

Air-Conditioners For Building Application

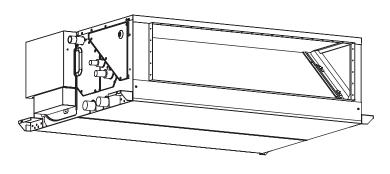
2021 R410A

TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL

Series PEFY Ceiling Concealed

Model name <Indoor unit>

PEFY-P-NMHU-E2



INDOOR UNIT

2nd edition

CITY MULTI

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Before installation and electric work

- ► Before installing the unit, make sure you read all the "Safety precautions".
- ► The "Safety precautions" provide very important points regarding safety. Make sure you follow them.
- This equipment may cause the adverse effect on the same supply system.
- Please report to or take consent by the supply authority before connection to the system.

Symbols used in the text

<u> (Warning:</u>

Describes precautions that should be observed to prevent danger of injury or death to the user.

↑ Caution:

Describes precautions that should be observed to prevent damage to the unit.

Symbols used in the illustrations

: Indicates an action that must be avoided.

• Indicates that important instructions must be followed.

Indicates a part which must be grounded.

: Indicates that caution should be taken with rotating parts. (This symbol is displayed on the main unit label.) <Color: Yellow>

: Beware of electric shock (This symbol is displayed on the main unit label.) <Color: Yellow>

Carefully read the labels affixed to the main unit.

- Ask the dealer or an authorized technician to install the air conditioner.
- Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- Install the air unit at a place that can withstand its weight.
 - Inadequate strength may cause the unit to fall down, resulting in injuries.
- Use the specified cables for wiring. Make the connections securely so that the outside force of the cable is not applied to the terminals.
 - Inadequate connection and fastening may generate heat and cause a fire.
- Prepare for typhoons and other strong winds and earthquakes and install the unit at the specified place.
- Improper installation may cause the unit to topple and result in injury.
- Always use an air cleaner, humidifier, electric heater, and other accessories specified by Mitsubishi Electric.
- Ask an authorized technician to install the accessories. Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- Never repair the unit. If the air conditioner must be repaired, consult the dealer.
 - If the unit is repaired improperly, water leakage, electric shock, or fire may result.
- Do not touch the heat exchanger fins.
- Improper handling may result in injury.
- If refrigerant gas leaks during installation work, ventilate the room.
- If the refrigerant gas comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

- Install the air conditioner according to this Installation Manual.
 - If the unit is installed improperly, water leakage, electric shock, or fire may result.
- Have all electric work done by a licensed electrician according to "Electric Facility Engineering Standard" and "Interior Wire Regulations" and the instructions given in this manual and always use a special circuit.
- If the power source capacity is inadequate or electric work is performed improperly, electric shock and fire may result.
- · Keep the electric parts away from water (washing water etc.).
- It might result in electric shock, catching fire or smoke.
- Securely install the cover of control box and the panel.
 - If the cover and panel are not installed properly, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit and fire or electric shock may result.
- When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, do not charge the it with a refrigerant different from the refrigerant specified on the unit.
- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged
- If the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration from exceeding the safety limit even if the refrigerant should leak.
- Consult the dealer regarding the appropriate measures to prevent the safety limit from being exceeded. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the safety limit to be exceeded, hazards due to lack of oxygen in the room could result.
- When moving and reinstalling the air conditioner, consult the dealer or an authorized technician.
 - If the air conditioner is installed improperly, water leakage, electric shock, or fire may result.
- After completing installation work, make sure that refrigerant gas is not leaking.
- If the refrigerant gas leaks and is exposed to a fan heater, stove, oven, or other heat source, it may generate noxious gases.
- Do not reconstruct or change the settings of the protection devices
 - If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by Mitsubishi Electric are used, fire or explosion may result.
- To dispose of this product, consult your dealer.
- · Do not use a leak detection additive.

♠ Warning:

- Note the following when building a heater in the air conditioning system.
 - Leave enough space between units for proper ventilation so that the indoor unit temperature does not exceed 40°C when windless.
 - Keep the heater clean, and take appropriate measures so that the indoor unit does not suck in the dust particles that accumulate on the heater.
 - Use the optional heater cable (PAC-YU24HT) to perform an interlocked operation with indoor units.
- Do not build a heater inside the indoor unit.

Recommended circuit

Wiring diagram

FS1, 2 ---- Thermal fuse

H1. H2 ---- Heater

26H ----- Overheat protection

thermostat

88H ----- Electromagnetic contactor

2. Precautions for devices that use R410A refrigerant

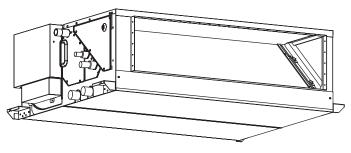
- Do not use the existing refrigerant piping.
- The old refrigerant and refrigerator oil in the existing piping contains a large amount of chlorine which may cause the refrigerator oil of the new unit to deteriorate.
- Use refrigerant piping made of C1220 (Cu-DHP) phosphorus deoxidized copper as specified in the *JIS H3300 "Copper and copper alloy seamless pipes and tubes". In addition, be sure that the inner and outer surfaces of the pipes are clean and free of hazardous sulphur, oxides, dust/dirt, shaving particles, oils, moisture, or any other contaminant.
 - Contaminants on the inside of the refrigerant piping may cause the refrigerant residual oil to deteriorate.
 - * JIS: Japanese Industrial Standard
- Store the piping to be used during installation indoors and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Store elbows and other joints in a plastic bag.)
 - If dust, dirt, or water enters the refrigerant cycle, deterioration of the oil and compressor trouble may result.
- Use ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene (small amount) as the refrigerator oil to coat flares and flange connections.
 - The refrigerator oil will degrade if it is mixed with a large amount of mineral oil.
- · Use liquid refrigerant to fill the system.
 - If gas refrigerant is used to seal the system, the composition of the refrigerant in the cylinder will change and performance may drop.
- · Do not use a refrigerant other than R410A.
 - If another refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, the chlorine in the refrigerant may cause the refrigerator oil to deteriorate.
- · Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.
 - The vacuum pump oil may flow back into the refrigerant cycle and cause the refrigerator oil to deteriorate.
- Do not use the following tools that are used with conventional refrigerants.

(Gauge manifold, charge hose, gas leak detector, reverse flow check valve, refrigerant charge base, vacuum gauge, refrigerant recovery equipment)

- If the conventional refrigerant and refrigerator oil are mixed in the R410A, the refrigerant may deteriorated.
- If water is mixed in the R410A, the refrigerator oil may deteriorate.
- Since R410A does not contain any chlorine, gas leak detectors for conventional refrigerants will not react to it.
- · Do not use a charging cylinder.
 - Using a charging cylinder may cause the refrigerant to deteriorate.
- · Be especially careful when managing the tools.
- If dust, dirt, or water gets in the refrigerant cycle, the refrigerant may deteriorate.

1. FEATURES

[Series PEFY] Ceiling Concealed

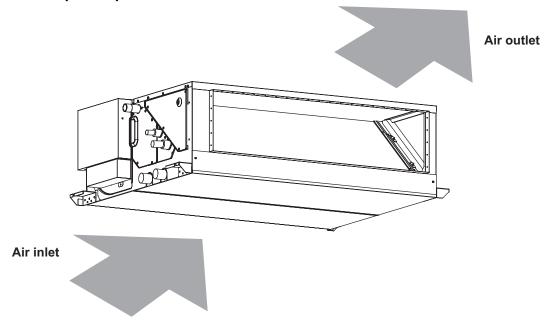


Indoor unit

Models	Cooling capacity/Heating capacity				
iviodeis	kW	BTU / h			
PEFY-P15NMHU-E2	4.4 / 5.0	15000 / 17000			
PEFY-P18NMHU-E2	5.3 / 5.9	18000 / 20000			
PEFY-P24NMHU-E2	7.0 / 7.9	24000 / 27000			
PEFY-P27NMHU-E2	7.9 / 8.8	27000 / 30000			
PEFY-P30NMHU-E2	8.8 / 10.0	30000 / 34000			
PEFY-P36NMHU-E2	10.6 / 11.7	36000 / 40000			
PEFY-P48NMHU-E2	14.1 / 15.8	48000 / 54000			
PEFY-P54NMHU-E2	15.8 / 17.6	54000 / 60000			

2. PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

2-1. Indoor (Main) Unit

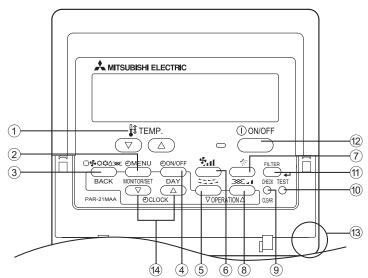


2-2. Remote controller

■ PAR-21MAA

Once the controls are set, the same operation mode can be repeated by simply pressing the ON/OFF button.

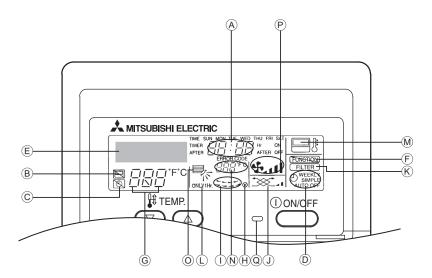
<1> Operation buttons



- 1 [Set Temperature] Button
- [Timer Menu] Button
 [Monitor/Set] Button
- (3) [Mode] Button [Return] Button
- (4) [Timer On/Off] Button [Set Day] Button
- ⑤ [Louver] Button
 - [Operation] Button
- 6 [Fan Speed] Button
- 7 [Airflow Up/Down] Button
- (8) [Ventilation] Button [Operation] Button
- 9 [Check/Clear] Button

- (1) [Test run] Button
- 11 [Filter] Button
 - [←] Button
 [ON/OFF] Button
- (2) [ON/OFF] Button(3) Position of built-in room temperature
- (Set Time) Button
- Never expose the remote controller to direct sunlight. Doing so can result in the erroneous measurement of room temperature.
- Never place any obstacle around the lower right-hand section of the remote controller. Doing so can result in the
 erroneous measurement of room temperature.

<2> Display



- Current time/Timer
- B Centralized control
- © Timer OFF
- Timer indicator
- © Operation mode: ☼ COOL, ♦ DRY, ☐ AUTO, ♣ FAN, ♦ HEAT
- (F) "Locked" indicator
- © Set temperature
- (H) Power ON
- ① Louver
- J Ventilation
- K Filter sign
- (L) Set effective for 1 hr.
- M Sensor position
- N Room temperature
- O Airflow
- P Fan speed

3. SPECIFICATION

3-1. Specification

■ PEFY-P-NMHU-E2

Item			Model	PEFY- P15NMHU-E2	PEFY- P18NMHU-E2	PEFY- P24NMHU-E2	PEFY- P27NMHU-E2	PEFY- P30NMHU-E2		
Power sourse					208/230V, 60Hz					
	Casling	k۷	٧	4.4	5.3	7.0	7.9	8.8		
Capacity	Cooling	ВТІ	J/h	15000	18000	24000	27000	30000		
*1	Heating	k۷	٧	5.0	5.9	7.9	8.8	10.0		
	Heating	ВΤΙ	J/h	17000	20000	27000	30000	34000		
	Haimbt	mı	n			380				
	Height	ir	1	15						
Dimension	Width	mm		745			1030			
Dimension	wiath	ir	1	29-6/16 40-9/16						
	Donth	mı	m	900						
	Depth	ir	1			35-7/16				
Natorials		kį	3	44		45	56			
Net weight		lb)	9	8	100	1:	24		
	Airflow rate		m³/min	10.0-14.0	10.0-14.0	13.5-19.0	15.5-22.0	18.0-25.0		
FAN	(Low-High)		cfm	353-494	353-494	477-671	547-777	636-883		
FAN	External static	Pa	208V			(100, 250)				
	pressure *3	ra	230V		(150), 250					
Noise level (Low-	-High) *2	dB((A)	39-45	39-45	40-46	38-44	38-44		

■ PEFY-P-NMHU-E2

Model			PEFY- P36NMHU-E2	PEFY- P54NMHU-E2			
Item							
Power sourse					208/230V, 60Hz		
	Cooling	k۷	٧	10.6	14.1	15.8	
Capacity	Cooling	BTU	J/h	36000	48000	54000	
*1	Heating	k۷	٧	11.7	15.8	17.6	
	rieating	ВΤΙ	J/h	40000	54000	60000	
	Hoight	mı	m		380		
	Height	in		15			
Dimension	Width	mm		1195			
Dimension	VVIGUI	in		47-1/16			
	Depth	mm		900			
	Дерш	in		35-7/16			
Net weight		kį	9	6	9	71	
inet weight		lb		15	53	157	
	Airflow rate		m³/min	26.5-38.0	26.5-38.0	28.0-40.0	
FAN	(Low-High)		cfm	936-1342	936-1342	989-1412	
FAN	External static	Pa	208V		(100, 250)		
	pressure *3	Ра	230V		(150), 250		
Noise level (Low-Hi	igh) *2	dB((A)	40-46	40-46	41-47	

Notes: *1 Cooling/Heating capacity indicates the maximum value at operation under the following condition. Outdoor: 35 °C [95 °F] DB

Cooling: Indoor: 26.7 °C [80 °F] DB/19.4 °C [67 °F] WB Heating: Indoor: 21.1 °C [70 °F] DB Outdoor: 8.3 °C [47 °F] DB/6.1 °C [43 °F] WB

External static pressure 250 Pa

^{*2} The operating noise is the data that was obtained in an anechoic room.

^{*3} Factory settings: Power supply voltage 230 V

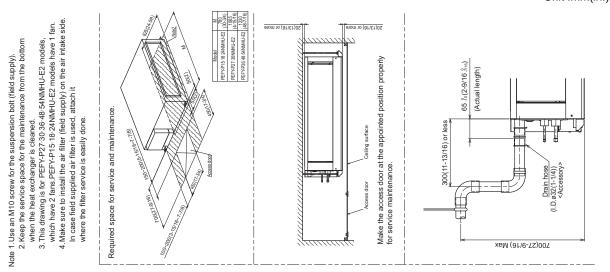
3-2. Electrical parts specifications

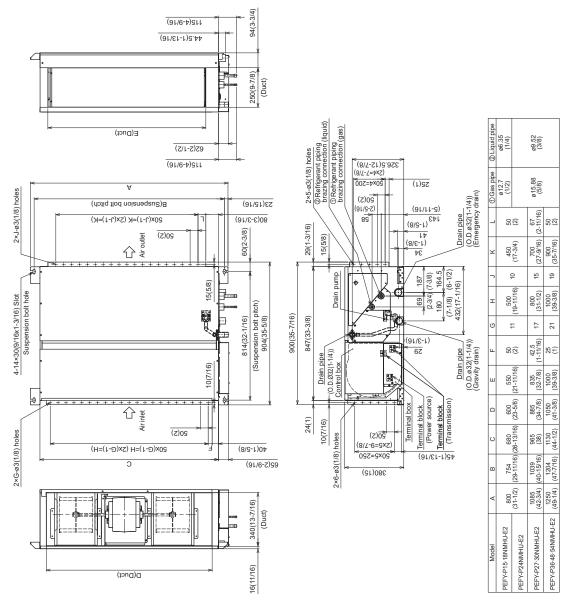
Model Parts name	Symbol	PEFY- P15 NMHU-E2	PEFY- P18 NMHU-E2	PEFY- P24 NMHU-E2	PEFY- P27 NMHU-E2	PEFY- P30 NMHU-E2	PEFY- P36 NMHU-E2	PEFY- P48 NMHU-E2	PEFY- P54 NMHU-E2
Tranrsformer	Т				0/60Hz 220-24				
Room temperature thermistor	TH21	F	Resistance 0°		, 10°C [50°F]/9 C [86°F]/4.3kΩ		8°F]/6.3kΩ, 25° /3.0kΩ	°C [77°F]/5.4k	Ω,
Liquid pipe thermistor	TH22	F	Resistance 0°		, 10°C [50°F]/9 C [86°F]/4.3kΩ	, .	8°F]/6.3kΩ, 25° /3.0kΩ	°C [77°F]/5.4k	Ω,
Gas pipe thermistor	TH23	F	Resistance 0°		, 10°C [50°F]/9 C [86°F]/4.3kΩ	, .	8°F]/6.3kΩ, 25° /3.0kΩ	°C [77°F]/5.4k!	Ω,
Fuse (Indoor controller board)	FUSE				250\	V 6.3A			
Fan motor (with Innerthermostat)	MF1, 2	4-pole Output130W NC-45VMS	4-pole Output130W NC-45VMS	4-pole Output180W NC-71VMS	4-pole Output190W NC-90VMS-W	4-pole Output190W NC-90VMS-W	4-pole Output400W NC-112VMS-W	4-pole Output400W NC-112VMS-W	4-pole Output400W NC-112VMS-W
Innerthermostat (Fan motor)		OFF 135°C ±5°C ON 86°C ±15°C							
Fan motor capacitor	C1	4µF×440V	4µF×440V	5µF×440V	8µF×440V	10µF×440V	11µF×440V	11µF×440V	11µF×440V
Linear expansion valve	LEV	DC12V Stepping motor drive port dimension ø 3.2 port dimension ø 5.2 (0~1800pulse (0~1800pulse 4t R410A outdoor unit> 0~2000pulse 4t the other outdoor unit>) Cat the other outdoor unit> ozonomical dimension ø 5.2 (0~1800pulse 4t R410A outdoor unit> 2000pulse 4t the other outdoor unit>)				nsion ø 5.2		DC12V Stepping motor drive port dimension ø 6.4 (0~1800 pulse <at outdoor="" r410a="" unit=""> 0~2000 pulse <at other="" outdoor="" the="" unit="">)</at></at>	
Power supply terminal bed	TB2				(L1, L2, G	6) 250V 20A			
Transmission	TB5		(M1, M2, S) 250V 20A						
terminal bed	TB15				(1, 2) 2	250V 15A			
			Disconnect the connector, and measure the resistance using a tester. (Ambient temp.: 20°C)						
Drain pump	DP			Norma	al	Abn	ormal		
				399Ω	!	Open or s	short circuit		
Drain sensor	DS	0°C/6.0kΩ,10°C/3.9kΩ 20°C/2.6kΩ,25°C/2.2kΩ 30°C/1.8kΩ,40°C/1.3kΩ							

4. OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

■ PEFY-P15·18·24·27·30·36·48·54NMHU-E2

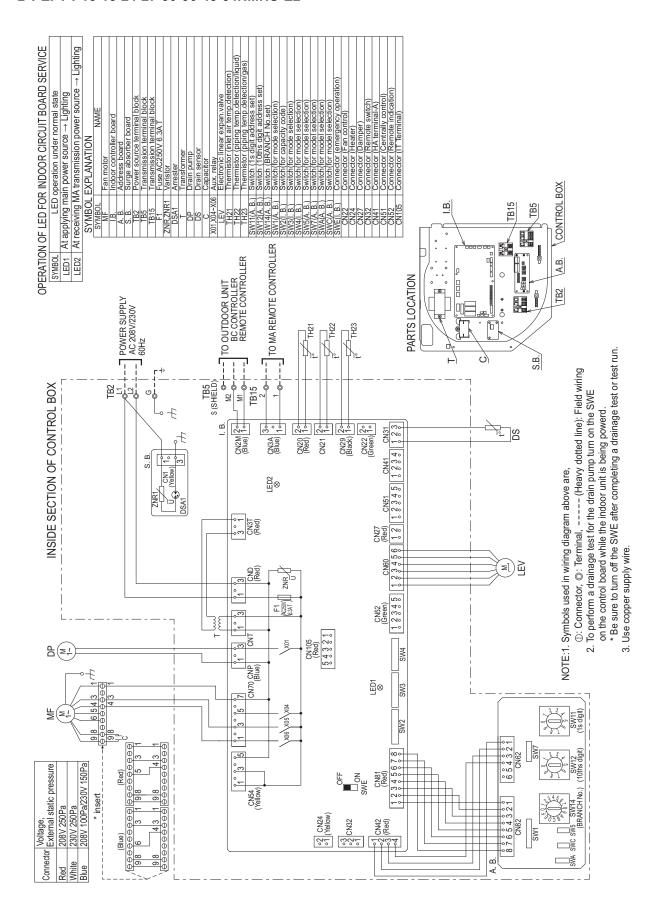
Unit:mm(in.)



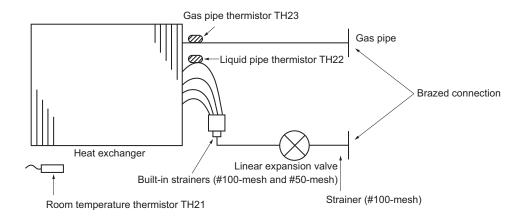


5. WIRING DIAGRAM

■ PEFY-P15·18·24·27·30·36·48·54NMHU-E2



6. REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



mm <in.>

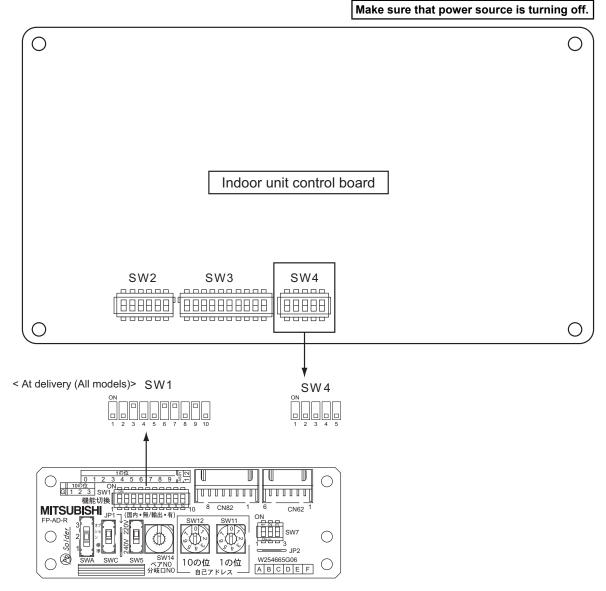
Capacity	PEFY-P15,18NMHU-E2	PEFY-P24,27,30NMHU-E2	PEFY-P36,48,54NMHU-E2
Gas pipe	ø 12.7 (1/2)	ø 15.8	8 (5/8)
Liquid pipe	ø 6.35 (1/4)	ø 9.52	2 (3/8)

7. TROUBLESHOOTING

7-1. How to check the parts

Parts name			С	heck	points			
Room temperature	Disconnect the conn	Disconnect the connector, then measure the resistance using a tester.						
thermistor (TH21) Liquid pipe thermistor	(Sorrounding tempe							
(TH22)	Normal	Ab	normal	(Refer to the <thermistor characteristic<="" th=""></thermistor>				
Gas pipe thermistor	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ Open or short		'					
(TH23) Transformer	Disconnect the connector and measure the resistance using a tester.							
CN3T CNT		Norm			Abno			
3 1	CNT(1)-(3)	App.1		, torrormar				
	CN3T(1)-(3)	()pen or short						
Fan motor	Measure the resista	nce between t	the termi	inals	using a tes	ter. (at 20°	C [68°F])	
PEFY-P15~54							Unit :Ω	
	Motor terminal			No	rmal	1	Abrasinal	
A	or Relay connector	PEFY-P15,18	PEFY-P	24	PEFY-P27,30	PEFY-P36	Abnormal Abnormal	
M W V	M	30.9	24.6	5	24.0	6.26	3	
	A	46.9	34.7		29.1	8.19		
Thermal protector Capacitor	L1	4.08	2.81		2.94	0.74		
Relay connector AOrange BBlue	L2 L3	8.95 7.77	4.03 6.06	-	3.56 4.35	0.74 2.07		
B F CRed DAE DBrown	LS	7.77	0.00)	4.35	2.07		
FGray								
Linear expansion valve	Disconnect the conn	ector then me	easure th	ne re	sistance va	lve using a	tester.	
White 1	Normal						Abnormal	
Yellow 2 Orange 3	(1)-(5) White-Red Y	(2)-(6) ellow-Brown	(3 Oran)-(5)		4)-(6) e-Brown	Open or short	
LEV Blue 4 Red 5	200Ω ±10%			90 11	od Bid	Open or short		
Brown 6								
Drain Pump	Disconnect the conn			<th< th=""><th>ermistor ch</th><th>aracteristic</th><th>graph></th></th<>	ermistor ch	aracteristic	graph>	
(Drain water lift up kit)	the resistance valve (Sorrounding tempe			ı	•		mistor (TH21)	
Red 4	[68°F~86°F])	141410 20 0 0	,, ,		quid pipe thas pipe temp		rmistor (TH23)	
	Normal	Abnormal		Drain sensor (DS)				
Red 3	399Ω	Open or sho	ort		ermistor Roked number			
Drain sensor	Measure the resista	nce between	the		=15exp {34			
(Drain water lift up kit)	terminals using a tes		! _ 4! _			` 273+t	273 "	
	(Refer to the <thermistor characteristic="" graph="">)</thermistor>			1	C 32°F 15			
	,			1	°C 50°F 9.6 °C 68°F 6.3	kO 40	$\overline{}$	
r	000/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00				°C 77°F 5.2	kΩ ĝ	$\overline{}$	
	0°C/6 0kO	0°C/6.0kΩ, 10°C/3.9kΩ 20°C/2.6kΩ, 25°C/2.2kΩ			30°C 86°F 4.3kΩ 830			
	20°C/2.6kΩ	, 25°C/2.2kΩ		1		kO g		
3 0	20°C/2.6kΩ			1	°C 86°F 4.3 °C 104°F 3.0	kΩ esistance kΩ sistance kΩ = 300		
3 0	20°C/2.6kΩ	, 25°C/2.2kΩ		1		Resistanc 20-		
3 0	20°C/2.6kΩ	, 25°C/2.2kΩ		1		kΩ 930 kΩ tage 10- 10-		
3 0	20°C/2.6kΩ	, 25°C/2.2kΩ		1			-20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 (°C)	
	20°C/2.6kΩ	, 25°C/2.2kΩ		1		10	-20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 (°C) -4 14 32 50 68 86 104122 [°F] Temperature	

7-2. Setting of address switch

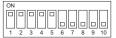


<1> In case using M-NET remote controller, address is set by rotary switches. (SW11,SW12)

Indoor unit do not run without address setting in field.

- <2> Indoor unit address setting rule is different by each field work.
 Refer to install manual of outdoor unit, operate the address setting.
- <3> Setting the address is combination of SW11 (1st digit address setting) and SW12 (2nd digit address setting).

Address "3" setting is composed SW11 "3" and SW12 "0". Address "25" setting is composed SW11 "5" and SW12 "2".

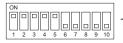


The figure at left shows that the switches 1 through 5 are set to ON and 6 through 10 are set to OFF.

^{*} It is not necessary setting address in case of using unit remote controller.

7-3. Setting of Dip-switch (at delivery)

Models			Dip-SW					
PEFY-P15 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5	SW7 ON 1 2 3		
PEFY-P18 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5	SW7 ON 1 2 3		
PEFY-P24 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5 220V 240V	SW7 ON 1 2 3		
PEFY-P27 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5 220V 240V	SW7 ON 1 2 3	SWA	SWC Standard
PEFY-P30 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5	SW7 ON 1 2 3	1	Indicate "標準"
PEFY-P36 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5	SW7 ON 1 2 3		
PEFY-P48 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5	SW7 ON 1 2 3		
PEFY-P54 NMHU-E2	SW1 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW2 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	SW3 ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SW4 ON 1 2 3 4 5	SW5	SW7 ON 1 2 3		



The figure at left shows that the switches 1 through 5 are set to ON and 6 through 10 are set to OFF.



The figure at left shows that the switch is set to 1.

7-4. Attention for test run

- ► Check that the drain-up mechanism is working properly, that no water is leaking from pipe connections, and that the fan is operating.
 - For new installation, check the above items before completing ceiling work.
 - (1) Remove the cover from the water supply inlet on the indoor unit pipe.
 - (2) Insert the end of the pump or the tank into the drain pump. (Water may leak if it is not inserted properly.) Then, fill the water supply pump from a water supply tank.
 - (3) Perform a test run in the Cooling mode, or connect the connector to the ON-side of the SWE on the indoor unit control board.

(The drain pump and the fan will be forced into operation without being started from the remote controller.)

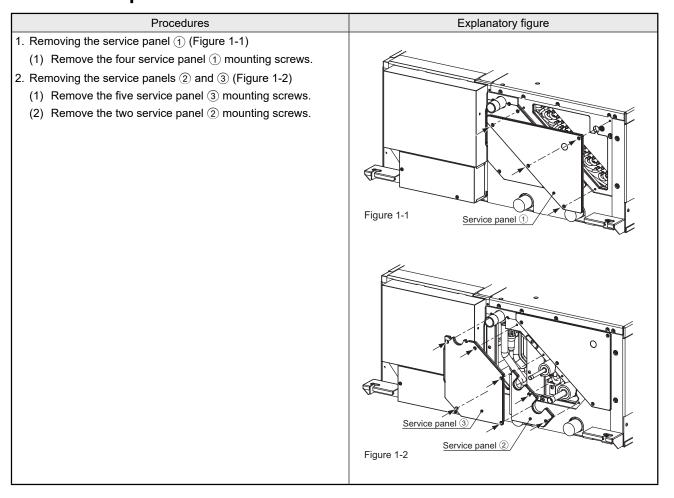
(4) Check for normal operation, stop the test run, and shut off the main power. Disconnect the connector that is connected to the ON-side of SWE, if applicable. Connect it to the OFF-side, and then replace the cover to the water supply inlet as it was.

7-5. Function the LED of the indoor unit service board

Symbol	LED operation under normal state				
LED1	At applying main power source	→ Lighting			
LED2	At receiving MA transmission power source	→ Lighting			

8. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

8-1. Service panel



8-2. Control box

Procedures 1. Removing the control cover (Figure 2-1) (1) Remove the two control box cover mounting screws.

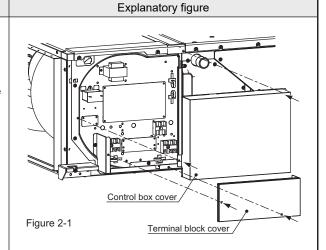
- (2) Remove the two terminal block cover mounting screws.
- * The above procedures will allow for the following services to be performed.
 - ①Operation and checking of the following switches on the address board of the control board

Rotary switch SW11,12	Address setting
Rotary switch SW14	Port setting
Dip switch SW1	Function setting 1
Dip switch SW2	Capacity setting
Dip switch SW3	Function setting 2
Dip switch SW4	Function setting
Dip switch SW7	Function setting
Jumper pin SWE	Test run
Dip switch SWA,SWC	Option setting

2) Checking of the wiring connections to the control box (see below) and the field-installed wiring

	Power wire	(Field-connected)
	Indoor-outdoor transmission line	(Field-connected)
	Remote controller wiring	(Field-connected)
	LEV wiring	(Factory-connected)
	Drain pump wiring	(Factory-connected)
	Drain sensor wiring	(Factory-connected)
	Fan motor wiring	(Factory-connected)
	Indoor temperature thermistor wiring	(Factory-connected)
	Liquid pipe temperature thermistor wiring	(Factory-connected)
	Gas pipe temperature thermistor wiring	(Factory-connected)
$\overline{}$		

- ③Replacement of control board
- (4) Replacement of address board
- ⑤Replacement of DSA board
- 6 Replacement of capacitor
- Replacement of power supply transformer
- ®Replacement of fuse



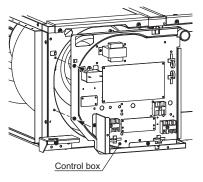


Figure 2-2

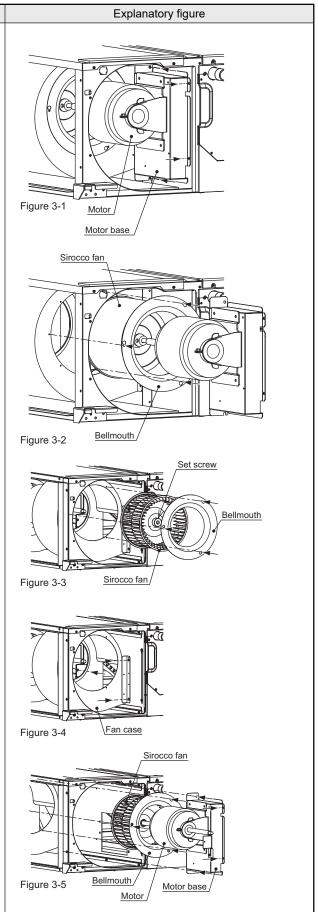
8-3. Fan

Procedures 1. Remove the control box and its cover according to the procedures detailed in section 8-2. Control box (page18).

- 2. Removing the fan
 - P45-71 models (Figures 3-1 and 3-2)
 - (1) Remove the four motor base mounting screws.
 - (2) Loosen the three bellmouth mounting screws, and remove the bellmouth.
 - (3) Pull out the fan along the guide rail.
 - *Use caution not to pinch the wiring.
 - *Motor is heavy. Use caution to avoid injuries.

P80-160 models (Figures 3-3, 3-4, and 3-5)

- (1) Loosen the three front bellmouth mounting screws, and remove the bellmouth.
- (2) Loosen the sirocco fan set screws, and remove the sirocco fan.
- (3) Remove the three front fan case mounting screws.
- (4) Remove the four motor base mounting screws.
- (5) Loosen the three back bellmouth, and remove the bellmouth.
- (6) Pull out the fan along the guide rail.
- *Use caution not to pinch the wiring.
- *Motor is heavy. Use caution to avoid injuries.



8-4. LEV•Pipe thermistor

Procedures

- 1. Remove the service panel according to the procedures detailed in section 8-1. Service panel (page17).
- Remove the control box cover according to the procedures detailed in section 8-2. Control box (page18).
- 3. Removing the LEV (Figure 4-1)
 - (1) Disconnect connector CN60 from the control board.
 - (2) Remove the drive motor using two spanners.
 - (3) To remove the valving element, first take the first four steps in section 8-7. Heat exchanger (page24) to remove the plastic cover. Be sure to protect the surrounding parts, such as insulation and wiring, from flame.
- 4. Removing the pipe thermistor (Figure 4-2)
 - (1) Disconnect connectors CN21 and CN29 from the control board.
 - (2) Take the pipe thermistor out of the holder.

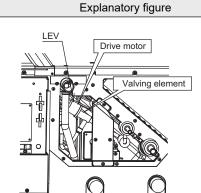


Figure 4-1

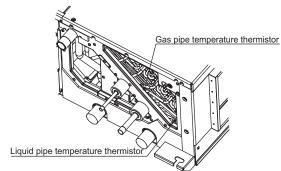


Figure 4-2

Thermistor position list

	P45 model	P50 model	P71 model	P80 model	P90 model	P112 model	P140 model	P160 model
Liquid pipe temperature thermistor		4th path		7th ¡	path	8th	path	5th path
Gas pipe temperature thermistor		3rd path		4.5th	path	3rd path	7th path	4th path

8-5. Drain pump•Drain sensor

Procedures

- Remove the service panels ② and ③ according to the procedures detailed in section 8-1. Service panel (page17).
- Remove the control box cover according to the procedures detailed in section 8-2. Control box (page 18).
- 3. Disconnect the drain pump relay connector (CN31: white) from the control board.
- 4. Removing the drain pump assembly (Figure 5-1)
 - (1) Remove the two drain pump mounting screws.
- Removing the drain pump and drain sensor (Figure 5-2)
 - (1) Remove the two drain pump cover sheet metal mounting screws.
 - (2) Remove the three drain pump mounting screws.
 - (3) Pull the drain sensor out of the drain pump cover sheet metal.



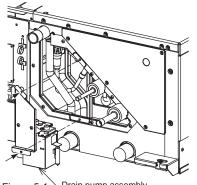
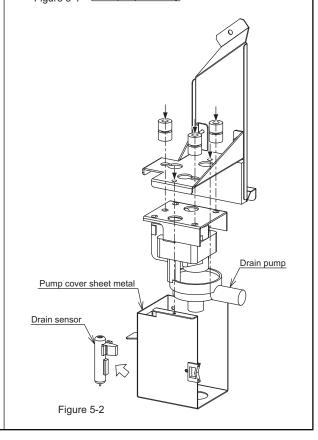


Figure 5-1 Drain pump assembly



8-6. Drain pan

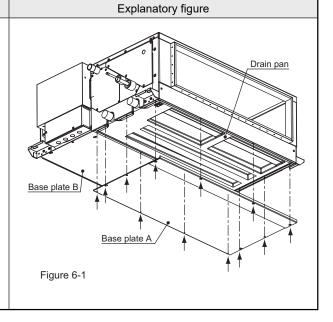
1. Remove the cap from the service panel ③, and check the drain pan for water.

Drain water from the drain port if there is any.

*Protect the surroundings with a plastic sheet before draining water.

Procedures

- 2. Removing the drain pan (Figure 6-1)
 - (1) Remove the 12 mounting screws from base plate A.
 - (2) Pull down the drain pan. Loosening the mounting screw on base plate B will make it easy to remove base plate A.
 - *Pull out the drain pan by pulling a little in all directions. Drain pan is made of styrofoam. Handle the drain pan carefully so as not to break it.



8-7. Heat exchanger

Procedures

- 1. Remove the LEV and pipe sensor wiring according to the procedures detailed in section 8-4. LEV•Pipe thermistor (page21).
- Remove the drain pump according to the procedures detailed in section 8-5. Drain pump•Drain sensor (page22).
- 3. Remove the drain pan according to the procedures detailed in section 8-6. Drain pan (page23).
- 4. Removing the plastic cover (Figure 7-1)
 - Remove the plastic cover mounting screw from the outside of the unit, and another mounting screw from inside the unit.
 - (2) Unhook the plastic cover from the heat exchanger panel.
- 5. Removing the heat exchanger (Figure 7-2)
 - (1) Remove the two air baffle plate mounting screws.
 - (2) Remove the four heat exchanger mounting screws, and lower the heat exchanger.

Explanatory figure

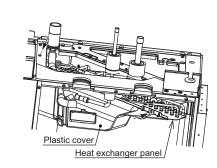
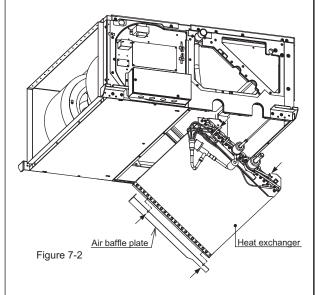


Figure 7-1



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