U-BOLT: Insert a U-bolt into the crossbar on both sides of the strap. The threaded ends shall protrude through the flat sides of the crossbars.



3. LOOSELY THREAD NUTS: Place one washer over each end of the U-bolts, then loosely thread a nut over each washer. The nuts shall only be tight enough to hold the assembly in place.

NOTE: Over-tightening may prevent ease of assembly when placing U-bolts over the housing.



! CAUTION

- A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied ONLY to the groove on the underside of the Style 926 housing to help prevent the o-ring from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.
- DO NOT use excessive lubricant in the groove.
- When using the Style 926 with HDPE pipe, always consult the pipe manufacturer for lubricant compatibility requirements.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





4. LUBRICATE GROOVE: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant ONLY to the o-ring groove on the underside of the Style 926 housing. Refer to the "Lubricant Compatibility for Gaskets" table on page 34. When using the Style 926 with HDPE pipe, always consult the pipe manufacturer for lubricant compatibility requirements, and reference the I-900 Field Installation Handbook.

5a. CHECK O-RING: Check the o-ring to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. **Refer to page 32 for the "Gasket Color Code Reference" table. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.** Inspect the o-ring to verify that no debris is present.



5b. INSTALL O-RING: Press the o-ring into the groove on the underside of the Style 926 housing. DO NOT place the o-ring on the pipe and then attempt to push the locating collar through it. This may push the o-ring into the outlet hole, and will prevent proper sealing.



6. PLACE HOUSING: Place the Style 926 housing by inserting the locating collar into the outlet hole in the pipe. Verify that the o-ring remains in the groove on the housing and does not fall into the outlet hole.



7. PLACE STRAP: Push one end of the strap underneath the pipe and hook one U-bolt over the retaining gusset of the Style 926 housing.



8. ATTACH STRAP: On the opposite side of the pipe, pull the second U-bolt up and hook it over the second retaining gusset of the Style 926 housing. **NOTE:** If there is inadequate length to perform this step, loosen the nuts on the U-bolts to lengthen the assembly.





9. POSITION FOR TIGHTENING: Position the U-bolts, crossbars, and strap so that a deep-well socket can fit around all nuts for tightening.

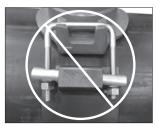
NOTICE

- It is important to tighten the nuts on each U-bolt evenly by alternating between them.
- An impact tool or standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket can be used to tighten the hardware.
- Refer to the "Impact Tool Usage Guidelines," "Impact Tool Selection," and "Torque Wrench Selection" sections in this handbook.



10. TIGHTEN HARDWARE: Using an impact tool or a standard socket wrench with a deep-well socket, tighten both nuts on each U-bolt evenly by alternating between them. Drive one nut no more than ¼ inch/6 mm beyond the location of the second nut on a given U-bolt. To complete the assembly, apply torque to each nut per the table below, with even spacing between the housing and the strap on both sides.

Nominal Outlet Size inches/mm	Pipe Material	Required Torque ft-lbs/N•m	Nut Size inches/Metric	Deep-Well Socket Size inches/mm
4 – 6	Carbon Steel/	75 – 100	5⁄ ₈	1 ½16
100 – 150	Ductile Iron	102 – 136	M16	27
8	Carbon Steel/	150 – 200	⁷ / ₈	1 ½6
200	Ductile Iron	203 – 271	M22	36



NOTE: Over-tightening one nut can cause damage to the threads and may cause the assembly to shift position, as shown to the left.

A WARNING

 DO NOT exceed the maximum specified torque on the nuts. Increased torque will not improve sealing and may cause product failure.

Failure to torque nuts properly could cause product failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

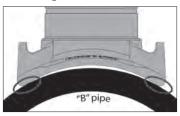






11. INSPECT HARDWARE: Verify that the Style 926 housing is an equal distance from the strap on each side. If the strap hardware does not grip the housing evenly from both sides, the assembly may be pulled out of alignment, causing the housing to angle into the outlet hole and creating improper compression of the o-ring.





12. INSPECT ASSEMBLY CONTACT POINTS: The Style 926 housing shall contact the pipe at a minimum of two separate locations. First, reference the tables below to determine if the pipe size used falls under the "A" or "B" category. Second, see the illustrations above for appropriate points of contact for that category.

Carbon Steel Pipe

4-inch/100-mm Outlet Size							
"A" Pipe	"B" Pipe						
12 inches	10 inches						
300 mm	250 mm						
16 inches	14 inches						
400 mm	350 mm						
22 inches	18 inches						
550 mm	450 mm						
24 inches	20 inches						
600 mm	500 mm						
26 inches	28 inches						
650 mm	700 mm						
_	30 inches 750 mm						
_	32 inches 800 mm						

6-inch/150-mm Outlet Size							
"A" Pipe	"B" Pipe						
16 inches	18 inches						
400 mm	450 mm						
20 inches	26 inches						
500 mm	650 mm						
22 inches	32 inches						
550 mm	800 mm						
24 inches	36 inches						
600 mm	900 mm						
28 inches	48 inches						
700 mm	1200 mm						
30 inches 750 mm	_						
42 inches 1050 mm	<u>-</u>						

8-inch/200-mm Outlet Size						
"A" Pipe	"B" Pipe					
28 inches 700 mm	32 inches 800 mm					
30 inches 750 mm	_					
36 inches 900 mm	-					

Ductile Iron Pipe

	-							
4-inch/100-mm Outlet Size								
"A" Pipe	"B" Pipe							
12 inches	10 inches							
300 mm	250 mm							
16 inches	14 inches							
400 mm	350 mm							
20 inches	18 inches							
500 mm	450 mm							
24 inches	30 inches							
600 mm	750 mm							

6-inch/150-mm Outlet Size							
"A" Pipe	"B" Pipe						
18 inches 450 mm	16 inches 400 mm						
36 inches 900 mm	20 inches 500 mm						
-	24 inches 600 mm						
-	30 inches						

8-inch/200-mm Outlet Size				
"A" Pipe	"B" Pipe			
-	36 inches 900 mm			



End Caps and Test Cap Kit



VICTAULIC END CAP INSTALLATION SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or maintain the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Always depressurize and drain the piping system completely before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or maintain the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Under no circumstances should coupling hardware or any other system component be loosened to check if the system is pressurized or to depressurize the system.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

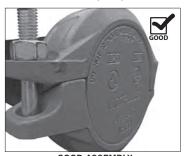
This section provides safety instructions for the installation, use, and removal of Victaulic-manufactured end caps with Victaulic-manufactured couplings in all size ranges and groove profiles, along with other important information that is critical for proper use of Victaulic end caps.

For Installation-Ready™ Couplings, refer to the "NOTICE" on page 284 for important Victaulic end cap marking information.

Always verify that the Victaulic end cap being used is designed for the specific groove profile. For example, the Victaulic No. W60 End Cap shall be used only with Victaulic Advanced Groove System (AGS) products. Refer to the I-W100 Field Installation Handbook for additional information regarding AGS end caps.

When installing, using, or removing a Victaulic end cap, always reference the specific installation instructions in this handbook for the Victaulic coupling that is being used with the Victaulic end cap. For the Victaulic No. T-60 Test Caps, always refer to the additional instructions provided with the kit and that are included on page 286 of this handbook.

After installation, always inspect the assembly to verify proper installation.



GOOD ASSEMBLY

(END CAP IS SEATED WITHIN THE

COUPLING WITH THE CORRECT SIDE

FACING OUT AND COUPLING BOLT PADS

ARE IN METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT)

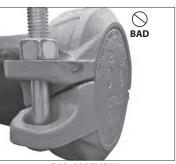


GOOD BOLT ENGAGEMENT (OVAL NECK OF EACH BOLT IS SEATED PROPERLY IN THE BOLT HOLE)

The following conditions are not acceptable and shall be corrected before any system pressure testing occurs.



BAD ASSEMBLY
(INCORRECT SIDE OF END CAP IS
FACING OUT – HARDWARE WILL NOT
BE ABLE TO BE TIGHTENED TO BRING
THE BOLT PADS INTO METAL-TO-METAL
CONTACT)



BAD ASSEMBLY (BOLT PADS ARE NOT IN METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT)



BAD BOLT ENGAGEMENT (OVAL NECK IS NOT SEATED PROPERLY IN THE BOLT HOLE)



NOTICE

For Installation of Victaulic End Caps with Victaulic Installation-Ready Couplings:

- Victaulic Installation-Ready couplings shall be used with specific types of Victaulic end caps. These end caps are identified by markings that are listed below. Always verify that the proper Victaulic end cap is being used.
- When assembling a Victaulic Installation-Ready coupling onto a Victaulic end cap, verify that the end cap is seated fully against the center leg of the gasket.
 For full installation requirements, always refer to the specific instructions in this handbook for the Victaulic coupling.

For Victaulic Style 009N Couplings

 Use only Victaulic FireLock™ No. 006 End Caps containing the "EZ" marking on the inside face or Victaulic No. 60 End Caps containing the "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.

For Victaulic Style 607 Couplings

• Use only Victaulic No. 660 End Caps with the "QV" marking on the inside face.

For All Other Styles of Victaulic Installation-Ready Couplings for the Original Groove System (OGS)

 Use only Victaulic No. 60 End Caps containing the "EZ QV" marking on the inside face.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR NO.T-60 TEST CAPS OR END CAPS INSTALLED FOR SYSTEM PRESSURE TESTING

- Victaulic end caps that are installed for system pressure testing shall be equipped with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized.
- The Victaulic No. T-60 Test Cap should be used whenever possible for purposes
 of system pressure testing. If a Victaulic No. T-60 Test Cap is not available in
 the applicable size, contact Victaulic about ordering a tapped end cap that the
 customer can fit with an appropriately-rated ball valve for the system conditions.
 Under no circumstances should coupling hardware or any other system
 component be loosened to check if the system is pressurized or to depressurize
 the system.
- Before system pressure testing, verify that no valves within the tested system (or portion of the system being tested) are closed in order to prevent pressure from being trapped inadvertently.
- Immediately after completing the system pressure test, the system pressure shall be relieved through an appropriate valve.

NOTICE

A pressure gauge alone is not an acceptable method of verifying system
pressure. Always use a secondary means of verification, such as a second
pressure gauge or valve, to confirm that the system is depressurized in
accordance with national and local codes and standards for the jobsite.



VICTAULIC END CAP REMOVAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



- COUPLING/END CAP MAY BE PRESSURIZED.
- Always depressurize and drain the piping system completely before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or maintain the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Under no circumstances should coupling hardware or any other system component be loosened to check if the system is pressurized or to depressurize the system.
- Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- Depressurize and drain the piping system completely, and verify that there is no residual pressure.
- Loosen the nuts of the coupling slowly and, depending on the orientation of the coupling and end cap, be prepared to support the end cap as it releases from the coupling.

VICTAULIC RECOMMENDS:

- Hydrostatic (water) testing instead of pneumatic (air) testing whenever possible
- Use of a tapped end cap with a pressure-relieving device at each test point location (the No. T-60 Test Cap Kit and made-to-order tapped end caps are available for order through Victaulic)
- Removal of pressure immediately after completing a test (follow all applicable national and local codes and standards for the specific jobsite)
- Lockout/tagout procedures approved by the installing contractor
- Following the testing procedures recommended by technical experts, such as those found in the "Guide to Pressure Testing Safety" published by the Mechanical Contractors Association of America, Inc. (MCAA)

NO. T-60 TEST CAP KIT INSTALLATION AND USE INSTRUCTIONS

A WARNING



- COUPLING/TEST CAP ASSEMBLY MAY BE PRESSURIZED.
- Always depressurize and drain the piping system completely before attempting to loosen the coupling/test cap assembly.
- . Use caution when opening the ball valve.
- Keep face and other body parts away from the ball valve's outlet when attempting to test the system.
- DO NOT tamper with the ball valve. The user is responsible for verifying that
 the test cap assembly is not damaged and is in proper working condition prior
 to use.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- Victaulic recommends installing this test cap assembly with a Style 107N
 QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling or Style 07 Zero-Flex™ Rigid
 Coupling. Follow the instructions in this handbook for the applicable coupling.
- 2. Verify that the ball valve is in the CLOSED position before attempting to pressurize the system.
- 3. After testing is complete, or before attempting to adjust or remove any couplings, slowly open the ball valve to determine if the line is still pressurized. If a continuous stream of fluid or air occurs from the ball valve while it is being opened, the line MUST be depressurized (atmospheric pressure) and drained completely of test media contents before proceeding with removal or adjustment of any couplings.
- ① DO NOT INSTALL A PIPE PLUG IN THE OUTLET OF THE BALL VALVE.
- Test cap assemblies are intended only for temporary use during system testing activities and shall not be installed permanently.
- The user is responsible for inspecting and verifying that all test cap assemblies are suitable for service prior to each use. Inspect the assembly for deformation or cracks in the test cap casting and connecting coupling. Inspect the ball valve for damage, and verify that the threaded connection to the cap is secure. Any damaged components must be replaced immediately.
- Verify that the grooved pipe end does not contain indentations, projections, or roll marks that will interfere with proper coupling/ test cap installation. Any pipe end deformities must be corrected.
- The test cap assembly can be used repeatedly within the maximum rated test pressure of 250 psi/1700 kPa/17 Bar. Test pressure shall not exceed joint rating at point of attachment.

Valve Installation Instructions

Butterfly Valves
Check Valves
Ball Valves
Plug Valves
Gate Valves

A WARNING

- ALWAYS VERIFY THAT MATING COMPONENTS WITH THE CORRECT GROOVE PROFILE ARE BEING USED WITH THE VALVE.
- DO NOT LOOSEN OR TIGHTEN HARDWARE WHEN A VALVE IS PRESSURIZED.
- The system designer is responsible for verifying suitability of mating component
 materials with the intended fluid media. Valve bodies, discs, and other wetted
 components shall be compatible with the material flowing through the piping
 system. Refer to the current Victaulic product publication for the applicable
 valve, or contact Victaulic for details.
- The effect of chemical composition, pH level, operating temperature, chloride level, oxygen level, and flow rate on mating component materials shall be evaluated to confirm system life will be acceptable for the intended service.

Failure to follow these instructions will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



BUTTERFLY VALVES

NOTICE

- To prevent Victaulic Butterfly Valves from rotating in the system, Victaulic recommends installing the valve with at least one Victaulic Rigid Coupling. If two Victaulic Flexible Couplings are used, additional support may be required to eliminate joint deflection or valve rotation at the coupling connection to the piping system.
- When installing a Victaulic Butterfly Valve into the piping system, follow the
 instructions in this handbook for the applicable coupling (refer to the following page
 for additional installation notes). Victaulic Butterfly Valves can be installed in either
 the horizontal or vertical orientations.



DO NOT INSTALL BUTTERFLY VALVES INTO THE SYSTEM WITH THE DISC IN THE FULLY-OPEN POSITION. Exposed disc may be damaged and prevent proper function of the valve.

Verify that no part of the disc protrudes beyond the end of the valve body.

- When using Victaulic Butterfly Valves for throttling service, Victaulic recommends
 positioning the disc no less than 30 degrees open. For best results, the disc should
 be between 30 and 70 degrees open; this is dependent on the flow requirements/
 characteristics for the piping system. High pipeline velocities and/ or throttling with the
 disc less than 30 degrees open may result in noise, vibration, cavitation, severe gasket
 erosion/abrasion, and/or loss of control. Contact Victaulic regarding throttling services.
- Victaulic recommends limiting the flow velocities for water service to 20 feet per second/6 meters per second. Contact Victaulic before installing a butterfly valve when higher flow velocities are necessary or specified. When dealing with flow media other than water, contact Victaulic.
- Victaulic recommends good piping practices by installing the butterfly valve five
 pipe diameters downstream of sources of irregular flow, such as pumps, elbows,
 and control valves. If not practical due to space constraints, the system should be
 designed to locate and orient the valve to minimize the impact of dynamic torque on
 valve life.
- Victaulic Butterfly Valves and connected piping shall be supported properly to prevent the joints from being overloaded. Hanger spacing shall comply with the applicable "Rigid System Hanger Spacing" section of this handbook.
- DO NOT use a Victaulic Butterfly Valve as a support for the piping system.
- Welding to Victaulic Butterfly Valves is not permitted and will void the Victaulic warranty.
- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Butterfly Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized. If the butterfly valve is opened and then closed unknowingly while the end cap is attached, the space between the disc and end cap will be filled and pressurized. A sudden release of energy can occur if the end cap is removed while the space behind it is pressurized. PRESSURE SHALL BE VENTED THROUGH THE END CAP'S BALL VALVE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO REMOVE THE CAP. NOTE: Due to disc clearance dimensions, an end cap directly connected to a Butterfly Valve may prevent the disc from reaching the fully "OPEN" position.



A DANGER



- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Butterfly Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized.
- Pressure shall be vented through the end cap's ball valve before attempting to remove the cap.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Series 461 Vic-300™ MasterSeal™ Stainless Steel Butterfly Valve

 Series 461 Butterfly Valves CANNOT be connected directly to flanged components with Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapters. A No. 46 ANSI 300 groove-by-flange adapter is required for this application.

Series 700 Butterfly Valve

- Style 741/841 Vic-Flange Adapters can be used ONLY on one side of Series 700
 Butterfly Valves that will not interfere with mating components and handle operation.
- Style HP-70ES Couplings SHALL NOT be used for installation of Series 700 Butterfly Valves.

Series 705, 707C, 765, and 766 Butterfly Valves

- Style 741/841 Vic-Flange Adapters can be used ONLY on one side of 8-inch/DN200 and smaller Series 705, 707C, 765, and 766 Butterfly Valves that will not interfere with mating components and handle operation.
- Style 741/841 Vic-Flange Adapters CANNOT be used on 10 12-inch/ DN250 – DN300 Series 705W Butterfly Valves.
- Series 705, 707C, 765, and 766 Butterfly Valves Butterfly Valves CANNOT be connected directly to flanged components with Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapters.
 A No. 46 ANSI 300 groove-by-flange adapter is required for this application.

Series 761 Vic-300™ MasterSeal™ Butterfly Valve

- Style 741/841 Vic-Flange Adapters CAN be used on all sizes of Series 761 Butterfly Valves.
- Series 761 Butterfly Valves CANNOT be connected directly to flanged components with Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapters. A No. 46 ANSI 300 groove-by-flange adapter is required for this application.

Series W761 AGS Vic-300™ MasterSeal™ Butterfly Valve Series W719 AGS Butterfly Valve

- AGS Butterfly Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapters.
- Refer to the "Check Valve Installation Instructions" in this section for additional requirements.



ADJUSTING THE TRAVEL LIMIT STOPS FOR VIC-300™ MASTERSEAL™ BUTTERFLY VALVES WITH GFAR OPERATORS

Adjustment of the travel limit stops can be performed while the system is operational.
 NOTE: Cycling of the valve to test travel limit stop adjustments may affect downstream equipment. Refer to the instructions on this and the following pages for detailed instructions on how to adjust the travel limit stops.

Adjusting and Setting the "SHUT" Travel Limit Stops of the Gear Operator



1. Remove the dust cap from the right side of the gear operator.



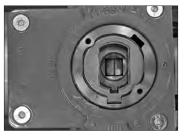


2a. Loosen the hex lock nut (counterclockwise) located on the right side of the gear operator.

2b. Using a hex key wrench, loosen the internal set screw approximately three turns (counterclockwise).

NOTICE

- When using a stem extension kit, additional adjustment may be required to achieve the fully "SHUT" position.
- System pressure upstream of the valve may increase while the valve disc is in the fully "SHUT" position.
- Flow downstream of the valve will be interrupted with the disc in the fully "SHUT" position.



3. Verify that the valve is in the fully "SHUT" position. The fully "SHUT" position can be verified by removing the indicator cap from the top of the gear operator and checking the position indicator on top of the stem, as shown to the left.







- **4a.** Using a hex key wrench, tighten the internal set screw (clockwise) until it contacts the internal quadrant gear.
- **4b.** While holding the internal set screw in position with the hex key wrench, tighten the hex lock nut (clockwise).
- **5.** Verify proper operation of the gear operator by turning the handwheel. Repeat the prior steps of this procedure, if necessary.
- **6.** Replace the dust cap, and follow the "OPEN" travel limit stop adjustment procedure on the following page.

Adjusting and Setting the "OPEN" Travel Limit Stops of the Gear Operator



1. Remove the dust cap from the left side of the gear operator.





2a. Loosen the hex lock nut (counterclockwise) located on the left side of the gear operator.

2b. Using a hex key wrench, loosen the internal set screw approximately three turns (counterclockwise).



3. Turn the handwheel counter-clockwise. Verify that the valve is in the fully "OPEN" position by checking the position indicator on top of the stem, as shown to the left. The position indicator on top of the stem should be 90° from the correctly adjusted "SHUT" position.





4a. Using a hex key wrench, tighten the internal set screw (clockwise) until it contacts the internal quadrant gear.

- **4b.** While holding the internal set screw in position with the hex key wrench, tighten the hex lock nut (clockwise).
- **5.** Verify proper operation of the gear operator by turning the handwheel. Repeat the prior steps of this procedure, if necessary.
- 6. Replace the dust cap and indicator cap.



ADJUSTING THE TRAVEL LIMIT STOPS FOR 10 – 12-INCH/DN250 – DN300 SERIES 765 AND 705 BUTTERFLY VALVES WITH GEAR OPERATORS

Adjustment of the travel limit stops can be performed while the system is operational.
 NOTE: Cycling of the valve to test travel limit stop adjustments may affect downstream equipment. Refer to the instructions on this and the following pages for detailed instructions on how to adjust the travel limit stops.

Adjusting and Setting the "SHUT" Travel Limit Stops of the Gear Operator

1. Turn the handwheel of the gear operator counterclockwise to verify that the valve disc is NOT in the fully "SHUT" position.



2. Remove the dust cap from the right side of the gear operator.



- **3a.** Using a hex key wrench, loosen the internal set screw counterclockwise to increase the distance for disc travel.
- **3b.** Using a hex key wrench, tighten the internal set screw clockwise to decrease the distance for disc travel.

3c. Turn the handwheel of the gear operator in the clockwise direction to place the valve disc in the fully "SHUT" position. Confirm that the valve is providing shutoff service. Repeat steps 3a and 3b, as necessary.

NOTICE

- System pressure upstream of the valve may increase while the valve disc is in the fully "SHUT" position.
- Flow downstream of the valve will be interrupted with the disc in the fully "SHUT" position.



- **4.** With the valve disc in the fully "SHUT" position, tighten the internal set screw (clockwise) with a hex key wrench.
- **5.** Verify proper operation of the gear operator by turning the handwheel.
- **6.** Replace the dust cap, and follow the "OPEN" travel limit stop adjustment procedure on the following page.

Adjusting and Setting the "OPEN" Travel Limit Stops of the Gear Operator

1. Turn the handwheel of the gear operator clockwise to place the valve disc in the slightly "OPEN" position.



2. Remove the dust cap from the left side of the gear operator.



- **3a.** Using a hex key wrench, loosen the internal set screw counterclockwise.
- **3b.** Turn the handle of the gear operator to place the valve disc in the desired "OPEN" position.



- **4.** With the valve disc in the desired "OPEN" position, tighten the internal set screw (clockwise) with a hex key wrench.
- **5.** Verify proper operation of the gear operator by turning the handwheel.
- 6. Replace the dust cap.

CHECK VALVES

NOTICE

- To prevent a Victaulic Check Valve from rotating in the system, Victaulic recommends installing the valve with at least one Victaulic Rigid Coupling. If two Victaulic Flexible Couplings are used, additional support may be required to prevent valve rotation.
- When installing a Victaulic Check Valve into the piping system, follow the instructions in this handbook for the applicable coupling.
- DO NOT use a Victaulic Check Valve as a support for the piping system.
- Placement of check valves too close to sources of unstable flow will shorten the life of the valve and may potentially damage the system. To extend valve life, valves should be installed a reasonable distance downstream from pumps, elbows, expanders, reducers, or other similar devices. Sound piping practices dictate a minimum of five times the pipe diameter for general use. Distances between three and five diameters are allowable, provided the flow velocity is less than 8 feet per second/2.4 meters per second. Distances less than three diameters are not recommended and will violate the Victaulic product warranty. NOTE: These distances do not apply to fire protection installations.

Series 416 and 816 Stainless Steel Check Valves

- Series 416 and 816 Stainless Steel Check Valves can be installed either vertically (flow up) or horizontally with the arrow on the body pointing in the correct direction of flow through the pipeline.
- Series 416 and 816 Stainless Steel Check Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style 441, 741/841, and 743 Flange Adapters.

Series 712, 712S, and 713 Swing Check Valves

- Series 712, 712S, and 713 Swing Check Valves shall be installed with the arrow on the body pointing in the correct direction of flow through the pipeline.
- Series 712, 712S, and 713 Swing Check Valves SHOULD NOT be installed vertically.
- Series 712, 712S, and 713 Swing Check Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style 441, 741/841, and 743 Flange Adapters.

Series 716 and 716H Check Valves

- Series 716/716H Check Valves can be installed either vertically (flow up) or horizontally with the arrow on the body pointing in the correct direction of flow through the pipeline.
- Series 716/716H Check Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style 441, 741/841, and 743 Flange Adapters.
- To aid in lifting the valve during installation, an eye bolt is provided on 10 12-inch/ DN250 – DN300 sizes of Series 716 Check Valves. DO NOT use the eye bolt as a support for the piping system.

Series 717, 717H, 717R, and 717HR FireLock™ Check Valves

- Series 717, 717H, 717R, and 717HR FireLock™ Check Valves can be installed either
 vertically (flow up) or horizontally with the arrow on the body pointing in the correct
 direction of flow through the pipeline.
- Style 741/841 and Style 744 Vic-Flange Adapters can be installed on either end of a Series 717, 717H, 717R, or 717HR FireLock™ Check Valve.

Series 779 Venturi Check Valve

 Series 779 Venturi Check Valves can be installed either vertically (flow up) or horizontally with the arrow on the body pointing in the correct direction of flow through the pipeline.



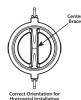
For Series 716/716H Check Valves, Series 717/717H/717R/717HR FireLock™ Check

<u>Valves</u>, and <u>Series 779 Venturi Check Valves</u>: The bushing or pipe plug that retains the shaft/disc shall be located at the top of the valve in horizontal installations (refer to the drawings to the right).





Series 415 Double-Disc Check Valve





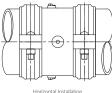


Incorrect Orientation t

- To aid in lifting the valve during installation, an eye bolt is provided on 6-inch/DN150
 and larger sizes of Series 415 Double-Disc Check Valves. DO NOT use the eye bolt as
 a support for the piping system.
- Series 415 Double-Disc Check Valves can be installed either vertically (flow up) or horizontally with the arrow on the body pointing in the correct direction of flow through the pipeline.
- For horizontal installations, the center brace inside the Series 415 Double-Disc Check Valve shall be in the vertical position, as shown above. Failure to install the valve in the proper orientation will cause improper operation.
- Series 415 Double-Disc Check Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style 441, 741/841, and 743 Flange Adapters.
- When connecting a Series 415 Double-Disc Check Valve to a butterfly valve, a pipe spool is required between the two valves to prevent disc interference.
- When a Series 415 Double-Disc Check Valve is placed near a butterfly valve, orient
 the center brace/disc shaft of the Series 415 at right angles to the butterfly valve's
 stem. Failure to do so will cause uneven and unstable flow through the Series 415,
 resulting in noise and reduced valve life.

Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Check Valve







Horizontal Installation Horizontal Installation Horizontal Installation

- Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Check Valves can be installed either vertically (flow up) or horizontally.
- For horizontal installations, the center brace inside the Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Check Valve shall be in the vertical position, as shown above. Failure to install the valve in the proper orientation will cause improper operation.
- Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Check Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapters.
- When connecting a Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Check Valve to an AGS Butterfly Valve, a pipe spool is required between the two valves to prevent disc interference.
- When a Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Check Valve is placed near an AGS Butterfly Valve, orient the center brace/disc shaft of the Series W715 at right angles to the butterfly valve's stem. Failure to do so will cause uneven and unstable flow through the Series W715, resulting in noise and reduced valve life.



BALL VALVES

Series 721 Ball Valve

Series 722/722L Brass Body Ball Valves
Series 723 Three-Port Diverter Ball Valve

Series 726 Ball Valve

Series 726D Super Duplex Ball Valve

Series 726S Stainless Steel Type 316 Ball Valve

Series 727 Ball Valve

Series 728 FireLock™ Ball Valve

VICTAULIC BALL VALVES ARE NOT DESIGNED FOR THROTTLING SERVICES.

- When installing a Victaulic Ball Valve into the piping system, follow the instructions in this handbook for the applicable coupling. For threaded valves, follow standard threading practices for proper installation.
- DO NOT use a Victaulic Ball Valve as a support for the piping system.
- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Ball Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a relief valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized. If the Victaulic Ball Valve is opened and then closed unknowingly while the end cap is attached, the space between the ball and end cap will be filled and pressurized. A sudden release of energy can occur if the end cap is removed while the space behind it is pressurized. PRESSURE SHALL BE VENTED THROUGH THE END CAP'S RELIEF VALVE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO REMOVE THE CAP.

A DANGER



- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Ball Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a relief valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized.
- Pressure shall be vented through the end cap's relief valve before attempting to remove the cap.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Handling

- The valve shall remain in the "OPEN" position during handling.
- Verify that proper lifting equipment is available for handling larger, heavier valve sizes.
 Lift the valve by placing straps around the body. DO NOT lift or suspend the valve by the handle plate, lock plate, or handle.

Storage

- Victaulic strongly recommends indoor storage of the valve. If outdoor storage is required, the valve shall be stored in the original shipping container and then covered completely with a weatherproof tarp.
- The valve shall remain in the "OPEN" position during storage. The valve shall not be stored in a partially-open position.
- The valve shall be stored with the stem in the vertical "UP" position (handwheel or top
 of handle pointing upward).

Maintenance

 Regular maintenance is not required for Victaulic Ball Valves. However, the valve shall be cycled at least once per month or in accordance with jobsite requirements.



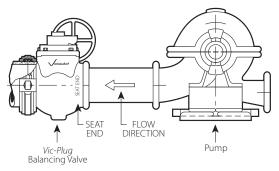
PLUG VALVES

Series 365 Vic-Plug AWWA Plug Valve

- Refer to the operation and maintenance manual supplied with the Series 365 Plug Valve for detailed information regarding valve installation, accessory installation, and maintenance requirements.
- DO NOT use a Series 365 as a support for the piping system.

Series 377 Vic-Plug Balancing Valve

- The Series 377 Vic-Plug Balancing Valve is an eccentric, grooved-end plug valve designed specifically for throttling services.
- Refer to the operation and maintenance manual supplied with the Series 377 Vic-Plug Balancing Valve for detailed information regarding valve installation, accessory installation, and maintenance requirements.
- For 3 12-inch/DN80 DN300 sizes, the Victaulic Style 307 Transition Coupling is available to directly connect the Series 377 to grooved-end steel and other NPS pipe.
 For installing these sizes of Vic-Plug valves into a piping system, follow the instructions for the Style 307 Transition Coupling contained in the I-300 Field Installation Handbook, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



Series 377 Vic-Plug Balancing Valves shall be installed with the seat upstream (closest to the pump discharge)

- DO NOT use a Series 377 as a support for the piping system.
- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Plug Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized. If the plug valve is opened and then closed unknowingly while the end cap is attached, the space between the plug and end cap will be filled and pressurized. A sudden release of energy can occur if the end cap is removed while the space behind it is pressurized. PRESSURE SHALL BE VENTED THROUGH THE END CAP'S BALL VALVE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO REMOVE THE CAP.

A DANGER



- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Plug Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized.
- Pressure shall be vented through the end cap's ball valve before attempting to remove the cap.
 Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

GATE VALVES

Series 371 Open Stem and Yoke (OS&Y) Gate Valve

Series 372 Non-Rising Stem (NRS) Gate Valve

Series 771 OS&Y Gate Valves Series 772 NRS Gate Valves

Series W371 AGS OS&Y Gate Valve

Series W372 AGS NRS Gate Valve

VICTAULIC GATE VALVES ARE NOT DESIGNED FOR THROTTLING SERVICES.

- Verify that there is adequate clearance around the valve for operating and maintenance activities.
- The valve can be mounted in vertical and horizontal runs. For horizontal pipe, the
 valve shall be installed with the stem in the vertical "UP" position (handwheel pointing
 upward).
- Verify that proper pipe supports are in place to prevent strain on the valve. The piping shall be laid out so that no thrust or bending forces act on the valve body during operation.
- DO NOT use a Victaulic Gate Valve as a support for the piping system.
- Verify that the piping is aligned and supported properly before attempting to install the valve.
- When painting a piping system, DO NOT apply paint to the stem and bolts/nuts.
- DO NOT stand on or use the handwheel as a support point.
- DO NOT over-torque the handwheel to force the valve into the "OPEN" or "CLOSED" position. Refer to the "Torque Limitations" table on the following page.
- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Gate Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized. If the gate valve is opened and then closed unknowingly while the end cap is attached, the space between the gate and end cap will be filled and pressurized. A sudden release of energy can occur if the end cap is removed while the space behind it is pressurized. PRESSURE SHALL BE VENTED THROUGH THE END CAP'S BALL VALVE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO REMOVE THE CAP.

▲ DANGER



- When directly connecting a Victaulic End Cap to a Victaulic Gate Valve, use only a tapped end cap with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized.
- Pressure shall be vented through the end cap's ball valve before attempting to remove the cap.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Handling

- . The valve shall remain in the "CLOSED" position during handling.
- To prevent damage to the seats and sealing surfaces of the valve body, the plastic shipping caps shall remain in place until the time of installation.
- Verify that proper lifting equipment is available for handling larger, heavier valve sizes.
 Lift the valve by placing straps around the body. DO NOT lift or suspend the valve by the handwheel.

Storage

- Victaulic strongly recommends indoor storage of the valve. If outdoor storage is
 required, the valve shall be stored in the original shipping container and then covered
 completely with a weatherproof tarp.
- The shipping caps shall remain in place to prevent debris from entering the valve body during storage.
- · The valve shall remain in the "CLOSED" position during storage.



GATE VALVES (CONTINUED)

Installation

NOTICE

- To prevent a Victaulic Gate Valve from rotating in the system, Victaulic recommends installing the valve with at least one Victaulic Rigid Coupling. If two Victaulic Flexible Couplings are used, additional support may be required to prevent valve rotation.
- Prior to installation, check the valve for any damage. DO NOT use the valve if any damage is present.
- Remove the plastic shipping caps from the valve body. To prevent damage to the sealing surfaces of the valve body, DO NOT use any sharp instruments to remove the shipping caps.
- **3.** Verify that the valve is in the "CLOSED" position.
- 4. Follow the instructions in this handbook for the applicable coupling.
- 5. Place the system into service after all installation requirements have been met.

Operation

 Operate the valve by turning the handwheel in the counter-clockwise direction (top view) to the "OPEN" position, then by turning the handwheel in the clockwise direction (top view) to the "CLOSED" position. Repeat this process several times to verify proper operation. NOTE: When the valve is in the fully "OPEN" position, turn the handwheel a quarter turn in the clockwise direction to prevent the stem/threads from locking up due to thermal expansion.

Torque Limitations

Nominal Pipe Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Maximum Torque to Reach Fully "OPEN" Position or Fully "CLOSED" Position
21/2	2.875 73.0	38 ft-lbs 52 N•m
	3.000	38 ft-lbs
DN65	76.1	52 N•m
3	3.500	38 ft-lbs
DN80	88.9	52 N•m
4	4.500	65 ft-lbs
DN100	114.3	88 N•m
	5.500	106 ft-lbs
DN125	139.7	144 N•m
	6.500	106 ft-lbs
	165.1	144 N•m
6	6.625	106 ft-lbs
DN150	168.3	144 N•m
8	8.625	180 ft-lbs
DN200	219.1	244 N•m
10 – 12	10.750 – 12.750	300 ft-lbs
DN250 – DN300 273.0 – 323.9		407 N•m
14 – 16	14.000 – 16.000	400 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN400	355.6 – 406.4	545 N•m

Inspection

Inspect the valve on a frequency required by the building owner or their representative.

- Verify that there is no leakage from the gland. If necessary, tighten the nuts at the gland flange evenly by alternating sides. Tighten the nuts ONLY to the point where leakage stops. Overtightening the packing can make the valve difficult to operate.
- 2. If the handwheel becomes loose, open the valve by turning the handwheel one to two turns in the counterclockwise direction, then tighten the handwheel nut.



Fire Pump Test Meter

Installation Instructions

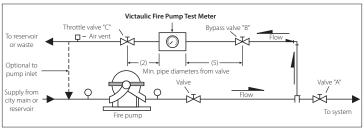


SERIES 735 FIRE PUMP TEST METER

Victaulic Series 735 Fire Pump Test Meters are designed specifically for test fire pumps, in accordance with NFPA 20 and 25 guidelines. The Series 735 contains grooved ends for installation with Victaulic couplings that are FM Approved. The maximum working pressure for Model "L" Series 735 Fire Pump Test Meters is 175 psi/1200 kPa, and the Model "S" is rated to 500 psi/3450 kPa.

To ensure proper installation and accurate flow readings, all sizes of Series 735 Fire Pump Test Meters have a minimum straight-pipe requirement of five diameters upstream and two diameters downstream from any valve or fitting (refer to the drawing below).

NOTE: The Series 735 can be installed either horizontally or vertically.



Operating Instructions for Victaulic Series 735 Fire Pump Test Meters

- 1. Close the system valve "A."
- 2. Fully open the bypass valve "B" and throttle valve "C."
- 3. Purge the meter located on the Series 735 Fire Pump Test Meter as follows: Open station shutoff valves (below meter) and vent valves (above meter). When a steady stream of water passes through each plastic hose, the meter is purged of air. Close all valves after the air is purged.
- 4. Start the fire pump and read the meter in gpm (m³/hr).
- 5. Refer to the gpm requirement for the pump and adjust the throttle valve to achieve various flow readings. Record the gpm, suction pressure, and discharge pressures, etc., in accordance with NFPA 20 and 25 guidelines and the requirements established by the local authority having jurisdiction.
- After the test is complete, open the system valve "A" and then close the bypass valve "B" and throttle valve "C."

Resources

English and Metric Conversion Chart

Convert Imperial (U.S.) to Metric											
	Convert Metric to Imperial (U.S.)										
25.4	×	inch (in)	⇔	millimeter (mm)	×	0.03937					
0.3048	×	feet (ft)	⇔	meter (m)	×	3.281					
0.4536	×	pound mass (lb)	\Leftrightarrow	kilogram (kg)	×	2.205					
28.35	×	ounce (oz)	⇔	gram (g)	×	0.03527					
6.894	×	pound per square inch (psi)	\Leftrightarrow	⇔ kilopascal × (kPa)		0.145					
.069	×	pound per square inch (psi)	⇔	⇔ Bar ⇔ (bar)		14.5					
4.45	×	pound force (lbf)	⇔	newton (N)	×	0.2248					
1.356	×	pound-foot (lbf-ft)	⇔	Newton-meter (N•m)	×	0.738					
(F – 32) ÷ 1.	8	Fahrenheit (°F)	⇔	Celsius (°C)	((C + 17.78) × 1.8					
745.7	×	Horsepower (hp)	⇔	Watts (W)	×	1.341 × 10 ⁻³					
3.785	×	Gal. per Min. (GPM)	⇔	Liters per min. (L/min)	×	0.2642					
0.0038	×	Gal. per Min. (GPM)	\Leftrightarrow	Cubic Meters per min. (m³/min)	×	264.2					

Minutes Converted to Decimals of a Degree

Minutes	Degrees	Minutes Degrees	
1	.0166	16	.2666
2	.0333	17	.2833
3	.0500	18	.3000
4	.0666	19	.3166
5	.0833	20	.3333
6	.1000	21	.3500
7	.1166	22	.3666
8	.1333	23	.3833
9	.1500	24	.4000
10	.1666	25	.4166
11	.1833	26	.4333
12	.2000	27	.4500
13	.2166	28	.4666
14	.2333	29	.4833
15	.2500	30	.5000

Minutes	Degrees
31	.5166
32	.5333
33	.5500
34	.5666
35	.5833
36	.6000
37	.6166
38	.6333
39	.6500
40	.6666
41	.6833
42	.7000
43	.7166
44	.7333
45	.7500

Minutes	Degrees
46	.7666
47	.7833
48	.8000
49	.8166
50	.8333
51	.8500
52	.8666
53	.8833
54	.9000
55	.9166
56	.9333
57	.9500
58	.9666
59	.9833
60	1.0000

ANSI Commercial Pipe Sizes

or Commo	ercial	i ipe	Size	. 3							
XX Strong				0.294	0.308	0.358	0.382	0.400	0.436	0.552	0.600
Sch. 160	_		ı	0.188	0.219 5.6	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.281	0.344	0.375	0.438
Sch. 140											I
Sch. 120	_				_				ı		ı
Sch. 100		ı	ı	ı					ı		ı
Sch. 80	0.095	0.119	0.126	0.147	0.154	0.179	0.191	0.200	0.218	0.276	0.300
Extra Strong	0.095	0.119	0.126	0.147	0.154	0.179	0.191	0.200	0.218	0.276	0.300
Sch. 60	-	ı	ı	ı			I		ı	ı	
Sch. 40	0.068	0.088	0.091	0.109	0.113	0.133	0.140	0.145	0.154	0.203	0.216
Std.	0.068	0.088	0.091	0.109	0.113	0.133	0.140	0.145	0.154	0.203	0.216
Sch. 30											1
Sch. 20										ı	ı
Sch. 10		ı	ı	ı					ı		1
Sch. 10S	0.049	0.065	0.065	0.083	0.083	0.109	0.109	0.109	0.109	0.120 3.0	0.120
Sch. 5S				0.065	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.065	0.083	0.083
Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	0.405 10.3	0.540	0.675	0.840 21.3	1.050 26.9	1.315 33.7	1.660 42.4	1.900 48.3	2.375 60.3	2.875 73.0	3.500
Nominal Pipe Size inches	1/8	1/4	3%	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	2	21/2	м
	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Outside Outside Diameter Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Outside Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Outside Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Outside inches/mm Sch. Col. Col. Sch. Col. <th>Actual ripe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.</th> <th>Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.</th> <th>Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.</th> <th>Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.</th>	Actual ripe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.	Actual Pipe Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch. Sch.



ANSI Commercial Pipe Sizes

_												
	XX Strong		0.674	0.750	0.864 21.9	0.875 22.2	1.000	1.000	ı	ı		ı
	Sch. 160	I	0.531	0.625	0.719 18.3	0.906	1.125 28.6	1.312	1.406	1.594 40.5	1.781	1.969
	Sch. 140	I	I	ı	ı	0.812 20.6	1.000	1.125	1.250	1.438	1.562	1.750
nes/mm	Sch. 120	I	0.438	0.500	0.562	0.719 18.3	0.844 21.4	1.000	1.094 27.8	1.219	1.375	1.500
Thickness – inches/mm	Sch. 100	-				0.594	0.719	0.844 21.4	0.938 23.8	1.031 26.2	1.156 29.4	1.281
Thickne	Sch. 80	0.318	0.337 8.6	0.375	0.432	0.500	0.594	0.688	0.750	0.844 21.4	0.938 23.8	1.031
	Extra Strong	0.318	0.337 8.6	0.375 9.5	0.432	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
	Sch. 60	I	_	_	_	0.406 10.3	0.500	0.562	0.594	0.656 16.7	0.750	0.812 20.6
	Sch. 40	0.226	0.237	0.258	0.280 7.1	0.322 8.2	0.365 9.3	0.406	0.438	0.500	0.562	0.594
	Std.	0.226	0.237 6.0	0.258	0.280 7.1	0.322 8.2	0.365 9.3	0.375	0.375	0.375 9.5	0.375	0.375
s/mm	Sch. 30	I		I	I	0.277 7.0	0.307 7.8	0.330	0.375	0.375	0.438	0.500
Nominal Wall – inches/mm	Sch. 20	I	_	_	_	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.375
nal Wall	Sch. 10	I		ı	I	-	_	I	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4
Nomi	Sch. 10S	0.120	0.120 3.0	0.134	0.134 3.4	0.148 3.8	0.165	0.180	0.188	0.188	0.188	0.218
	Sch. 5S	0.083	0.083	0.109	0.109	0.109	0.134	0.156	0.156	0.165	0.165	0.188
Size	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	4.000 101.6	4.500 114.3	5.563 141.3	6.625 168.3	8.625 219.1	10.750 273.0	12.750 323.9	14.000 355.6	16.000 406.4	18.000 457.0	20.000 508.0
Si	Nominal Pipe Size inches	3 1/2	4	5	9	8	10	12	14	16	18	20



ANSI Commercial Pipe Sizes

AN	SI Commo	erciai	Pipe	SIZE	25						
	XX Strong						I				ı
	Sch. 160	2.125 54.0	2.344 59.5	ı		_	I				
	Sch. 140	1.875 47.6	2.062 52.4	I			I				
nes/mm	Sch. 120	1.625 41.3	1.812 46.0				I				1
Thickness – inches/mm	Sch. 100	1.375 34.9	1.531 38.9				I				ı
Thickne	Sch. 80	1.125 28.6	1.219 31.0	1.313 33.4	_	_	-	-		-	
	Extra Strong	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
	Sch. 60	0.875	0.969		I	_	I		ı	ı	-
	Sch. 40	-	0.688	-	I	_	0.688	0.688	0.750	ı	I
	Std.	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	ı	-
s/mm	Sch. 30	0.500	0.562		0.625	0.625	0.625	0.625 15.9	0.625	ı	I
– inche	Sch. 20	0.375 9.5	0.375 9.5	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.375 9.5	0.375 9.5
Nominal Wall – inches/mm	Sch. 10	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9		I
Nomi	Sch. 10S	0.218 5.5	0.250 6.4			0.312 7.9					
	Sch. 5S	0.188	0.218 5.5	I	I	0.250 6.4		I			I
Size	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	22.000 559.0	24.000 610.0	26.000 660.4	28.000 711.0	30.000 762.0	32.000 813.0	34.000 863.6	36.000 914.0	42.000 1067.0	48.000 1219.0
Si	Nominal Pipe Size inches	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	42	48



Decimal Equivalents of Fractions

Decimal Equivalents of Fractions				
Fraction in inches	Decimal Equivalent inches	Decimal Equivalent millimeters		
1/64	0.016	0.397		
1/32	0.031	0.794		
3/64	0.047	1.191		
1/16	0.063	1.588		
5/64	0.781	1.984		
3/32	0.094	2.381		
7/64	0.109	2.778		
1/8	0.125	3.175		
9/64	0.141	3.572		
5/32	0.156	3.969		
11/64	0.172	4.366		
3/16	0.188	4.763		
13/64	0.203	5.159		
7/32	0.219	5.556		
15/64	0.234	5.953		
1/4	0.250	6.350		
17/64	0.266	6.747		
%32	0.281	7.144		
19/64	0.297	7.541		
5/16	0.313	7.938		
21/64	0.328	8.334		
1/3	0.333	8.467		
11/32	0.344	8.731		
23/64	0.359	9.128		
3/8	0.375	9.525		
25/64	0.391	9.922		
13/32	0.406	10.319		
27/64	0.422	10.716		
7/16	0.438	11.113		
29/64	0.453	11.509		
15/32	0.469	11.906		
1/2	0.500	12.700		

Fraction in inches	Decimal Equivalent inches	Decimal Equivalent millimeters
33/64	0.516	13.097
17/32	0.531	13.494
35/64	0.547	13.891
9/16	0.563	14.288
37/64	0.578	14.684
19/32	0.594	15.081
39/64	0.609	15.478
5/8	0.625	15.875
41/64	0.641	16.272
21/32	0.656	16.669
43/64	0.672	17.066
11/16	0.688	17.463
45/64	0.703	17.859
23/32	0.719	18.256
47/64	0.734	18.653
3/4	0.750	19.050
49/64	0.766	19.447
25/32	0.781	19.844
51/64	0.797	20.241
¹³ / ₁₆	0.813	20.638
53/64	0.828	21.034
27/32	0.844	21.431
55/64	0.859	21.828
7/8	0.875	22.225
57/64	0.891	22.622
29/32	0.906	23.019
59/64	0.922	23.416
¹⁵ /16	0.938	23.813
61/64	0.953	24.209
31/32	0.969	24.606
63/64	0.984	25.003
1	1.000	25.400

Pressure to Feet-of-Head of Water

Pounds Per Square Inch	Feet of Head		
1	2.31		
2	4.62		
3	6.93		
4	9.24		
5	11.54		
6	13.85		
7	16.16		
8	18.47		
9	20.78		
10	23.09		
15	34.63		
20	46.18		
25	57.72		
30	69.27		
40	92.36		
50	115.45		
60	138.54		
70	161.63		
80	184.72		
90	207.81		

Pounds Per Square Inch	Feet of Head
100	230.90
110	253.93
120	277.07
130	300.16
140	323.25
150	346.34
160	369.43
170	392.52
180	415.61
200	461.78
250	577.24
300	692.69
350	808.13
400	922.58
500	1154.48
600	1385.39
700	1616.30
800	1847.20
900	2078.10
1000	2309.00

Feet-of-Head of Water to Pressure

Feet of Head	Pounds Per Square Inch
1	0.43
2	0.87
3	1.30
4	1.73
5	2.17
6	2.60
7	3.03
8	3.46
9	3.90
10	4.33
15	6.50
20	8.66
25	10.83
30	12.99
40	17.32
50	21.65
60	25.99
70	30.32
80	34.65
90	39.98

Feet of Head	Pounds Per Square Inch
100	43.31
110	47.64
120	51.97
130	56.30
140	60.63
150	64.96
160	69.29
170	73.63
180	77.96
200	86.62
250	108.27
300	129.93
350	151.58
400	173.24
500	216.55
600	259.85
700	303.16
800	346.47
900	389.78
1000	433.00

Pressure to Meter Water Column

kPa Meter Water Column 10 1.02 15 1.53 20 2.04 25 2.55 30 3.06 40 4.08 50 5.10 60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34 180 18.36		
15 1.53 20 2.04 25 2.55 30 3.06 40 4.08 50 5.10 60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	kPa	
20 2.04 25 2.55 30 3.06 40 4.08 50 5.10 60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	10	1.02
25 2.55 30 3.06 40 4.08 50 5.10 60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	15	1.53
30 3.06 40 4.08 50 5.10 60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	20	2.04
40 4.08 50 5.10 60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	25	2.55
50 5.10 60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	30	3.06
60 6.12 70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	40	4.08
70 7.14 80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	50	5.10
80 8.16 90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	60	6.12
90 9.18 100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	70	7.14
100 10.20 110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	80	8.16
110 11.22 120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	90	9.18
120 12.24 130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	100	10.20
130 13.26 140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	110	11.22
140 14.28 150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	120	12.24
150 15.30 160 16.32 170 17.34	130	13.26
160 16.32 170 17.34	140	14.28
170 17.34	150	15.30
	160	16.32
180 18.36	170	17.34
	180	18.36

kPa	Meter Water Column
180	18.36
190	19.38
200	20.40
250	25.50
300	30.60
400	40.80
500	51.00
600	61.20
700	71.40
800	81.60
900	91.80
1000	102.00
1500	153.00
2000	204.00
2500	255.00
3000	306.00
4000	408.00
5000	510.00
6000	612.00
7000	714.00

Meter Water Column to Pressure

Meter	
Water Column	kPa
1	9.8
2	19.6
3	29.4
4	39.2
5	49.0
6	58.8
7	68.6
8	78.4
9	88.2
10	98.0
11	108.0
12	118.0
13	127.0
14	137.0
15	147.0
20	196.0
25	245.0
30	194.0
35	343.0
40	392.0

Meter Water Column	kPa
45	441.0
50	490.0
55	539.0
60	588.0
70	686.0
80	784.0
90	882.0
100	980.0
150	1470.0
200	1960.0
250	2450.0
300	2940.0
350	3430.0
400	3920.0
450	4410.0
500	4900.0
550	5390.0
600	5880.0
650	6370.0
700	6860.0



Where to Find Installation Instructions for Additional Products



The following table provides a general listing of products and their respective installation instructions. Scan the QR code to the left to search for and download the applicable product instructions. **NOTE:** If two sources of instructions are referenced in this index, Victaulic recommends the use of both to ensure proper product installation. Contact Victaulic with any questions regarding this list (scan QR code on back cover for Victaulic locations).

Where to Find Instructions on

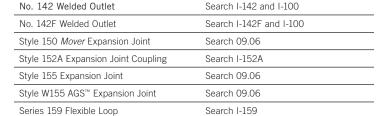
Product	where to Find Instructions on victaulic.com
Victaulic® End Caps	Search I-ENDCAP
VicFlex [™] Products	Search I-VICFLEX
Aquamine [™] Spline Couplings	Search I-Aquamine
Victaulic® Bolted Split-Sleeve Couplings	Instructions Shipped with Coupling (or search for specific coupling)
FireLock® Automatic Sprinkler Products	Search I-40
FireLock™ Fire Protection Valves and Accessories	Manual Shipped with Valve or Accessory (or search for specific valve or accessory)
Pipe Preparation Tools	Manual and Repair Parts List Shipped with Tool (or search for specific tool)
Vic-Press Schedule 10S System Products	Search I-P500
Series 76G Automatic Balancing Valve	Search I-76G
Series 76B/76K/76S/76T/76V Automatic Balancing Valves	Search I-76T
Series 121, 122, 124, and E125 Installation-Ready™ Butterfly Valves Installation and Gear Operator Conversion Instructions	Search I-120
Series 247 FireLock Residential Zone Control Riser Module Assembly	Search I-247
Series 317 AWWA Check Valve	Search I-317
Series 365 AWWA Vic-Plug® Valve (3 – 12-inch/88.9 – 323.9-mm Sizes)	Search I-365sm and I-300
Series 377 Vic-Plug Balancing Valve	Search I-365sm and I-100
Series 608N Copper Connection Butterfly Valve	Search I-600
Series 700 Butterfly Valve	Search I-100
Series 705 FireLock™ Butterfly Valve	Search I-765-705, I-BFV_KIT, and I-100
Series 707C FireLock™ Butterfly Valve with Supervised-Closed Switches	Search I-766_707C, I-BFV_KIT, and I-100
Series 712/712S Swinger® Check Valve	Search I-100
Series 713 Swinger Check Valve	Search I-100
Series W715 AGS™ Dual-Disc Vic-Check Valve	Search I-W100
Series 716H/716 Check Valves	Search I-100
Series 717H/717 FireLock™ Check Valves	Search I-100

Wh	ere to	Find	Instructions	on
	v	rictau	lic com	

Don't all	Where to Find Instructions on
Product	victaulic.com
Series 717HR/717R FireLock™ Check Valves	Search I-100
Series 722 Brass Body Ball Valve	Search I-100
Series 723/723S Diverter Ball Valve	Search I-100
Series 726/726S Ball Valve	Search I-726-726S and I-100
Series 728 FireLock™ Ball Valve	Search I-728 and I-100
Series 730 Vic-Strainer Tee Type	Search I-730_732AGS
Series W730 AGS™ Vic-Strainer Tee Type	Search I-730_732AGS
Series 731-D Suction Diffuser	Search I-731-D_W731-D
Series W731-D AGS™ Suction Diffuser	Search I-731-D_W731-D
Series 732 Vic-Strainer Wye Type	Search I-730_732AGS
Series W732 AGS Vic-Strainer Wye Type	Search I-730_732AGS
Series 733 Venturi Indicator	Search I-100
Series 747M FireLock™ Zone Control Riser Module Assembly	Search I-747M
Series 761 Vic-300 MasterSeal™ Butterfly Valve	Search I-VIC300MS and I-100
Series W761 AGS™ Vic-300 Butterfly Valve	Search I-AGS.GO and I-W100
Series 765 FireLock™ Butterfly Valve	Search I-765-705 and I-100
Series 766 FireLock™ Butterfly Valve with Supervised-Closed Switches	Search I-766_707C, I-BFV_KIT, and I-100
Series 779 Venturi Check Valve and Flow Measuring Kit	Search I-100
TA Series Valves and Meters	Instructions Shipped with Valve or Meter
Series 795 Knife Gate Valve	Search I-795 and I-900
Series 871 Gate Valve	Search I-871
Series 906 Knife Gate Valve	Search I-795 and I-900
Style 004N FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 005 FireLock™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 009N FireLock EZ™ Installation- Ready™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 07 Zero-Flex® Rigid Coupling (1 – 12-inch/33.7 – 323.9-mm Sizes)	Search I-100
Style 07 Zero-Flex Rigid Coupling (14 – 24-inch/355.6 – 610-mm Sizes)	Search I-100
Style W07 AGS™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-W100
Style W77/W77B/W77N AGS™ Flexible Couplings	Search I-W100
Style 22, 26, 28, 31, 41, and 44 Couplings for <i>Vic-Ring</i> Applications and Shouldered-End Pipe	Search I-6000



	Where to Find Instructions on
Product	victaulic.com
Style 31 Coupling for Grooved AWWA Ductile Iron Pipe	Search I-300
Style 71 Composite Coupling for PVC and Stainless Steel Pipe (Regional Availability Only)	Search I-100
Style 72 Outlet Coupling	Search I-100
Style 75 Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 77/77A/77S Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 77DX Duplex Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 78/78A Snap-Joint™ Coupling	Search I-100
Style 89 Rigid Coupling for Stainless Steel	Search I-100
Style W89 AGS™ Rigid Coupling for Stainless Steel or Carbon Steel Pipe	Search I-W100
Style 99 Roust-A-Bout Coupling for Plain-End Steel Pipe	Search I-100
No. 101 (90° Elbow) FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-100
No. 103 (45° Elbow) FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-100
No. 102 Straight Tee FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-100
No. 104 Bullhead Tee FireLock™Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-100
Style 107N QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 107V QuickVic [™] Installation-Ready [™] Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 108 FireLock™ IGS™ Installation- Ready™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 109 FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-100



Search I-100

Search I-100

Search I-100



Flexible Coupling

Rigid Coupling

Reducing Coupling

Style 115 FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™

Style 171 Installation-Ready Composite

Style 177N QuickVic™ Flexible Coupling

	Where to Find Instructions on
Product	victaulic.com

Style 307 AWWA Transition Coupling	Search I-300
Style 341 Vic-Flange Adapter	Search I-300
Style 441 Vic-Flange Adapter	Search I-100
Style 475 Lightweight, Flexible Stainless Steel Coupling	Search I-100
Style 475DX Duplex Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 489 Rigid Coupling for Stainless Steel Pipe	Search I-100
Style 489DX Duplex Stainless Steel Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 606-EN and 606-AS Rigid Coupling for Copper Tubing	Search I-600
Style 607 QuickVic™ Rigid Coupling for Copper Tubing	Search I-600
Style 622 <i>Mechanical-T</i> Bolted Branch Outlet for Copper Tubing	Search I-600
Style 641 <i>Vic-Flange</i> Adapter for Copper Tubing	Search I-600
Style 707-IJ NPS-to-JIS Transition Coupling	Search I-100
Style 720 TestMaster™ II Alarm Test Module	Search I-720
Style 720 TestMaster™ II Alarm Test Module with Pressure Relief Option	Search I-720PR
Style 735 Fire Pump Test Meter	Search I-100
Style 741 Vic-Flange Adapter	Search I-100
Style W741 AGS™ Vic-Flange Adapter	Search I-W100
Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapter	Search I-100
Style 744 FireLock™ Flange Adapter	Search I-100
Style 750 Reducing Coupling	Search I-100
Style 791 Vic-Boltless Coupling	Search I-100
Style 808 High-Pressure Coupling	Search I-808
Style 870 High-Performance Rigid Coupling	Search I-870
Style 904 Flange Adapter for HDPE-to- Flanged Pipe	Search I-900
Style 905 Coupling for Plain-End HDPE Pipe	Search I-900
Style 907 Transition Coupling for HDPE to Steel Pipe	Search I-900
	Search I-900
Style 908 Coupling for Double-Grooved HDPE Pipe	



Where to Find Instructions on victaulic.com

Product	where to ring instructions on
Product	victaulic.com
Style 920 and 920N Mechanical-T Outlets	Search I-100
Style 922 FireLock™ Outlet-T	Search I-100
Style 923 Strapless Outlet	Search I-100
Style 924 Strapless Thermometer Outlet	Search I-100
Style 926 Mechanical-T Spigot Assembly	Search I-100
Style 994 <i>Vic-Flange</i> Adapter for HDPE Pipe	Search I-900
Style 995N Coupling for Plain-End HDPE Pipe	Search I-900
Style 997 Transition Coupling for Plain-End HDPE Pipe to Grooved-End Steel Pipe	Search I-900
Style 2970 Aquamine™ Plain-End Pipe Coupling	Search IT-2970
Style 2971 Aquamine™ Transition Coupling for Plain-End PVC Pipe to Plain-End HDPE Pipe	Search IT-2971
Style 2972 Aquamine™ Transition Coupling for Plain-End PVC Pipe to Grooved Steel Pipe	Search IT-2972
Style HP-70 Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style HP-70ES Rigid Coupling with EndSeal® Gasket	Search I-100
Style XL77 Flexible Coupling for Joining "XL" Elbows to NPS Carbon Steel Pipe	Search IT-XL77
Style XL79 Flexible Coupling for Joining "XL" Elbows to "XL" Elbows	Search IT-XL79

Product Data

NOTICE

- This "Product Data" section contains center-to-end, end-to-end, take-out, and similar overall dimensions for select Victaulic products.
- This section is not a complete listing of all products/dimensions and is for general reference only. Always refer to the current Victaulic product publication to verify the most up-to-date dimensional information; to find dimensional information for products not listed in this section; and for important notes regarding applications, pressure ratings, operating temperatures, etc. Product publications can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Scan QR code for listing of fitting publications on victaulic.com.



QUICKVIC™ FITTINGS FOR OGS GROOVED PIPE

No. V10 – 90° QuickVic[™] Elbow No. V11 – 45° QuickVic[™] Elbow No. V20 – QuickVic[™] Straight Tee





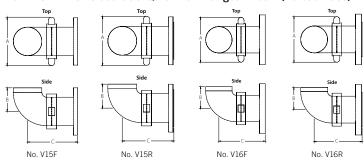


	Actual Pipe	No. V10	No. V11	No. V20
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
2	2.375	2.75	2.00	2.75
DN50	60.3	70	51	70
21/2	2.875	3.00	2.25	3.00
	73.0	76	57	76
3	3.500	3.50	2.50	3.50
DN80	88.9	89	64	89
4	4.500	4.00	3.00	4.00
DN100	114.3	102	76	102
5	5.563	4.88	3.25	4.88
	141.3	124	83	124
6	6.625	5.50	3.50	5.50
DN150	168.3	140	89	140
8	8.625	6.88	4.25	6.88
DN200	219.1	175	108	175
10	10.750	8.25	4.00	8.25
DN250	273.0	210	102	210
12	12.750	9.50	4.50	9.50
DN300	323.9	241	114	241



QUICKVIC™ FITTINGS FOR OGS GROOVED PIPE

No. V15F ANSI Class 150 QuickVic[™] Flanged Elbow (Flat Face) No. V15R ANSI Class 150 QuickVic[™] Flanged Elbow (Raised Face) No. V16F ANSI Class 300 QuickVic[™] Flanged Elbow (Flat Face) No. V16R ANSI Class 300 QuickVic[™] Flanged Elbow (Raised Face)



Nominal	Actual Pipe	No. V	15F and	V15R	No. V16F and V16R		
Size	Outside	A	B	C	A	B	C
inches/	Diameter	inches	inches	inches	inches	inches	inches
DN	inches/mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
2	2.375	6.13	2.75	6.88	6.13	2.75	6.88
DN50	60.3	156	70	175	156	70	175
2½	2.875	6.75	3.00	7.13	6.75	3.00	7.13
	73.0	172	76	181	172	76	181
3	3.500	7.50	3.50	7.63	7.50	3.50	7.63
DN80	88.9	191	89	194	191	89	194
4	4.500	8.75	4.00	10.13	8.75	4.00	10.13
DN100	114.3	222	102	257	222	102	257
6	6.625	11.25	5.50	11.63	11.25	5.50	11.63
DN150	168.3	286	140	295	286	140	295
8	8.625	14.25	6.88	13.06	14.25	6.88	13.06
DN200	219.1	362	175	332	362	175	332
10	10.750	17.13	8.25	16.44	17.13	8.25	16.44
DN250	273.0	435	210	418	435	210	418
12	12.750	19.00	9.50	17.69	19.00	9.50	17.69
DN300	323.9	483	241	449	483	241	449



No. 10 – 90° Elbow No. 11 – 45° Elbow No. 12 – 22½° Elbow No. 13 – 11¼° Elbow











NO. 11	NO. 12	NO. 13

	Actual Pipe	No. 10	No. 11	No. 12	No. 13
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/mm			
³ / ₄	1.050	2.25	1.50	1.63	1.38
DN20	26.9	57	38	41	35
1	1.315	2.25	1.75	3.25@	1.38
DN25	33.7	57	44	83	35
1 ¼	1.660	2.75	1.75	1.75	1.38
DN32	42.4	70	44	44	35
1 ½	1.900	2.75	1.75	1.75	1.38
DN40	48.3	70	44	44	35
2	2.375	3.25	2.00	1.88	1.38
DN50	60.3	83	51	48	35
21/2	2.875	3.75	2.25	4.00@	1.50
	73.0	95	57	102	38
DN65	3.000	3.75	2.25	2.25	1.50
	76.1	95	57	57	38
3	3.500	4.25	2.50	4.50@	1.50
DN80	88.9	108	64	114	38
3 ½	4.000	4.50	2.75	2.50	1.75
DN90	101.6	114	70	64	44
	4.250 108.0	5.00 127	3.00 76	_	_
4	4.500	5.00	3.00	2.88	1.75
DN100	114.3	127	76	73	44
41/2	5.000	5.25	3.13	3.50	1.88
	127.0	133	79	89	48
	5.250 133.0	5.50 140	3.25 83	_	_
DN125	5.500	5.50	3.25	2.88	2.00
	139.7	140	83	73	51
5	5.563	5.50	3.25	2.88	2.00
	141.3	140	83	73	51
	6.250 159.0	6.50 165	3.50 89		_
	6.500	6.50	3.50	3.13	2.00
	165.1	165	89	79	51
6	6.625	6.50	3.50	6.25@	2.00
DN150	168.3	165	89	159	51
8	8.625	7.75	4.25	7.75@	2.00
DN200	219.1	197	108	197	51

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No. 10 – 90° Elbow No. 11 – 45° Elbow No. 12 – 22½° Elbow No. 13 – 11¼° Elbow











	Actual Pipe	No. 10	No. 11	No. 12	No. 13
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/mm			
10	10.750	9.00	4.75	4.38	2.13
DN250	273.0	229	121	111	54
12	12.750	10.00	5.25	4.88	2.25
DN300	323.9	254	133	124	57
14 ¹	14.000	14.00	5.75	5.00	3.50
DN350	355.6	356	146	127	89
	14.843 377.0	14.84 377	6.13 156	_	_
16 ¹	16.000	16.00	6.63	5.00	4.00
DN400	406.4	406	168	127	102
	16.772 426.0	16.75 425	7.00 178	_	_
18 ¹	18.000	18.00	7.50	5.50	4.50
DN450	457.2	457	190	140	144
	18.898 480.0	18.88 480	7.83 200	_	_
20 ¹	20.000	20.00	8.25	6.00	5.00
DN500	508.0	508	210	152	127
	20.866 530.0	20.88 530	8.63 219		_
24 ¹	24.000	24.00	10.00	7.00	6.00
DN600	609.6	610	254	178	152
	24.803 630.0	24.80 630	10.25 261	_	_

¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.





[@] Gooseneck design, end-to-end dimension

No. $100/L100 - 90^{\circ}$ Long Radius Elbow No. $110/L110 - 45^{\circ}$ Long Radius Elbow

No. L20 - Tee







NO. 110/L110



NO. L20

	Actual Pipe	No. 100	No. L100	No. 110	No. L110	No. L20
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/ mm	C to E inches/	C to E inches/ mm	C to E inches/	C to E inches/
3/4 DN20	1.050 26.9	2.50 64	_	1.88 48	_	_
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	2.88 73	_	2.25 57	_	_
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	3.25 83	_	2.38 60	_	_
1 ½ DN40	1.900 48.3	3.63 92	3.63 92	2.50 64	2.50 64	2.75 70
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	4.38 111	4.38 111	2.75 70	2.75 70	3.25 83
21/2	2.875 73.0	5.13 130	5.13 130	3.00 76	3.00 76	3.75 95
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	5.88 149	5.88 149	3.38 86	3.38 86	4.25 108
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	7.50 191	7.50 191	4.00 102	4.00 102	5.00 127
5	5.563 141.3	9.25 235	_	4.88 124	_	_
	6.500 165.1	10.75 273	_	5.50 140	_	-
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	10.75 273	10.75 273	5.50 140	5.50 140	6.50 165
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	14.25 362	14.25 362	7.25 184	7.25 184	7.75 197
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	15.00 381	17.5 445	6.25 159	8.50 216	10.75 273
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	18.00 457	20.5 521	7.50 191	10.0 254	12.5 318
14 ¹ DN350	14.000 355.6	21.00 533	_	8.75 222	_	_
16 ¹ DN400	16.000 406.4	24.00 610	_	10.00 254	_	
18 ¹ DN450	18.000 457.2	27.00 686	_	11.25 286	_	
20 ¹ DN500	20.000 508.0	30.00 762	_	12.50 318	_	_
24 ¹ DN600	24.000 609.6	36.00 914	_	15.00 381	_	_

¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.

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No. $100\text{-}3D - 90^\circ$ Long Radius Elbow No. 14-3D - 60° Elbow

No. 110-3D - 45° Long Radius Elbow

No. 15-3D - 45° Elbow No. 12-3D - 221/2° Elbow

No. $13-3D - 11\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$ Elbow



NO. 100-3D



NO. 14-3D



NO. 110-3D



NO. 15-3D



NO. 12-3D



NO. 13-3D

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 100-3D	No. 14-3D	No. 110-3D	No. 15-3D	No. 12-3D	No. 13-3D
Size inches/	Diameter inches/ mm	C to E inches/					
2	2.375	10.00	7.50	6.50	5.75	5.25	4.50
DN50	60.3	60.3	191	165	146	133	114
21/2	2.875	11.50	8.25	7.25	6.00	5.50	4.75
	73.0	292	210	184	152	140	121
3	3.500	13.00	9.25	7.75	6.50	5.75	5.00
DN80	88.9	330	235	197	165	146	127
3 ½	4.000	14.50	10.00	8.50	6.75	6.00	5.00
DN90	101.6	368	254	216	172	152	127
4	4.500	16.00	11.00	9.00	7.25	6.50	5.25
DN100	114.3	407	279	229	184	165	133
4 1/2	5.000	18.00	12.25	10.00	8.25	7.25	5.75
	127.0	457	311	254	210	184	146
5	5.563	20.00	13.75	11.25	9.00	8.00	6.50
	141.3	508	349	286	229	203	165
6	6.625	24.00	16.50	13.50	10.75	9.50	7.75
DN150	168.3	610	419	343	273	241	197
8	8.625	32.00	22.00	18.00	14.50	12.75	10.50
DN200	219.1	813	559	457	368	324	267
10	10.750	40.00	27.25	22.50	18.00	16.00	13.00
DN250	273.0	1016	692	572	457	406	330
12	12.750	48.00	32.75	27.00	21.75	19.25	15.50
DN300	323.9	1219	832	286	553	489	394
14	14.000	56.00	38.25	31.50	25.25	22.50	18.25
DN350	355.6	1422	972	800	641	572	464
15	15.000	60.00	41.00	33.75	27.00	24.00	19.50
DN375	381.0	1524	1041	857	656	610	495
16	16.000	64.00	43.75	36.00	29.00	25.50	20.75
DN400	406.4	1626	1111	914	737	648	527
18	18.000	72.00	49.25	40.50	32.50	28.75	23.25
DN450	457.2	1829	1251	1029	826	730	591



No. 100-3D - 90° Long Radius Elbow

No. 14-3D - 60° Elbow

No. 110-3D – 45° Long Radius Elbow

No. 15-3D - 45° Elbow

No. 12-3D - 221/2° Elbow No. 13-3D - 111/4° Elbow



NO. 100-3D



NO. 14-3D



NO. 110-3D



NO. 15-3D



NO. 12-3D



NO. 13-3D

Nominal Size inches/ DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/ mm	No. 100-3D C to E inches/ mm	No. 14-3D C to E inches/ mm	No. 110-3D C to E inches/ mm	No. 15-3D C to E inches/ mm	No. 12-3D C to E inches/ mm	No. 13-3D C to E inches/ mm
20	20.000	80.00	54.75	45.00	36.00	32.00	26.00
DN500	508.0	2032	1391	1143	914	813	660
22	22.000	88.00	60.25	49.25	39.75	35.25	28.50
DN550	558.8	2235	1530	1251	1010	895	724
24	24.000	96.00	65.50	53.75	43.25	38.25	31.00
DN600	609.6	2438	1664	1365	1099	972	787

NOTE FOR C-TO-E TOLERANCES:

2 - 6 inch/DN50 - DN150 ± 1/8 inch/3.2 mm 8-15 inch/DN250 - DN375 \pm ½ inch/6.4 mm 16-24 inch/DN400 - DN600 \pm ¾ inch/9.5 mm

No. R-10G - Grooved x Grooved Reducing Base Support Elbow No. R-10F - Grooved x Flanged Reducing Base Support Elbow

	Nominal Size inches/DN		C to E inches/mm	H inches/mm	B Diameter inches/mm	C to E →
6 DN150	×	4 DN100	9.00 229	1.25 32	1.50 38	
	×	5	9.00 229	1.50 38	1.50 38	B Dia. NO. R-10G
8 DN200	×	6 DN150	10.50 267	2.13 24	1.50 38	← C to E →
10 DN250	×	8 DN200	12.00 305	2.40 61	1.50 38	
						H B Dia.



For the most up-to-date dimensional information, always refer to the current Victaulic product publication, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



NO. R-10F

No. $100-5D-90^{\circ}$ Long Radius Elbow No. $14-5D-60^{\circ}$ Elbow

No. 110-5D - 45° Long Radius Elbow

No. 15-5D - 45° Elbow

No. 12-5D - 221/2° Elbow

No. 13-5D - 111/4° Elbow



NO. 100-5D



NO. 14-5D



NO. 110-5D



NO. 15-5D



NO. 12-5D



NO. 13-5D

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 100-5D	No. 14-5D	No. 110-5D	No. 15-5D	No. 12-5D	No. 13-5D
Size	Diameter inches/ mm	C to E	C to E	C to E	C to E	C to E	C to E
inches/		inches/	inches/	inches/	inches/	inches/	inches/
DN		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
2	2.375	14.00	9.75	8.25	6.75	6.00	5.00
DN50	60.3	356	248	210	172	152	127
2½	2.875	16.50	11.25	9.25	7.50	6.50	5.25
	73.0	419	286	235	191	165	133
3	3.500	19.00	12.75	10.25	8.00	7.00	5.50
DN80	88.9	488	324	260	203	178	140
3 ½	4.000	21.50	14.25	11.25	8.75	7.50	5.75
DN90	101.6	546	362	286	222	191	146
4	4.500	24.00	15.50	12.50	9.50	8.00	6.00
DN100	114.3	610	394	318	241	203	152
41/2	5.000	27.00	17.50	13.75	10.50	9.00	6.75
	127.0	686	445	349	267	229	172
5	5.563	30.00	19.50	15.50	11.75	10.00	7.50
	141.3	762	495	394	299	254	191
6	6.625	36.00	23.25	18.50	14.00	12.00	9.00
DN150	168.3	914	591	470	356	305	229
8	8.625	48.00	31.00	24.50	18.75	16.00	12.00
DN200	219.1	1219	787	622	476	406	305
10	10.750	60.00	39.00	30.75	23.50	20.00	15.00
DN250	273.0	1524	991	781	597	508	381
12	12.750	72.00	46.75	37.00	28.00	24.00	18.00
DN300	323.9	1829	1188	940	711	610	457





No. 100-5D - 90° Long Radius Elbow

No. 14-5D - 60° Elbow

No. 110-5D - 45° Long Radius Elbow

No. 15-5D - 45° Elbow

No. 12-5D – 22½° Elbow No. 13-5D – 11¼° Elbow







NO. 14-5D



NO. 110-5D



NO. 15-5D



NO. 12-5D



NO. 13-5D

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 100-5D	No. 14-5D	No. 110-5D	No. 15-5D	No. 12-5D	No. 13-5D
Size inches/	Diameter inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/
DN	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
14	14.000	84.00	54.50	43.00	32.75	28.00	21.00
DN350	355.6	2134	1384	1092	832	711	533
15	15.000	90.00	58.25	46.00	35.25	30.00	22.50
DN375	381.0	2286	1498	1168	895	762	572
16	16.000	96.00	62.25	49.25	37.50	32.00	24.00
DN400	406.4	2438	1581	1251	953	813	610
18	18.000	108.00	70.00	55.25	42.25	36.00	27.00
DN450	457.2	2743	1778	1403	1073	914	686
20	20.000	120.00	77.75	61.50	46.75	40.00	30.00
DN500	508.0	3048	1975	1562	1188	1016	762
22	22.000	132.00	85.50	67.50	51.50	44.00	32.75
DN550	558.8	3353	2172	1715	1308	1118	832
24	24.000	144.00	93.25	73.75	56.25	48.00	35.75
DN600	609.6	3658	2369	1873	1429	1219	908

NOTE FOR C-TO-E TOLERANCES:

2-6 inch/DN50 - DN150 \pm 1/8 inch/3.2 mm

 $8 - 15 \text{ inch/DN250} - \text{DN375} \pm \frac{1}{4} \text{ inch/6.4 mm}$

16 - 24 inch/DN400 - DN600 ± 3/8 inch/9.5 mm



No. $100\text{-}6D - 90^\circ$ Long Radius Elbow No. $14\text{-}6D - 60^\circ$ Elbow

No. 110-6D – 45° Long Radius Elbow

No. $15-6D - 45^{\circ}$ Elbow No. $12-6D - 22\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ Elbow

No. 13-6D – 11¹/₄° Elbow



NO. 100-6D



NO. 14-6D



NO. 110-6D



NO. 15-6D



NO. 12-6D



NO. 13-6D

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 100-6D	No. 14-6D	No. 110-6D	No. 15-6D	No. 12-6D	No. 13-6D
Size inches/	Diameter inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/
DN	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
2	2.375	16.00	11.00	9.00	7.25	6.50	5.25
DN50	60.3	406	279	229	184	165	133
21/2	2.875	19.00	12.75	10.25	8.00	7.00	5.50
	73.0	483	324	260	203	178	140
3	3.500	22.00	14.50	11.50	8.75	7.50	5.75
DN80	88.9	559	368	292	222	191	146
3 ½	4.000	25.00	16.25	12.75	9.75	8.25	6.00
DN90	101.6	635	413	324	248	210	152
4	4.500	28.00	18.00	14.00	10.50	8.75	6.50
DN100	114.3	711	457	356	267	222	165
4 1/2	5.000	31.50	20.00	15.75	11.75	10.00	7.25
	127.0	800	508	400	299	254	184
5	5.563	35.00	22.25	17.50	13.00	11.00	8.00
	141.3	889	565	445	330	279	203
6	6.625	42.00	26.75	21.00	15.75	13.25	9.50
DN150	168.3	1067	680	533	400	337	241
8	8.625	56.00	35.75	28.00	21.00	17.50	12.75
DN200	219.1	1422	908	711	533	445	324
10	10.750	70.00	44.75	35.00	26.00	22.00	16.00
DN250	273.0	1778	1137	889	660	559	406
12	12.750	84.00	53.50	41.75	31.25	26.25	19.00
DN300	323.9	2134	1359	1061	794	667	483





No. 18 – 90° Adapter Elbow No. 19 – 45° Adapter Elbow





NO. 18

NO. 19

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 18		No. 19		
Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	C to GE inches/mm	C to TE inches/mm	C to GE inches/mm	C to TE inches/mm	
³ / ₄	1.050	2.25	2.25	1.50	1.50	
DN20	26.9	57	57	38	38	
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	2.25 57	2.25 57		_	
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	2.75 70	2.75 70	_	_	
1 ½	1.900	2.75	2.75	1.75	1.75	
DN40	48.3	70	70	44	44	
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	3.25 83	4.25 108	_	_	
2 ½	2.875	3.75	3.75	2.25	2.25	
	73.0	95	95	57	57	
3	3.500	4.25	6.00	2.50	4.25	
DN80	88.9	108	152	64	108	
3 ½	4.000	4.50	6.25	5.25	5.25	
DN90	101.6	114	159	133	133	
6	6.625	6.50	6.50	3.50	3.50	
DN150	168.3	165	165	89	89	



No. 20 - Tee No. 35 - Cross

No. 33 – True Wye No. 29M – Tee with Threaded Branch









	20	NO. 35
•		110. 00

NO. 33 NO. 29M

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 20	No. 35	No.	33	No.	29M
Size inches/ DN	Diameter inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to LE inches/ mm	C to SE inches/	C to GE inches/ mm	C to TE inches/
³ / ₄	1.050	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.00	2.25	2.25
DN20	26.9	57	57	57	51	57	57
1	1.315	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
DN25	33.7	57	57	57	57	57	57
1 ¼	1.660	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.50	2.75	2.75
DN32	42.4	70	70	70	64	70	70
1½	1.900	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
DN40	48.3	70	70	70	70	70	70
2	2.375	3.25	3.25	3.25	2.75	3.25	4.25
DN50	60.3	83	83	83	70	83	108
2½	2.875	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.00	3.75	3.75
	73.0	95	95	95	76	95	95
DN65	3.000 76.1	3.75 95	_	_	_	3.75 95	3.75 95
3	3.500	4.25	4.25	4.25	3.25	4.25	6.00
DN80	88.9	108	108	108	83	108	152
3½	4.000	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.50	4.50	4.50
DN90	101.6	114	114	114	89	114	114
	4.250 108.0	5.00 127	_	_	_	5.00 127	5.00 127
4	4.500	5.00	5.00	5.00	3.75	5.00	7.25
DN100	114.3	127	127	127	95	127	184
4½	5.000 127.0	5.25 133	5.25 133	_	_	5.25 133	5.25 133
	5.250 133.0	5.50 140	_	_	_	5.50 140	5.50 140
DN125	5.500 139.7	5.50 140	_	_	_	5.50 140	5.50 140
5	5.563	5.50	5.50	5.50	4.00	5.50	5.50
	141.3	140	140	140	102	140	140
	6.250 159.0	6.50 165	_	_		6.50 165	6.50 165
	6.500 165.1	6.50 165	6.50 165	_	_	6.50 165	6.50 165
6	6.625	6.50	6.50	6.50	4.50	6.50	6.50
DN150	168.3	165	165	165	114	165	165



No. 20 - Tee No. 35 - Cross No. 33 – True Wye No. 29M – Tee with Threaded Branch









Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 20	No. 35	No.	33	No.	29M
Size inches/ DN	Diameter inches/	C to E inches/ mm	C to E inches/ mm	C to LE inches/ mm	C to SE inches/	C to GE inches/ mm	C to TE inches/
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	7.75 197	7.75 197	7.75 197	6.00 152	7.75 197	7.75 197
10 DN150	10.750 273.0	9.00 229	9.00 229	9.00 229	6.50 155	9.00 229	9.00 229
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	10.00 254	10.00 254	10.00 254	7.00 178	10.00 254	10.00 254
14 ¹ DN350	14.000 355.6	11.00 279	11.00 279	11.00 279	7.50 191	_	_
	14.843 377.0	11.50 292	_	_	_	_	_
16 ¹ DN400	16.000 406.4	12.00 305	12.00 305	12.00 305	8.00 203	_	_
	16.772 426.0	13.00 330	_	_	_	_	_
18 ¹ DN450	18.000 457.2	15.50 394	15.50 394	15.50 394	8.50 216	_	_
	18.898 480.0	14.63 372	_	_	_	_	_
20 ¹ DN500	20.000 508.0	17.25 438	17.25 438	17.25 438	9.00 229	_	_
	20.866 530.0	15.38 391	_	_	_	_	_
24 ¹ DN600	24.000 609.6	20.00 508	20.00 508	20.00 508	10.00 254	_	_
	24.803	17.38				_	

¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.

For the most up-to-date dimensional information, always refer to the current Victaulic product bublication, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



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No. 25 - Reducing Tee with Grooved Branch No. 29T - Reducing Tee with Threaded Branch





NO. 25

NO. 29T

					110. 23	110. 251
					No. 25	No. 29T
		minal Siz			C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
1	×	1	×	3/4	2.25	2.25
DN25		DN25		DN20	57	57
11/4	×	11/4	×	1	2.75	2.75
DN32		DN32		DN25	70	70 2.75
DN40	×	DN40	×	¾ DN20	2.75 70	70
DIVIO		DINTO	-	1	2.75	2.75
				DN25	70	70
			-	1 1/4	2.75	2.75
				DN32	70	70
2		2		3/4	3.25	3.25
DN50	×	DN50	×	DN20	83	83
				1	3.25	3.25
			_	DN25	83	83
				1 1/4	3.25	3.25
			-	DN32	83	83
				1½	3.25	3.25
21/		21/		DN40	83	83
21/2	×	2 1/2	×	¾ DN20	3.75 95	3.75 95
			-	1	3.75	3.75
				DN25	95	95
			-	11/4	3.75	3.75
				DN32	95	95
			-	1 ½	3.75	3.75
				DN40	95	95
				2	3.75	3.75
				DN50	95	95
3	×	3	×	3/4	4.25	4.25
DN80	^	DN80	^ -	DN20	108	108
				1 DN25	4.25	4.25
			-	DN25	108	108
				1 ¼ DN32	4.25 108	4.25 108
			-	1 1/2	4.25	4.25
				DN40	108	108
			-	2	4.25	4.25
				DN50	108	108
			-	2 ½	4.25	4.25
				<u> </u>	108	108

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No. 25 - Reducing Tee with Grooved Branch No. 29T - Reducing Tee with Threaded Branch





NO. 25

NO. 29T

				NU. 25	NU. 291
				No. 25	No. 29T
		ominal Size nches/DN		C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
4	×	4	× 5N20	5.00	5.00
DN100	^	DN100	DN20	127	127
			1 DN25	5.00 127	5.00 127
			1 ½	5.00	5.00
			DN32	127	127
			11/2	5.00	5.00
			DN40	127	127
			2	5.00	5.00
			DN50	127	127
			2 1/2	5.00	5.00
				127	127
			3	5.00	5.00
			DN80	127	127
5	×	5	× 1 NN25	5.50 140	5.50 140
			11/2	5.50	5.50
			DN40	140	140
			2	5.50	5.50
			DN50	140	140
			2 ½	5.50	5.50
				140	140
			3	5.50	5.50
			DN80	140	140
			4	5.50	5.50
			DN100	140	140
6 DN150	×	6 DN150	× 1 NN25	6.50 165	6.50 165
DIVISO		DIVISO	11/2	6.50	6.50
			DN40	165	165
			2	6.50	6.50
			DN50	165	165
			2 ½	6.50	6.50
				165	165
			3	6.50	6.50
			DN80	165	165
			4 DN100	6.50	6.50
			<u> </u>	165 6.50	165 6.50
			J	165	165
				100	100





No. 25 - Reducing Tee with Grooved Branch No. 29T - Reducing Tee with Threaded Branch





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25 NO. 29T

					NU. 25	NO. 291
					No. 25	No. 29T
		ominal Siz			C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
61/2	×	6 1/2	×	3 DN80	6.50 165	6.50 165
				4 DN100	6.50 165	6.50 165
8		8		1½	7.75	7.75
DN200	×	DN200	×	DN40	197	197
				2	7.75	7.75
				DN50	197	197
				21/2	7.75	7.75
					197	197
				3	7.75	7.75
				DN80	197	197
				4	7.75	7.75
				DN100	197	197
				5	7.75	7.75
					197	197
				6	7.75	7.75
				DN150	197	197
				165.1mm	7.75	7.75
					197	197
10	×	10	×	1 ½	9.00	9.00
DN250	^	DN250	^	DN40	229	229
				2	9.00	9.00
				DN50	229	229
				21/2	9.00	9.00
					229	229
				3	9.00	9.00
				DN80	229	229
				4	9.00	9.00
				DN100	229	229
				5	9.00	9.00
					229	229
				6	9.00	9.00
				DN150	229	229
				8	9.00	9.00
				DN200	229	229



No. 25 - Reducing Tee with Grooved Branch No. 29T - Reducing Tee with Threaded Branch





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NO. 29T

				No. 25	No. 29T
		ominal Size nches/DN		C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
12 DN300	×	12 DN300 ×	1 DN25	10.00	10.00
DINSUU		DN300	2	254 10.00	254 10.00
			DN50	254	254
			21/2	10.00	10.00
				254	254
			3	10.00	10.00
			DN80	254	254
			4 DN100	10.00 254	10.00 254
			5	10.00	10.00
			5	254	254
			6	10.00	10.00
			DN150	254	254
			8	10.00	10.00
			DN200	254	254
			10 DN250	10.00 254	10.00 254
14 ¹		14	4	11.00	11.00
DN350	X	DN350 ×	DN100	279	279
			6	11.00	11.00
			DN150	279	279
			8 DN200	11.00 279	11.00 279
			10	11.00	11.00
			DN250	279	279
			12	11.00	11.00
			DN300	279	279
16 ¹	×	16 ×	4	12.00	12.00
DN400		DN400 ^	DN100	305	305 12.00
			6 DN150	12.00 305	305
			8	12.00	12.00
			DN200	305	305
			10	12.00	12.00
			DN250	305	305
			12 DN300	12.00 305	12.00 305
			14	12.00	303
			DN350	305	_

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No. 25 - Reducing Tee with Grooved Branch No. 29T - Reducing Tee with Threaded Branch





NO.	23
No.	25

NO. 29T

					No. 25	No. 29T
Nominal Size inches/DN					C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
18 ¹ DN450	×	18 DN450	×	4 DN100	15.50 394	15.50 394
				6 DN150	15.50 394	15.50 394
				8 DN200	15.50 394	15.50 394
				10 DN250	15.50 394	15.50 394
				12 DN300	15.50 394	15.50 394
				14 DN350	15.50 394	_
				16 DN400	15.50 394	_
20 ¹ DN500	×	20 DN500	×	6 DN150	17.25 438	17.25 438
				8 DN200	17.25 438	17.25 438
				10 DN250	17.25 438	17.25 438
				12 DN300	17.25 438	17.25 438
				14 DN350	17.25 438	_
				16 DN400	17.25 438	_
				18 DN450	17.25 438	_



No. 25 - Reducing Tee with Grooved Branch No. 29T - Reducing Tee with Threaded Branch





		No. 25	No. 29T
Nomina inches		C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
24 ¹ X 24 DN600 X DN6		20.00 508	20.00 508
	10 DN250	20.00 508	20.00 508
	12 DN300	20.00 508	20.00 508
	14 DN350	20.00 508	_
	16 DN400	20.00 508	_
	18 DN450	20.00 508	_
	20 DN500	20.00 508	_

¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.



No. L25 Reducing Tee



NO. L25

Nominal Size inches/DN				C to E (Run) inches/mm	C to E (Branch) inches/mm	
2		2		11/2	3.25	3.00
DN50	×	DN50		DN40	83	76
3	×	3	×	11/2	4.25	4.00
DN80	^	DN80	^	DN40	108	102
				2	4.25	4.00
				DN50	108	102
4	×	4	×	1½	5.00	4.00
DN100	, ,	DN100	, ,	DN40	127	102
				2	5.00	4.00
				DN50	127	102
				21/2	5.00	5.00
					127	127
				3 DN80	5.00	5.00
					127	127
6 DN150	×	6 DN150	×	2 DN50	6.50 165	5.50 140
ואוט		טוווט		3	6.50	6.00
				DN80	165	152
				4	6.50	6.00
				DN100	165	152
8		8		2	7.75	6.50
DN200	×	DN200	×	DN50	197	165
2.1200		5.1200		2½	7.75	7.25
				2/2	197	184
				3	7.75	7.25
				DN80	197	184
				4	7.75	7.25
				DN100	197	184
				6	7.75	7.50
				DN150	197	191
10		10		6	9.00	9.00
DN250	×	DN250	×	DN150	229	229
				8	9.00	9.00
				DN200	229	229
12	_	12	_	8	12.5	11.25
DN300	×	DN300	×	DN200	318	286
				10	12.5	11.75
				DN250	318	298

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No. 61 - Bull Plug



Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
2	2.375	4.00
DN50	60.3	102
21/2	2.875 73.0	5.00 127
3	3.500	6.00
DN80	88.9	152
4	4.500	7.00
DN100	114.3	178
5	5.563 141.3	8.00 203
6	6.625	10.00
DN150	168 3	254

No. 30 - 45° Lateral

Nominal Size	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to LE	C to SE
		inches/mm	
3/ ₄	1.050 26.9	4.50 114	2.00 51
DN20 1	1.315		2.25
DN25	33.7	5.00 127	2.23 57
1 1/4	1.660	5.75	2.50
DN32	42.4	146	64
1 1/2	1.900	6.25	2.75
DN40	48.3	159	70
2	2.375	7.00	2.75
DN50	60.3	178	70
21/2	2.875	7.75	3.00
	73.0	197	76
	3.000	8.50	3.25
DN65	76.1	216	83
3	3.500	8.50	3.25
DN80	88.9	216	83
31/2	4.000	10.00	3.50
DN90	101.6	254	89
4	4.500 114.3	10.50 267	3.75 95
DN100 5	5.563	12.50	4.00
,	3.363 141.3	318	102
	6.500	14.00	4.50
	165.1	356	114
6	6.625	14.00	4.50
DN150	168.3	356	114
8	8.625	18.00	6.00
DN200	219.1	457	152
10	10.750	20.50	6.50
DN250	273.0	521	165
12	12.750	23.00	7.00
DN300	323.9	584	178
14 ¹	14.000	26.50	7.50
DN350 16 ¹	355.6	673	191
DN400	16.000 406.4	29.00 737	8.00 203
18 ¹	18.000	32.00	8.50
DN450	457.2	813	216
20 ¹	20.000	35.00	9.00
DN500	508.0	889	229
24 1	24.000	40.00	10.00
DN600	609.6	1016	254





 $^{^1}$ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.

No. 30-R - 45° Reducing Lateral

		minal Si			C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm
3 DN80	Х	3 DN80	х	2 DN50	8.50 216	3.25 83
2.100		5.100		21/2	8.50 216	3.25 83
4 DN100	х	4 DN100	Х	2 DN50	10.50 267	3.75 95
				21/2	10.50 267	3.75 95
				3 DN80	10.50 267	3.75 95
5	х	5	х	2 DN50	12.50 318	4.00 102
				3 DN80	12.50 318	4.00 102
				4 DN100	12.50 318	4.00 102
6 DN150	х	6 DN150	х	3 DN80	14.00 356	4.50 114
				4 DN100	14.00 356	4.50 114
				5	14.00 356	4.50 114
8 DN200	х	8 DN200	х	4 DN100	18.00 457	6.00 152
				5	18.00 457	6.00 152
				6 DN150	18.00 457	6.00 152
10 DN250	х	10 DN250	х	4 DN100	20.50 521	6.50 165
				5	20.50 521	6.50 165
				6 DN150	20.50 521	6.50 165
				8 DN200	20.50 521	6.50 165
12 DN300	х	12 DN300	Х	5	23.00 584	7.00 178
				6 DN150	23.00 584	7.00 178
				8 DN200	23.00 584	7.00 178
				10 DN250	23.00 584	7.00 178



NO. 30-R



No. 30-R - 45° Reducing Lateral

NO. 30-R	. 45 1	Cuucing	Lateral	1
	ominal Siz nches/DN		C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm
14 ¹ DN350 ^X	14 DN350	x 4 DN100	26.50 673	7.50 191
		6 DN150	26.50 673	7.50 191
		8 DN200	26.50 673	7.50 191
		10 DN250	26.50 673	7.50 191
		12 DN300	26.50 673	7.50 191
16 ¹ DN400 X	16 DN400	x <u>DN150</u>	29.00 737	8.00 203
		8 DN200	29.00 737	8.00 203
		10 DN250	29.00 737	8.00 203
		12 DN300	29.00 737	8.00 203
		14 DN350	29.00 737	8.00 203
18 ¹ DN450 ^X	18 DN450	x 6 DN150	32.00 813	8.50 216
		8 DN200	32.00 813	8.50 216
		12 DN300	32.00 813	8.50 216
		14 DN350	32.00 813	8.50 216
		16 DN400	32.00 813	8.50 216
20 ¹ DN500 X	20 DN500	x 12 DN300	35.00 889	9.00 229
		14 DN350	35.00 889	9.00 229
		16 DN400	35.00 889	10.00 229
24 ¹ DN600 X	24 DN600	x 16 DN400	40.00 1016	10.00 254
		20 DN500	40.00 1016	10.00 254



<u>^</u>!\



 $^{^1}$ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.

No. 32 - Tee Wye

ı		minal S			G inches/ mm	H inches/ mm	E¹ inches/	E ² inches/
2 DN50	×	2 DN50	×	2 DN50	2.75 70	7.00 178	9.00 229	4.63 118
21/2	×	21/2	×	21/2	3.00 76	7.75 197	10.50 267	5.75 146
3 DN80	×	3 DN80	×	3 DN80	3.25 83	8.50 216	11.50 292	6.50 165
3½ DN90	×	3½ DN90	×	3½ DN90	3.50 89	10.00 254	13.00 330	7.75 197
4 DN100	X	4 DN100	×	4 DN100	3.75 95	10.50 267	13.63 346	8.13 207
5	×	5	×	5	4.00 102	12.50 318	16.13 410	10.00 254
6 DN150	X	6 DN150	×	6 DN150	4.50 114	14.00 356	18.25 464	11.50 292
8 DN200	×	8 DN200	×	8 DN200	6.00 152	18.00 457	23.25 591	15.25 387
10 DN250	×	10 DN250	×	10 DN250	6.50 165	20.50 521	27.25 692	18.00 457
12 DN300	×	12 DN300	×	12 DN300	7.00 178	23.00 584	31.00 787	20.50 521





No. 40 - Grooved x Threaded Adapter Nipple

No. 42 - Grooved x Beveled Adapter Nipple

No. 43 - Grooved x Grooved Adapter Nipple

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
3/4	1.050	3.00
DN20	26.9	76
1	1.315	3.00
DN25	33.7	76
11⁄4	1.660	4.00
DN32	42.4	102
11/2	1.900	4.00
DN40	48.3	102
2	2.375	4.00
DN50	60.3	102
21/2	2.875	4.00
	73.0	102
3	3.500	4.00
DN80	88.9	102
31/2	4.000	4.00
DN90	101.6	102
4	4.500	6.00
DN100	114.3	152
5	5.563	6.00
	141.3	152
6	6.625	6.00
DN150	168.3	152
8	8.625	6.00
DN200	219.1	152
10	10.750	8.00
DN250	273.0	203
12	12.750	8.00
DN300	323.9	203











No. 60/L60 - Cap

Manadarak	A.L. I Div	No. 60	No. L60
Nominal Size	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter	Thickness	Thickness
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm
3/4	1.050	0.88	_
DN20	26.9	22.4	
1	1.315	0.88	_
DN25 1 1/4	33.7 1.660	0.88	
DN32	42.4	22.4	_
1 1/2	1.900	0.88	0.82
DN40	48.3	22.4	20.8
2	2.375	0.88	0.88
DN50	60.3	22.4	22.4
21/2	2.875 73.0	0.88 22.4	_
	3.000	0.88	
DN65	76.1	22.4	_
3	3.500	0.88	0.88
DN80	88.9	22.4	22.4
3 1/2	4.000	0.88	_
DN90	101.6 4.250	1.00	
	108.0	25	_
4	4.500	1.00	1.00
DN100	114.3	25	25.4
	5.250	1.00	_
	133.0 5.500	25 1.00	
DN125	139.7	25	_
5	5.563	1.00	
	141.3	25	_
	6.250	1.00	_
	159.0 6.500	25 1.00	
	165.1	25	_
6	6.625	1.00	1.00
DN150	168.3	25	25.4
8	8.625	1.19	1.13
DN200	219.1	30	28.7
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	1.25 32	1.06 26.9
12	12.750	1.25	1.25
DN300	323.9	32	31.8
14 ¹	14.000	9.50	
DN350	355.6	241	
16 ¹ DN400	16.000 406.4	10.00 254	_
18 ¹	18.000	11.00	
DN450	457.2	279	_
20 ¹	20.000	12.00	_
DN500	508.0	305	
24 1	24.000	13.50	_
DN600	609.6	343	



¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.

NOTE: End caps are available with an NPT or BSPT tapped port. For more information, contact Victaulic.



No. 41 - ANSI Class 125 Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. 45F - ANSI Class 150 Flat-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. 45R - ANSI Class 150 Raised-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. L45R - Flange Adapter Nipple 150# - Raised Face

No. 46F - ANSI Class 300 Flat-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. 46R - ANSI Class 300 Raised-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. L46R - Flange Adapter Nipple 300# - Raised Face

No. 45RE - PN10/PN16 Raised-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple





No. 41, 45F, 46F

No. 45R, L45R, 46R, L46R, 45RE

			701	L-TOIN,	
Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 41	No. 45F, 45R, L45R	No. 46F, 46R, L46R	No. 45RE
Size	Diameter	E to E	E to E	E to E	E to E
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm
					IIICIIC3/IIIIII
3/4	1.050	3.00	3.00	3.00	_
DN20	26.9	76	76	76	
1	1.315	3.00	3.00	3.00	_
DN25	33.7	76	76	76	
11/4	1.660	4.00	4.00	4.00	_
DN32	42.4	102	102	102	
11/2	1.900	4.00	4.00	4.00	_
DN40	48.3	102	102	102	
2	2.375	4.00	4.00	4.00	2.50
DN50	60.3	102	102	102	64
21/2	2.875	4.00	4.00	4.00	
	73.0	102	102	102	
	3.000				2.50
DN65	76.1				64
3	3.500	4.00	4.00	4.00	2.50
DN80	88.9	102	102	102	64
31/2	4.000	4.00	4.00	4.00	
DN90	101.6	102	102	102	_
4	4.500	6.00	6.00	6.00	2.75
DN100	114.3	152	152	152	70
5	5.563	6.00	6.00	6.00	2.75
	141.3	152	152	152	70
6	6.625	6.00	6.00	6.00	2.75
DN150	168.3	152	152	152	70
8	8.625	6.00	6.00	6.00	
DN200	219.1	152	152	152	_
10	10.750	8.00	8.00	8.00	
DN250	273.0	203	203	203	_
12	12.750	8.00	8.00	8.00	
DN300	323.9	203	203	203	_
14 ¹	14.000	8.00	8.00	8.00	
DN350	355.6	203	203	203	_
טננווט	555.0				





No. 41 – ANSI Class 125 Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. 45F - ANSI Class 150 Flat-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. 45R - ANSI Class 150 Raised-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. L45R - Flange Adapter Nipple 150# - Raised Face

No. 46F – ANSI Class 300 Flat-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. 46R - ANSI Class 300 Raised-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple

No. L46R - Flange Adapter Nipple 300# - Raised Face

No. 45RE - PN10/PN16 Raised-Face Flanged Adapter Nipple







No. 45R, L45R, 46R, L46R, 45RE

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 41	No. 45F, 45R, L45R	No. 46F, 46R, L46R	No. 45RE
Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
16 ¹	16.000	8.00	8.00	8.00	_
DN400	406.4	203	203	203	
18 ¹	18.000	8.00	8.00	8.00	_
DN450	457.2	203	203	203	
20 ¹	20.000	8.00	8.00	8.00	_
DN500	508.0	203	203	203	
24 ¹	24.000	8.00	8.00	8.00	_
DN600	609.6	203	203	203	

¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.



No. 53 – Grooved x Grooved Swaged Nipple No. 54 – Grooved x Threaded Swaged Nipple

No. 55 - Threaded x Grooved Swaged Nipple

Nomincl			E to E inches/mm
2		1	6.50
DN50	×.	DN25	165
		1 1/4	6.50
		DN32	165
		1 ½	6.50
		DN40	165
21/2	×	1 DN25	7.00 178
		11/4	7.00
		DN32	178
		1 ½	7.00
		DN40	178
		2	7.00
		DN50	178
3	×	1	8.00
DN80		DN25	203
		1 1/4	8.00
		DN32	203
		1 ½	8.00
		DN40	203
		2	8.00
		DN50	203
		21/2	8.00 203
3 ½		3	8.00
DN90	×	DN80	203
4		1	9.00
DN100	×.	DN25	229
		1 1/4	9.00
		DN32	229
		1 ½	9.00
		DN40	229
		2	9.00
		DN50	229
		2 1/2	9.00
		3	229 9.00
		3 DN80	9.00
	-	31/2	9.00
		DN90	229
5		2	11.00
	×	DN50	279
	-	3	11.00
		DN80	279
		4	11.00
		DN100	279
			·







No. 53 - Grooved x Grooved Swaged Nipple

No. 54 - Grooved x Threaded Swaged Nipple

No. 55 - Threaded x Grooved Swaged Nipples

Nominal Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm
6 DN150	× 1 NN25	12.00 305
211130	1 ¼ DN32	12.00 305
	1 ½ DN40	12.00 305
	2 DN50	12.00 305
	2½	12.00 305
	3 DN80	12.00 305
	3½ DN90	12.00 305
	4 DN100	12.00 305
	4 1/2	12.00 305
5		12.00 305



NO. 55

No. 80 - Female Threaded Adapter

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
3/4	1.050	2.00
DN20	26.9	51
1	1.315	2.06
DN25	33.7	52
1 1/4	1.660	2.31 (sw)
DN32	42.4	59
1 1/2	1.900	2.31 (sw)
DN40	48.3	59
2	2.375	2.50
DN50	60.3	64
2 1/2	2.875	2.75
	73.0	70
3	3.500	2.75
DN80	88.9	70
4	4.500	3.25
DN100	114.3	83



NO. 80





No. 48 - Hose Nipple

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
3/4	1.050	3.12
DN20	26.9	79
1	1.315	3.38
DN25	33.7	86
1 1/4	1.660	3.88
DN32	42.4	98
1 ½	1.900	3.88
DN40	48.3	98
2	2.375	4.50
DN50	60.3	114
2 1/2	2.875	5.38
	73.0	137
3	3.500	5.75
DN80	88.9	146
4	4.500	7.00
DN100 114.3		178
5	5.563	8.75
	141.3	222
6 6.625		10.13
DN150	168.3	257
8	8.625	11.88
DN200	219.1	302 12.50
10	10 10.750	
DN250	273.0	318
12	12.750	14.50
DN300	323.9	368







No. 50 – Concentric Reducer No. 51 – Eccentric Reducer

		No. 50	No. 51
Nominal Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1½	. 1	2.50	8.50
DN40 X	DINZS	64	216
	11/4	2.50	_
2	DN32	2.50	0.00
DN50 ×	DN20	2.50 64	9.00 229
250	1	2.50	9.00
	DN25	64	229
	1 1/4	2.50	9.00
	DN32	64	229
	1½ DN40	2.50 64	3.50
2 1/2	1	2.50	9.50
2 72 ×	DN25	64	241
	1 1/4	3.50	3.50
	DN32	89	89
	1 ½	2.50	9.50
	DN40	64	241
	2 DN50	2.50	3.50 89
3	1	2.50	9.50
DN80 ×	DN25	64	241
	1 1/4	2.50	
	DN32	64	_
	1 1/2	2.50	9.50
	DN40	64	241
	2 DN50	2.50 64	3.50 89
	21/2	2.50	3.50
	2 /2	64	89
		2.50	
	DN65	64	_
3½ ×	3	2.50	9.50
DN90	DINSU	64	241
4 DN100 ×	1 DN25	3.00 76	13.00 330
514100	1½	3.00	10.00
	DN40	76	254
	2	3.00	4.00
	DN50	76	102
	2 1/2	3.00 76	4.00 102
	3 DN80	3.00 76	4.00 102
	3½	3.00	10.00
	DN90	76	254



NO. 50



NO. 51



No. 50 – Concentric Reducer No. 51 – Eccentric Reducer

		No. 50	No. 51
Nominal Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
5 ×	2	11.00	11.00
	DN50	279	279
	2 ½	4.00 102	11.00 279
	3	4.00	11.00
	DN80	102	279
	4	3.50	5.00
	DN100	89	127
6	1	4.00	11.50
DN150 ×	DN25	102	292
	2	4.00	11.50
	DN50	102	292
	2½	4.00 102	11.50 292
	3	4.00	5.50
	DN80	102	140
	4	4.00	5.50
	DN100	102	140
	5	4.00 102	5.50 140
8	21/2	16.00	12.00
DN200 ×		406	305
	3	5.00	12.00
	DN80	127	305
	4	5.00	12.00
	DN100	127	305
	5	5.00 127	12.00 305
	6	5.00	6.00
	DN150	127	152
10	4	6.00	13.00
DN250 ×	DN100	152	330
	6	6.00	13.00
	DN150	152	330
	8	6.00	7.00
	DN200	152	178
	6	7.00	14.00
	DN150	178	356
	8	7.00	14.00
	DN200	178	356
	10	7.00	14.00
	DN250	178	356



NO. 50



NO. 51





No. 50 – Concentric Reducer No. 51 – Eccentric Reducer

		No. 50	No. 51	
Nominal Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	
14 ¹ DN350 ×	6	13.00	13.00	
DN350		330	330	
	8 DN200	13.00 330	13.00 330	
	10	13.00	13.00	
	DN250	330	330	
	12	13.00	13.00	
	DN300	330	330	
16 1	8	14.00	14.00	
DN400 ^	DNZ00	356	355	
	10 DN250	14.00 356	14.00 355	
	12	14.00	14.00	
	DN300	356	355	
	14	14.00	14.00	
	DN350	356	355	
18 ¹	10	15.00	15.00	
DN450 ^	DN250	381	381	
	12	15.00	15.00	
	DN300	381	381	
	14 DN350	15.00 381	15.00 381	
	16	15.00	15.00	
	DN400	381	381	
20 ¹	10	20.00	20.00	
DN500 X	DN250	508	508	
	12	20.00	20.00	
	DN300	508	508	
	14	20.00	20.00	
	DN350	508	508	
	DN400	20.00 508	20.00 508	
	18	20.00	20.00	
	DN450	508	508	
24 1	10	20.00	20.00	
DN600 ×	DINZSU	508	508	
	12	20.00	20.00	
	DN300	508	508	
	14 DN350	20.00 508	20.00 508	
	16	20.00	20.00	
	DN400	508	508	
	18	20.00	20.00	
	DN450	508	508	
	20	20.00	20.00	
	DN500	508	508	



NO. 50



NO. 51



¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger roll groove systems, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.05. For pricing and availability of cut groove fittings in this size, contact your nearest Victaulic sales representative.

No. 52 – Concentric Reducer with Threaded End No. 52F – Concentric Reducer with BSPT Female Threaded End

			No. 52	No. 52F
Nominal Size inches/DN			E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1 ½ DN40	×	1 DN25	2.50 64	_
DINAO		1 1/4	2.50	
		DN32	64	_
2		3/4	2.50	
DN50	×	DN20	64	
		1 DN25	2.50	_
		DN25 1 1/4	2.50	
		DN32	2.50 64	_
		1½	2.50	
		DN40	64	_
2 1/2		1	2.50	
	×	DN25	64	_
		1 1/4	2.50	
		DN32	64	
		1 ½	2.50	
		DN40	64	
		2	2.50	_
		DN50	64	2.50
DN65	×	1 ½ DN40	2.50 64	2.50 64
DINOS		2	04	2.50
		DN50	_	64
3		1	2.50	
DN80	×	DN25	64	_
		1 ¼ DN32	2.50	_
			64	
		1½	2.50	_
		DN40	64 2.50	
		2 DN50	2.50 64	_
		2½	2.50	
		2/2	64	_
00.0			2.50	2.50
88.9 mm	×	42.4 mm	64	64
48.3 mi		48 3 mm	2.50	2.50
		-10.0	64	64
		60 mm	_	2.50
I				64



NO. 52



NO. 52F





No. 52 – Concentric Reducer with Threaded End No. 52F – Concentric Reducer with BSPT Female Threaded End

		No. 52	No. 52F
Nomina	l Size	E to E	E to E
inches		inches/mm	inches/mm
4 ~	1	3.00	
DN100 ×	DN25	76	_
	1 ½	3.00	_
	DN40	76	
	2 DN50	3.00 76	_
	2 1/2	3.00	
		76	_
	3	3.00	_
	DN80	76	
108.4 mm ×	42.4 mm	3.00	3.00
i		76 3.00	76 3.00
	48.3 mm	76	76
			3.00
	60 mm	_	76
114.3 mm ×	42 4 mm	3.00	3.00
114.511111 X	72.7111111	76	76
	48.3 mm	3.00	3.00
		76 3.00	76 3.00
	60 mm	76	76
122.0	<u></u>		4.50
133.0 mm x	60 mm	_	114
139.0 mm x	60 mm	_	4.50 114
6 ×	1	4.00	_
DN150 ^	DN25	102	
	2	4.00	_
	DN50 2 ½	102 4.00	
	2 /2	102	_
	3	4.00	
	DN80	102	_
159.0 mm ×	42.2 mm	4.50	4.50
		114 4.50	4.50
	48.3 mm	4.50 114	4.50 114
		_	4.50
	60 mm		114
165.3 mm ×	42.4 mm	4.00	4.00
		102	102
	48.3 mm	4.00	4.00
		102	102 4.00
	60 mm	-	102
8 ,	2	16.00	
DN200 X	DN50	406	_
	2 ½	16.00	4.50
		406	114





No. L50 - Concentric Reducer

	ninal ches/l	E to E inches/mm	
2 DN50	×	1 ½ DN40	3.00 76
3 DN80	×	1 ½ DN40	3.50 89
		2 DN50	3.50 89
4 DN100	×	1 ½ DN40	4.00 102
		2 DN50	4.00 102
		2 ½	4.00 102
	_	3 DN80	4.00 102
6 DN150	×	2 DN50	5.50 140
		3 DN80	5.50 140
		4 DN100	5.50 140
8 DN200	×	4 DN100	6.00 152
		6 DN150	6.00 152
10 DN250	×	4 DN100	7.00 178
		6 DN150	7.00 178
		8 DN200	7.00 178
12 DN300	×	8 DN200	8.00 203
	_	10 DN250	8.00 203







No. L51 - Eccentric Reducer

Nominal Size inches/DN			E to E inches/mm
2	×	1 ½	3.00
DN50		DN40	76
3	×	1 ½	3.50
DN80	_	DN40	89
		2 DN50	3.50 89
4		1 ½	4.00
DN100	×	DN40	102
DIVIOO	_	2	4.00
		DN50	102
		2 ½	4.00
	_		102
		3	4.00
		DN80	102
6	.,	2	5.50
DN150	×_	DN50	140
		3 DN80	5.50 140
	_	4	5.50
		DN100	140
8		4	6.00
DN200	×	DN100	152
2.1200	_	6	6.00
		DN150	152
10		4	7.00
DN250	\times _	DN100	178
		6	7.00
	_	DN150	178
		8	7.00
12		DN200 8	178 8.00
DN300	×	ON200	203
D14300	_	10	8.00
		DN250	203



No. L52 - Threaded Reducer (Female - NPT)

			1
	ninal	E to E	
Inc	ches	אטי	inches/mm
1 ½		3/4	2.50
DN40	×	DN20	64
		1	2.50
		DN25	63.5
2		3/4	2.50
DN50	×	DN20	64
		1	2.50
		DN25	64
		1 ½	2.50
		DN40	64



1



No. 445F/445R - Flange Adapter Nipple

	. idiigo /idapt	
Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1 1/4	1.660	4.00
DN32	42.2	102
1 ½	1.900	4.00
DN40	48.3	102
2	2.375	4.00
DN50	60.3	102
21/2	2.875	4.00
	73.0	102
	3.000	4.00
DN65	76.1	102
3	3.500	4.00
DN80	88.9	102
4	4.500	6.00
DN100	114.3	152
5	5.563	6.00
	141.3	152
6	6.625	6.00
DN150	168.3	152
8	8.625	6.00
DN200	219.1	152
10	10.750	8.00
DN250	273.0	203
12	12.750	8.00
DN300	323.9	203



NO. 445F/445R

No. 441N (PN10/PN16) - ISO Flange Adapter Nipple

Nominal Size DN/inches	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter mm/inches	E to E mm/inches
DN50	60.3	64
2	2.375	2.50
	73.0	64
2 ½	2.875	2.50
DN65	76.1	64
	3.000	2.50
DN80	88.9	64
3	3.500	2.50
DN100	114.3	76
4	4.500	3.00
DN150	168.3	89
6	6.625	3.50
DN200	219.1	102
8	8.625	4.00
DN250	273.0	127
10	10.750	5.00
DN300	323.9	152
12	12.750	5.98



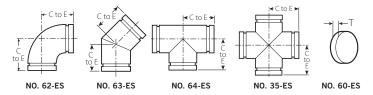
NO. 441N



ENDSEAL™ EXTRA HEAVY "ES" FITTINGS

No. 62-ES - 90° Elbow No. 63-ES - 45° Elbow

No. 64-ES - Tee No. 35-ES - Cross No. 60-ES - End Cap



	Actual	No. 62-ES	No. 63-ES	No. 64-ES	No. 35-ES	No. 60-ES
Nominal Size inches/DN	Pipe Outside Diameter inches/ mm	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/ mm	C to E inches/ mm	"T" Thickness inches/ mm
2	2.375	3.25	2.00	3.25	3.38	0.59
DN50	60.3	83	51	83	86	15
21/2	2.875	3.75	2.25	3.75	3.88	0.59
	73.0	95	57	95	99	15
3	3.500	4.25	2.50	4.25	4.38	0.59
DN80	88.9	108	64	108	111	15
4	4.500	5.00	3.00	5.00	5.00	0.64
DN100	114.3	127	76	127	127	16
6	6.625	6.50	3.50	6.50	6.50	0.64
DN150	168.3	165	89	165	165	16
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	_	_	9.25 235	_	0.84 21
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	_	_	_	_	0.84 21
12 DN300	10.750 323.9	_	_	_	_	0.86 22



No. 001 – 90° Elbow No. 003 – 45° Elbow No. 002 – Straight Tee

No. 006 - Cap









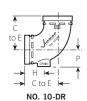
NO. 003 NO. 002 NO. 006

	Actual	No. 001	No. 003	No. 002	No. 006
Nominal Size inches/DN	Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E	C to E	C to E	"T" Thickness inches/mm
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	_	_	_	0.82 21
1 ½ DN40	1.900 48.3	_	_	_	0.82 21
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	2.75 70	2.00 51	2.75 70	0.88 22
21/2	2.875 73.0	3.00 76	2.25 57	3.00 76	0.88 22
DN65	3.000 76.1	3.00 76	2.25 57	3.00 76	_
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	3.38 86	2.50 64	3.38 86	0.88 22
	4.250 108.0	4.00 102	3.00 76	4.00 102	_
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	4.00 102	3.00 76	4.00 102	1.00 25
DN125	5.500 139.7	4.88 124	3.25 83	4.88 124	_
5	5.563 141.3	4.88 124	3.25 82.6	4.88 124	1.00 25
	6.250 159.0	5.50 140	3.50 89	5.50 140	_
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	5.50 140	3.50 89	5.50 140	1.00 25
	6.500 165.1	5.43 140	3.50 89	5.50 140	_
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	6.81 173	4.25 108	6.94 176	1.13 29
	8.515 216.3	6.81 173	_	6.94 176	_



No. 10-DR - Drain Elbow

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/	H inches/ mm	P inches/ mm
21/2	2.875	3.75	2.75	1.68
	73.0	95	70	43
3	3.500	4.25	2.75	2.10
DN80	88.9	108	70	53
4	4.500	5.00	2.75	2.60
DN100	114.3	127	70	66
6	6.625	6.50	2.75	3.65
DN150	168.3	165	70	93



NOTE: The drain is drilled and tapped for a 1-inch/25-mm NPT outlet

No. 67 Vic®-End II End-of-Run Fitting

	ninal hes/	Size DN	C to GE inches/mm	C to TE inches/mm
1 ¼ DN32	×	½ DN15	1.875 48	1.380 35
		³ / ₄ DN20	1.875 48	1.380 35
	_	1 DN25	2.000 51	1.750 44
1 ½ DN40	×	½ DN15	1.875 48	1.500 38
	_	³ / ₄ DN20	1.875 48	1.500 38
	_	1 DN25	2.000 51	1.625 41
2 DN50	×	½ DN15	1.875 48	1.750 44
		³ / ₄ DN20	1.875 48	1.750 44
		1 DN25	2.000 51	1.750 44
21/2	×	½ DN15	1.875 48	2.000 51
		³ / ₄ DN20	1.875 48	2.000 51
		1 DN25	2.000 51	2.000 51
3 DN80	×	³ / ₄ DN20	2.000 51	2.375 60
		1 DN25	2.000 51	2.375 60



A.



No. 101 Installation-Ready™ 90° Elbow





NO. 101

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Take Out inches/mm	B inches/mm	Pre-Assembled inches/mm
1 1/4	1.660	1.50	4.75	3.19
DN32	42.4	38	121	81
1 ½	1.900	1.56	5.00	3.50
DN40	48.3	40	127	89
2	2.375	1.88	5.63	4.19
DN50	60.3	48	143	106
21/2	2.875	2.13	6.13	4.63
	73.0	54	156	118
	3.000	2.19	6.19	4.75
DN65	76.1	56	157	121

No. 102 Installation-Ready™ Tee





NO. 102

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Take Out inches/mm	B inches/mm	Pre-Assembled inches/mm
1 1/4	1.660	1.50	4.75	3.19
DN32	42.4	38	121	81
1 ½	1.900	1.56	5.00	3.50
DN40	48.3	40	127	89
2	2.375	1.88	5.50	4.19
DN50	60.3	48	140	106
2 1/2	2.875	2.13	6.00	4.63
	73.0	54	152	118
	3.000	2.19	6.19	4.75
DN65	76.1	56	157	121



No. 103 Installation-Ready[™] 45° Elbow





NO. 103

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Take Out inches/mm	B inches/mm	Pre-Assembled inches/mm
1 1/4	1.660	0.81	4.69	3.19
DN32	42.4	21	119	81
1 ½	1.900	0.94	4.81	3.44
DN40	48.3	24	122	87
2	2.375	1.00	5.44	4.19
DN50	60.3	25	138	106
21/2	2.875	1.13	5.94	4.63
	73.0	29	151	117
	3.000	1.13	6.13	4.75
DN65	76.1	29	156	121

No. 104 Installation-Ready™ Bullhead Tee





NO. 104

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Take Out inches/ mm	B inches/	Pre- Assem. inches/ mm
1½x 1½x 2	1.900 x 1.900 x 2.375	1.88	5.38	4.13
DN40 x DN40 x DN50	48.3 x 48.3 x 60.3	48	137	105
2 x 2 x 2 ½	2.375 x 2.375 x 2.875	2.13	5.88	4.63
DN50 x DN50 x 73.0 mm	60.3 x 60.3 x 73.0	54	149	117
2½x 2½x 3	2.875 x 2.875 x 3.500	2.38	6.50	5.25
73.0 mm x 73.0 mm x DN80	73.0 x 73.0 x 88.9	60	165	133





No. 143 - Close Nipple (Fitting-to-Fitting Connections)

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1 1/4	1.660	2.37
DN32	42.4	60
1 ½	1.900	2.37
DN40	48.3	60
2	2.375	2.37
DN50	60.3	60
21/2	2.875	2.37
	73.0	60
	3.000	2.37
DN65	76.1	60







INNOVATIVE GROOVE SYSTEM JGS FITTINGS

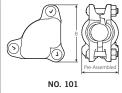
No. 65 OGS x IGS™ Grooved End-of-Run Fitting

Nomina inche		Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm		C to E inches/mm
1 ¼ DN32		1.660 42.4		1.88 48
1 ½ DN40		1.900 48.3		2.00 51
2 DN50	. 1	2.375 60.3	1.315	2.25 57
2 1/2	DN25	2.875 73.0	- x 33.7	2.50 64
DN65	-	3.000 76.1	_	2.50 64
3 DN80	-	3.500 88.9		2.75 70



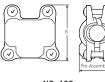
No. 101 Installation-Ready™ 90° Elbow

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	B inches/mm	Pre- Assembled inches/mm
1	1.315	4.25	2.75
DN25	33.7	108	70



No. 102 Installation-Ready™ Tee

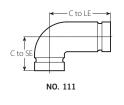
Actual Pine		
Outside Diameter inches/mm	B inches/mm	Pre- Assembled inches/mm
1.315 33.7	4.13 105	2.75 70
	Diameter inches/mm	Outside Diameter inches/mm inches/mm 1.315 4.13





No. 111 IGS™ Grooved End Elbow

Nominal Size iches/DN	Actual Plpe Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to LE	C to SE inches/mm
1	1.315	2.70	1.50
DN25	33.7	69	38

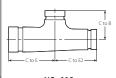




INNOVATIVE GROOVE SYSTEM LOS FITTINGS

No. 113 OGS x IGS™ x IGS™ Reduce-on-the-Run and Outlet Tee

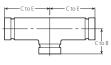
	lominal Siz		C to E inches	C to E2 inches	C to B inches
1 ¼	x 1 x DN25 x	1	3.05	2.75	1.90
DN32		DN25	77	70	48
1 ½	1	1	3.05	2.75	2.03
DN40	DN25	DN25	77	70	52



NO. 113

No. 114 IGS™ x IGS™ x IGS™ Grooved Tee

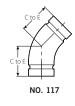
Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside			
Size	Diameter	C to E	C to B	
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/ mm	inches/mm	
1	1.315	2.70	1.50	
DN25	33.7	69	38	



NO. 114

No. 117 IGS™ 45° Elbow

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches
1	1.315	1.55
DN25	33.7	39



No. 140 Male Threaded x Groove Adapter

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1	1.315	2.50
DN25	33.7	63.5



NO. 140

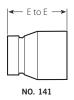




INNOVATIVE GROOVE SYSTEM IGS FITTINGS

No. 141 Male Threaded x Groove Adapter

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1	1.315	2.00
DN25	33.7	50.8



No. 142 Welded Outlet

Nominal S inches/D		Actual P Outside Dia inches/r	E to E inches/mm	
1 ¼ - 1 ½ DN32 - DN40		1.660 - 1.900 42.4 - 48.3		1.00 25.4
1½ - 2 DN40 - DN50		1.900 - 2.375 48.3 - 60.3		1.00 25.4
2 - 2 ½ DN50 - 73.0	x 1 DN25	2.375 - 2.875 60.3 - 73.0	x 1.315 33.7	1.00 25.4
2 ½ - 3 73.0 - DN80		2.875 - 3.500 73.0 - 88.9		1.00 25.4
3 - 4 DN80 - DN100		3.500 - 4.500 88.9 - 114.3		1.00 25.4



NO. 142

No. 143 Close Nipple

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
		1.5 38
1 DN25		2 51
		2.5 64
	1.315	3 76
	33.7	3.5 89
		4 102
		4.5 114
		5 127





INNOVATIVE GROOVE SYSTEM IGS FITTINGS

No. 144 OGS x IGS™ Grooved Concentric Reducer

Nominal Size inches/DN	Grooved Outlet	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/ mm	Grooved Outlet	E to E inches/mm
1 ¼ DN32	, 1	1.660 42.4	, 1.315	3.00 76
1 ½ DN40	X DN25	1.900 48.3	33.7	3.00 76



No. 145 Female Threaded x Groove Elbow

Nominal Size inches/DN	Grooved Outlet	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Grooved Outlet	C-TE inches/	C-GE inches/ mm
½ DN15		0.840 21.3		1.45 36.8	1.60 40.6
³ / ₄ DN20	1 DN25	1.050 26.9	x 1.315 33.7	1.45 36.8	1.60 40.6
1 DN25		1.315 33.7		1.50 38.1	1.60 40.6



No. 146 Cap

1	minal Size nches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	T inches/mm
	1	1.315	0.55
	DN25	33.7	14.0



No. 147 Back-To-Back Sprinkler Tee



Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to TE	C to GE
1 x ½ x 1 DN25 X DN15 X DN25	1.315 33.7 x 0.840 x 1.315 21.3 x 33.7	1.75 44.5	1.60 40.6



INNOVATIVE GROOVE SYSTEM IGS FITTINGS

No. 148 Sprinkler Reducer

		Length	Threaded (Outlet Size
Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/ mm	inches/ DN	inches/ DN
		3 76	1/2 DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		3.5 89	¹ / ₂ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		4 102	½ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		4.5 114	¹ / ₂ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		5 127	¹ / ₂ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	5.5 140	¹ / ₂ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		6 152	½ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		12 305	½ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		18 457	½ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		24 610	½ DN15	³ ⁄ ₄ DN20
		30 762	½ DN15	³ / ₄ DN20



NO. 148

WB-1 Weld Plunger Cone

E to E inches/mm	D1 inches/mm	D2 inches/mm
3.75	1.63	2.00
95.3	41.3	50.8



NAP-1 Weld Plunger Cone

E to E	D1	D2	
inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm	
1.75	1.88	1.50	
44.5	47.6	38.0	







No. $10P - 90^{\circ}$ Elbow No. $11P - 45^{\circ}$ Elbow

No. 20P - Tee

No. 30P - 45° Lateral









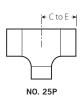
	Actual Pipe	No. 10P	No. 11P	No. 20P	No.	30P
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/ mm	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to E inches/	C to LE inches/	C to SE inches/
1	1.315	2.25	1.75	2.25	5.00	2.25
DN25	33.7	57	44	57	127	57
1½	1.900	4.00	2.88	2.75	6.25	2.75
DN40	48.3	102	73	70	159	70
2	2.375	4.75	3.13	3.25	7.25	2.75
DN50	60.3	121	80	83	184	70
21/2	2.875	5.50	3.50	3.75	7.75	3.00
	73.0	140	89	95	197	76
3	3.500	6.25	3.75	4.25	8.75	3.25
DN80	88.9	159	95	108	222	83
3 ½	4.000	7.00	4.00	5.50	10.00	3.50
DN90	101.6	178	102	140	254	89
4	4.500	7.75	4.25	5.00	10.75	3.75
DN100	114.3	197	108	127	263	95
5	5.563	9.50	5.13	6.88	12.75	4.00
	141.3	241	130	175	324	102
6	6.625	6.50	3.50	6.50	14.00	4.50
DN150	168.3	165	89	165	356	114
8	8.625	10.00	6.00	10.00	18.00	6.00
DN200	219.1	254	152	254	457	152
10	10.750	11.50	6.50	11.50	20.75	6.50
DN250	273.0	292	165	292	527	165
12	12.750	13.50	7.00	13.50	24.50	7.00
DN300	323.9	343	178	343	622	178





No. 25P Reducing Tee

NO. 25P		- aucing			0.5
ı	Nom	C to E inches/mm			
1 ½	Х	1 ½	×	1	4.00
DN40		DN40		DN25	102
2	Х	2	×	1	4.25
DN50		DN50		DN25	108
				8	4.25
				DN200	108
3	Х	3	Х	1	5.13
DN80		DN80		DN25	130
				1 ½ DN40	5.13 130
				2	5.13
				DN50	130
4		4		1	5.88
DN100	Χ	DN100	×	DN25	149
DIVIOO		DIVIOO		1 ½	5.88
				DN40	149
				2	5.88
				DN50	149
				2 ½	5.88
				2 /2	149
				3	5.88
				DN80	149
6	Х	6	Х	2	7.63
DN150		DN150		DN50	194
				3	7.63
				DN80	194
				4	7.63
				DN100	194
8	х	8	×	2	7.63
DN200	^	DN200	^	DN50	194
				3	10.00
				DN80	254
				4	10.00
				DN100	254
				5	10.00
					254
				6 DN150	10.00 254
10		10		4	11.50
DN250	Х	DN250	×	DN100	292
D14230		J. 1230		6	11.50
				DN150	292
				8	11.50
				DN200	292
12		12		6	13.50
DN300	Х	DN300	X	DN150	343
				8	13.50
				DN200	343
				10	13.50
				DN250	343





No. 33P - 90° Wye No. 35P - Cross No. 61P - Bull Plug







No. 33P

No. 35P

No. 61P

	Actual Pipe	No.	33P	No. 35P	No. 61P
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm	C to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1	1.315	3.25	2.25	3.25	3.00
DN25	33.7	83	57	83	76
1 ½	1.900	4.00	2.75	4.00	3.50
DN40	48.3	102	70	102	89
2	2.375	4.25	2.75	4.25	4.00
DN50	60.3	108	70	108	102
21/2	2.875	4.75	3.00	4.75	5.00
	73.0	121	76	121	127
3	3.500	5.13	3.25	5.13	6.00
DN80	88.9	130	83	130	152
3 ½	4.000	5.50	3.50	5.50	6.50
DN90	101.6	140	89	140	165
4	4.500	5.88	3.75	5.88	7.00
DN100	114.3	149	95	149	178
5	5.563	6.88	4.00	6.88	8.50
	141.3	175	102	175	216
6	6.625	7.63	4.50	7.63	10.00
DN150	168.3	194	114	194	254
8	8.625	10.00	6.00	10.00	11.0
DN200	219.1	254	152	254	279
10	10.750	11.50	6.50	11.50	13.00
DN250	273.0	292	165	292	330
12	12.750	13.50	7.00	13.50	14.00
DN300	323.9	343	178	343	356





No. 53P - Swaged Nipple

Notifinal Size Inches/DN Inches/mm Inches/DN Inches/mm Inches/DN Inches/mm Inches/DN Inches/mm Inches/DN Inches/mm Inches/DN Inches/mm Inches/DN Inches/DN	Nominal Size E to E						
DN40			-				
DN40 DN25 114 2	1 ½		1	4.50			
DN50	DN40	Х	DN25	114			
DNS0		x					
DN40 165 2 ½ X 1 7.00 DN25 178 1 ½ 7.00 DN40 178 2 7.00 DN50 178 3 X 1 8.00 DN50 203 1½ 8.00 DN40 203 2 8.00 DN50 203 3 ½ 8.00 DN50 203 3 ½ 3 8.00 DN50 203 4 DN90 X DN80 203 4 DN100 X DN80 203 4 DN100 X DN80 203 4 1 9.00 DN100 229 DN40 229 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229	DN50	^ -					
2 ½ X 1 7.00 N25 178 178 1½ 7.00 N40 178 2 7.00 N50 178 N50 N50 178 N50 N50 178 N50 N50 203 N50							
X DN25 178 1 ½ 7.00 DN40 178 2 7.00 DN50 178 3 X 1 8.00 DN25 203 1 ½ 8.00 DN40 203 2 8.00 DN50 203 3 ½ 3 8.00 DN50 203 3 ½ 3 8.00 DN50 203 4 X DN80 203 4 X DN80 203 4 X DN80 203 4 X DN80 203 4 Y DN100 X DN80 203 4 2 9.00 DN50 229 2 9.00 DN50 229	2.1/						
1 ½ 7.00 178 2 7.00 178 2 7.00 178 3 8.00 178 2 203 1 ½ 8.00 203 2 8.00 203 3 ½ 3 8.00 203 3 ½ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 1/2	Х					
DN40		-					
2 7.00 178							
DN50		-					
3 X 1 8.00 DN80 X DN25 203 1½ 8.00 DN40 203 2 8.00 DN50 203 3½ 3 8.00 DN90 X DN80 203 4 1 9.00 DN100 X DN25 229 1½ 9.00 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229			_				
DN80	3		1	8.00			
DN40 203 2 8.00 DN50 203 3½ 3½ 3 8.00 DN90 X DN80 203 4 1 9.00 DN100 X DN25 229 1½ 9.00 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229	DN80	Х	DN25	203			
2 8.00 DN50 203 3½ 3 8.00 DN90 X DN80 203 4 1 9.00 DN100 X DN25 229 1½ 9.00 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229				8.00			
DN50 203 3 ½ X 3 8.00 DN90 X DN80 203 4 X 1 9.00 DN100 X DN25 229 1 ½ 9.00 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229			DN40	203			
3 ½ X 3 8.00 DN90 X DN80 203 4 X 1 9.00 DN100 X DN25 229 1 ½ 9.00 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229			_				
DN90 X DN80 203 4 X 1 9.00 DN100 X DN25 229 1½ 9.00 9.00 DN40 229 2 2 9.00 0 DN50 229							
4		Х	_				
DN100 X DN25 229 1½ 9.00 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229							
1 ½ 9.00 DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229		Χ	-				
DN40 229 2 9.00 DN50 229	DIVIOU	-					
2 9.00 DN50 229							
DN50 229		-					
2 ½ 9.00							
			2 ½	9.00			
229		_		229			
3 9.00			-				
DN80 229		_					
3 ½ 9.00							
DN90 229							
5 x 2 11.00 X DN50 279	5	Х					
^ <u>DN50 279</u> 3 11.00		-					
DN80 279			-				
4 11.00		-					
DN100 279			-				







No. 53P - Swaged Nipple

Nomina inches		E to E inches/mm			
6	1	12.00			
DN150 X	DN25	305			
	1 ½	12.00			
	DN40	305			
	2	12.00			
	DN50	305			
	2 ½	12.00 305			
	3	12.00			
	DN80	305			
	3 ½	12.00			
	DN90	305			
	4	12.00			
	DN100	305			
	5	12.00			
		305			
8 DN200 x	3 DN80	13.00 330			
DNZ00	4	13.00			
	DN100	330			
	5	13.00			
	3	330			
	6	13.00			
	DN150	330			
10 x	3	15.00			
DN250 *	DN80	381			
	4	15.00			
	DN100	381			
	6	15.00			
	DN150	381			
	8	15.00			
12	DN200	381			
12 DN300 X	6 DN150	16.00 406			
סטפווט	8	16.00			
	o DN200	406			
	10	16.00			
	DN250	406			

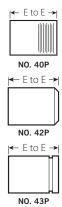






No. 40P – Adapter Nipple No. 42P– Adapter Nipple No. 43P – Adapter Nipple

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
1	1.315	3.00
DN25	33.7	76
1 ½	1.900	4.00
DN40	48.3	102
2	2.375	4.00
DN50	60.3	102
21/2	2.875	4.00
	73.0	102
3	3.500	4.00
DN80	88.9	102
4	4.500	6.00
DN100	114.3	152
6	6.625	6.00
DN150	168.3	152



No. 10P – 90° Elbow No. 11P – 45° Elbow

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	No. 10P	No. 11P
Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
1	1.315	3.25	2.63
DN25	33.7	83	67
1 ½	1.900	4.00	2.88
DN40	48.3	102	67
2	2.375	4.75	3.13
DN50	60.3	121	80
21/2	2.875	5.50	3.50
	73.0	140	89
3	3.500	6.25	3.75
DN80	88.9	159	95
3 ½	4.000	7.00	4.00
DN90	101.6	178	102
4	4.500	7.75	4.25
DN100	114.3	197	108
5	5.563	9.50	5.13
	141.3	241	130
6	6.625	11.00	5.75
DN150	168.3	279	146
8	8.625	10.00	6.00
DN200	219.1	254	152
10	10.750	11.50	6.50
DN250	273.0	292	159
12	12.750	13.50	7.00
DN300	323.9	343	178







No. $100P - 90^{\circ}$ Long-Radius Elbow No. $110P - 45^{\circ}$ Long-Radius Elbow





No. 100P

No. 110P

	Actual Pipe	No. 100P	No. 110P
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/mm	C to E inches/mm
2	2.375	4.75	3.13
DN50	60.3	121	80
2½	2.875	5.50	3.50
	73.0	140	89
3	3.500	6.25	3.75
DN80	88.9	159	95
4	4.500	8.00	4.50
DN100	114.3	203	114
6	6.625	11.13	5.88
DN150	168.3	283	149
8	8.625	14.13	7.13
DN200	219.1	359	181
10	10.750	17.13	8.38
DN250	273.0	435	213
12	12.750	20.13	9.63
DN300	323.9	511	245





INSTALLATION-READY™ COUPLINGS FOR OGS GROOVED-END PIPE

Style 107V - QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Y inches/mm
2	2.375	6.13
DN50	60.3	156
2½	2.875 73.0	6.75 171
3	3.500	7.38
DN80	88.9	187
4	4.500	8.75
DN100	114.3	222
5	5.563 141.3	10.38 264
6	6.625	11.38
DN150	168.3	289
8	8.625	14.38
DN200	219.1	365
10	10.750	17.25
DN250	273.0	438
12	12.750	19.25
DN300	323.9	489



STYLE 107V

Style 004N - FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Flexible Coupling

	1	
Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Y inches/mm
2	2.375	6.38
DN50	60.3	162
21/2	2.875	6.88
	73.0	175
3	3.500	7.50
DN80	88.9	191
4	4.500	9.50
DN100	114.3	241
5	5.563	11.32
	141.3	288
6	6.625	12.38
DN150	168.3	314
8	8.625	15.13
DN200	219.1	384



STYLE 004N





INSTALLATION-READY™ COUPLINGS FOR OGS GROOVED-END PIPE

Style 009N – FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling
Style 107N/807N – QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling
Style 109 – FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling
Style 177N/877N – QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Flexible Coupling









STYLE 009N

STYLE 107N/807N

STYLE 109

STYLE 177N/877N

SITLE	00511 01	3N SITLE 10/N/80/N SITLE 109 SITLE 1//N/8//N				
			Dimension	ıs – inc	hes/mm	ı
Nominal Size inches/	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter	Style 009N	Style 107N/807N		yle 09	Style 177N/877N
DN	inches/mm	Υ	Υ	YL	YB	Υ
1¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	5.00 127	_	1.97 50	2.49 63	_
1½ DN40	1.900 48.3	5.13 130	_	2.13 54	2.60 66	_
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	5.63 143	6.13 156	2.32 59	2.85 72	6.25 159
21/2	2.875 73.0	6.13 156	6.75 171	2.63 67	3.09 78	6.88 175
DN65	3.000 76.1	6.00 152	6.88 175	2.68 68	322 82	6.88 175
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	6.75 171	7.38 187	2.93 74	3.53 90	7.38 187
	4.250 108.0	7.38 187	8.50 216	_	_	9.13 232
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	7.88 200	8.75 222	3.47 88	4.01 102	9.38 238
	5.250 133.0	9.00 229	10.00 254	_	_	11.00 279
DN125	5.500 139.7	9.25 235	10.25 260	_	_	11.00 279
5	5.563 141.3	9.25 235	10.25 260	_	_	11.03 280
	6.250 159.0	10.00 254	11.00 279	_	_	11.88 302
	6.500 165.1	10.25 260	11.25 286	_	_	12.13 308
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	10.38 264	11.38 289	_	_	12.38 314
	8.500 216.0	13.25 337	_			_
	8.515 216.3		14.25 362			_
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	13.38 340	14.37 365	_		15.13 384

<u>^</u>!\



INSTALLATION-READY™ COUPLINGS FOR OGS GROOVED-END PIPE

Style 009N – FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling Style 107N/807N – QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling Style 109 – FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling Style 177N/877N – QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Flexible Coupling









STYLE 009N

STYLE 107N/807N

STYLE 109

STYLE 177N/877N

Nominal Size inches/	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter	Style 009N	Style 107N/807N			Style 177N/877N
DN	inches/mm	Υ	Υ	YL	YB	Υ
	10.528 267.4	_	16.75 425	_	_	_
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	17.00 432	17.00 432	_	_	_
	12.539 318.5	_	18.63 473	_	_	_
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	19.00 483	19.00 483	_	_	_



Style 005H – FireLock™ Rigid Coupling
Style 07 – Zero-Flex™ Rigid Coupling
Style L07 – Rigid Coupling
Style HP-70 and HP-70ES – Rigid Couplings







STYLE L07





STYLE 005H

5H STYLE 07

STYLE HP-70/ HP-70ES 12-INCH/DN300 AND SMALLER SIZES

STYLE HP-70 14-INCH/DN350 AND LARGER SIZES

		Y Dimension – inches/mm				
Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 005H	Style 07 ¹	Style L07	Style HP-70 and HP-70ES ²	
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	_	4.22 107	_	_	
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	4.50 114	4.62 117	_	_	
1 ½ DN40	1.900 48.3	4.75 121	5.81 148	5.81 148	_	
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	5.25 133	5.78 147	5.78 147	6.68 168	
21/2	2.875 73.0	5.75 146	6.38 162	6.38 162	7.38 187	
DN65	3.000 76.1	5.75 146	6.61 168	_	_	
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	6.13 156	6.81 173	6.81 173	7.75 197	
	4.250 108.0	7.25 184	7.98 203	_	_	
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	7.25 184	8.21 209	8.21 209	9.63 245	
	5.250 133.0	9.00 229	9.60 244	_	_	
DN125	5.500 139.7	9.00 229	9.82 249	_	_	
5	5.563 141.3	9.00 229	9.89 251	_	_	





Style 005H – FireLock™ Rigid Coupling Style 07 – Zero-Flex™ Rigid Coupling Style L07 – Rigid Coupling Style HP-70 and HP-70ES – Rigid Couplings











STYLE 005H

STYLE 07

STYLE HP-70/ HP-70ES 12-INCH/DN300 AND SMALLER SIZES

STYLE HP-70 14-INCH/DN350 AND LARGER SIZES

		Y Dimension – inches/mm				
Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 005H	Style 07 ¹	Style L07	Style HP-70 and HP-70ES ²	
	6.250 159.0	10.00 254	10.54 268	_	_	
	6.500 165.1	10.00 254	10.84 275	_	_	
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	10.00 254	10.83 275	10.83 275	12.68 321	
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	13.14 334	13.74 349	13.74 349	15.00 381	
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	_	16.98 431	16.98 431	17.25 438	
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	_	18.88 480	18.88 480	19.13 486	
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	_	_	_	22.00 559	
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	_	_	_	24.13 613	

¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger sizes, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.02 for information on the Style WO7 AGS Rigid Coupling.





² Style HP-70ES Couplings are not available in 14-inch/DN350 and larger sizes.

Style 72 - Outlet Coupling

Nor	nina	cing Outlet I Size J/DN	V inches/mm	Y inches/mm
1 ½		1/2	2.63	4.50
DN40	×	DN15	67	114
		3/4	2.63	4.50
	_	DN20	67	114
		1	2.63	4.50
		DN25	67	114
2 DN50	×	½ DN15	3.03 77	5.00 127
DIVIDO	-	3/4	3.03	5.00
		DN20	77	127
	-	1	3.03	5.00
		DN25	77	127
21/2	×	1/2	3.13	6.00
	^_	DN15	79	152
		3/4	3.13	6.00
	_	DN20	79	152
		1	3.13	6.00
	-	DN25 1 1/4	79	152
		DN32	3.75 95	6.88 175
	-	1½	3.75	6.88
		DN40	95	175
3		3/4	3.31	7.00
DN80	×	DN20	84	178
		1	4.25	8.00
	_	DN25	108	203
		1 1/4	4.25	8.00
	-	DN32	108	203
		1½	4.25	8.00
4		DN40 3/4	108 3.88	203 8.38
DN100	X	DN20	3.88 98	213
200	-	1	3.88	8.38
		DN25	98	213
	-	1 ½	4.63	9.00
	_	DN40	117	229
		2	4.63*	9.00
		DN50	117	229
6 DN150	×	1 DN25	6.00 152	12.00 305
	_	1 ½	6.00	12.00
	_	DN40	152	305
		2	6.00	12.00
	-	DN50	152	305
		DNCE	5.75	11.50
		DN65	146	292



STYLE 72 (FEMALE THREADED OUTLET)



STYLE 72 (GROOVED OUTLET)



 $^{^{\}star}$ The "V" dimension for the grooved outlet in the 4x2-inch/DN100xDN50 size is 4.50 inches/114 mm.

Style 75 - Coupling

Style 77 - Standard Flexible Coupling

Style L77 Flexible Coupling

Style 77A - Flexible Aluminum Coupling

Styles 77S and 77DX - Flexible Stainless Steel Couplings













STYLE 75

75 STYLE 77

STYLE L77

STYLE 77A

STYLE 77S STYLE 77DX

Actual Pipe		Y Dimension – inches/mm						
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 75	Style 77 ¹	Style L77	Style 77A	Style 77S	Style 77DX	
3/4	1.050	_	4.00	_	_	4.00	3.89	
DN20	26.9	4.27	102		4.25	102	99	
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	4.27 108	4.12 105	_	4.25 108	4.50 114	4.50 114	
11/4	1.660	4.61	5.00		5.04	4.88	4.79	
DN32	42.4	117	127	_	128	124	122	
1½ DN40	1.900 48.3	4.82 122	5.38 137	5.38 137	5.36 136	4.88 124	4.80 122	
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	5.22 133	5.88 149	5.88 149	5.90 150	5.38 136	5.33 135	
	2.664 57.0	_	5.73 146	_	_	_	_	
21/2	2.875 73.0	5.68 144	6.50 165	6.50 165	6.51 165	5.88 149	5.79 147	
DN65	3.000 76.1	5.90 150	6.63 168	_	_	_	_	
3	3.500	7.00	7.13	7.13	7.79	7.00	6.99	
DN80	88.9	178	181	181	182	178	178	
3½ DN90	4.000 101.6	7.50 191	8.25 210	_	_	_	_	
DIV90	4.250 108.0	7.79 198	8.63 219	_	_	_	_	
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	8.03 204	8.88 226	8.88 226	8.91 226	8.25 210	9.00 229	
4½	5.000 127.0	9.43 240	_	_	_	_	_	
	5.250 133.0	9.37 238	10.38 264	_	_	_	_	
DN125	5.500 139.7	9.59 244	10.65 270	_	_	_	_	
5	5.563 141.3	10.07 256		_	10.60 269	_		
	6.000 152.4	10.48 266	_	_	_	_		
	6.250 159.0	10.49 266	11.50 292	_	_	_	_	





Style 75 - Coupling

Style 77 - Standard Flexible Coupling

Style L77 Flexible Coupling

Style 77A - Flexible Aluminum Coupling

Styles 77S and 77DX - Flexible Stainless Steel Couplings













STYLE 75 STYLE 77 STYLE L77

STYLE 77A

STYLE 77S STYLE 77DX

Actual Pipe		Y Dimension – inches/mm						
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 75	Style 77 1	Style L77	Style 77A	Style 77S	Style 77DX	
	6.500 165.1	10.66	11.63 295		_	_	_	
6	6.625	271 11.07	11.88	11.88	11.90	11.13	11.06	
DN150	168.3	281	302	302	302	283	281	
DIVIDO	8.515	13.75	302	302	302	203	201	
	216.3	350	_	_	_	_	-	
8	8.625	13.97	14.75	14.75	14.86	14.75	_	
DN200 10	219.1 10.750	355	375 17.13	375 17.13	377	375 17.38		
DN250	273.0	_	435	435	_	441	_	
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	_	19.25 489	19.25 489	19.28 489	19.25 489	_	
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	_	20.25 514	_	_	20.50 521	_	
	14.843 377.0	_	20.96 531	_	_	_	_	
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	_	22.25 565	_	_	22.63 575	_	
	16.772 426.0	_	22.92 581	_	_	_	_	
18 DN450	18.000 457.2	_	25.00 635	_	_	24.63 626	_	
	18.898 480.0	_	25.86 655	_	_	_	_	
20 DN500	20.000 508.0	_	27.00 686	_	_	_	_	
	20.866 530.0	_	27.80 704	_	_	_	_	
22 DN550	22.000 558.8		29.13 740	_			_	
	22.835 580.0		30.01 762	_				
24 DN600	24.000 609.6		31.00 787	_			_	
_	24.803 630.0	_	32.16 817	_	_	_	_	

¹ For 14-inch/DN350 and larger sizes, Victaulic offers the Advanced Groove System (AGS). Refer to publication 20.03 for information on the Style W77 AGS Flexible Coupling.



Style 171 - Composite Flexible Coupling

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Y inches/mm
1 ½	1.900	5.24
DN40	48.3	133
2	2.375	6.09
DN50	60.3	155
2 ½	2.875	6.50
	73.0	165
3	3.500	7.58
DN80	88.9	193
4	4.500	8.78
DN100	114.3	223



Style 78 – Snap-Joint™ Coupling Style 78A – Aluminum Snap-Joint™ Coupling

,		•	
	Actual Pipe	Y Dimension	– inches/mm
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 78	Style 78A
1	1.315	3.25	_
DN25	33.7	83	
1 ¼	1.660	3.75	_
DN32	42.4	95	
1 ½	1.900	4.50	_
DN40	48.3	114	
2	2.375	4.75	4.88
DN50	60.3	121	124
21/2	2.875 73.0	5.88 149	_
3	3.500	6.25	_
DN80	88.9	159	
4	4.500	7.75	_
DN100	114.3	197	
5	5.563 141.3	9.50 241	_
6	6.625	10.63	_
DN150	168.3	270	
8	8.625	13.00	<u> </u>
DN200	219.1	330	
10	10.750	_	15.60
DN250	273.0		396



STYLE 78 AND 78A

NOTE: Refer to the installation instructions in this manual for locking handle clearance dimensions.





Style 89/889 – Rigid Couplings for Stainless Steel Pipe Styles 475 and 475DX – Flexible Stainless Steel Couplings Styles 489 and 489DX - Rigid Stainless Steel Couplings







STYLE 475/475DX



STYLE 489 1½ – 4-INCH/ DN40 – DN100 SIZES



STYLE 489 6 – 12-INCH/ DN150 – DN300 SIZES



STYLE 489DX

	Actual Pipe		Y Dimer	nsion – inc	hes/mm	
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 89/889	Style 475	Style 475DX	Style 489	Style 489DX
1 DN25	1.315 33.7	_	3.98 101	3.98 101	_	_
1 ¼ DN32	1.660 42.4	_	4.45 113	4.45 113	_	_
1 ½ DN40	1.900 48.3	_	4.52 115	4.52 115	4.42 118	_
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	6.68 168	5.03 128	5.03 128	5.19 132	6.18 157
21/2	2.875 73.0	7.13 181	5.59 142	5.59 142	5.62 143	7.22 183
DN65	3.000 76.1	7.25 184	5.73 146	5.73 146	5.72 145	7.42 189
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	7.75 197	6.67 169	6.67 169	6.78 172	7.84 199
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	9.63 245	7.96 202	7.96 202	7.90 201	9.68 246
DN125	5.500 139.7	10.63 270	8.97 228	_	11.13 283	10.94 278
5	5.563 141.3	10.63 270	_	_	10.63 270	_
	6.500 165.1	12.38 314	10.53 268	_	12.68 321	12.70 323
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	12.68 321	_	_	12.68 321	12.70 323
	8.515 216.3	15.25 387	_	_	15.00 381	_
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	15.25 387	_	_	15.00 381	15.04 382
	10.528 267.4	17.00 432	_	_	17.25 438	_
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	17.25 438	_	_	17.25 438	17.29 439
	12.539 318.5	19.63 499	_	_	19.13 486	_
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	19.63 499	_	_	19.13 486	19.13 486

<u>^</u>



Style 750/875 - Reducing Coupling

		l Size /DN	Y Dimension inches/mm		
2		1	5.28		
DN50 ×		DN25	134		
		1 ½	5.28		
		DN40	134		
2 1/2		2	5.93		
	×	DN50	151		
DN65	X	2	6.63		
DINOS		DN50	168		
3	×	2	7.13		
DN80	^	DN50	181		
		2 1/2	7.13		
			181		
			7.13		
		DN65	181		
4	×	2	8.90		
DN100		DN50	226		
		2 1/2	8.90		
			226		
		3	8.90		
		DN80	226		
			8.90		
		DN65	226		
5	×	4	10.70		
	_	DN100	272		
6	×	4	11.90		
DN150	^	DN100	302		
		5	11.90		
			302		
165.1 mm	X	4	11.90		
		DN100	302		
8	×	6	14.88		
DN200	^	DN150	378		
		165.1 mm	14.88		
			378		
10	×	8	17.26		
DN250	_	DN200	438		



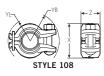




COUPLINGS FOR LGS GROOVED-END PIPE

Style 108 Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling

		Dimensions (Pre-Assembled)				
Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	ΥI	YB	7		
				. . .		
Size	Diameter	inches/	inches/	inches/		
inches/DN	inches/mm	mm	mm	mm		
1	1.315	1.66	2.17	2.58		
DN25	33.7	42.2	55.2	65.5		



No. 115 FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™ Reducing Coupling (OGS x IGS™)

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Dimensions (Pre-Assembled) Y inches/mm	
1 ¼ DN32 _{x 1}	1.660 42.4 x 1.315	4.75 121	
1 ½ DN25 DN40		4.88 124	







COUPLINGS FOR PLAIN-END PIPE

Style 99 - Roust-A-Bout Coupling

Nominal Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Y Dimension inches/mm
1	1.315	4.25
DN25	33.7	108
1½	1.900	5.50
DN40	48.3	140
2	2.375	6.75
DN50	60.3	171
21/2	2.875 73.0	7.13 181
DN65	3.000 76.1	6.25 159
3	3.500	8.50
DN80	88.9	216
3 ½	4.000	9.25
DN90	101.6	235
4	4.500	10.00
DN100	114.3	254
DN125	5.500 139.7	10.75 260
5	5.563 141.3	11.38 289
6	6.625	13.38
DN150	168.3	340
	6.500 165.1	13.25 337
8	8.625	14.38
DN200	219.1	365
10	10.750	16.38
DN250	273.0	416
12	12.750	19.63
DN300	323.9	499
14	14.000	20.75
DN350	355.6	527
16	16.000	22.63
DN400	406.4	575
18	18.000	23.50
DN450	457.2	597



STYLE 99 1 – 10-INCH/ DN25 – DN150



STYLE 99 8 – 12-INCH/ DN200 – DN300



STYLE 99 14 – 18-INCH/ DN350 – DN450



VIC-FLANGE ADAPTERS FOR OGS GROOVED-END PIPE

Style 441 - Stainless Steel Vic-Flange Adapter

Style 741 - Vic-Flange Adapter

Style 743 - Vic-Flange Adapter

Style 744 - FireLock™ Flange Adapter











STYLE 441

STYLE 741 2 - 12-INCH/ DN50 - DN300

STYLE 741 14 - 24-INCH/ DN350 - DN600

STYLE 743

STYLE 744

DN50 - DN300 DN350 - DN600						
	Actual Pipe	W Dimension – inches/mm				
Nominal Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style 441	Style 741	Style 743	Style 744	
2 DN50	2.375 60.3	6.84 174	6.75 172	7.75 197	6.75 172	
2 1/2	2.875 73.0	7.72 196	7.88 200	8.63 219	7.88 200	
3 DN80	3.500 88.9	8.22 209	8.50 216	9.50 241	8.44 214	
4 DN100	4.500 114.3	9.72 247	10.00 254	11.38 289	9.94 252	
5	5.563 141.3	_	11.00 279	12.38 314	11.00 279	
6 DN150	6.625 168.3	11.78 299	12.00 305	13.88 352	12.00 305	
8 DN200	8.625 219.1	_	14.75 375	16.75 425	14.63 372	
10 DN250	10.750 273.0	_	17.25 438	19.25 489	_	
12 DN300	12.750 323.9	_	20.25 514	22.25 565	_	
14 DN350	14.000 355.6		24.50 622	_	_	
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	_	27.13 689	_	_	
18 DN450	18.000 457.2		29.00 737	_		
20 DN500	20.000 508.0		31.50 800	_		
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	_	36.00 914	_	_	





STANDARD *VIC-FLANGE* ADAPTERS FOR GROOVED-END PIPE

Style 741 - Vic-Flange Adapter (PN10 and PN16 Flanges)

Style 741 - Vic-Flange Adapter (Australian Standard Table "E")

Style 741 - Vic-Flange Adapter (Chinese Standard Table "E")



STYLE 741

		W Dimension – mm/inches				
Nominal Size DN/inches	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter mm/inches	Style 741 PN10 and PN16	Style 741 Australian Standard Table "E"	Style 741 Chinese Standard Table "E"		
DN50 2	60.3 2.375	178 7.00	165 6.50	172 6.75		
DN65	76.1 3.000	210 8.25	_	210 8.25		
DN80 3	88.9 3.500	219 8.63	200 7.88	213 8.38		
	108.0 4.250	_	_	248 9.75		
DN100 4	114.3 4.500	251 9.88	251 9.88	251 9.88		
	133.0 5.250	_	_	276 10.88		
DN125	139.7 5.500	276 10.88	_	276 10.88		
	159.0 6.250	3.14 12.38	_	314 12.38		
	165.1 6.500	305 12.00	_	305 12.00		
DN150 6	168.3 6.625	302 11.88	286 11.25	_		
DN200 8	219.1 8.625	368 ¹ 14.50	368 14.50	368 14.50		
DN250 10	273.0 10.750	438 ² 17.25	_	_		
DN300 12	323.9 12.750	479³ 18.88	_	_		

¹ PN16 dimensions (mm/inches): W = 360/14.17





² PN16 dimensions (mm/inches): W = 438/17.24

³ PN16 dimensions (mm/inches): W = 478/18.82

Style 912 - FireLock™ Low-Profile Sprinkler-Tee (Europe Only)

Nominal	Size	inches/DN	Y Dimension
Run x Branch FPT			inches/mm
1	Х	½	3.72
DN25		DN15	95
1 ¼	Х	½	4.12
DN32		DN15	105
1 ½	Х	½	4.32
DN40		DN15	110



Style 922 - FireLock™ Outlet-T

		l Size /DN	Dimensions	- inches/mm
Run	хΒ	ranch	٧	Υ
1 ¼ DN32	х	½ DN15	1.83 47	3.87 98
51132		3/4	1.83	3.87
		DN20 1	47	98 3.87
		DN25	2.18 55	98
		1 <u>IGS</u> *	1.98	4.13
		DN25 !§\$ "	50	105
1 ½	х	1/2	1.95	4.08
DN40	^	DN15	50	104
		3⁄4 DN20	1.95 50	4.08 104
		1	2.30	4.08
		DN25	58	104
		1 <i>!@s</i> ~	2.11	4.25
		DN25 !§\$ "	54	108
2	х	1/2	2.19	4.60
DN50	^	DN15	56	117
		³ / ₄ DN20	2.19 56	4.60 117
		1 DN25	2.54 65	4.60 117
		1 <u>IGS</u>	2.34	4.75
		DN25 !€s "	59	121
2 1/2	х	1/2	2.44	5.40
	^	DN15	62	137
		3/4 DN20	2.44	5.40
		DN20 1	62 2.79	137 5.40
		DN25	2.79 71	137
		1 <u>IGS</u>	2.67	5.50
		DN25 !@s "	68	140
	Х	1/2	2.44	5.50
DN65	^	DN15	62	140
		3/4 DN20	2.44	5.50
		DN20 1	62 2.79	140 5.50
		DN25	2.79 71	140
		1 <u>l@s</u>	2.75	5.52
		DN25 168	70	140



STYLE 922 WITH THREADED OUTLET



STYLE 922 WITH

GS GROOVED OUTLET



Style 923 - Strapless Outlet (NPT and BSPT Models)

Nominal Sizinches/DN	Dimensions inches/mm			
Run x Brane	Χ	Υ		
4 – 8	x	1/2	3.00	3.09
DN100 - DN200		DN15	76	78
		3/4	3.00	3.09
		DN20	76	78
10 and Larger	х	1/2	3.00	3.00
DN250 and Larger		DN15	76	76
		3/4	3.00	3.00
		DN20	76	76





STYLE 923 (NPT/BSPT) 4 – 8-INCH/DN100 – DN200 SIZES





STYLE 923 (NPT/BSPT) 10-INCH/DN250 AND LARGER SIZES

Style 923 - Strapless Outlet (BSPP Models)

Nominal Si inches/DI		Dimensions inches/mm			
Run x Bran	ch	\mathbf{X}_{1}	X ₂	Υ	
4 – 8 DN100 – DN200	Х	½ DN15	4.50 114	3.00 76	3.09 78
		³ / ₄ DN20	4.50 114	3.00 76	3.09 78
10 and Larger DN250 and Larger	Х	½ DN15	4.50 114	3.00 76	3.00 76
		3/4 DN20	4.50 114	3.00 76	3.00 76





STYLE 923 (BSPP) 4 – 8-INCH/DN100 – DN200 SIZES





STYLE 923 (BSPP) 10-INCH/DN250 AND LARGER SIZES

Style 924 - Strapless Thermometer Outlet

Nominal Size inches/DN	Dimensions inches/mm			
Run	Х	Υ		
4 – 8 DN100 – DN200 for 6-inch/152-mm Nominal Stem Length	7.09 180	3.09 78		
10 and Larger DN250 and Larger for 6-inch/152-mm Nominal Stem Length	7.09 180	3.09 78		

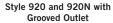


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Styles 920 and 920N - Mechanical-T Outlets







Style 920 and 920N with Female Threaded Outlet

	Nominal Size inches/DN					nsions s/mm	
Run	х	Branch	Style	Т	Threaded V	Grooved V	Υ
2 DN50	Х	½ DN15	920N	2.00 51	2.53 64	_	5.35 136
		³ / ₄ DN20	920N	1.97 50	2.53 64	_	5.35 136
		1 DN25	920N	1.85 47	2.53 64	_	5.35 136
		1 1/4 DN32	920N	2.05 52	2.75 70	3.00 76	5.35 136
		1½ DN40	920N	2.03 52	2.75 70	3.12 79	5.35 136
2 1/2	Х	½ DN15	920N	2.21 56	2.74 70	_	5.64 143
		³ / ₄ DN20	920N	2.18 55	2.74 70	_	5.64 143
		1 DN25	920N	2.06 52	2.74 70	_	5.64 143
		1 1/4 DN32	920N	2.30 58	3.00 76	3.25 83	6.29 160
		1 ½ DN40	920N	2.28 58	3.00 76	3.25 83	6.26 159
76.1 mm	Х	½ DN15	920N	2.22 56	2.75 70	_	6.46 164
		³ / ₄ DN20	920N	2.19 56	2.75 70	_	6.46 164
		1 DN25	920N	2.07 53	2.75 70	_	6.46 164
		1 ¼ DN32	920N	2.30 58	3.00 76	3.31 84	6.29 160
		1 ½ DN40	920N	2.28 58	3.00 76	3.31 84	6.29 160
3 DN80	Х	½ DN15	920N	2.52 64	3.05 78	_	6.15 156
		³⁄₄ DN20	920N	2.49 63	3.05 78	_	6.15 156
		1 DN25	920N	2.38 61	3.06 78	_	6.15 156
		1 <u>l@s</u> " DN25 <u>l@s</u> "	920N	_	_	3.12 79	6.42 163
		1 ¼ DN32	920N	2.55 65	3.25 83	3.56 90	6.15 156
		1 ½ DN40	920N	2.78 71	3.50 89	3.56 90	6.15 156
		2 DN50	920N	2.75 70	3.50 89	3.56 90	6.75 172





Style 920 and 920N with Grooved Outlet



Style 920 and 920N with Female Threaded Outlet

	WIL	n Grooved C	Juliet	remaie Threaded Outlet				
		l Size /DN		Dimensions inches/mm				
					Threaded	Grooved		
Run	х	Branch	Style	Т	V	٧	Υ	
3 ½		2	02011	3.00		3.75	6.72	
DN90	Х	DN50	920N	76	_	95	171	
4		1/2	0201	3.03	3.56		7.01	
DN100	Х	DN15	920N	77	90	_	178	
		3/4	920N	3.00	3.56		7.01	
		DN20	920IN	76	90		178	
		1	920N	2.88	3.56	_	7.01	
		DN25	72014	73	90		178	
		1 <u>168</u> °	920N	_	_	3.62	7.35	
		DN25 <u>l@s</u> *		2.00	2.70	92	187	
		11/4	920N	3.08	3.78	4.00	7.01	
		DN32 1½		78 3.28	96 4.00	102 4.00	178 7.01	
		DN40	920N	83	102	102	178	
		2		3.25	4.00	4.00	7.01	
		DN50	920N	83	102	102	178	
		21/2		2.88	4.00	4.00	7.34	
		2/2	920	73	102	102	186	
		76.1	020	2.88		4.00	7.34	
		76.1 mm	920	73	_	102	186	
		3	020	3.31	4.50	4.12	7.73	
		DN80	920	84	114	105	196	
108.0 mm	_	1 1/4	920N	3.08	3.78		7.64	
100.011111	^	DN32	92011	78	96		194	
		1 ½	920N	3.28	4.00		7.64	
		DN40	72011	88	102		194	
		2	920N	3.25	4.00	_	7.64	
		DN50		83	102	4.00	194	
		76.1 mm	920	2.88	4.00	4.00	7.64	
		3		73 3.31	102 4.50	102 4.50	7.63	
		DN80	920	84	114	114	7.03 194	
5		1 1/2		4.03	4.75	4.75	9.70	
	Х	DN40	920	102	121	121	246	
		2	022	4.00	4.75	4.75	9.70	
		DN50	920	102	121	121	246	
		21/2	020	3.63	4.75	4.75	9.70	
			920	92	121	121	246	
		76.1 mm	920	3.75		4.75	9.70	
			920	95	_	121	246	
		3	920	3.81	5.00	4.63	9.70	
		DN80	720	97	127	118	246	
133.0 mm	х	2	920N	3.75	4.50	_	8.00	
		DN50		95	114		203	
		3	920	3.81	5.00	_	9.46	
		DN80		97	127		240	





Style 920 and 920N with Grooved Outlet



Style 920 and 920N with Female Threaded Outlet

-	Nominal Size inches/DN			Dimensions inches/mm				
Run	х	Branch	Style	Т	Threaded V	Grooved V	Υ	
139.7 mm	х	1½ DN40	920N	3.78 96	4.50 114	_	8.23 209	
		2 DN50	920N	3.75 95	4.50 114	_	8.23 209	
6 DN150	Х	1 ¼ DN32	920N	4.43 113	5.13 130	5.13 130	9.15 232	
		1 ½ DN40	920N	4.40 112	5.13 130	5.13 130	9.15 232	
		2 DN50	920N	4.38 111	5.13 130	5.13 130	9.15 232	
		21/2	920	4.01 110	5.13 130	5.12 130	10.51 267	
		76.1 mm	920	4.15 105	_	5.21 132	10.51 267	
		3 DN80	920	4.31 110	5.50 140	5.13 130	10.51 267	
		4 DN100	920	3.81 97	5.75 146	5.38 137	10.51 267	
159.0 mm	х	1½ DN40	920N	4.41 112	5.13 130	_	9.40 239	
		2 DN50	920N	4.38 111	5.13 130	_	9.40 239	
		76.1 mm	920	4.38 111	5.50 140	5.13 130	9.40 239	
		3 DN80	920	4.31 110	5.50 140	5.13 130	9.40 239	
		108.0 mm	920	4.45 113	_	5.38 137	9.40 239	
		4 DN100	920	3.81 97	5.75 146	_	9.40 239	
165.1 mm	х	1 DN25	920N	3.88 99	4.56 116	_	9.34 237	
		1 ¼ DN32	920N	4.43 113	5.13 130	_	9.34 237	
		1½ DN40	920N	4.41 112	5.13 130	5.13 130	9.34 237	
		2 DN50	920N	4.38 111	5.13 130	5.13 130	9.34 237	
		76.1 mm	920	4.01 102	5.13 130	5.21 132	10.51 267	
		3 DN80	920	4.31 110	5.50 140	5.13 130	10.51 267	
		4 DN100	920	3.81 97	5.75 146	5.38 137	10.51 267	

<u>^</u>









Style 920 and 920N with Female Threaded Outlet

		l Size /DN		Dimensions inches/mm			
Run	Run x Branch Style			Т	Threaded V	Grooved V	Υ
8 DN200	Х	2 DN50	920	5.44 138	6.19 157	6.25 159	12.42 316
		21/2	920	5.07 129	6.19 157	6.19 157	12.42 316
		76.1 mm	920	5.25 133	_	6.25 159	12.42 316
		3 DN80	920	5.31 135	6.50 165	6.50 165	12.42 316
		4 DN100	920	4.81 122	6.75 172	6.38 162	12.42 316



Style L920N Mechanical-T Outlet (Female - NPT)

Nominal S	ize ir	ches/DN	Dimensions inches/mm			
Run	Х	Branch	Т	٧	Υ	
2	×	1/2	1.97	2.53	5.35	
DN50		DN15	50	64	136	
		3/4	1.97	2.53	5.35	
		DN20	50	64	136	
		1 ½ DN40	1.85 47	2.53 64	5.35 136	
3		3/4	2.49	3.05	6.15	
DN80	×	DN20	63	78	156	
		1½	2.38	3.06	6.15	
		DN40	61	78	156	
4	×	1/2	3.03	3.56	7.01	
DN100	^ .	DN15	77	90	178	
		3/4	3.00	3.56	7.01	
		DN20	76	90	178	
		1 ½ DN40	2.88	3.56 90	7.01	
6		3/ ₄	73 3.73	4.64	178 9.15	
DN150	×	DN20	3./3 95	118	232	
DIVISO		1½	4.40	5.13	9.15	
		DN40	112	130	232	
	-	1	4.38	5.13	9.15	
		DN50	111	130	232	
8		3/4	5.01	5.69	12.42	
DN200	×	DN20	127	145	316	
		1	5.44	6.19	12.42	
		DN25	138	157	316	
10	×	3/4	6.01	6.69	14.67	
DN250		DN20	153	170	373	
		1½ DN40	6.01 153	6.69 170	14.67 373	
12		3/4	7.13	7.81	17.38	
DN300	×	DN20	181	198	442	
		1½	7.13	7.81	17.38	
		DN40	181	198	442	
14		3/4	7.75	8.43	17.95	
DN350	×.	DN20	197	214	456	
		1 1/2	7.75	8.43	17.95	
		DN40	197	214	456	
16	×	3/4 DN20	8.75	9.43	19.74	
DN400		DN20	222	240	501	



STYLE L920N







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