

Model's TCH072 - 120 TCV072 - 300 60Hz - HFC-410A

Installation, Operation & Maintenance

97B0084N01 Revised: July 25, 2017



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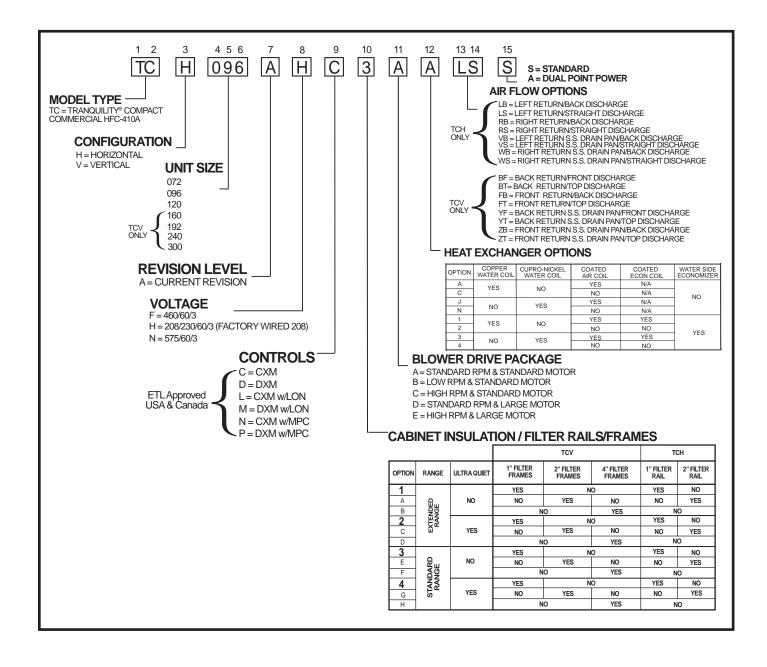
# CLIMATEMASTER WATER-SOURCE HEAT PUMPS

 $\begin{array}{l} Tranquility^{\text{@}} \ Compact \ Belt \ Drive \ (TCH/V) \ Series \\ {\tiny Rev.: \ July \ 25, \ 2017} \end{array}$ 

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Rev.: July 25, 2017

#### Model Nomenclature



#### CLIMATEMASTER WATER-SOURCE HEAT PUMPS

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

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#### **General Information**

#### Safety

Warnings, cautions and notices appear throughout this manual. Read these items carefully before attempting any installation, service or troubleshooting of the equipment.

**DANGER:** Indicates an immediate hazardous situation, which if not avoided will result in death or serious injury. DANGER labels on unit access panels must be observed.

**WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided <u>could result in death or serious injury.</u>

**CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unsafe practice, which if not avoided <u>could result in minor or moderate injury or product or property damage.</u>

**NOTICE:** Notification of installation, operation or maintenance information, which is <u>important</u>, but which is <u>not hazard-related</u>.

# 🛦 Warning! 🛦

**WARNING!** The EarthPure® Application and Service Manual should be read and understood before attempting to service refrigerant circuits with HFC-410A.

# **▲** WARNING! **▲**

**WARNING!** To avoid the release of refrigerant into the atmosphere, the refrigerant circuit of this unit must be serviced only by technicians who meet local, state, and federal proficiency requirements.

# ▲ CAUTION! ▲

**CAUTION!** To avoid equipment damage, DO NOT use these units as a source of heating or cooling during the construction process. The mechanical components and filters will quickly become clogged with construction dirt and debris, which may cause system damage.

# A WARNING! A

**WARNING!** The installation of water-source heat pumps and all associated components, parts, and accessories which make up the installation shall be in accordance with the regulations of ALL authorities having jurisdiction and MUST conform to all applicable codes. It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to determine and comply with ALL applicable codes and regulations.

# **▲** WARNING! **▲**

**WARNING!** All refrigerant discharged from this unit must be recovered WITHOUT EXCEPTION. Technicians must follow industry accepted guidelines and all local, state, and federal statutes for the recovery and disposal of refrigerants. If a compressor is removed from this unit, refrigerant circuit oil will remain in the compressor. To avoid leakage of compressor oil, refrigerant lines of the compressor must be sealed after it is removed.

Inspection - Upon receipt of the equipment, carefully check the shipment against the bill of lading. Make sure all units have been received. Inspect the packaging of each unit, and inspect each unit for damage. Ensure that the carrier makes proper notation of any shortages or damage on all copies of the freight bill and completes a common carrier inspection report. Concealed damage not discovered during unloading must be reported to the carrier within 15 days of receipt of shipment. If not filed within 15 days, the freight company can deny the claim without recourse. Note: It is the responsibility of the purchaser to file all necessary claims with the carrier. Notify your equipment supplier of all damage within fifteen (15) days of shipment.

**Storage** - Equipment should be stored in its original packaging in a clean, dry area. Store units in an upright position at all times.

Unit Protection - Cover units on the job site with either the original packaging or an equivalent protective covering. Cap the open ends of pipes stored on the job site. In areas where painting, plastering, and/or spraying has not been completed, all due precautions must be taken to avoid physical damage to the units and contamination by foreign material. Physical damage and contamination may prevent proper start-up and may result in costly equipment clean-up.

Examine all pipes, fittings, and valves before installing any of the system components. Remove any dirt or debris found in or on these components.

**Pre-Installation** - Installation, Operation, and Maintenance instructions are provided with each unit. Horizontal equipment is designed for installation above false ceiling or in a ceiling plenum. Other unit configurations are typically installed in a mechanical room. The installation site chosen should include adequate service clearance around the unit. Before unit start-up, read all manuals and become familiar with the unit and its operation. Thoroughly check the system before operation.

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#### Prepare units for installation as follows:

- 1. Compare the electrical data on the unit nameplate with ordering and shipping information to verify that the correct unit has been shipped.
- 2. Keep the cabinet covered with the original packaging until installation is complete and all plastering, painting, etc. is finished.
- 3. Verify refrigerant tubing is free of kinks or dents and that it does not touch other unit components.
- 4. Inspect all electrical connections. Connections must be clean and tight at the terminals.
- 5. Some airflow patterns and some control box locations are field convertible. Locate the conversion section of this IOM.

# A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** All three phase scroll compressors must have direction of rotation verified at start-up. Verification is achieved by checking compressor Amp draw. Amp draw will be substantially lower compared to nameplate values. Additionally, reverse rotation results in an elevated sound level compared to correct rotation. Reverse rotation will result in compressor internal overload trip within several minutes. Verify compressor type before proceeding.

# A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** DO NOT store or install units in corrosive environments or in locations subject to temperature or humidity extremes (e.g., attics, garages, rooftops, etc.). Corrosive conditions and high temperature or humidity can significantly reduce performance, reliability, and service life. Always move and store units in an upright position. Tilting units on their sides may cause equipment damage.

# A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** CUT HAZARD - Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury. Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts and servicing heat pumps.

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# **TCH Physical Data**

Model	072	096	120									
Compressor Quantity		Scroll										
Number of Circuits (Compressors)		2										
Factory Charge HFC-410a (oz) [kg] per circuit	60 [1.70]	76 [2.15]	80 [2.27]									
E	Blower Motor											
Blower Motor Quantity		1										
Standard Motor (hp) [kW]	1 [0.75]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.24]									
Large Motor (hp) [kW]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.24]	5 [3.73]									
	Blower											
No. of Blowers		1										
Blower Wheel Size D x W (in) [cm]	12 x 1	12 [30.48 x 30.48	3]									
Water Connection Size												
FPT (in) [mm]	1-1/4" [31	.8]	1-1/2" [38.1]									
	Coax Volume											
Volume (US Gallons) [liters]	1.62 [6.13]	1.81 [6.85]	2.40 [9.08]									
Condens	sate Connection Size											
FPT (in) [mm]		3/4" [19.1]										
	Air Coil Data											
Air Coil Dimensions H x W (in) [cm]	20 x 54 [50.8 x 137.2]	20 x 64 [5	0.8 x 162.6]									
Air Coil Total Face Area (ft <sup>2</sup> ) [m <sup>2</sup> ]	7.5 [0.70] 8.9 [0.83]											
Mis	cellaneous Data											
Filter Standard - 1" [25.4mm] Throwaway (qty) (in) [cm]		16 x 20 [40.6 x 5 20 x 20 [50.8 x 5										
Weight - Operating (lbs) [kg]	586 [265.8]	698 [316.6]										
Weight - Packaged (lbs) [kg]	626 [283.9]	684 [310.3]	738 [334.8]									

All units have grommet compressor mountings, and 1/2" & 1-3/4" electrical knockouts.

TCH072-120 Corner Weights	TCH072	TCH096	TCH120
Weight - Operating (lbs) [kg]	586 [265.8]	644 [292.1]	698 [316.6]
Weight - Packaged (lbs) [kg]	626 [283.9]	684 [310.3]	738 [334.8]
Weight - Corner - Control box/Compressor side (lbs) [kg]	235 [106.6]	254 [115.2]	271 [122.9]
Weight - Corner - Compressor side (lbs) [kg]	101 [45.8]	120 [54.4]	137 [62.1]
Weight - Corner - Blower side (lbs) [kg]	180 [81.6]	190 [86.2]	200 [90.7]
Weight - Corner - Air Coil side (lbs) [kg]	70 [31.8]	80 [36.3]	90 [40.8]

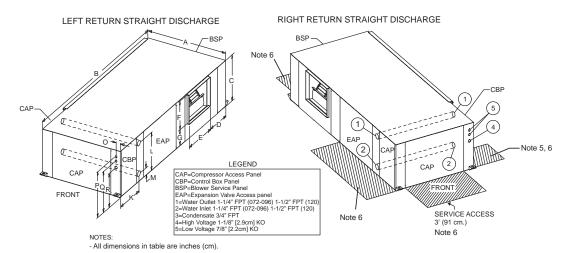
# Unit with WSE Option

TCH Series	072	096	120
Water Coil Dimensions (in) [cm]	20 x 54 [50.8 x 137.2]	20 x 60 [50.8	x 152.4]
Internal Water Coil Volume (Gal) [L]	5.6 [21.6]	6.2 [23.5]	6.8 [25.7]
Weight - Operating (lbs.) [Kg]	838 [380]	921 [418]	998 [453]
Weight - Packaged (lbs.) [Kg]	900 [408]	978 [444]	1058 [480]

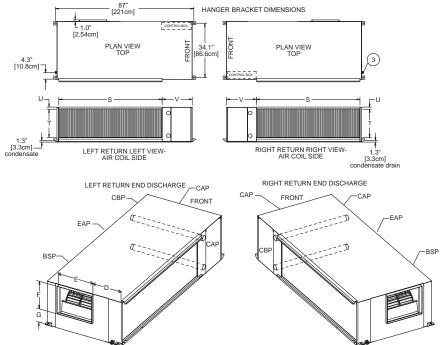
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#### TCH072-120 Dimensional Data

#### ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA **DESCRIBED IN NOTES 5 AND 6.**



- 1. Service access is required for all removable panels and installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- 2. Water inlet and water outlet connections are available on either side (left or right) of the unit. Qty (2x) MPT Plugs are shipped loose in a plastic bag tied to the water leg in front of the unit. Installer must plug water inlet/outlet side not being
- 3. Condensate drain is 3/4" FPT and is located on cabinet end opposite the compressor.
- 4. Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of the front.
- 5. Electric box is on right side. It can be field converted to left side. Conversion should only be attempted by qualified service technician. If electric box relocated to opposite side, and water connected to opposite side, then this access is not required.
- Units require 3' (9.1 cm) clearance for water connections, CAP, CBP, EAP and BSP service access.
   Overall cabinet width dimensions does not include filter rail and duct flange.
- 8. Units are shipped with air filter rails that are not suitable for supporting return air ductwork. An air filter frame with duct mounting collar is available as an accessory.



#### TCH072-120 Dimensional Data

	Model	Ove	rall Cab	inet	Discharg	ge Connec	tions Duc	t Flange	Water Connections			Elec	trical I	Knock	outs	Return Air	Connections (	Using Return A	Air Opening	
I	ada	. [	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	К	L	М	0	Р	Q	R	s	Т	U	٧
IVI	072-120 in.	Depth	Width	Height		Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Height		1 Water Outlet	2 Water Inlet					Return Depth	Return Height			
072.1	20	in.	36.3	84.9	21.6	14.0	17.0	13.5	7.8	15.0	8.3	4.0	2.0	18.8	16.8	13.8	65.0	18.0	1.0	18.9
072-1		cm.	92.2	215.6	54.9	35.6	43.2	34.3	19.8	38.1	21.1	10.2	5.1	47.8	42.7	35.1	165.1	45.7	2.5	48.0

#### CLIMATEMASTER WATER-SOURCE HEAT PUMPS

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#### TCH072-120 w/WSE Dimensional Data

TCH 072-120 with WaterSide Economizer

		Ove	erall Cab	inet	Dis	scharge C Duct F	onnections	ons	Wate	r Connec	ctions	Ele	ectrical	Knocko	uts		ırn Air C g Return		-
Мос	lel	A Width	B Depth	C Height	D	E Supply Depth	F Supply Width	G Supply Height	К	L 1 Water Outlet	M 2 Water Inlet	0	P	Q	R	S Return Depth	T Return Height	U	V
072-120	in.	46.3	84.9	21.6	23.9	17.0	13.5	7.8	15.0	18.3	4.0	2.0	18.8	16.8	13.8	54.0	18.4	1.0	29.4
072-120	cm.	117.6	215.6	54.9	60.9	43.2	34.3	19.8	38.1	46.4	10.2	5.1	47.8	42.7	35.1	137.2	45.7	2.5	74.7

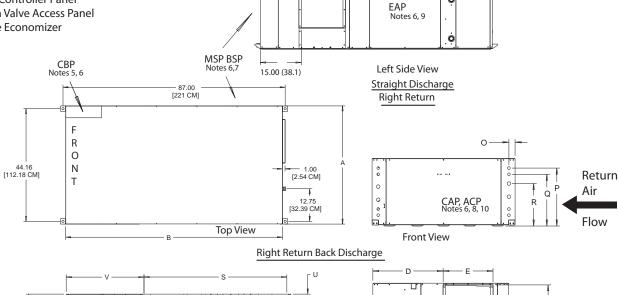
#### Legend

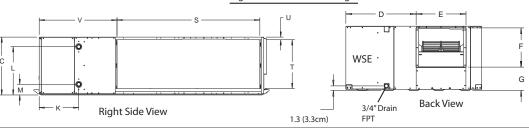
BSP = Blower Service Panel

CAP = Compressor Access Panel

CBP = Control Box Panel

MSP = Motor Service Panel ACP = Aquastat Controller Panel EAP = Expansion Valve Access Panel WSE = Waterside Economizer





#### Notes:

- 1. Service access is required for all removable panels and installer should take care to comply with all building codes allowing adequate clearance for future field service.
- 2. Units are shipped with air filter rails that are not suitable for supporting return air ductwork. An air filter frame with duct mounting collar is available as an accessory.
- 3. Discharge flange and hanger brackets are factory installed.4. Condensate drain is 3/4" FPT and is located on cabinet end opposite the compressor.
- Unit control box is on side opposite return air (not convertible)
- 6. Units require 3 feet (91cm) clearance for water connections, CAP, CBP, EAP, MSP, ACP and BSP service panels.
- 7. Blower service access is through back panel on straight discharge units or through panel opposite air coil on back discharge units.
- Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting, remove ACP panel and push button.
- 9. Expansion valve access panel is opposite return air side.
- 10. WSE coil air bleed access is through CAP.

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Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

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# **TCV Physical Data**

Model	072	096	120	160	192	240	300	
Compressor				Scroll				
Number of Circuits (Compressors)				2				
Factory Charge HFC-410a - (oz) [kg] per circuit	60 [1.70]	76 [2.15]	80 [2.27]	112 [3.18]	136 [3.86]	196 [5.56]	224 [6.35]	
Blower Motor								
Blower Motor Quantity				1				
Standard Motor (hp) [kw]	1 [.75]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.23]	3 [2.24]	3 [2.24]	5 [3.73]	7.5 [5.60]	
Optional Large Motor (hp) [kw]	2 [1.49]	3 [2.24]	5 [3.73]	5 [3.73]	5 [3.73]	7.5 [5.59]	10 [7.46]	
Blower								
No. of Blowers		1			2		3	
Blower Wheel Size D x W (in) [cm]			12 x 12	2 [30.48 x 30.48				
Water Connection Size								
FPT (in) [mm]	1-1/4" [31.8]		1-1/2" [38.1]		2" [50.8]		2-1/2" [63.5]	
Coax Volume								
Volume (US Gallons) [liters]	1.62 [6.13]	1.81 [6.85]	2.40 [9.08]	3.62 [13.70]	4.83 [18.28]	4.90 [18.55	7.39 [27.98]	
Condensate Connection Size								
FPT (in) [mm]				1" [25.4]				
Air Coil Data								
Air Coil Dimensions H x W (in) [cm]	32 x 34 [81.28 x 86.36]	36 x 36 [91	.44 x 91.44]		36 x 76 [91	1.44 x 193.04]		
Air Coil Total Face Area (ft²) [m²]	7.6 [0.71]	9.0	[0.84]		19	[1.77]		
Air Coil Tube Size (in) [cm]			3	/8" [0.953]				
Air Coil Fin Spacing (fpi)			14 [5.5]				12 [4.72]	
Air Coil Number of Rows	3 2 3							
Miscellaneous Data								
Filter Standard - 1" [25.4mm] Throwaway (qty) (in) [cm]	(QTY.4) 20 x	20 [50.8 x 50	.8]			25 [50.80 x 63.5 30 [50.80 x 76.2		
Weight - Operating (lbs) [kg]	586 [265.8]	644 [292.1]	698 [316.6]	1069 [484.9]	1164 [528.0]	1184 [537.1]	1297 [588.3]	
Weight - Packaged (lbs) [kg]	626 [283.9]	684 [310.3]	738 [334.8]	1149 [521.2]	1244 [564.3]	1264 [573.3]	1377 [624.6]	

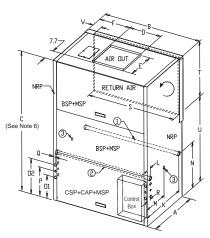
## Unit with WSE Option

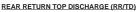
TCV Series	072	096	120	160	192	240	300
Water Coil Dimensions (in x cm)	32 x 34 [81.28 x 86.36]	35 x 36 [88.9	9 x 91.4]		35 x 3	76 [88.9 x 193]	
Internal Water Coil Volume (Gal) [L]	5.9 [22.3]	6.6 [25]	7.2 [27.3]	13.3 [50.3]	14.5 [54.9]	23.9 [90.5]	26.4 [99.9]
Weight - Operating (lbs.) [Kg]	762 [346]	837 [378]	907 [411]	1529 [694]	1665 [755]	1693 [768]	1855 [841]
Weight - Packaged (lbs.) [Kg]	814 [369]	889 [403]	962 [436]	1643 [745]	1779 [807]	1808 [820]	1974 [895]

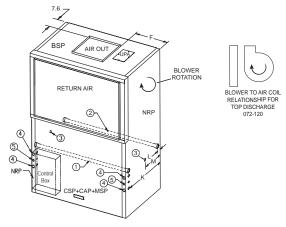
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#### TCV072-120 Dimensional Data

#### ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA **DESCRIBED IN NOTES 7, 8, and 9**







FRONT RETURN TOP DISCHARGE (FR/TD)

LEGEND	TCV072-096	TCV120
① Water Inlet (See Note 2)	1-1/4" FPT	1-1/2" FPT
Water Outlet (See Note 2)	1-1/4" FPT	1-1/2" FPT
3 Condensate Drain (See Note 3)	1" FP	
High Voltage Access (See Note 4)	1-3/8" [3.49	OM]
(5) Low Voltage Access (See Note 4)	7/8" [2.2	CM]

- BSP Blower Service Panel
- CAP Control Access Panel CSP - Compressor Access Panel
- MSP Motor Service Panel
- NRP Non Removable Panel
- UPA Upper Pulley Access

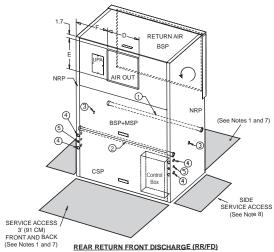
- All dimensions in table are inches (cm)
- While access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- Water inlet and water outlet connections are factory shipped on the left side. Union
- allows field conversion to right side.

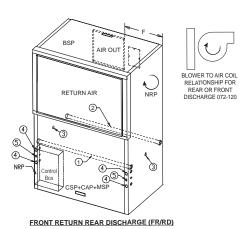
  3. Condensate drain is available on either side (left or right) of unit. Drain hose and drain connection will be tied inside the unit. Installer will untie the drain hose, form trap, and connect to the condensate drain hole of installer's choice
- 4. Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of unit and is also available in the front on the left or right side of the unit.

  5. Overall width - Add 3.12" (8cm) for 1" (2.5cm) or 2" (5cm) Filter Frame; or 5.12" (13cm)
- for 4" (10.2cm) and for front or rear supply add additional 1.06" (2.7cm) for supply duct collar.
- 6. Overall cabinet height dimension does not include duct flange for top discharge configuration.
- Units require 3 feet(91 cm) clearance, CAP, CSP, MSP and BSP service access.
- Side service access must be 2 feet (9.4cm) on any side that connections are made.
- 9. Filter removal is from right or left side of filter frame, allow 2 feet (9.4cm) access



# ALL CONFIGURATIONS





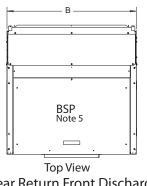
Discharge Connection **Return Air Connections Using Overall Cabinet** Water Connections **Electric Knockouts Duct Flange** Return Air Opening N 01 R 02 s Model Supply Water Water Conden-Return Return Depth Width Height Width Depth Inlet Outlet sate Depth Height 41.0 104.1 69.8 177.2 36.3 96.2 29.4 74.7 14.8 37.5 in. 29.0 73.7 7.3 18.4 072-120

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#### TCV072-120 Dimensional Data

TCV 072-120 with WaterSide Economizer

		Ove	rall Cab	oinet		rge Conn uct Flang		Water Connections					Elect	ric Knoc	kouts		Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening				
Mode	el	Α	В	С	D	E	F	K	L	M	N	01	02	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	٧	
								1	2	3											
					Supply	Supply		Water	Water	Conden-							Return	Return			
		Depth	Width	Height	Width	Depth		Inlet	Outlet	sate							Depth	Height			
072-120	in.	39.5	41.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	11.9	22.0	7.3	14.5	21.3	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	36.3	29.4	30.6	2.7	
0/2-120	cm.	100.3	104.1	177.2	44.5	37.5	30.2	55.9	18.4	36.8	54.0	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	96.2	74.7	77.8	6.9	



Rear Return Front Discharge

#### Legend

BSP = Blower Service Panel

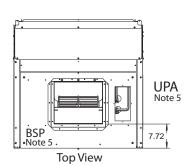
CSP = Compressor Service Panel

CAP = Control Access Panel

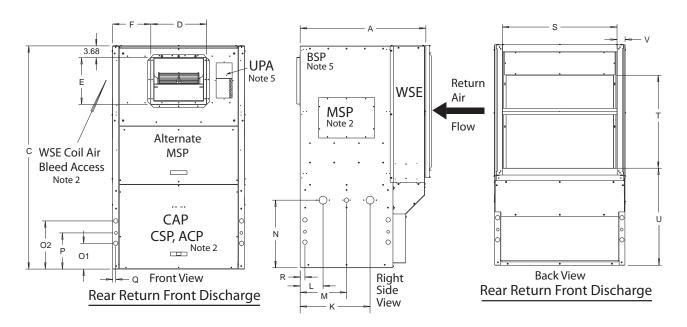
MSP = Motor Service Panel

UPA = Upper Pulley Access ACP = Aquastat Controller Panel

WSE = Waterside Economizer



Rear Return Top Discharge

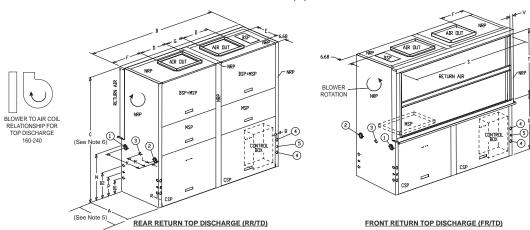


- 1. While clear access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- 2. Units require 3 feet (91 cm) clearance for water connections, WSE coil air bleed, CAP, CSP, BSP, ACP, UPA, and MSP.
- 3. Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting remove ACP panel and push button.
- 4. Internally trapped, externally vented.
- 5. For top discharge units, UPA in on top and BSP is on front. For front discharge units, UPA is on front and BSP in on top. (allow 3 feet above unit for service).

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#### TCV160-240 Dimensional Data

#### ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA DESCRIBED IN NOTES 7, 8, and 9

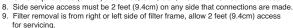


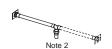
TCV160-240 2' FPT 2' FPT

1' FPT 1-3/8' [3.49 CM] 7/8' [ 2.2 CM]

All dimensions in table are inches (cm)

- While access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- Water inlet and water outlet connections are factory shipped on the left side. Union allows field conversion to right side.
- Condensate drain is available on either side (left or right) of unit. Drain hose and drain connection will be tied inside the unit. Installer will untie the drain hose, form trap, and connect to the condensate drain hole of installer's choice
- Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of unit and is also available in the front on the left or right side of the unit.
- Overall width Add 3.12" (8cm) for 1" (2.5cm) or 2" (5cm) Filter Frame; or 5.12" (13cm) for 4" (10.2cm) and for front or rear supply add additional 1.06" (2.7cm) for supply
- 6. Overall cabinet height dimension does not include duct flange for top discharge configuration.
- 7. Units require 3 feet(91 cm) clearance, CAP, CSP, MSP and BSP service access.
- Filter removal is from right or left side of filter frame, allow 2 feet (9.4cm) access





LEGEND

VATER DILET (SEE NDTE 2)

VATER DUTLET (SEE NDTE 2)

VONDENSATE DRAIN (SEE NDTE 2)

CONDENSATE DRAIN (SEE NDTE 3)

HIGH VOLTAGE ACCESS (SEE NDTE 4)

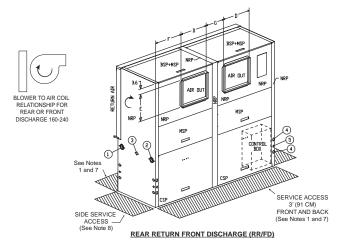
BSP - BLOWER SERVICE PANEL

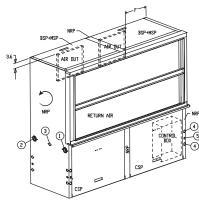
CAP - CONTROL ACCESS PANEL

CSP - COMPRESSOR ACCESS PANEL

NRP - NOTOR SERVICE PANEL

**ALL CONFIGURATIONS** 





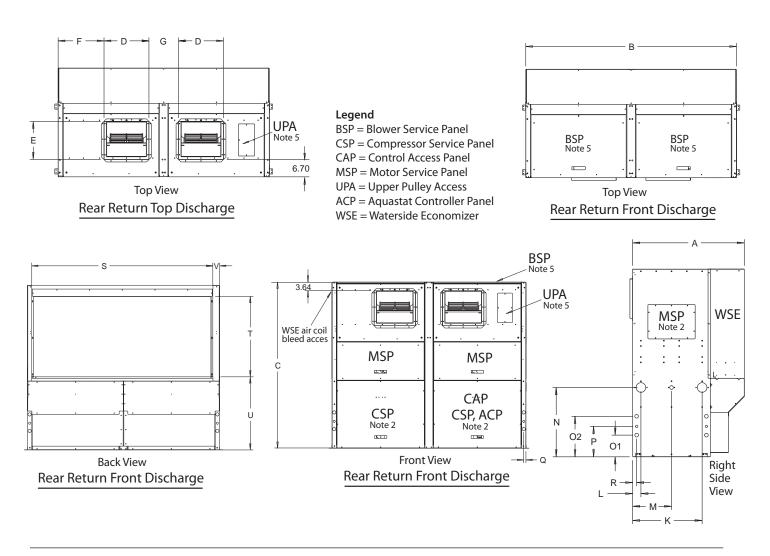
FRONT RETURN REAR DISCHARGE (FR/RD)

		Ove	erall Cal	binet	Discl	narge Cor Flai		Duct	W	/ater Co	nnections		Ele	ectrica	al Kno	ckou	ts		n Air Cor Return A		
Mod	del	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	К	L	М	N	01	02	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V
		Depth	Width	Height	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Water Inlet	Water Outlet	Conden- sate							Return Depth	Return Height		
160-	in.	29.0	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	17.9	11.5	26.1	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
240	cm.	73.7	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	45.4	29.3	66.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.8	80.5	6.7

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#### TCV160-240 with WaterSide Economizer

		Ove	rall Cal	oinet	Discl	narge Coi Flai		Duct	W	later Co	nnections		Ele	ectrica	al Kno	ckou	ts		n Air Con Return Ai		
Мо		A	B	C	D Supply	E Supply	F Supply	G Supply	K	L Water	M Conden-	N	01	02	Р	Q	R	S Return	T Return	Ü	V
		Deptiii	width	rieigiit	Width	Depth	Width	Depth	Inlet	Outlet	sate							Depth	Height		
160-	in.	39.5	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	17.9	11.5	26.1	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
240	cm.	100.3	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	45.4	29.3	66.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.8	80.5	6.7



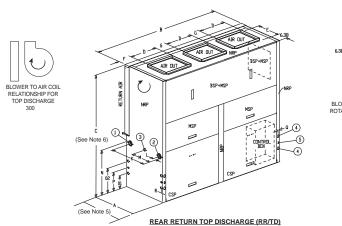
#### Notes:

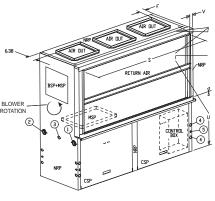
- While clear access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- Units require 3 feet (91 cm) clearance for water connections, WSE coil air bleed, CAP, CSP, BSP, ACP, UPA, and MSP.
- Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting remove ACP panel and push button.
- 4. Internally trapped, externally vented.
- 5. For top discharge units, UPA in on top and BSP is on front. For front discharge units, UPA is on front and BSP in on top. (allow 3 feet above unit for service).

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#### TCV300 Dimensional Data

#### ALL CONFIGURATIONS REQUIRE SERVICE ACCESS AREA **DESCRIBED IN NOTES 7, 8, and 9**





FRONT RETURN TOP DISCHARGE (FR/TD)

LEGEND	TCV300
① WATER INLET (SEE NDTE 2)	2-1/2" FPT
② WATER DUTLET (SEE NDTE 2)	2-1/2" FPT
③ CONDENSATE DRAIN (SEE NOTE 3)	1' FPT
(4) HIGH VOLTAGE ACCESS (SEE NOTE 4)	1-3/8" [3.49 CM]
(5) LOW VOLTAGE ACCESS (SEE NOTE 4)	7/8' [ 2.2 CM]
IRAM TOTAL PRINTER - PARTI	

- BLUWER SERVICE PANEL
   CONTROL ACCESS PANEL
   COMPRESSOR ACCESS PANEL
   MOTOR SERVICE PANEL
- NON REMOVABLE PANEL

#### NOTES:

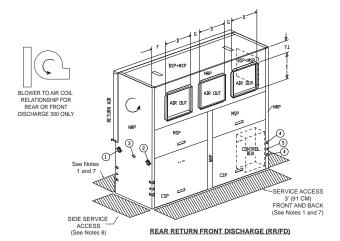
- All dimensions in table are inches (cm)

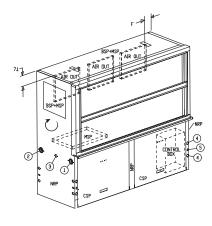
  1. While access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- 2. Water inlet and water outlet connections are factory shipped on the left side. Union allows field conversion to right side.
- Condensate drain is available on either side (left or right) of unit. Drain hose and drain connection will be tied inside the unit. Installer will untie the drain hose, form trap, and connect to the condensate drain hole of installer's choice.
- Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of unit and is also available in the front on the left or right side of the unit.

  Overall width - Add 3.12" (8cm) for 1" (2.5cm) or 2" (5cm) Filter Frame; or 5.12" (13cm)
- for 4" (10.2cm) and for front or rear supply add additional 1.06" (2.7cm) for supply duct collar.
- 6. Overall cabinet height dimension does not include duct flange for top discharge configuration.
- 7. Units require 3 feet(91 cm) clearance, CAP, CSP, MSP and BSP service access. 8. Side service access must be 2 feet (9.4cm) on any side that connections are made.
- 9. Filter removal is from right or left side of filter frame, allow 2 feet (9.4cm) access for servicing.



**ALL CONFIGURATIONS** 





FRONT RETURN REAR DISCHARGE (FR/RD)

		Ove	rall Cab	inet	Discl	harge Co Flai		Duct	V	later Co	nnections		Electrical Knockouts			Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening					
Мо	del	A Depth	B	C Height	D Supply Width	E Supply Depth	F Supply Width	G Supply Depth	K Water Inlet	L Water Outlet	M Conden- sate	N	01	02	P	Q	R	S Return Depth	T Return Height	Ü	V
300	in.	29.0	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	6.3	8.6	25.7	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
300	cm.	73.7	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	16.0	21.8	65.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.9	80.5	6.7

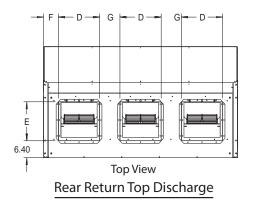
#### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

#### TCV 300 with WaterSide Economizer

	Overall Cabinet		oinet	Discl	harge Cor Flai		Water Connections			Electrical Knockouts					Return Air Connections Using Return Air Opening						
Мо	del	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	К	L	М	N	01	02	P	Q	R	S	Т	U	V
		Depth	Width	Height	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Supply Width	Supply Depth	Water Inlet	Water Outlet	Conden- sate							Return Depth	Return Height		
300	in.	39.5	82.0	69.8	17.5	14.8	6.3	8.6	25.7	3.1	14.5	25.8	8.0	15.0	11.3	1.0	1.5	77.0	35.8	31.7	2.6
300	cm.	100.3	208.3	177.2	44.5	37.5	16.0	21.8	65.3	7.9	36.8	65.5	20.3	38.1	28.6	2.5	3.8	195.6	90.9	80.5	6.7



#### Legend

BSP = Blower Service Panel

CSP = Compressor Service Panel

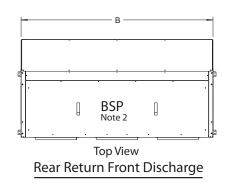
CAP = Control Access Panel

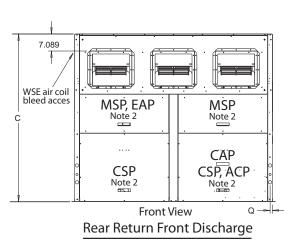
MSP = Motor Service Panel

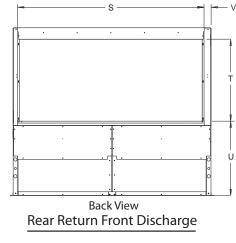
ACP = Aquastat Controller Panel

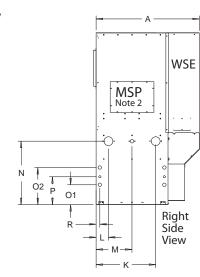
WSE = Waterside Economizer

EAP = Expansion Valve Access Panel









#### Notes:

- While clear access to all removable panels may not be required, installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- 2. Units require 3 feet (91 cm) clearance for water connections, WSE coil air bleed, CAP, CSP, BSP, ACP, and MSP.
- Factory supplied controller (aquastat) is inside unit completely wired. To field adjust temperature setting remove ACP panel and push button.
- 4. Internally trapped, externally vented.
- 5. For top discharge units, BSP is on front. For front discharge units, BSP is on top. (allow 3 feet above unit for service).

#### CLIMATEMASTER WATER-SOURCE HEAT PUMPS

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

#### Horizontal Installation

Horizontal Unit Location - Units are not designed for outdoor installation. Locate the unit in an INDOOR area that allows enough space for service personnel to perform typical maintenance or repairs without removing unit from the ceiling. Horizontal units are typically installed above a false ceiling or in a ceiling plenum. Never install units in areas subject to freezing or where humidity levels could cause cabinet condensation (such as unconditioned spaces subject to 100% outside air). Consideration should be given to access for easy removal of the filter and access panels. Provide sufficient room to make water, electrical, and duct connection(s). Allow 3 feet (91 cm) clearance for servicing unit through all access panels.

If the unit is located in a confined space, such as a closet, provisions must be made for return air to freely enter the space by means of a louvered door, etc. Any access panel screws that would be difficult to remove after the unit is installed should be removed prior to setting the unit. Refer to Figure 3 for an illustration of a typical installation. Refer to unit submittal data or engineering design guide for dimensional data.

Conform to the following guidelines when selecting unit location:

- Provide a hinged access door in concealed-spline or plaster ceilings. Provide removable ceiling tiles in T-bar or lay-in ceilings. Refer to horizontal unit dimensions for specific series and model in unit submittal data. Size the access opening to accommodate the service technician during the removal or replacement of the compressor, control, or blower assembly. Provide access to hanger brackets, water valves and fittings. Provide screwdriver clearance to access panels, discharge collars and all electrical connections.
- 2. DO NOT obstruct the space beneath the unit with piping, electrical cables and other items that prohibit future removal of components or the unit itself.
- 3. Use a manual portable jack/lift to lift and support the weight of the unit during installation and servicing.

The installation of water source heat pump units and all associated components, parts and accessories which make up the installation shall be in accordance with the regulations of ALL authorities having jurisdiction and MUST conform to all applicable codes. It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to determine and comply with ALL applicable codes and regulations.

#### **Mounting Horizontal Units**

Horizontal units have 4 hanger brackets partially attached at the factory, one at each corner. Enclosed within the unit there is a hanger kit hardware bag containing vibration isolation grommets, washers, screws and a hanger installation instruction page. One additional screw from the hardware bag must be added to each hanger bracket before unit installation. Tighten each screw to 75 in-lbs (8.5 Nm). See Figure 1. Refer to the hanger installation instruction page contained in the hardware bag for details of final hanger bracket attachment and unit suspension. See Figure 1a.

Use four (4) field supplied threaded rods and factory provided vibration isolators to suspend the unit. Safely lift the unit into position supporting the bottom of the unit. Ensure the top of the unit is not in contact with any external objects. Connect the top end of the 4 all-thread rods, slide rods through the brackets and grommet then assemble washers and double nuts at each rod. Ensure that the unit is approximately level and that the threaded rod extends past the nuts.

Pitch the unit toward the drain as shown in Figure 2 to improve the condensate drainage.

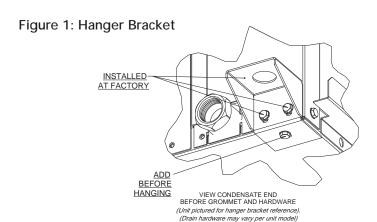
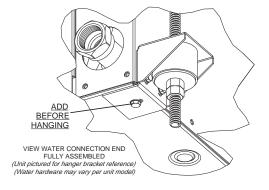


Figure 1a:

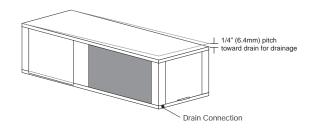


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Figure 3: Typical Horizontal Unit Installation

3/8" [10mm] threaded rods (by others) BSP Thermosta Wiring Unit Supply Air EAP CAF CAF Flexible Duct Insulated supply duct with at least one 90 deg elbow to reduce air noise Unit Hanger integral P/T plug Building Stainless steel braid hose Optional Water In Optional Low Pressure Drop Water Control Valve

Figure 2: Horizontal Unit Pitch



#### NOTES

- All dimensions in table are inches (cm).
- Service access is required for all removable panels and installer should take care to comply with all building codes and allow adequate clearance for future field service.
- Water inlet and water outlet connections are available on either side (left or right) of the unit. Qty (2x) MPT Plugs are shipped loose in a plastic bag tied to the water leg in front of the unit. Installer must plug water inlet/outlet side not being connected to.
- 3. Condensate drain is 3/4" FPT and is located on cabinet end opposite the compressor.
- 4. Electrical access is available on either side (left or right) of the front.
- Electric box is on right side. It can be field converted to left side. Conversion should only be attempted by qualified service technician. If electric box relocated to opposite side, and water connected to opposite side, then this access is not required.
- 6. Units require 3' (9.1 cm) clearance for water connections, CAP, CBP, EAP and BSP service access.
- 7. Overall cabinet width dimensions does not include filter rail and duct flange.
- Units are shipped with air filter rails that are not suitable for supporting return air ductwork. An air filter frame with duct mounting collar is available as an accessory.

LEGEND

CAP=Compressor Access Panel
CBP=Control Box Panel
BSP=Blower Service Panel
EAP=Expansion Valve Access panel
1=Water Outlet 1-1/4" FPT (072-096) 1-1/2" FPT (120)
2=Condensate 3/4" FPT
4=High Voltage 1-1/8" [2.9cm] KO
5=Low Voltage 7/8" [2.2cm] KO

Air Coil - To obtain maximum performance, the air coil should be cleaned before start-up. A 10% solution of dishwasher detergent and water is recommended for both sides of the coil. A thorough water rinse should follow. UV based anti-bacterial systems may damage coated air coils.

Notice! Installation Note - Ducted Return: Many horizontal WSHPs are installed in a return air ceiling plenum application (above ceiling). Vertical WSHPs are commonly installed in a mechanical room with free return (e.g. louvered door). Therefore, filter rails are the industry standard and are included on ClimateMaster commercial heat pumps for the purposes of holding the filter only. For ducted return applications, the filter rail must be removed and replaced with a duct flange or filter frame. Canvas or flexible connectors should also be used to minimize vibration between the unit and ductwork.

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### TCH Field Conversion of Air Discharge

# A WARNING! A

**WARNING!** To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

**Overview -** Horizontal units can be field converted between straight (side) and back (end) discharge using the instructions below.

Note: It is not possible to field convert return air between left or right return models due to the necessity of refrigeration copper piping changes.

**Preparation** - Field conversion must be completed on the ground. If the unit is already hung it should be taken down for the field conversion. Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by a qualified service technician.

#### Side to Back Discharge Conversion

- 1. Remove back panel and side access panel
- 2. Loosen 2 motor slide nuts, raise motor slide assembly and remove belt and motor sheave.
- 3. Remove blower sheave. Remove motor bolts and carefully remove motor.
- 4. Remove 2 motor clips and reattach to opposite side.
- 5. Unbolt (3 per side) complete housing assembly.
- Rotate complete assembly into new position. Locate over mounting holes in base, reattach using 3 bolts per side.
- 7. Mount motor, motor sheave, blower sheave and belt. Make sure wires are not pinched and not over sharp edges. Adjust motor downward to tighten belt. Raise or lower motor slide assembly with adjusting bolt and retighten 2 slide nuts. Check for correct tension (See Tensioning V-Belt Drives page). Rewire motor (at contactor) for correct rotation. Spin blower wheel to ensure wheel is not obstructed.
- 8. Replace 2 panels.

**Back to Side Discharge Conversion** - If the discharge is changed from back to side, use above instruction noting that illustrations will be reversed.

Left vs. Right Return - It is not possible to field convert return air between left or right return models due to the necessity of refrigeration copper piping changes. However, the conversion process of side to back or back to side discharge for either right or left return configuration is the same. In some cases, it may be possible to rotate the entire unit 180 degrees if the return air connection needs to be on the opposite side. Note that rotating the unit will move the piping to the other end of the unit.

Figure 4: Left Return Side Discharge to Back

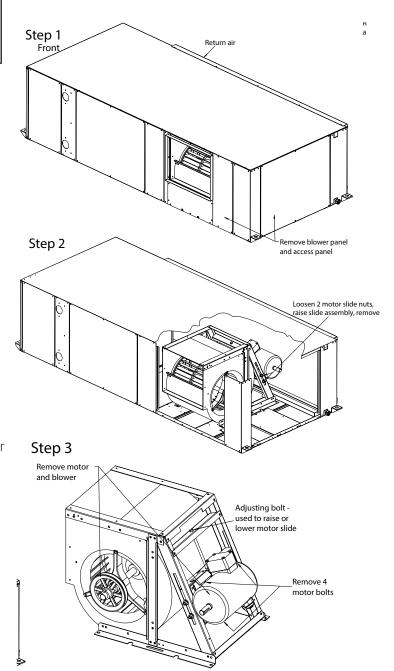
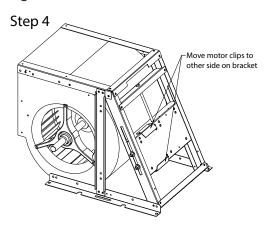
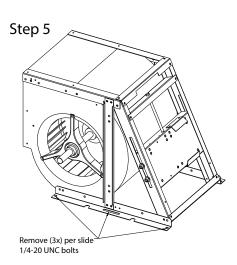


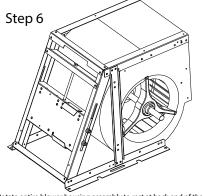
Figure 4 Continued on Following Page

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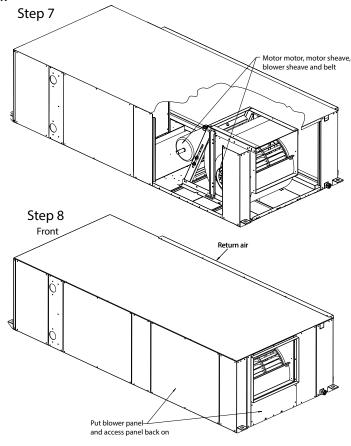
Figure 4 Continued: Left Return Side Discharge to Back







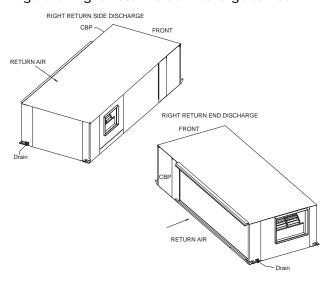
Rotate entire blower housing assembly to rest at back end of the unit. Locate housing holes and bolt down using previous 1/4-20 UNC bolts (3x) ea. side.



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#### Horizontal Installation

Figure 5: Right Return Side Discharge to Back



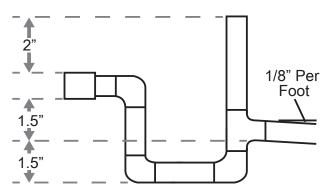
Horizontal Units Condensate Piping - Pitch the unit toward the drain as shown in Figure 2 to improve the condensate drainage. Ensure that unit pitch does not cause condensate leaks inside the cabinet.

Install condensate trap at each unit with the top of the trap positioned below the unit condensate drain connection as shown in Figure 6. Design the depth of the trap (water-seal) based upon the amount of ESP capability of the blower (where 2 inches [51mm] of ESP capability requires 2 inches [51mm] of trap depth). As a general rule, 1-1/2 inch [38mm] trap depth is the minimum.

Each unit must be installed with its own individual trap and connection to the condensate line (main) or riser. Provide a means to flush or blow out the condensate line. DO NOT install units with a common trap and/or vent.

Always vent the condensate line when dirt or air can collect in the line or a long horizontal drain line is required. Also vent when large units are working against higher external static pressure than other units connected to the same condensate main since this may cause poor drainage for all units on the line. WHEN A VENT IS INSTALLED IN THE DRAIN LINE, IT MUST BE LOCATED AFTER THE TRAP IN THE DIRECTION OF THE CONDENSATE FLOW.

Figure 6: Horizontal Condensate Connection



\* Some units include a painted drain connection. Using a threaded pipe or similar device to clear any excess paint accumulated inside this fitting may ease final drain line installation.

# A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Ensure condensate line is pitched toward drain 1/8 inch per ft [11mm per m] of run.

#### **DUCT SYSTEM INSTALLATION**

Duct System Installation - Proper duct sizing and design is critical to the performance of the unit. The duct system should be designed to allow adequate and even airflow through the unit during operation. Air flow through the unit MUST be at or above the minimum stated airflow for the unit to avoid equipment damage. Duct systems should be designed for quiet operation. Refer to Figure 3 for horizontal duct system details or Figure 8 for vertical duct system details. A flexible connector is recommended for both discharge and return air duct connections on metal duct systems to eliminate the transfer of vibration to the duct system. To maximize

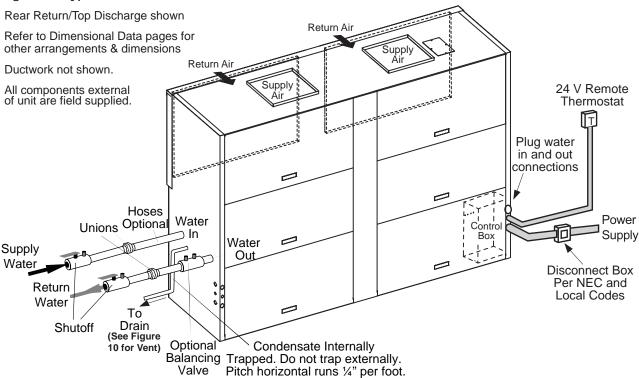
sound attenuation of the unit blower, the supply and return plenums should include internal fiberglass duct liner or be constructed from ductboard for the first few feet. Application of the unit to uninsulated ductwork in an unconditioned space is not recommended, as the unit's performance may be adversely affected.

At least one 90° elbow should be included in the supply duct to reduce air noise. If air noise or excessive air flow is a problem, the blower speed can be changed. For airflow charts, consult submittal data for the series and model of the specific unit.

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#### Vertical Installation

Figure 7: Typical Vertical Installation



#### **Vertical Location and Access**

TC units are not designed for outdoor installation. Locate the unit in an indoor area that allows enough space for installation and for service personnel to perform typical maintenance or repairs. TC units are typically installed in a floor level closet or in a small mechanical room. Refer to Figure 7 for an illustration of a typical installation. Install units with adequate clearance to allow maintenance and servicing. Conform to the following guidelines when selecting unit location:

- Provide adequate clearance for filter replacement and drain pan cleaning. DO NOT block filter access with piping, conduit or other materials. Refer to submittal drawing for Vertical Unit Dimensions.
- Provide access for fan and fan motor maintenance and for servicing of the compressor and coils without removal of the unit.
- Provide an unobstructed path to the unit within the closet or mechanical room to enable removal of the unit if necessary.
- Provide access to water valves and fittings, and screwdriver access to the unit side panels, discharge collar and all electrical connections

#### **Duct System Design & Installation Guidelines**

The following application guidelines must be used when installing TC units. Failure to follow these guidelines could result in unsatisfactory unit performance and/or premature failure of some unit components. ClimateMaster will not warrant, or accept responsibility for products which fail, have defects, damage or insufficient performance as a result of improper application.

- The duct system must be sized to handle the airflow quietly and must not exceed the maximum allowable External Static Pressure. To maximize sound attenuation metal supply and return ducts should include internal insulation or be of duct board construction for the first 10 feet or end of first full-sized elbow.
- Install a flexible connector in all supply and return air ducts close to the unit to inhibit sound transfer to the ducts
- Do not install uninsulated duct in an unconditioned space. The unit performance will be adversely affected and damage from condensate can occur.

#### CLIMATEMASTER WATER-SOURCE HEAT PUMPS

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

# TCV Field Conversion of Air Discharge

# **▲ WARNING! ▲**

**WARNING!** To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

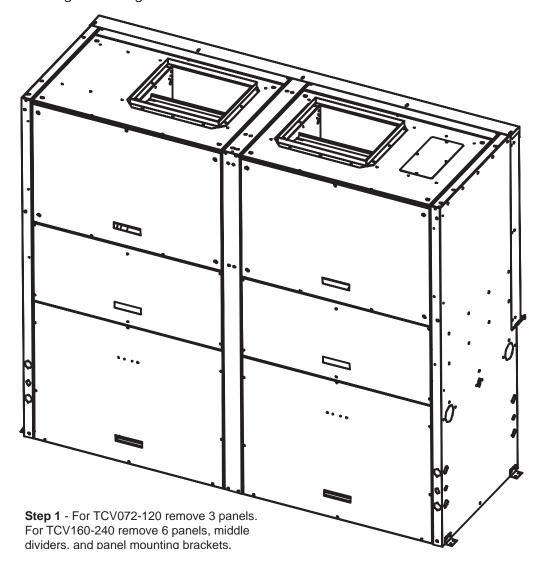
**Overview** - Vertical units can be field converted between top and straight (side) and back (end) discharge using the instructions below.

**Preparation** - Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by qualified service technicians.

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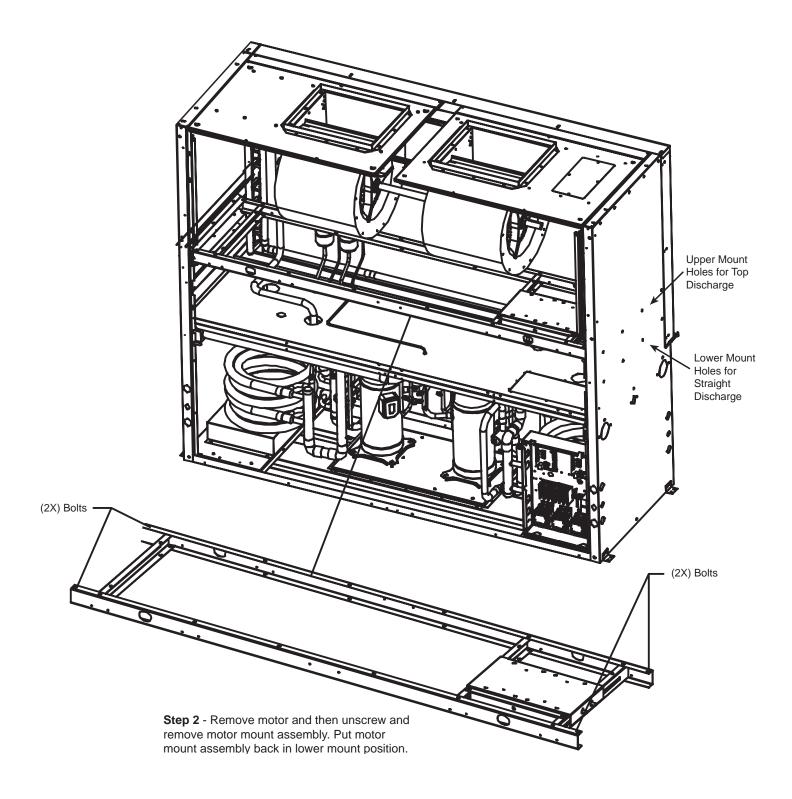
# TCV072-240 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

Figure 8: TCV072 - 120 and TCV160-240 Pictorally Shown Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge



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# TCV072-240 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

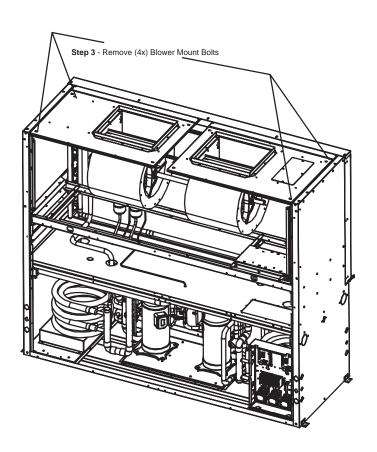


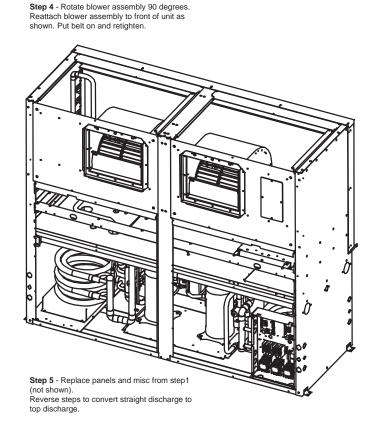
# THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

# TCV072-240 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

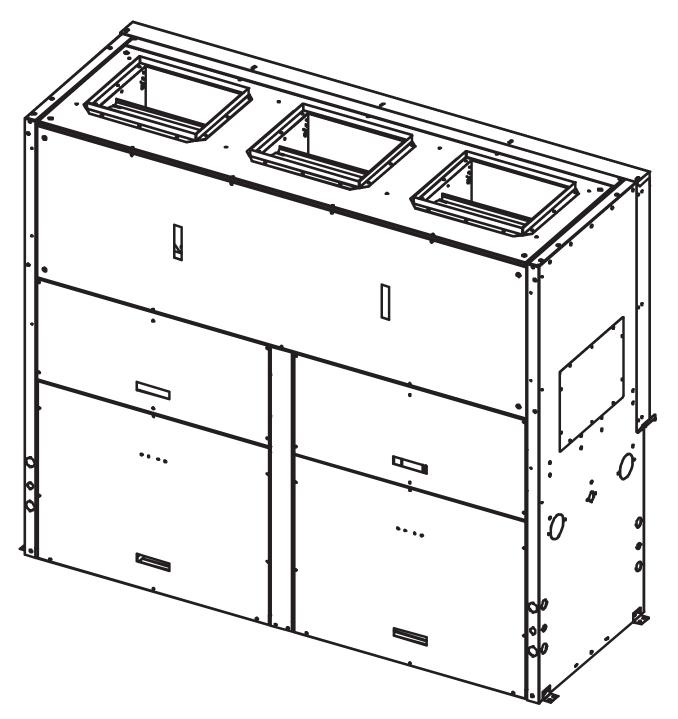




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# TCV300 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

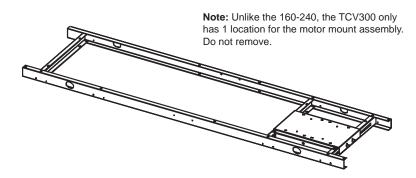
Figure 8: TCV300 Top Discharge Steps to Convert to Straight Discharge



**Step 1** - Remove 5 panels, dividers, and panel mount brackets.

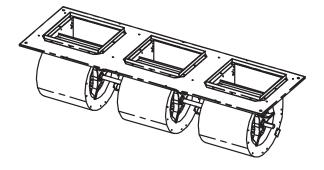
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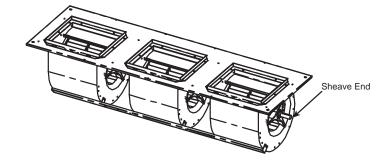
# TCV300 Field Conversion of Air Discharge



**Step 2** - Unattach and lift entire 3 blower sub assembly out of the unit.

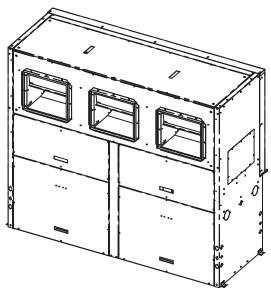
**Step 3** - Rotate blower assembly 180 degrees. Remove blower sheave and put on opposite side.



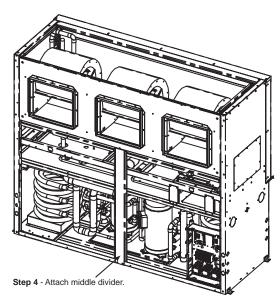


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# TCV300 Field Conversion of Air Discharge

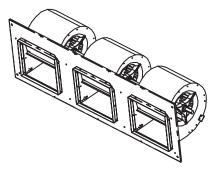


**Step 7** - Replace brackets and 5 panels. Reverse steps to convert straight discharge to top discharge.



 $\mbox{\bf Step 6}$  - Reattach blower assembly to the front of the unit. Put belt on and retighten.

**Step 5** - Rotate the blower assembly 90 degrees counter clockwise. The belly of the blowers should be facing upward.



**TCV Field Conversion of Control Box** 

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# **▲** WARNING! **▲**

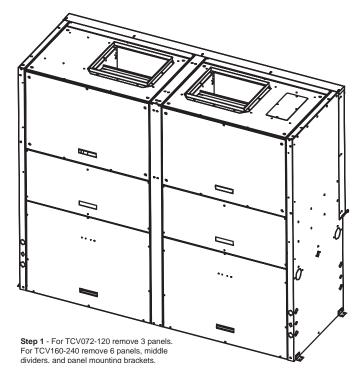
**WARNING!** To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

**Overview** - Vertical unit control box can be field converted from front to any other corner for 160-300 or opposite corner (water coil side) for 072-120.

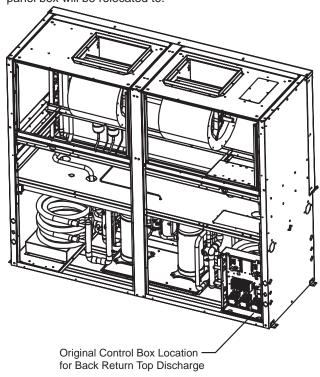
**Preparation** - Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by a qualified service technician.

Figure 9: TCV160-240 Shown, Typical All TCV Models

Note: Must provide 3 feet (or code requirement) service access for new control box location.



**Step 1** - Remove control box access panel and panel box will be relocated to.



**Step 2:** Unattach all wires from components, remove the control box, tag wires. Pull wires out of box.

Step 3: Attach box to new location.

**Step 4:** Reroute wires. (Note: Keep wires away from hot lines and sharp edges).

**Step 5:** Reattach wires. (Note: Models with 2 compressors, rewire circuit 1 to same compressor. (I.E., compressor configuration does not change. Only location of control box changes.

Step 6: Check wiring is per wire diagram.

Step 7: Replace panels.

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#### **TCV Field Conversion of Water Connections**

# **▲** WARNING! **▲**

**WARNING!** To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation or conversion.

**Overview** - All models the water connection can be field converted to opposite side. Connections can be both left, right, or 1 each side.

**Preparation** - Field conversion must be completed on the ground. If the unit is already hung it should be taken down for the field conversion. Place in a well-lighted area. Conversion should only be attempted by a qualified service technician.

#### Side to Back Discharge Conversion

Step 1: Remove panels needed for access to water connections.

**Step 2:** Remove screws from side panels. Loosen (4x) screws in slots but do not remove.

**Step 3:** Both water in and out have a union centered in the middle of the unit. Undo both unions, rotate the water legs for opposite configuration retighten unions, reattach connection flanges to wrappers. Use slots to adjust and retighten screws in slots.

Step 4: Replace panels.

Step 5: Check wiring is per wire diagram.

Step 6: Replace panels

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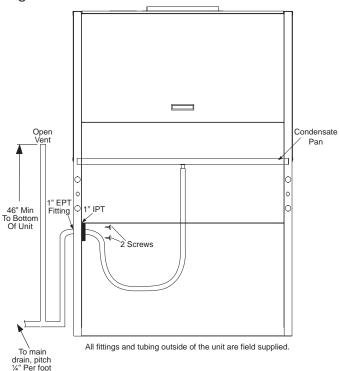
#### **Vertical Condensate Installation**

Condensate Piping - TCV - Remove KO on side that drain will be connected. Remove access panels. Inside of unit, untie and uncoil drain hose. Form trap in hose, make sure hose is not kinked or deformed. Connect plate assembly to side frame with 2 screws.

Outside of unit, connect 1" MPT fitting to plate assembly. Run line to building drain. Horizontal runs must be pitched ¼" per foot (10 mm per 46 cm) toward drain. Do not trap externally.

Figure 10 illustrates a typical trap and vent used with TCV series equipment.

Figure 10: TCV



Each unit must be installed with its own individual line to the building main condensate drain line or riser. Provide a means to flush or blow out the condensate line. DO NOT install units with a common trap and or vent. Always vent the condensate line when dirt or air can collect in the line or a long horizontal drain line is required. Also vent when large units are working against higher external static pressure than other units connected to the same condensate main since this may cause poor drainage for all units on the line. WHEN A VENT IS INSTALLED IN THE DRAIN LINE, IT MUST BE LOCATED AFTER THE TRAP IN THE DIRECTION OF THE CONDENSATE FLOW and opening 46" (117 cm) minimum from bottom of unit. (Vent per code)

# A WARNING! A

**WARNING!** Ensure condensate line is pitched toward drain 1/4" per foot [10mm per 46cm] of run.

**Horizontal and Vertical Installations** - Drain main or riser must be sized for all units connected to it.

Pipe Size	Connected Tons	Connected kW
3/4" [19mm]	<4	<14
1" [25mm]	<6	<21
1-1/4" [32mm]	<30	<105
1-1/2" [38mm]	<50	<175
2" [51mm]	<150	<527
3" [76mm]	<300	<1055
4" [102mm]	<500	<1758

<sup>\*</sup> Make sure all connections are secure and water tight.

After drain is connected to main and all drain connections are secure and water tight, pour 1 gallon of water into condensate pan. Water should drain out freely. Repair any leaks.

- On units with multiple fan outlets a "pair of pants" duct connection must be used for proper air balance and distribution and to prevent fan oscillation.
- Include at least one 90-degree turn in supply air ducts to reduce noise transmission.
- Existing ducts must be checked to ensure proper size and configuration prior to installation of any replacement unit. Also inspect for and repair all air leaks in existing ducts.
- Units may only be connected to a dedicated duct system. Consult the factory BEFORE connecting multiple units to a common duct system.
- Never connect a unit to a duct system with automatic or modulating dampers, VAV boxes, etc. in the supply air system. Never allow a situation where the total unit CFM can drop below the minimum required for proper unit operation.
- Never connect a bypass damper from the supply air duct to the return air duct. Never allow the return air temperature to drop below the minimum allowable normal temperature for proper unit operation.
- Do not use TC units for 100% outdoor air treatment.
   Do not add hot-gas-bypass to "convert" a unit for outdoor air treatment. Always use a dedicated outdoor air unit for outdoor air treatment.
- Do not exceed 10% of the total unit CFM with untreated outdoor air.

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### **Piping Installation**

If the unit is connected to existing ductwork, a previous check should have been made to ensure that the ductwork has the capacity to handle the airflow required for the unit. If ducting is too small, as in the replacement of a heating only system, larger ductwork should be installed. All existing ductwork should be checked for leaks and repaired as necessary.

# Installation of Supply and Return Piping

Follow these piping guidelines:

- 1. Install a drain valve at the base of each supply and return riser to facilitate system flushing.
- 2. Install shut-off / balancing valves and unions at each unit to permit unit removal for servicing.
- 3. Place strainers at the inlet of each system circulating pump.
- 4. Select the proper hose length to allow slack between connection points. Hoses may vary in length by +2% to -4% under pressure.
- 5. Refer to Table 1. Do not exceed the minimum bend radius for the hose selected. Exceeding the minimum bend radius may cause the hose to collapse, which reduces water flow rate. Install an angle adapter to avoid sharp bends in the hose when the radius falls below the required minimum.

Insulation is not required on loop water piping except where the piping runs through unheated areas, outside the building or when the loop water temperature is below the minimum expected dew point of the pipe ambient conditions. Insulation is required if loop water temperature drops below the dew point (insulation is required for ground loop applications in most climates).

Pipe joint compound is not necessary when Teflon® thread tape is pre-applied to hose assemblies or when flared-end connections are used. If pipe joint compound is preferred, use compound only in small amounts on the external pipe threads of the fitting adapters. Prevent sealant from reaching the flared surfaces of the joint.

Note: When antifreeze is used in the loop, ensure that it is compatible with the Teflon® tape or pipe joint compound that is applied.

Maximum allowable torque for brass fittings is 30 ft-lbs [41 N-m]. If a torque wrench is not available, tighten finger-tight plus one quarter turn. Tighten steel fittings as necessary.

Optional pressure-rated hose assemblies designed specifically for use with ClimateMaster units are available. Similar hoses can be obtained from alternate suppliers. Supply and return hoses are fitted with swivel-joint fittings at one end to prevent kinking during installation.

Refer to Figure 11 for an illustration of a typical supply/ return hose kit. Adapters secure hose assemblies to the unit and risers. Install hose assemblies properly and check regularly to avoid system failure and reduced service life.

# **▲** WARNING! **▲**

**WARNING!** Polyolester Oil, commonly known as POE oil, is a synthetic oil used in many refrigeration systems including those with HFC-410A refrigerant. POE oil, if it ever comes in contact with PVC or CPVC piping, may cause failure of the PVC/CPVC. PVC/CPVC piping should never be used as supply or return water piping with water source heat pump products containing HFC-410A as system failures and property damage may result.

### A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Corrosive system water requires corrosion resistant fittings and hoses, and may require water treatment.

## A CAUTION! A

CAUTION! Do not bend or kink supply lines or hoses.

# A CAUTION! A

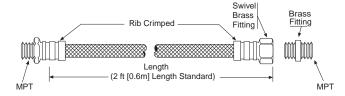
**CAUTION!** Piping must comply with all applicable codes.

Table 1: Metal Hose Minimum Bend Radii

Hose Diameter	Minimum Bend Radii					
1/2" [12.7mm]	2-1/2" [6.4cm]					
3/4" [19.1mm]	4" [10.2cm]					
1" [25.4mm]	5-1/2" [14cm]					
1-1/4" [31.8mm]	6-3/4" [17.1cm]					
1-1/2" [38.1mm]	8.5" [21.6cm]					

NOTICE! Do not allow hoses to rest against structural building components. Compressor vibration may be transmitted through the hoses to the structure, causing unnecessary noise complaints.

Figure 11 : Supply/Return Hose Kit



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## **Water-Loop Heat Pump Applications**

Commercial Water Loop Applications - Commercial systems typically include a number of units connected to a common piping system. Any unit plumbing maintenance work can introduce air into the piping system; therefore air elimination equipment is a major portion of the mechanical room plumbing. In piping systems expected to utilize water temperatures below 50°F [10°C], 1/2" (13mm) closed cell insulation is required on all piping surfaces to eliminate condensation (extended range units required). Metal to plastic threaded joints should never be used due to their tendency to leak over time.

Teflon tape thread sealant is recommended to minimize internal fouling of the heat exchanger. Do not over tighten connections and route piping so as not to interfere with service or maintenance access. Hose kits are available from ClimateMaster in different configurations as shown in Figure 12 for connection between the unit and the piping system. Depending upon selection, hose kits may include shut off valves, P/T plugs for performance measurement, high pressure stainless steel braided hose, "Y" type strainer with blow down valve, and/or "J" type swivel connection. Balancing valves and an external low pressure drop solenoid valve for use in variable speed pumping systems may also be included in the hose kit.

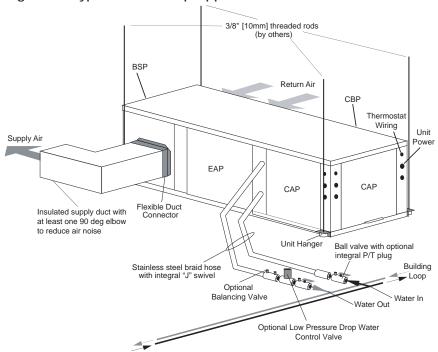
The piping system should be flushed to remove dirt, piping chips, and other foreign material prior to

operation (see "Piping System Cleaning and Flushing Procedures" in this manual). The flow rate is usually set between 2.25 and 3.5 gpm per ton [2.9 and 4.5 I/m per kW] of cooling capacity. ClimateMaster recommends 3 gpm per ton [3.9 I/m per kW] for most applications of water loop heat pumps. To ensure proper maintenance and servicing, P/T ports are imperative for temperature and flow verification, as well as performance checks.

Water loop heat pump (cooling tower/boiler) systems typically utilize a common loop, maintained between 60 - 90°F [16 - 32°C]. The use of a closed circuit evaporative cooling tower with a secondary heat exchanger between the tower and the water loop is recommended. If an open type cooling tower is used continuously, chemical treatment and filtering will be necessary.

Low Water Temperature Cutout Setting - CXM Control When antifreeze is selected, the LT1 jumper (JW3) should be clipped to select the low temperature (antifreeze 10.0°F [-12.2°C]) setpoint and avoid nuisance faults (see "Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection" in this manual). Note: Low water temperature operation requires extended range equipment.

Figure 12: Typical Water-Loop Application



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## **Ground-Loop Heat Pump Applications**

# A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** The following instructions represent industry accepted installation practices for closed loop earth coupled heat pump systems. Instructions are provided to assist the contractor in installing trouble free ground loops. These instructions are recommendations only. State/provincial and local codes MUST be followed and installation MUST conform to ALL applicable codes. It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to determine and comply with ALL applicable codes and regulations.

# A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Ground loop applications require extended range equipment and optional refrigerant/water circuit insulation.

**Pre-Installation** - Prior to installation, locate and mark all existing underground utilities, piping, etc. Install loops for new construction before sidewalks, patios, driveways, and other construction has begun. During construction, accurately mark all ground loop piping on the plot plan as an aid in avoiding potential future damage to the installation.

Piping Installation - The typical closed loop ground source system is shown in Figure 13. All earth loop piping materials should be limited to polyethylene fusion only for in-ground sections of the loop. Galvanized or steel fittings should not be used at any time due to their tendency to corrode. All plastic to metal threaded fittings should be avoided due to their potential to leak in earth coupled applications. A flanged fitting should be substituted. P/T plugs should be used so that flow can be measured using the pressure drop of the unit heat exchanger.

Earth loop temperatures can range between 25 and 110°F [-4 to 43°C]. Flow rates between 2.25 and 3 gpm per ton [2.41 to 3.23 l/m per kW] of cooling capacity is recommended in these applications.

Test individual horizontal loop circuits before backfilling. Test vertical U-bends and pond loop assemblies prior to installation. Pressures of at least 100 psi [689 kPa] should be used when testing. Do not exceed the pipe pressure rating. Test entire system when all loops are assembled.

**Flushing the Earth Loop** - Upon completion of system installation and testing, flush the system to remove all foreign objects and purge to remove all air.

Antifreeze - In areas where minimum entering loop temperatures drop below 40°F [5°C] or where piping will be routed through areas subject to freezing, antifreeze is required. Alcohols and glycols are commonly used as antifreeze; however your local sales manager should be consulted for the antifreeze best suited to your area. Low temperature protection should be maintained to 15°F [9°C] below the lowest expected entering loop temperature. For example, if 30°F [-1°C] is the minimum expected entering loop temperature, the leaving loop temperature would be 25 to 22°F [-4 to -6°C] and low temperature protection should be at 15°F [-10°C]. Calculation is as follows:

 $30^{\circ}F - 15^{\circ}F = 15^{\circ}F [-1^{\circ}C - 9^{\circ}C = -10^{\circ}C].$ 

All alcohols should be premixed and pumped from a reservoir outside of the building when possible or introduced under the water level to prevent fumes. Calculate the total volume of fluid in the piping system. Then use the percentage by volume shown in table 2 for the amount of antifreeze needed. Antifreeze concentration should be checked from a well mixed sample using a hydrometer to measure specific gravity.

Low Water Temperature Cutout Setting - CXM Control When antifreeze is selected, the LT1 jumper (JW3) should be clipped to select the low temperature (antifreeze 10.0°F [-12.2°C]) setpoint and avoid nuisance faults (see "Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection" in this manual). Note: Low water temperature operation requires extended range equipment.

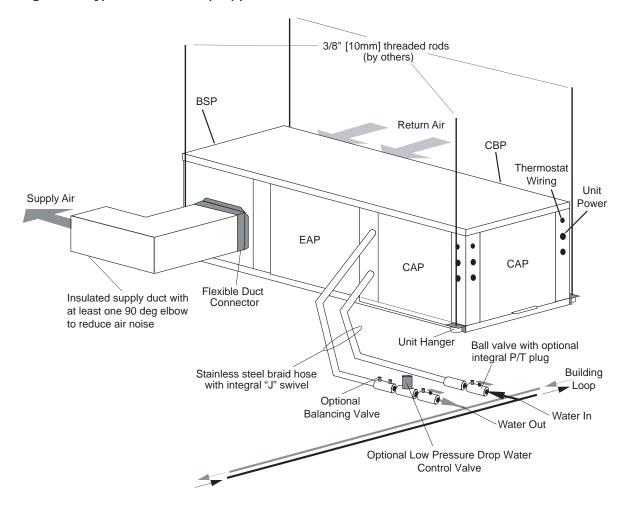
Table 2: Antifreeze Percentages by Volume

Time	Minimum Temperature for Low Temperature Protection								
Туре	10°F [-12.2°C]	15°F [-9.4°C]	20°F [-6.7°C]	25°F [-3.9°C]					
Methanol	25%	21%	16%	10%					
100% USP food grade Propylene Glycol	38%	25%	22%	15%					
Ethanol*	29%	25%	20%	14%					

<sup>\*</sup> Must not be denatured with any petroleum based product

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Figure 13: Typical Ground-Loop Application



#### CLIMATEMASTER WATER-SOURCE HEAT PUMPS

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

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### **Ground-Water Heat Pump Applications**

Open Loop - Ground Water Systems - Typical open loop piping is shown in Figure 14. Shut off valves should be included for ease of servicing. Boiler drains or other valves should be "tee'd" into the lines to allow acid flushing of the heat exchanger. Shut off valves should be positioned to allow flow through the coax via the boiler drains without allowing flow into the piping system. P/T plugs should be used so that pressure drop and temperature can be measured. Supply and return water piping materials should be limited to copper, PE, or similar material. PVC or CPVC should never be used as they are incompatible with the POE oils used in HFC-410A products and piping system failure and property damage may result.

# ▲ WARNING! ▲

**WARNING!** Polyolester Oil, commonly known as POE oil, is a synthetic oil used in many refrigeration systems including those with HFC-410A refrigerant. POE oil, if it ever comes in contact with PVC or CPVC piping, may cause failure of the PVC/CPVC. PVC/CPVC piping should never be used as supply or return water piping with water source heat pump products containing HFC-410A as system failures and property damage may result.

Water quantity should be plentiful and of good quality. Consult table 3 for water quality guidelines. The unit can be ordered with either a copper or cupro-nickel water heat exchanger. Consult Table 3 for recommendations. Copper is recommended for closed loop systems and open loop ground water systems that are not high in mineral content or corrosiveness. In conditions anticipating heavy scale formation or in brackish water, a cupro-nickel heat exchanger is recommended. In ground water situations where scaling could be heavy or where biological growth such as iron bacteria will be present, an open loop system is not recommended. Heat exchanger coils may over time lose heat exchange capabilities due to build up of mineral deposits. Heat exchangers must only be serviced by a qualified technician, as acid and special pumping equipment is required. Desuperheater coils can likewise become scaled and possibly plugged. In areas with extremely hard water, the owner should be informed that the heat exchanger may require occasional acid flushing. In some cases, the desuperheater option should not be recommended due to hard water conditions and additional maintenance required.

Water Quality Standards - Table 3 should be consulted for water quality requirements. Scaling potential should be assessed using the pH/Calcium hardness method. If the pH < 7.5 and the calcium hardness is less than 100 ppm, scaling potential is low. If this method yields numbers out of range of those listed, the Ryznar Stability and Langelier Saturation indecies should be calculated. Use the appropriate scaling surface temperature for the application, 150°F [66°C] for direct use (well water/open loop) and DHW (desuperheater); 90°F [32°F] for indirect use. A monitoring plan should be implemented in these probable scaling situations. Other water quality issues such as iron fouling, corrosion prevention and erosion and clogging should be referenced in Table 3.

Expansion Tank and Pump - Use a closed, bladder-type expansion tank to minimize mineral formation due to air exposure. The expansion tank should be sized to provide at least one minute continuous run time of the pump using its drawdown capacity rating to prevent pump short cycling. Discharge water from the unit is not contaminated in any manner and can be disposed of in various ways, depending on local building codes (e.g. recharge well, storm sewer, drain field, adjacent stream or pond, etc.). Most local codes forbid the use of sanitary sewer for disposal. Consult your local building and zoning department to assure compliance in your area.

Water Control Valve - Note the placement of the water control valve in Figure 14. Always maintain water pressure in the heat exchanger by placing the water control valve(s) on the discharge line to prevent mineral precipitation during the off-cycle. Pilot operated slow closing valves are recommended to reduce water hammer. If water hammer persists, a mini-expansion tank can be mounted on the piping to help absorb the excess hammer shock. Ensure that the total 'VA' draw of the valve can be supplied by the unit transformer. For instance, a slow closing valve can draw up to 35VA. This can overload smaller 40 or 50 VA transformers depending on the other controls in the circuit. A typical pilot operated solenoid valve draws approximately 15VA (see Figure 18). Note the special wiring diagrams for slow closing valves (Figures 19 & 20).

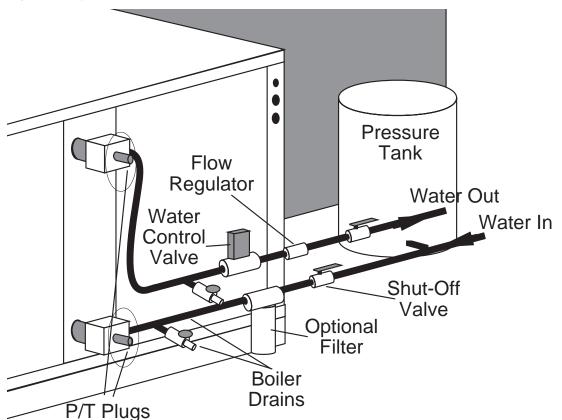
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Flow Regulation - Flow regulation can be accomplished by two methods. One method of flow regulation involves simply adjusting the ball valve or water control valve on the discharge line. Measure the pressure drop through the unit heat exchanger, and determine flow rate from Tables 8a through 8e. Since the pressure is constantly varying, two pressure gauges may be needed. Adjust the valve until the desired flow of 1.5 to 2 gpm per ton [2.0 to 2.6 l/m per kW] is achieved. A second method of flow control requires a flow control device mounted on the outlet of the water control valve. The device is typically a brass fitting with an orifice of rubber or plastic material that is designed to allow a specified flow rate. On

occasion, flow control devices may produce velocity noise that can be reduced by applying some back pressure from the ball valve located on the discharge line. Slightly closing the valve will spread the pressure drop over both devices, lessening the velocity noise. NOTE: When EWT is below 50°F [10°C], 2 gpm per ton (2.6 l/m per kW) is required.

Water Coil Low Temperature Limit Setting - For all open loop systems the 30°F [-1.1°C] FP1 setting (factory setting-water) should be used to avoid freeze damage to the unit. See "Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection" in this manual for details on the low limit setting.

Figure 14: Typical Open Loop/Well Application



Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

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### Water Quality Standards

**Table 3: Water Quality Standards** 

Water Quality Parameter	HX Material	Closed Recirculating	Open Lo	oop and Recirculating	g Well			
Scaling Potential - Primary Above the given limits, scaling is likely to			sulated using the limite hal	014				
<u> </u>	occur. Scall	ig indexes should be call	uated using the limits bei	OW				
pH/Calcium Hardness Method	All	-	pH < 7	'.5 and Ca Hardness <1	00ppm			
Index Limits for Probable S	caling Sit	uations - (Operation	outside these limits is r	not recommended)				
Scaling indexes should be calculated at A monitoring plan should be implemented		ct use and HWG applicat	ions, and at 32°C for indir	ect HX use.				
Ryznar Stability Index	All	-	lf >	6.0 - 7.5 7.5 minimize steel pipe	use.			
Langelier Saturation Index	All	-	If <-0.5 minimize steel	-0.5 to +0.5 pipe use. Based upon 6 Direct well, 29°C Indirect	66°C HWG and Well HX			
Iron Fouling			•	·				
Iron Fe <sup>2+</sup> (Ferrous) (Bacterial Iron potential)	All	-	If Fe <sup>2+</sup> (ferrous)>0.2 ppm	<b>&lt;0.2 ppm (Ferrous)</b> with pH 6 - 8, O2<5 ppm	n check for iron bacteria			
Iron Fouling	All	-	Above this level deposition	<0.5 ppm of Oxygen on will occur.				
Corrosion Prevention								
		6 - 8.5		6 - 8.5				
pH	All	Monitor/treat as needed	Minimize steel pipe below 7 and no open tanks with pH <8					
Hydrogen Sulfide (H <sub>2</sub> S)	All	-	Rotten eg	<0.5 ppm use of copper and copp gg smell appears at 0.5 point or brass) cast component	opm level.			
Ammonia ion as hydroxide, chloride, nitrate and sulfate compounds	All	-		<0.5 ppm				
			Maximum Allo	wable at maximum wate	r temperature.			
			10°C	24°C	38°C			
Maximum	Copper	-	<20ppm	NR	NR			
Chloride Levels	Cupronickel	-	<150 ppm	NR	NR			
	304 SS	-	<400 ppm	<250 ppm	<150 ppm			
	316 SS Titanium		<1000 ppm >1000 ppm	<550 ppm >550 ppm	< 375 ppm >375 ppm			
rosion and Clogging	Hamain		2 1000 ppiii	2000 bbiii	2010 ppin			
Particulate Size and Erosion	All	<10 ppm of particles and a maximum velocity of 1.8 m/s Filtered for maximum 841 micron [0.84 mm, 20 mesh] size.	<10 ppm (<1 ppm "sanc velocity of 1.8 m/s. Filte 20 mesh] size. Any part clog components.	red for maximum 841 mi	cron 0.84 mm,			

The ClimateMaster Water Quality Table provides water quality requirements for ClimateMaster coaxial heat exchangers. The water should be evaluated by an independent testing facility comparing to this Table and when properties are outside of these requirements, an external secondary heat exchanger must be used to isolate the heat pump heat exchanger from the unsuitable water. Failure to do so will void the warranty for the coaxial heat exchanger and any other components damaged by a leak.

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- Closed Recirculating system is identified by a closed pressurized piping system.
   Recirculating open wells should observe the open recirculating design considerations.
- NR Application not recommended.
- "-" No design Maximum.

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### Electrical - Line Voltage

Electrical - Line Voltage - All field installed wiring, including electrical ground, must comply with the National Electrical Code as well as all applicable local codes. Refer to the unit electrical data for fuse sizes. Consult wiring diagram for field connections that must be made by the installing (or electrical) contractor. All final electrical connections must be made with a length of flexible conduit to minimize vibration and sound transmission to the building.

**General Line Voltage Wiring** - Be sure the available power is the same voltage and phase shown on the unit serial plate. Line and low voltage wiring must be done in accordance with local codes or the National Electric Code, whichever is applicable.

**Transformer** - All 208/230 voltage units are factory wired for 208 volt. If supply voltage is 230 volt, installer must rewire transformer. See wire diagram for connections.

### ▲ WARNING! ▲

**WARNING!** To avoid possible injury or death due to electrical shock, open the power supply disconnect switch and secure it in an open position during installation.

### A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Use only copper conductors for field installed electrical wiring. Unit terminals are not designed to accept other types of conductors.

Table 4a: Tranquility® Compact (TCH/V) Series Electrical Data - (Standard 60Hz Units)

					Co	ompress	or		Total				
Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/Max Voltage	Blower Option	QTY	RLA	LRA	Fan Motor FLA	FLA/ Rated Current	Min Circuit Amp	SCCR ka rms symetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Max Fuse/ HACR
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	10.4	73.0	3.2	24.0	26.6	N/A	N/A	35
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	10.4	73.0	6.0	26.8	29.4	N/A	N/A	35
TCH/V072	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.0	1.6	13.2	14.7	N/A	N/A	20
1011/10/2	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	5.8	38.0	2.9	14.5	16.0	N/A	N/A	20
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	3.8	36.5	1.2	8.8	9.8	N/A	N/A	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	3.8	36.5	2.4	10.0	11.0	N/A	N/A	15
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	13.7	83.1	6.0	33.4	36.8	N/A	N/A	50
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	13.7	83.1	8.5	35.9	39.3	N/A	N/A	50
TCH/V096	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	6.2	41.0	2.9	15.3	16.9	N/A	N/A	20
100/0096	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	6.2	41.0	4.1	16.5	18.1	N/A	N/A	20
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	4.8	33.0	2.4	12.0	13.2	N/A	N/A	15
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	4.8	33.0	3.2	12.8	14.0	N/A	N/A	15
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	15.6	110.0	8.5	39.7	43.6	N/A	N/A	50
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	15.6	110.0	13.8	45.0	48.9	N/A	N/A	60
TCH/V120	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	7.8	52.0	4.1	19.7	21.7	N/A	N/A	25
100/120	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	7.8	52.0	6.5	22.1	24.1	N/A	N/A	30
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.9	3.2	14.8	16.3	N/A	N/A	20
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	5.8	38.9	5.2	16.8	18.3	N/A	N/A	20
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	23.2	164.0	8.5	54.9	60.7	5	600	80
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	23.2	164.0	13.8	60.2	66.0	5	600	80
TCV160	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	11.2	75.0	4.1	26.5	29.3	N/A	N/A	40
100100	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	11.2	75.0	6.5	28.9	31.7	N/A	N/A	40
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	7.9	54.0	3.2	19.0	21.0	N/A	N/A	25
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	7.9	54.0	5.2	21.0	23.0	N/A	N/A	30
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	25.0	164.0	8.5	58.5	64.8	5	600	80
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	25.0	164.0	13.8	63.8	70.1	5	600	90
TCV192	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	12.2	100.0	4.1	28.5	31.6	N/A	N/A	40
100192	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	12.2	100.0	6.5	30.9	34.0	N/A	N/A	45
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	9.0	78.0	3.2	21.2	23.5	N/A	N/A	30
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	9.0	78.0	5.2	23.2	25.5	N/A	N/A	30
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	30.1	225.0	13.8	74.0	81.5	5	600	110
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	30.1	225.0	21.0	81.2	88.7	5	600	110
TCV240	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	16.7	114.0	6.5	39.9	44.1	N/A	N/A	60
107240	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	16.7	114.0	9.9	43.3	47.5	N/A	N/A	60
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	12.2	80.0	5.2	29.6	32.7	N/A	N/A	40
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	12.2	80.0	8.0	32.4	35.5	N/A	N/A	45
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	48.1	245.0	21.0	117.2	129.2	5	600	150
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	Е	2	48.1	245.0	26.0	122.2	134.2	5	600	150
TCV300	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	18.6	125.0	9.9	47.1	51.8	5	600	70
10 7300	F	460/60/3	414/506	Е	2	18.6	125.0	12.5	49.7	54.4	5	600	70
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	14.7	100.0	8.0	37.4	41.1	N/A	N/A	50
	N	575/60/3	518/633	Е	2	14.7	100.0	10.2	39.6	43.3	N/A	N/A	50

All fuses Class RK-5

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

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### Electrical - Line Voltage

Table 4b: Tranquility® Compact (TCH/V) Series Electrical Data - (Dual Point Power 60Hz Units)

								Compre	ssor Pow	er Supply			Emergency Power Supply						
Model #	Voltage Code	Voltage	Min/ Max Voltage	Blower Option	QTY	RLA	LRA	Comp FLA/ Rated Current	Comp MCA	SCCR kA rmas symetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Comp Max Fuse/ HACR	Fan FLA/ Rated Current	Fan MCA	SCCR kA rmas symetrical	SCCR Volts Maximum	Fan Max Fuse/ HACR		
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	10.4	73.0	20.8	23.4	N/A	N/A	30	3.2	4.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	10.4	73.0	20.8	23.4	N/A	N/A	30	6.0	7.5	N/A	N/A	15		
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.0	11.6	13.1	N/A	N/A	15	1.6	2.0	N/A	N/A	15		
TCH/V072	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	5.8	38.0	11.6	13.1	N/A	N/A	15	2.9	3.6	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	3.8	36.5	7.6	8.6	N/A	N/A	15	1.2	1.5	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	3.8	36.5	7.6	8.6	N/A	N/A	15	2.4	3.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	13.7	83.1	27.4	30.8	N/A	N/A	40	6.0	7.5	N/A	N/A	15		
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	13.7	83.1	27.4	30.8	N/A	N/A	40	8.5	10.6	N/A	N/A	15		
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	6.2	41.0	12.4	14.0	N/A	N/A	20	2.9	3.6	N/A	N/A	15		
TCH/V096	F	460/60/3	414/506	D. E	2	6.2	41.0	12.4	14.0	N/A	N/A	20	4.1	5.1	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	4.8	33.0	9.6	10.8	N/A	N/A	15	2.4	3.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	4.8	33.0	9.6	10.8	N/A	N/A	15	3.2	4.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	15.6	110.0	31.2	35.1	N/A	N/A	50	8.5	10.6	N/A	N/A	15		
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	D. E	2	15.6	110.0	31.2	35.1	N/A	N/A	50	13.8	17.3	N/A	N/A	30		
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	7.8	52.0	15.6	17.6	N/A	N/A	25	4.1	5.1	N/A	N/A	15		
TCH/V120	F	460/60/3	414/506	D. E	2	7.8	52.0	15.6	17.6	N/A	N/A	25	6.5	8.1	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	5.8	38.9	11.6	13.1	N/A	N/A	15	3.2	4.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D. E	2	5.8	38.9	11.6	13.1	N/A	N/A	15	5.2	6.5	N/A	N/A	15		
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	23.2	164.0	46.4	52.2	5	600	70	8.5	10.6	N/A	N/A	15		
	Н.	208/230/60/3	197/254	D. E	2	23.2	164.0	46.4	52.2	5	600	70	13.8	17.3	N/A	N/A	30		
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	11.2	75.0	22.4	25.2	N/A	N/A	35	4.1	5.1	N/A	N/A	15		
TCV160	F	460/60/3	414/506	D. E	2	11.2	75.0	22.4	25.2	N/A	N/A	35	6.5	8.1	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	7.9	54.0	15.8	17.8	N/A	N/A	25	3.2	4.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	7.9	54.0	15.8	17.8	N/A	N/A	25	5.2	6.5	N/A	N/A	15		
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A. B. C	2	25.0	164.0	50.0	56.3	5	600	80	8.5	10.6	N/A	N/A	15		
	Н.	208/230/60/3	197/254	D, E	2	25.0	164.0	50.0	56.3	5	600	80	13.8	17.3	N/A	N/A	30		
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	12.2	100.0	24.4	27.5	N/A	N/A	35	4.1	5.1	N/A	N/A	15		
TCV192	F	460/60/3	414/506	D, E	2	12.2	100.0	24.4	27.5	N/A	N/A	35	6.5	8.1	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	9.0	78.0	18.0	20.3	N/A	N/A	25	3.2	4.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	9.0	78.0	18.0	20.3	N/A	N/A	25	5.2	6.5	N/A	N/A	15		
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	30.1	225.0	60.2	67.7	5	600	90	13.8	17.3	N/A	N/A	30		
	Н.	208/230/60/3	197/254	D. E	2	30.1	225.0	60.2	67.7	5	600	90	21.0	26.3	N/A	N/A	45		
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	16.7	114.0	33.4	37.6	N/A	N/A	50	6.5	8.1	N/A	N/A	15		
TCV240	F	460/60/3	414/506	D. E	2	16.7	114.0	33.4	37.6	N/A	N/A	50	9.9	12.4	N/A	N/A	20		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	12.2	80.0	24.4	27.5	N/A	N/A	35	5.2	6.5	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	D, E	2	12.2	80.0	24.4	27.5	N/A	N/A	35	8.0	10.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	H	208/230/60/3	197/254	A, B, C	2	48.1	245.0	96.2	108.2	5	600	150	21.0	26.3	N/A	N/A	45		
	Н	208/230/60/3	197/254	E E	2	48.1	245.0	96.2	108.2	5	600	150	26.0	32.5	N/A	N/A	50		
	F	460/60/3	414/506	A, B, C	2	18.6	125.0	37.2	41.9	N/A	N/A	60	9.9	12.4	N/A	N/A	20		
TCV300	F	460/60/3	414/506	E E	2	18.6	125.0	37.2	41.9	N/A	N/A	60	12.5	15.6	N/A	N/A	25		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	A, B, C	2	14.7	100.0	29.4	33.1	N/A	N/A	45	8.0	10.0	N/A	N/A	15		
	N	575/60/3	518/633	E E	2	14.7	100.0	29.4	33.1	N/A	N/A	45	10.2	12.8	N/A	N/A	20		
	iN	313/00/3	010/000			17.7	100.0	23.4	J JJ. I	14/7	14/7	73	10.2	12.0	14/7	14/7			

All fuses Class RK-5

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### **Electrical - Power Wiring**

### A WARNING! A

**WARNING!** Disconnect electrical power source to prevent injury or death from electrical shock.

### A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Use only copper conductors for field installed electrical wiring. Unit terminals are not designed to accept other types of conductors.

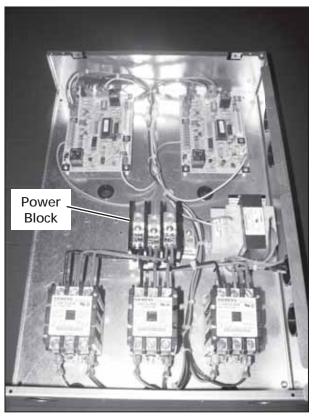
Electrical - Line Voltage - All field installed wiring, including electrical ground, must comply with the National Electrical Code as well as all applicable local codes. Refer to the unit electrical data for fuse sizes. Consult wiring diagram for field connections that must be made by the installing (or electrical) contractor. All final electrical connections must be made with a length of flexible conduit to minimize vibration and sound transmission to the building.

General Line Voltage Wiring - Be sure the available power is the same voltage and phase shown on the unit serial plate. Line and low voltage wiring must be done in accordance with local codes or the National Electric Code, whichever is applicable.

**Power Connection** - Line voltage connection is made by connecting the incoming line voltage wires to the "L" side of the power block as shown in Figure 15. Consult electrical data tables for correct fuse size.

**Transformer** - All 208/230 voltage units are factory wired for 208 volt. If supply voltage is 230 volt, installer must rewire transformer. See wire diagram for connections.

Figure 15 : TCH 072-120 Line Voltage Wiring



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### Electrical - Power & Low Voltage Wiring

### **ELECTRICAL - LOW VOLTAGE WIRING**

Thermostat Connections - The thermostat should be wired directly to the CXM or DXM board. Figure 16 shows wiring for TC units. See "Electrical – Thermostat" (Figure 20) for specific terminal connections. Review the appropriate AOM (Application, Operation and Maintenance) manual for units with DDC controls.

Low Water Temperature Cutout Selection - The CXM/DXM control allows the field selection of low water (or water-antifreeze solution) temperature limit by clipping jumper JW3, which changes the sensing temperature associated with thermistor LT1. Note that the LT1 thermistor is located on the refrigerant line between the coaxial heat exchanger and expansion device (TXV or cap tube). Therefore, LT1 is sensing refrigerant temperature, not water temperature, which is a better indication of how water flow rate/temperature is affecting the refrigeration circuit.

The factory setting for LT1 is for systems using water (30°F [-1.1°C] refrigerant temperature). In low water temperature (extended range) applications with antifreeze (most ground loops), jumper JW3 should be clipped as shown in Figure 17 to change the setting to 10°F [-12.2°C] refrigerant temperature, a more suitable temperature when using an antifreeze solution. All ClimateMaster units operating with entering water temperatures below 59°F [15°C] must include the optional water/refrigerant circuit insulation package to prevent internal condensation.

Figure 16: TCH 072-120 Low Voltage Field Wiring (CXM Shown) NOTE: For DXM, Y2 wiring at DXM1

CXM1 Low Voltage ~ Connector

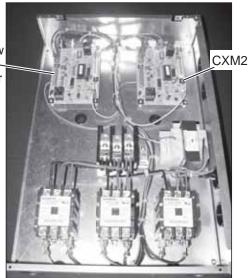
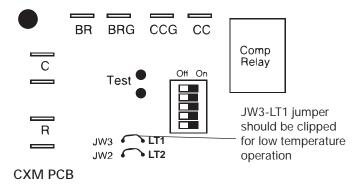


Figure 17: LT1 Limit Setting



**Models with Waterside Economizer** - Controller is factory assembled. Factory settings are 45°F (7.2°C), valve opens, closes at 55°F (12.8°C), and 5 minute short cycle delay. Settings are adjustable.

Accessory Connections - A terminal paralleling the compressor contactor coil has been provided on the CXM/DXM control. Terminal "A" is designed to control accessory devices, such as water valves. Note: This terminal should be used only with 24 Volt signals and not line voltage. Terminal "A" is energized with the compressor contactor. See the specific unit wiring diagram for details.

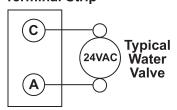
### Low Voltage VA Ratings

Components In Unit	VA
Typical Blower Contactor	6 - 9
Typical Reversing Valve Solenoid (2)	8 - 12
30A Compressor Contactor (2)	12 - 18
CXM board (2)	10 - 18
DXM board (2)	16 - 24
Units with CXM Remaing VA for Accessories	39 - 18
Units with DXM Remaing VA for Accessories	33 - 12

Standard transformer is 75VA.

Figure 18 : Accessory Wiring

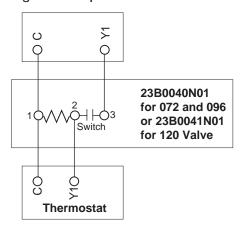
### **Terminal Strip**



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### **Electrical - Low Voltage Wiring**

Figure 19: Optional Motorized Water Valve Wiring



Water Solenoid Valves - An external solenoid valve(s) should be used on ground water installations to shut off flow to the unit when the compressor is not operating. A slow closing valve may be required to help reduce water hammer. Figure 18 shows typical wiring for a 24VAC external solenoid valve. This wiring should only be used if valve fully opens in 15 second. Figure 19 illustrates a typical slow closing water control valve wiring for Belimo valves. Slow closing valves take approximately 60 seconds to open (very little water will flow before 45 seconds). Once fully open, an end switch allows the compressor to be energized. Only relay or triac based electronic thermostats should be used with slow closing valves. When wired as shown, the slow closing valve will operate properly with the following notations:

- 1. The valve will remain open during a unit lockout.
- 2. The valve will draw approximately 25-35 VA through the "Y" signal of the thermostat.

Note: This valve can overheat the anticipator of an electromechanical thermostat. Therefore, only relay or triac based thermostats should be used.

### **▲** CAUTION! **▲**

**CAUTION!** Many units are installed with a factory or field supplied manual or electric shut-off valve. DAMAGE WILL OCCUR if shut-off valve is closed during unit operation. A high pressure switch must be installed on the heat pump side of any field provided shut-off valves and connected to the heat pump controls in series with the built-in refrigerant circuit high pressure switch to disable compressor operation if water pressure exceeds pressure switch setting. The field installed high pressure switch shall have a cut-out pressure of 300 psig and a cut-in pressure of 250 psig. This pressure switch can be ordered from ClimateMaster with a 1/4" internal flare connection as part number 39B0005N02.

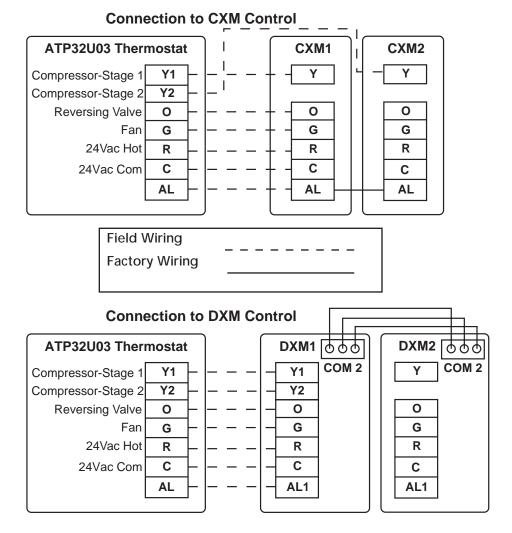
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### **Electrical - Thermostat Wiring**

Thermostat Installation - The thermostat should be located on an interior wall in a larger room, away from supply duct drafts. DO NOT locate the thermostat in areas subject to sunlight, drafts or on external walls. The wire access hole behind the thermostat may in certain cases need to be sealed to prevent erroneous temperature measurement. Position the thermostat back plate against the wall so that it appears level and so the thermostat wires protrude through the middle

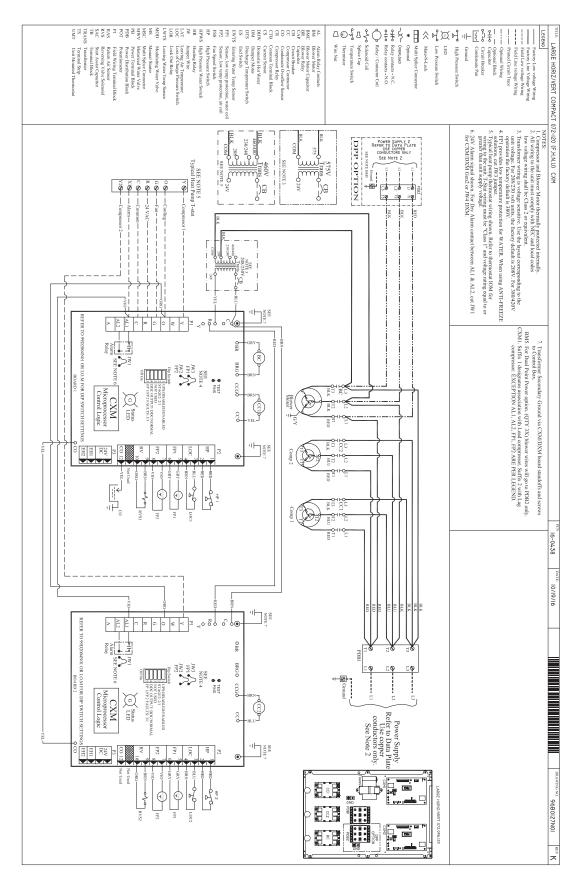
of the back plate. Mark the position of the back plate mounting holes and drill holes with a 3/16" (5mm) bit. Install supplied anchors and secure plate to the wall. Thermostat wire must be 18 AWG wire. Wire the appropriate thermostat as shown in Figure 20 to the low voltage terminal strip on the CXM or DXM control board. Practically any heat pump thermostat will work with ClimateMaster units, provided it has the correct number of heating and cooling stages.

Figure 20: Thermostat Connection



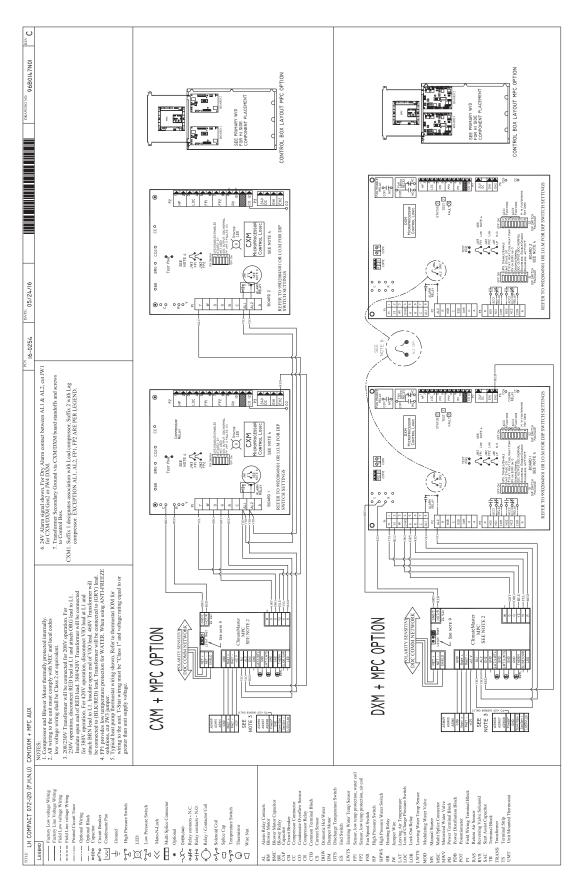
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### Typical Wiring Diagram - TCH/V Units with CXM



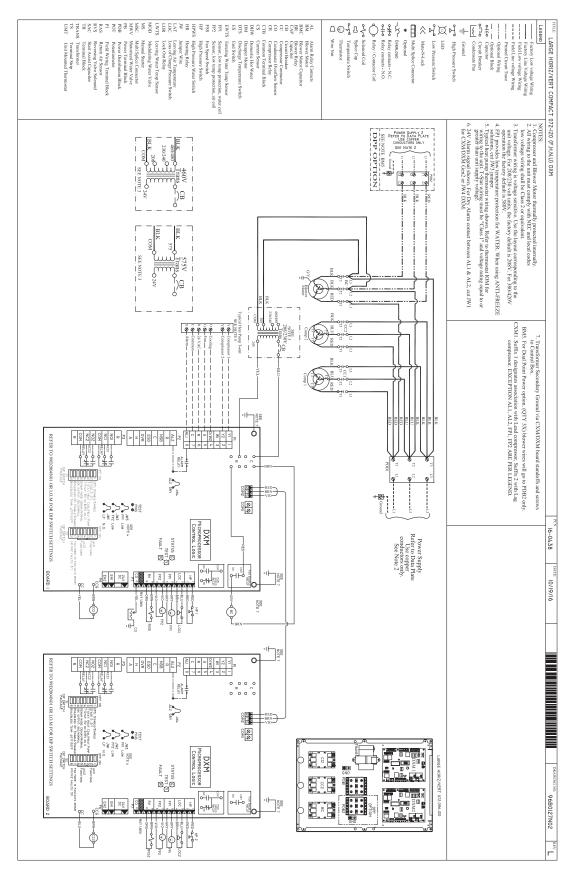
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### Typical Wiring Diagram - TCH/V Units with MPC



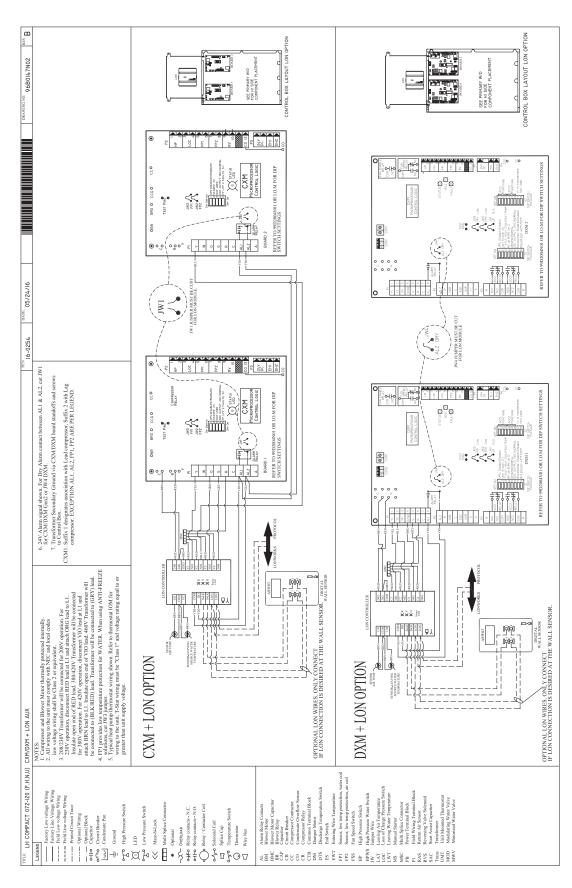
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### Typical Wiring Diagram - TCH/V Units with DXM



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### Typical Wiring Diagram - TCH/V Units with LON



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### **CXM Controls**

**CXM Control** - For detailed control information, see CXM Application, Operation and Maintenance (AOM) manual (part # 97B0003N12).

Field Selectable Inputs - Test mode: Test mode allows the service technician to check the operation of the control in a timely manner. At board, momentarily shorting the test terminals or externally, momentarily push test button (See Fig 10), the CXM control enters a 20 minute test mode period in which all time delays are sped up 15 times. Upon entering test mode, the status LED will flash a code representing the last fault. For diagnostic ease at the thermostat, the alarm relay will also cycle during test mode. The alarm relay will cycle on and off similar to the status LED to indicate a code representing the last fault, at the thermostat. Test mode can be exited by shorting the test terminals or holding button for 3 seconds.

Retry Mode: If the control is attempting a retry of a fault, the status LED will slow flash (slow flash = one flash every 2 seconds) to indicate the control is in the process of retrying.

**Field Configuration Options** - Note: In the following field configuration options, jumper wires should be clipped ONLY when power is removed from the CXM control.

<u>Water coil low temperature limit setting:</u> Jumper 3 (JW3-LT1 Low Temp) provides field selection of temperature limit setting for LT1 of 30°F or 10°F [-1°F or -12°C] (refrigerant temperature).

Not Clipped = 30°F [-1°C]. Clipped = 10°F [-12°C]. Air coil low temperature limit setting: Jumper 2 (JW2-LT2 Low Temp) provides field selection of temperature limit setting for LT2 of 30°F or 10°F [-1°F or -12°C] (refrigerant temperature). Note: This jumper should only be clipped under extenuating circumstances, as recommended by the factory.

Not Clipped = 30°F [-1°C]. Clipped = 10°F [-12°C]. Alarm relay setting: Jumper 1 (JW1-AL2 Dry) provides field selection of the alarm relay terminal AL2 to be jumpered to 24VAC or to be a dry contact (no connection).

Not Clipped = AL2 connected to R. Clipped = AL2 dry contact (no connection).

**DIP Switches** - Note: In the following field configuration options, DIP switches should only be changed when power is removed from the CXM control.

DIP switch 1: Unit Performance Sentinel Disable -

provides field selection to disable the UPS feature. On = Enabled. Off = Disabled.

<u>DIP switch 2:</u> Stage 2 Selection - provides selection of whether compressor has an "on" delay. If set to stage 2, the compressor will have a 3 second delay before energizing. Also, if set for stage 2, the alarm relay will NOT cycle during test mode.

On = Stage 1. Off = Stage 2

DIP switch 3: Not Used.

<u>DIP switch 4:</u> DDC Output at EH2 - provides selection for DDC operation. If set to "DDC Output at EH2," the EH2 terminal will continuously output the last fault code of the controller. If set to "EH2 normal," EH2 will operate as standard electric heat output.

On = EH2 Normal. Off = DDC Output at EH2.

Note: Some CXM controls only have a 2 position DIP switch package. If this is the case, this option can be selected by clipping the jumper which is in position 4 of SW1.

Jumper not clipped = EH2 Normal. Jumper clipped = DDC Output at EH2.

<u>DIP switch 5:</u> Factory Setting - Normal position is "On." Do not change selection unless instructed to do so by the factory.

Table 6a: LED And Alarm Relay Operations

Description of Operation	LED	Alarm
Normal Mode	ON	Open
Normal Mode w/UPS Warning	ON	Cycle (Closed 5 seconds, Open 25 seconds)
CXM is non-functional	OFF	Open
Fault Retry	Slow Flash	Open
Lockout	Fast Flash	Closed
Over/Under Voltage Shutdown	Slow Flash	Open (Closed after 15 Minutes)
Test Mode - No Fault in Memory	Flashing Code 1	Cycling Code 1
Test Mode - HP Fault in Memory	Flashing Code 2	Cycling Code 2
Test Mode - LP Fault in Memory	Flashing Code 3	Cycling Code 3
Test Mode - LT1 Fault in Memory	Flashing Code 4	Cycling Code 4
Test Mode - LT2 Fault in Memory	Flashing Code 5	Cycling Code 5
Test Mode - CO Fault in Memory	Flashing Code 6	Cycling Code 6
Test Mode - Over/Under Shutdown in Memory	Flashing Code 7	Cycling Code 7
Test Mode - UPS in Memory	Flashing Code 8	Cycling Code 8
Test Mode - Swapped Thermistor	Flashing Code 9	Cycling Code 9

- -Slow Flash = 1 flash every 2 seconds
- -Fast Flash = 2 flashes every 1 second
- -Flash code 2 = 2 quick flashes, 10 second pause, 2 quick flashes, 10 second pause, etc.
- -On pulse 1/3 second; off pulse 1/3 second

### A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Do not restart units without inspection and remedy of faulting condition. Equipment damage may occur.

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### **DXM Controls**

DXM Control - For detailed control information, see DXM AOM (part #97B0003N13), Lon controller AOM (part #97B0013N01) or MPC AOM (part # 97B0031N01).
-Slow Flash = 1 flash every 2 seconds

Table 6b: DXM LED And Alarm Relay Operations

Description of Operation	Status LED (green)	Test LED (yellow)	Fault LED (red)	Alarm Relay
Normal mode	On	-	Off	Open
Normal mode with UPS	On	-	Flashing Code 8	Cycle (closed 5 sec, open 25 sec)
DXM is non-functional	Off	Off	Off	Open
Fault Retry	Slow Flash	-	Flashing fault code	Open
Lockout	Fast Flash	-	Flashing fault code	Closed
Test Mode	-	On	-	-
Night Setback	Flashing Code 2	-	-	-
ESD	Flashing Code 3	-	-	-
Invalid T-stat Inputs	Flashing Code 4	-	-	-
HP Fault	Slow Flash	-	Flashing Code 2	Open
LP Fault	Slow Flash	-	Flashing Code 3	Open
LT1 Fault	Slow Flash	-	Flashing Code 4	Open
LT2 Fault	Slow Flash	-	Flashing Code 5	Open
CO Fault	Slow Flash	-	Flashing Code 6	Open
Over/Under Voltages	Slow Flash	-	Flashing Code 7	Open (closed after 15 minutes)

- -Fast Flash = 2 flashes every 1 second
- -Flash code 2 = 2 quick flashes, 10 second pause, 2 quick flashes, 10 second pause, etc.
- -On pulse 1/3 second; off pulse 1/3 second

Field Selectable Inputs - Test mode: Test mode allows the service technician to check the operation of the control in a timely manner. By momentarily shorting the test terminals, the DXM control enters a 20 minute test mode period in which all time delays are sped up 15 times. Upon entering test mode, the status LED will flash a code representing the last fault. For diagnostic ease at the thermostat, the alarm relay will also cycle during test mode. The alarm relay will cycle on and off similar to the status LED to indicate a code representing the last fault, at the thermostat. Test mode can be exited by shorting the test terminals for 3 seconds.

**Retry mode:** If the control is attempting a retry of a fault, the status LED will slow flash (slow flash = one flash every 2 seconds) to indicate the control is in the process of retrying.

**Field Configuration Options -** Note: In the following field configuration options, jumper wires should be clipped ONLY when power is removed from the DXM control.

Water coil low temperature limit setting: Jumper 3 (JW3-LT1 Low Temp) provides field selection of temperature limit setting for LT1 of 30°F or 10°F [-1°F or -12°C] (refrigerant temperature).

Not Clipped = 30°F [-1°C]. Clipped = 10°F [-12°C]. Air coil low temperature limit setting: Jumper 2 (JW2-LT2 Low Temp) provides field selection of temperature limit setting for LT2 of 30°F or 10°F [-1°F or -12°C] (refrigerant temperature). **Note: This jumper should only be** 

clipped under extenuating circumstances, as recommended by ClimateMaster technical services.

Not Clipped = 30°F [-1°C]. Clipped = 10°F [-12°C].

Alarm relay setting: Jumper 4 (JW4-AL2 Dry) provides field selection of the alarm relay terminal AL2 to be jumpered to 24VAC or to be a dry contact (no connection).

Not Clipped = AL2 connected to R.

Clipped = AL2 dry contact (no connection).

Low pressure normally open: Jumper 1

(JW1-LP norm open) provides field selection for low pressure input to be normally closed or normally open.

Not Clipped = LP normally closed. Clipped =

LP normally open.

DIP Switches - Note: In the following field configuration options, DIP switches should only be changed when power is removed from the DXM control.

**DIP Package #1 (S1) -** DIP Package #1 has 8 switches and provides the following setup selections:

- 1.1 Unit Performance Sentinel (UPS) disable: DIP Switch1.1 provides field selection to disable the UPS feature.On = Enabled. Off = Disabled.
- 1.2 Compressor relay staging operation: DIP 1.2 provides selection of compressor relay staging operation. The compressor relay can be selected to turn on with a stage 1 or stage 2 call from the thermostat. This is used with dual stage units (2 compressors where 2 DXM controls are being used) or with master/slave applications. In master/slave applications, each compressor and fan will stage according to its appropriate DIP 1.2 setting. If set to stage 2, the compressor will have a 3 second on-delay before energizing during a Stage 2 demand. Also, if set for stage 2, the alarm relay will NOT cycle during test mode. On = Stage 1. Off = Stage 2.
- 1.3 Thermostat type (heat pump or heat/cool): DIP 1.3 provides selection of thermostat type. Heat pump or heat/cool thermostats can be selected. When in heat/cool mode, Y1 is the input call for cooling stage 1; Y2 is the input call for cooling stage 2; W1 is the input call for heating stage 1; and O/W2 is the input call for heating stage 2. In heat pump mode, Y1 is the input call for

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compressor stage 1; Y2 is the input call for compressor stage 2; W1 is the input call for heating stage 3 or emergency heat; and O/W2 is the input call for reversing valve (heating or cooling, depending upon DIP 1.4). On = Heat Pump. Off = Heat/Cool.

- **1.4** Thermostat type (O/B): DIP 1.4 provides selection of thermostat type for reversing valve activation. Heat pump thermostats with "O" output (reversing valve energized for cooling) or "B" output (reversing valve energized for heating) can be selected with DIP 1.4.
- On = HP stat with "O" output for cooling. Off = HP stat with "B" output for heating.
- **1.5** Dehumidification mode: DIP 1.5 provides selection of normal or dehumidification fan mode. In dehumidification mode, the fan speed relay will remain off during cooling stage 2. In normal mode, the fan speed relay will turn on during cooling stage 2.
- On = Normal fan mode. Off = Dehumidification mode.
- **1.6** DDC output at EH2: DIP 1.6 provides selection for DDC operation. If set to "DDC Output at EH2," the EH2 terminal will continuously output the last fault code of the controller. If set to "EH2 normal," EH2 will operate as standard electric heat output.
- On = EH2 Normal. Off = DDC Output at EH2.
- **1.7** Boilerless operation: DIP 1.7 provides selection of boilerless operation. In boilerless mode, the compressor is only used for heating when LT1 is above the temperature specified by the setting of DIP 1.8. Below DIP 1.8 setting, the compressor is not used and the control goes into emergency heat mode, staging on EH1 and EH2 to provide heating.
- On = normal. Off = Boilerless operation.
- 1.8 Boilerless changeover temperature: DIP 1.8 provides selection of boilerless changeover temperature setpoint. Note that the LT1 thermistor is sensing refrigerant temperature between the coaxial heat exchanger and the expansion device (TXV). Therefore, the 50°F [10°C] setting is not 50°F [10°C] water, but approximately 60°F [16°C] EWT.
- On =  $50^{\circ}$ F [ $10^{\circ}$ C]. Off =  $40^{\circ}$ F [ $16^{\circ}$ C].

**DIP Package #2 (S2) -** DIP Package #2 has 8 switches and provides the following setup selections:

**2.1** - Accessory1 relay personality: DIP 2.1 provides selection of ACC1 relay personality (relay operation/characteristics). See table 5c for description of functionality.

- **2.2** Accessory1 relay personality: DIP 2.2 provides selection of ACC 1 relay personality (relay operation/characteristics). See table 5c for description of functionality.
- **2.3** Accessory1 relay personality: DIP 2.3 provides selection of ACC 1 relay options. See table 5c for description of functionality.
- **2.4** Accessory2 relay personality: DIP 2.4 provides selection of ACC 2 relay personality (relay operation/characteristics). See table5c for description of functionality.
- **2.5** Accessory2 relay personality: DIP 2.5 provides selection of ACC 2 relay personality (relay operation/characteristics). See table 5c for description of functionality.
- **2.6** Accessory2 relay personality: DIP 2.6 provides selection of ACC 2 relay options. See table 5c for description of functionality.
- 2.7 Auto dehumidification fan mode or high fan mode: DIP 2.7 provides selection of auto dehumidification fan mode or high fan mode. In auto dehumidification mode, the fan speed relay will remain off during cooling stage 2 IF the H input is active. In high fan mode, the fan enable and fan speed relays will turn on when the H input is active.

On = Auto dehumidification mode. Off = High fan mode. **2.8** - Special factory selection: DIP 2.8 provides special factory selection. Normal position is "On". Do not change selection unless instructed to do so by the factory.

Table 6c: Accessory DIP Switch Settings

DIP 2.1	DIP 2.2	DIP 2.3	ACC1 Relay Option					
On	On	On	Cycle with fan					
Off	On	On	Digital NSB					
On	Off	On	Water Valve - slow opening					
On	On	Off	OAD					
Off	Off	Off	Reheat Option - Humidistat					
Off	On	Off	Reheat Option - Dehumidistat					
DIP 2.4	DIP 2.5	DIP 2.6	ACC2 Relay Option					
On	On	On	Cycle with compressor					
Off	On	On	Digital NSB					
On	Off	On	Water Valve - slow opening					
On	On	Off	OAD					

All other DIP combinations are invalid

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### Safety Features

### Safety Features - CXM/DXM Control

The safety features below are provided to protect the compressor, heat exchangers, wiring, and other components from damage caused by operation outside of design conditions.

Anti-short cycle protection: The control features a 5 minute anti-short cycle protection for the compressor. Note: The 5 minute anti-short cycle also occurs at power up.

Random start: The control features a random start upon power up of 5-80 seconds.

Fault Retry: In Fault Retry mode, the Status LED begins slowly flashing to signal that the control is trying to recover from a fault input. The control will stage off the outputs and then "try again" to satisfy the thermostat input call. Once the thermostat input call is satisfied, the control will continue on as if no fault occurred. If 3 consecutive faults occur without satisfying the thermostat input call, the control will go into "lockout" mode. The last fault causing the lockout will be stored in memory and can be viewed at the "fault" LED (DXM board) or by going into test mode (CXM board). Note: LT1/LT2 faults are factory set at only one try.

<u>Lockout</u>: In lockout mode, the status LED will begin fast flashing. The compressor relay is turned off immediately. Lockout mode can be "soft" reset by turning off the thermostat (or satisfying the call). A "soft" reset keeps the fault in memory but resets the control. A "hard" reset (disconnecting power to the control) resets the control and erases fault memory.

Lockout with emergency heat: While in lockout mode, if W becomes active (CXM), emergency heat mode will occur. If DXM is configured for heat pump thermostat type (DIP 1.3), emergency heat will become active if O/W2 is energized.

<u>High pressure switch:</u> When the high pressure switch opens due to high refrigerant pressures, the compressor relay is de-energized immediately since the high pressure switch is in series with the compressor contactor coil. The high pressure fault recognition is immediate (does not delay for 30 continuous seconds before de-energizing the compressor).

High pressure lockout code = 2

Example: 2 quick flashes, 10 sec pause, 2 quick flashes, 10 sec. pause, etc.

Low pressure switch: The low pressure switch must be open and remain open for 30 continuous seconds during "on" cycle to be recognized as a low pressure fault. If the low pressure switch is open for 30 seconds prior to compressor power up it will be considered a low pressure (loss of charge) fault. The low pressure switch input is bypassed for the initial 120 seconds of a compressor run cycle.

Low pressure lockout code = 3

Water coil low temperature (LT1): The LT1 thermistor temperature must be below the selected low temperature limit setting for 30 continuous seconds during a compressor run cycle to be recognized as a LT1 fault. The LT1 input is bypassed for the initial 120 seconds of a compressor run cycle. LT1 is set at the factory for one try. Therefore, the control will go into lockout mode once the LT1 fault has occurred.

LT1 lockout code = 4

Air coil low temperature (LT2): The LT2 thermistor temperature must be below the selected low temperature limit setting for 30 continuous seconds during a compressor run cycle to be recognized as a LT2 fault. The LT2 input is bypassed for the initial 60 seconds of a compressor run cycle. LT2 is set at the factory for one try. Therefore, the control will go into lockout mode once the LT2 fault has occurred.

LT2 lockout code = 5

<u>Condensate overflow:</u> The condensate overflow sensor must sense overflow level for 30 continuous seconds to be recognized as a CO fault. Condensate overflow will be monitored at all times.

CO lockout code = 6

Over/under voltage shutdown: An over/under voltage condition exists when the control voltage is outside the range of 19VAC to 30VAC. Over/under voltage shut down is a self-resetting safety. If the voltage comes back within range for at least 0.5 seconds, normal operation is restored. This is not considered a fault or lockout. If the CXM/DXM is in over/under voltage shutdown for 15 minutes, the alarm relay will close.

Over/under voltage shut down code = 7
<u>Unit Performance Sentinel-UPS (patent pending):</u> The
UPS feature indicates when the heat pump is operating
inefficiently. A UPS condition exists when:

- a. In heating mode with compressor energized, LT2 is greater than 125°F [52°C] for 30 continuous seconds, or:
- b. In cooling mode with compressor energized, LT1 is greater than 125°F [52°C] for 30 continuous seconds, or:
- c. In cooling mode with compressor energized, LT2 is less than 40°F [ $4.5^{\circ}$ C] for 30 continuous seconds.

### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

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### **CXM and DXM Controls**

If a UPS condition occurs, the control will immediately go to UPS warning. The status LED will remain on as if the control is in normal mode. Outputs of the control, excluding LED and alarm relay, will NOT be affected by UPS. The UPS condition cannot occur during a compressor off cycle. During UPS warning, the alarm relay will cycle on and off. The cycle rate will be "on" for 5 seconds, "off" for 25 seconds, "on" for 5 seconds, "off" for 25 seconds, etc.

### UPS warning code = 8

<u>Swapped LT1/LT2 thermistors:</u> During test mode, the control monitors to see if the FP1 and FP2 thermistors are in the appropriate places. If the control is in test mode, the control will lockout with code 9 after 30 seconds if:

- a. The compressor is on in the cooling mode and the LT1 sensor is colder than the LT2 sensor, or:
- b. The compressor is on in the heating mode and the LT2 sensor is colder than the LT1 sensor.

Swapped LT1/LT2 thermistor code = 9.

ESD (DXM only): The ESD (Emergency Shut Down)
mode can be enabled from an external common signal
to terminal ESD to shut down the unit. The green status
light will flash code 3 when the unit is in ESD mode.
ESD mode = code 3 (green "status" LED)

### **Diagnostic Features**

The LED on the CXM board advises the technician of the current status of the CXM control. The LED can display either the current CXM mode or the last fault in memory if in test mode. If there is no fault in memory, the LED will flash Code 1 (when in test mode).

The green status LED and red fault LED on the DXM board advise the technician of the current status of the DXM control. The status LED will indicate the current mode that the DXM control is in. The fault LED will ALWAYS flash a code representing the LAST fault in memory. If there is no fault in memory, the fault LED will flash Code 1. The yellow test LED will turn on when in test mode. CAUTION: Do not restart units without inspection and remedy of faulting condition. Damage may occur.

### CXM/DXM Control Start-up Operation

The control will not operate until all inputs and safety controls are checked for normal conditions. The compressor will have a 5 minute anti-short cycle delay at power-up. The first time after power-up that there is a call for compressor, the compressor will follow a 5 to 80 second random start delay. After the random start delay and anti-short cycle delay, the compressor relay will be energized. On all subsequent compressor calls, the random start delay is omitted.

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### **Blower Adjustment**

### A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Always disconnect all power supply(s) to unit prior to making belt or sheave adjustments. Inadvertently starting of the motor can cause damage to the equipment and personal injury.

### Airflow and External Static Pressure

Selection Adjustment - The TCH/V Series is available with standard, low, and high static options. These options will substitute a different blower drive sheave for each static range. In addition certain static ranges (bold print in Tables 5a through 5k) may require the optional large fan motor. Please specify static range and motor horsepower when ordering. See model nomenclature.

Sheave Adjustment - The TCH/V Series is supplied with variable sheave drive on the fan motor to adjust for differing airflows at various ESP conditions. Select an airflow requirement on the left side of the table, then move horizontally to right under the required ESP. Note the sheave turns open, rpm and horsepower for that condition. Fully closed the sheave will produce the highest static capability (higher rpm). To adjust sheave position: loosen belt tension and remove belt, loosen set screw on variable sheave (on fan motor) and open sheave to desired position. Retighten set screw and replace belt and set belt tension as below.

**Sheave and Pulley Alignment** - Verify belt is straight; misalignment will cause premature belt failure. Adjust sheave if needed.

**Belt Tensioning** - An overly loose belt will, upon motor start, produce a slippage 'squeel' and cause premature belt failure and or intermittent airflow. An overly tight belt can cause premature motor or blower bearing failure.

### Belt Tensioning Procedure - TCH/V

- 1. Remove belt from motor sheave
- 2. Lift motor assembly
- 3. Loosen the 5/16" hex nuts on the grommet motor adjustment bolts (2 per bolt). To increase the belt tension loosen the top hex nut. To decrease the belt tension loosen the bottom hex nut.
- 4. Turn the bolts by hand to the desired position then tighten the 5/16" hex nuts (2 per bolt).
- 5. Lower the motor assembly
- 6. Install the belt
- 7. The belt should be tensioned tensioning gauge method such as the Browning Belt Tensioner to set proper belt tension (See next page).

### Notes:

- Motor position should not need adjustment.
- Motor sheave position is at mid position of each sheave. Thus the motor sheave is typically 2.5 turns open on a 5 turn sheave.

### Special Note for AHRI Testing

The Units should be adjusted as follows for rated airflow:

TCH/V072 - 2400cfm/2.5 turns and 0.57 in wg ESP

TCH/V096 - 3200cfm/3.0 turns and 0.62 in wg ESP

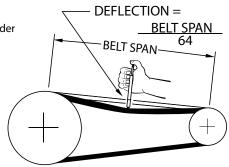
TCH/V120 - 4000cfm/3.0 turns and 0.59 in wg ESP

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### Tensioning V-Belt Drives

### **General Rules of Tensioning**

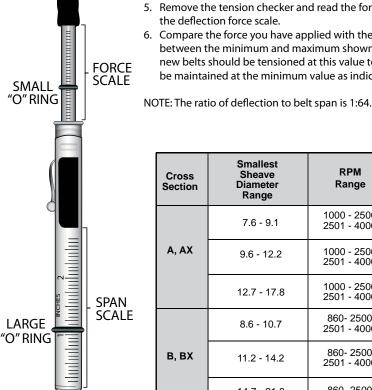
- Ideal tension is the lowest tension at which the belt will not slip under peak load conditions.
- 2. Check tension frequently during the first 24-48 hours of operation.
- 3. Over tensioning shortens belt and bearing life.
- 4. Keep belts free from foreign material which may cause slip.
- Make V-drive inspection on periodic basis. Tension when slipping. Never apply belt dressing as this willI damage the belt and cause early failure.



**Belt Deflection Force** 

### **Tension Measurement Procedure**

- 1. Measure the belt span (see sketch).
- 2. Position bottom of the large "O" ring on the span scale at the measured belt span.
- 3. Set the small "O" ring on the deflection force scale to zero.
- 4. Place the tension checker squarely on one belt at the center of the belt span. Apply a force on the plunger and perpendicular to the belt span until the bottom of the large "O" ring is even with the top of the next belt or with the bottom of a straight edge laid across the sheaves.
- 5. Remove the tension checker and read the forct applied from the bottom of the small "O" ring on the deflection force scale.
- 6. Compare the force you have applied with the values given in the table below. The force should be between the minimum and maximum shown. The maximum value is shown for "New Belt" and new belts should be tensioned at this value to allow for expected tension loss. Used belts should be maintained at the minimum value as indicated in the table below.



			Delt Dellection 1 orce									
				pbelts and d Gripbands	Gripnotch Notched G							
Cross Section	Smallest Sheave Diameter Range	RPM Range	Used Belt	New Belt	Used Belt	New Belt						
	7.6 - 9.1	1000 - 2500	16.458	24.464	18.237	27.133						
	7.6 - 9.1	2501 - 4000	12.454	18.682	15.123	22.240						
A, AX	9.6 - 12.2	1000 - 2500	20.016	30.246	22.240	32.915						
		2501 - 4000	16.902	25.354	19.126	28.467						
	12.7 - 17.8	1000 - 2500	24.019	35.584	25.354	41.811						
	12.7 - 17.8	2501 - 4000	20.906	31.136	22.685	33.805						
	8.6 - 10.7	860- 2500	-	-	21.795	32.026						
	0.0 10.7	2501 - 4000	-	-	18.682	27.578						
B, BX	11.2 - 14.2	860- 2500	23.574	35.139	36.029	46.704						
,	11.2 17.2	2501 - 4000	20.016	29.802	31.581	40.477						
	14.7 - 21.8	860- 2500	28.022	41.811	37.808	56.045						
		2501 - 4000	26.688	39.587	32.470	48.483						

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### **Blower Sheave Information**

Table 4a: TCH/V Blower Sheave and Belt Information

Madal	Configuration	0			Drive Package		
Model	Return/Supply	Component	Α	В	С	D	E
		Blower Sheave	BK67 X 1"	BK85 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK67 X 1"
70		Motor Sheave	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"
72		Motor	1HP	1HP	1HP	2HP	2HP
		Belt (Qty. 1)	BX46	BX48	BX48	BX46	BX47
		Blower Sheave	BK67 X 1"	BK77 X 1"	BK62 X 1"	BK67 X 1"	BK62 X 1"
96		Motor Sheave	1VP40 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP40 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"
96		Motor	2HP	2HP	2HP	3HP	3HP
		Belt (Qty. 1)	BX46	BX47	BX46	BX46	BX46
		Blower Sheave	BK67 X 1"				
120		Motor Sheave	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP34 X 7/8"	1VP50 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"
120		Motor	3HP	3HP	3HP	5HP	5HP
		Belt (Qty. 1)	BX46	BX46	BX46	BX46	BX47
		Blower Sheave	BK80H	BK80H	BK80H	BK80H	BK80H
160	Front or Back/ Top	Motor Sheave	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP40 X 7/8"	1VP50 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"
160	From or Back/ Top	Motor	ЗНР	3HP	3HP	5HP	5HP
		Belt (Qty. 1)	BX42	B41	BX42	BX42	BX42
		Blower Sheave	BK77H	BK95H	BK70H	BK77H	BK70H
192		Motor Sheave	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 7/8"	1VP50 X 7/8"	1VP44 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"
192		Motor	3HP	3HP	3HP	5HP	5HP
		Belt (Qty. 1)	B41	B45	B41	B41	B41
		Blower Sheave	BK90H	BK90H	BK80H	BK90H	2BK80H
240		Motor Sheave	1VP60 X 1-1/8"	1VP50 X 1-1/8"	1VP60 X 1-1/8"	1VP60 X 1-3/8"	2VP60 X 1-3/8"
240		Motor	5HP	5HP	5HP	7.5HP	7.5HP
		Belt (Qty. 1)	B45	B44	B44	B44	BX42
		Blower Sheave	2BK80H	BK95H	2BK80H		2BK80H
200		Motor Sheave	2VP60 X 1-3/8"	1VP60 X 1-3/8"	2VP62 X 1-3/8"	NI/A	2VP62 X 1-3/8"
300		Motor	7.5HP	7.5HP	7.5HP	N/A	10HP
		Belt (Qty. 2)	BX55	BX57	BX55		BX55

### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### TCH/V 072 Blower Performance

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP			0.28	0.32	0.35	0.39	0.42	0.45	0.48	0.52	0.56	0.60	0.64	0.69	0.72	0.76
	Sheave/Mtr			В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	A	A	Α	С	С	С	С	С
1800	RPM			599	645	690	735	775	815	850	885	910	940	965	995	1015	1040
	Turns Open			3	2	1	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3
	BHP			0.31	0.36	0.40	0.44	0.49	0.53	2.50	0.62	0.65	0.69	0.73	0.76	0.80	0.84
	Sheave/Mtr			В	В	А	Α	А	Α	А	А	С	С	С	С	С	С
1900	RPM			604	655	695	740	780	820	855	890	920	950	980	1005	1030	1055
	Turns Open			3	2	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	3
	BHP		0.31	0.34	0.39	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.59	0.63	0.67	0.72	0.75	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90
	Sheave/Mtr		В	В	В	А	Α	A	Α	A	A	С	С	С	С	С	С
2000	RPM		568	615	660	705	750	785	825	860	895	930	960	990	1015	1040	1065
	Turns Open		4.5	2.5	1.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5
	ВНР	0.33	0.38	0.42	0.46	0.50	0.54	0.59	0.65	0.70	0.74	0.78	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.94	0.98
	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	A	A	Α	A	A	A	A	С	C	С	С	C	C
2100	RPM	531	583	630	670	715	755	795	835	875	905	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2	5	4.5	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4	4	3	2.5	2.5
	BHP	0.37	0.40	0.45	0.49	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.79	0.83	0.87	0.92	0.96	1.00	1.04
	Sheave/Mtr	0.37 B	B	0.45 B	0.49 A	0.55 A	A	0.03 A	0.70 A	0.73	0.79 C	C	C	0.92 C	C C	1.00 E	E
2200	RPM	552	599	645	685	730	770	810	850	885	915	950	980	1010	1040	1065	1090
	Turns Open	4	3	2	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
	BHP	0.42	0.47	0.51	0.56	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.84	0.89	0.94	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.16
				1							0.64 C		0.94 C				
2300	Sheave/Mtr	B 570	В	В	A 705	A 745	A 705	A	A	A		C		E 4000	E 4050	E 4075	E 4405
	RPM Turns Open	573	620	660	705	745	785	820	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050 3	1075	1105
		3.5	2.5	1.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5		2.5	
	BHP	0.48	0.52	0.57	0.61	0.66	0.72	0.78	0.83	0.87	0.92	0.97	1.02	1.07	1.13	1.19	1.25
2400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	A	A	Α	Α	Α	A	A	C	C	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	604	645	690	730	765	805	845	880	910	945	975	1010	1035	1065	1095	1125
	Turns Open	3	2	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	0.52	0.57	0.61	0.66	0.72	0.78	0.83	0.89	0.94	1.00	1.03	1.08	1.14	1.20	1.25	1.31
2500	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	A	Α	A	A	A	A	С	E	Е	E	E	E	E	E
	RPM	620	660	700	740	780	815	850	885	920	950	985	1015	1045	1075	1100	1130
	Turns Open	2.5	1.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	0.56	0.61	0.66	0.70	0.76	0.82	0.88	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.08	1.14	1.20	1.26	1.32	1.37
2600	Sheave/Mtr	В	Α	A	A	A	Α	Α	Α	С	E	Е	E	Е	E	E	E
	RPM	635	675	715	750	790	825	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080	1110	1135
	Turns Open	2.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1.5
	BHP	0.61	0.66	0.71	0.76	0.82	0.87	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.10	1.15	1.21	1.27	1.33	1.39	1.45
2700	Sheave/Mtr	В	A	A	Α	A	A	Α	A	E	E	Е	E	Е	E	E	E
	RPM	655	695	730	770	805	840	875	905	940	970	1000	1030	1060	1090	1120	1145
	Turns Open	2	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	0.66	0.72	0.77	0.83	0.88	0.93	0.99	1.05	1.11	1.16	1.22	1.30	1.37	1.44	1.51	1.57
2800	Sheave/Mtr	В	Α	A	A	A	Α	Α	D	E	E	Е	E	Е	E	E	E
	RPM	670	710	750	785	815	850	885	915	950	980	1010	1040	1070	1100	1130	1155
	Turns Open	1.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	0.71	0.77	0.82	0.87	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.22	1.30	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.57	1.63
2900	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	Е	E	E	Е	E	Е	E	E	E
	RPM	685	725	765	795	830	860	895	925	955	985	1020	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160
	Turns Open	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	1
	BHP	0.79	0.84	0.90	0.95	1.01	1.07	1.13	1.19	1.25	1.31	1.38	1.46	1.52	1.59	1.66	
3000	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	D	D	Е	Е	Е	Е	E	Е	E	Е	
0.00	RPM	710	745	780	815	850	885	915	945	975	1005	1035	1065	1090	1120	1150	
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	1	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.

For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### TCH/V 096 Blower Performance

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	ВНР	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.59	0.63	0.69	0.74	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.94	0.99	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.22
0.400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	С	С
2400	RPM	578	625	665	705	745	785	820	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080	1110
	Turns Open	5	4	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5
	BHP	0.50	0.55	0.59	0.64	0.69	0.75	0.81	0.88	0.92	0.97	1.01	1.06	1.12	1.17	1.23	1.29
2500	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С
2500	RPM	599	645	685	725	765	800	835	875	905	940	970	1005	1035	1060	1090	1120
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2.5	2	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1	4.5	3.5	3
	BHP	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.69	0.75	0.80	0.86	0.92	0.97	1.02	1.08	1.13	1.19	1.25	1.30	1.36
2600	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С
2000	RPM	625	665	705	740	780	815	850	885	920	950	985	1015	1045	1075	1100	1130
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3
	BHP	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.86	0.91	0.97	1.02	1.08	1.14	1.20	1.26	1.32	1.38	1.44
2700	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
2700	RPM	645	685	725	760	795	830	865	900	930	960	995	1025	1055	1085	1115	1140
	Turns Open	3.5	2.5	2	6	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	4.5	4	3.5	3
	BHP	0.65	0.71	0.76	0.82	0.87	0.93	0.98	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.21	1.28	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.56
2800	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	A	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
2000	RPM	665	705	745	780	810	845	880	910	945	975	1005	1035	1065	1095	1125	1150
	Turns Open	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	0.71	0.76	0.82	0.87	0.92	0.98	1.03	1.09	1.16	1.22	1.29	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.57	1.63
2900	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
2300	RPM	685	720	760	795	825	860	890	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160
	Turns Open	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	0.78	0.84	0.89	0.95	1.00	1.06	1.12	1.18	1.24	1.30	1.37	1.43	1.50	1.58	1.64	1.71
3000	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	А	С	С	С	С	С
0000	RPM	700	740	775	810	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1055	1085	1115	1140	1170
	Turns Open	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	4.5	3.5	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	0.85	0.91	0.96	1.02	1.08	1.14	1.22	1.29	1.36	1.44	1.50	1.57	1.63	1.70	1.76	1.82
3100	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С
0.00	RPM	720	755	790	825	860	890	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	1175
	Turns Open	2	1	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
	BHP	0.93	1.00	1.07	1.14	1.20	1.26	1.32	1.38	1.44	1.51	1.57	1.64	1.70	1.78	1.85	1.92
3200	Sheave/Mtr	В	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С
	RPM	740	775	810	845	875	905	935	965	995	1025	1050	1080	1105	1135	1160	1185
	Turns Open	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, D = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.

### Table Continued on Next Page

For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### **Table Continued from Previous Page**

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP	1.01	1.08	1.14	1.21	1.28	1.33	1.39	1.45	1.51	1.58	1.64	1.72	1.78	1.84	1.93	2.00
	Sheave/Mtr	В	А	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	С	С	С	С	С	Е
3300	RPM	755	790	820	855	890	915	945	975	1005	1035	1060	1090	1115	1140	1170	1195
	Turns Open	1	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	3	2.5	2
	BHP	1.08	1.15	1.22	1.29	1.35	1.41	1.47	1.53	1.59	1.68	1.75	1.83	1.90	1.96	2.02	2.08
3400	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	С	С	С	С	Е	E
3400	RPM	765	800	835	870	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200
	Turns Open	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2
	BHP	1.16	1.23	1.29	1.36	1.42	1.48	1.54	1.60	1.66	1.73	1.79	1.85	1.92	2.01	2.09	2.17
3500	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	Е	Е	E
3500	RPM	780	815	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1105	1130	1160	1185	1210
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	1.24	1.30	1.37	1.44	1.51	1.58	1.65	1.72	1.78	1.86	1.92	1.98	2.06	2.13	2.21	2.29
3600	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	E	E	Е	E
3000	RPM	795	825	860	890	920	950	980	1010	1035	1065	1090	1115	1145	1165	1190	1215
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	1.34	1.40	1.46	1.53	1.61	1.68	1.75	1.82	1.90	1.97	2.06	2.13	2.21	2.28	2.36	2.44
3700	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	E
3700	RPM	820	850	880	910	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230
	Turns Open	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5
	BHP	1.43	1.49	1.56	1.63	1.70	1.78	1.86	1.94	2.02	2.12	2.20	2.28	2.34	2.42	2.50	2.58
3800	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	E	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	E
3600	RPM	840	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1170	1195	1220	1245
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	1.58	1.64	1.71	1.78	1.85	1.93	2.01	2.09	2.19	2.27	2.35	2.41	2.49	2.57	2.65	
3900	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	D	E	Е	E	Е	E	E	E	
3300	RPM	865	890	920	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1090	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1235	
	Turns Open	4	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	
	BHP	1.68	1.75	1.83	1.92	2.00	2.08	2.16	2.26	2.34	2.42	2.50	2.56	2.64	2.72	2.80	
4000	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	D	D	D	E	E	Е	Е	Е	Е	E	Е	
4000	RPM	885	910	940	970	1000	1025	1050	1080	1105	1130	1155	1175	1200	1225	1250	
	Turns Open	4	3.5	2.5	2.5	2	1	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2	1.5	1	

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.

For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### TCH/V 120 Blower Performance

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP	0.75	0.81	0.86	0.91	0.97	1.03	1.09	1.15	1.21	1.27	1.34	1.41	1.47	1.54	1.61	1.67
	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	В	В	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	А	А
3000	RPM	680	720	755	790	825	860	895	925	955	985	1015	1045	1070	1100	1130	1155
	Turns Open	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	0.82	0.88	0.94	0.99	1.04	1.10	1.17	1.26	1.33	1.40	1.46	1.53	1.59	1.66	1.72	1.80
2400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	В	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	А	С
3100	RPM	700	735	775	805	840	875	905	940	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1110	1135	1165
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	6	5.5	4.5	4.5	3.5	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	4
	BHP	0.90	0.96	1.03	1.10	1.17	1.23	1.29	1.35	1.41	1.47	1.55	1.61	1.68	1.74	1.81	1.89
3200	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	В	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	С
3200	RPM	720	755	790	825	860	890	920	950	980	1010	1040	1065	1095	1120	1145	1175
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5
	BHP	0.98	1.04	1.11	1.18	1.25	1.31	1.37	1.43	1.49	1.55	1.62	1.68	1.75	1.81	1.88	1.95
2200	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	С
3300	RPM	740	770	805	840	875	905	935	965	995	1020	1050	1075	1105	1130	1155	1180
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4	4	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5
	BHP	1.06	1.13	1.19	1.26	1.33	1.38	1.44	1.50	1.56	1.65	1.72	1.80	1.87	1.94	2.00	2.06
3400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	С	С
3400	RPM	755	790	820	855	890	915	945	975	1005	1035	1060	1090	1115	1140	1165	1190
	Turns Open	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3
	BHP	1.14	1.21	1.27	1.34	1.40	1.46	1.52	1.58	1.65	1.71	1.77	1.84	1.90	1.98	2.06	2.14
3500	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С
3500	RPM	770	805	835	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200
	Turns Open	3	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3
	BHP	1.23	1.29	1.36	1.42	1.50	1.57	1.64	1.71	1.77	1.84	1.90	1.96	2.05	2.13	2.21	2.27
3600	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	С	С	С
3600	RPM	790	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1140	1165	1190	1210
	Turns Open	3	2.5	1.5	6	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	4	3.5	3
	BHP	1.32	1.38	1.44	1.51	1.58	1.65	1.73	1.81	1.88	1.96	2.03	2.10	2.18	2.26	2.34	2.42
3700	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	С	С	С
3700	RPM	810	840	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1075	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225
	Turns Open	2.5	2	6	5.5	5	4.5	4	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	1.41	1.47	1.54	1.61	1.68	1.75	1.82	1.91	1.99	2.07	2.17	2.25	2.31	2.39	2.47	2.55
3800	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С
3600	RPM	830	860	890	920	950	980	1005	1035	1060	1085	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1235
	Turns Open	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	1.54	1.60	1.67	1.74	1.82	1.89	1.96	2.04	2.14	2.22	2.30	2.38	2.46	2.52	2.60	2.68
3900	Sheave/Mtr	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
3900	RPM	850	875	905	935	965	995	1020	1045	1075	1100	1125	1150	1175	1195	1220	1245
	Turns Open	2	6	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2
	BHP	1.63	1.71	1.78	1.86	1.94	2.03	2.11	2.19	2.27	2.37	2.45	2.51	2.59	2.67	2.75	2.85
4000	Sheave/Mtr	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
4000	RPM	865	895	920	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1085	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1235	1260
		6	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5	2

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.

### Table Continued on Next Page

For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow in rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

### **Table Continued from Previous Page**

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP	1.73	1.81	1.90	1.97	2.05	2.12	2.20	2.27	2.34	2.42	2.52	2.62	2.70	2.80	2.90	
4100	Sheave/Mtr	А	А	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	
4100	RPM	885	915	945	970	1000	1025	1055	1080	1105	1130	1155	1180	1200	1225	1250	
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	4	4	3	2.5	2	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	
	ВНР	1.87	1.94	2.02	2.08	2.16	2.24	2.32	2.40	2.48	2.58	2.68	2.76	2.86	2.96		
4000	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	С	С	С	С		
4200	RPM	905	935	965	990	1020	1045	1070	1095	1120	1145	1170	1190	1215	1240		
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3.5	3	2.5		
	BHP	2.00	2.07	2.16	2.23	2.31	2.41	2.49	2.57	2.66	2.74	2.84	2.94	3.02	3.15		
4300	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	Е	Е		
4300	RPM	930	955	985	1010	1035	1065	1090	1115	1140	1160	1185	1210	1230	1255		
	Turns Open	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2		
	ВНР	2.14	2.22	2.32	2.40	2.48	2.56	2.65	2.74	2.82	2.92	3.00	3.10	3.18			
4400	Sheave/Mtr	А	А	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	С	Е	Е	Е			
4400	RPM	950	975	1005	1030	1055	1080	1110	1135	1155	1180	1200	1225	1245			
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	4	3	3	2.5			
	ВНР	2.30	2.38	2.46	2.54	2.62	2.72	2.80	2.88	3.00	3.08	3.16	3.26				
4500	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	А	D	Е	E	Е				
4500	RPM	970	995	1020	1045	1070	1100	1125	1145	1170	1195	1215	1240				
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5				
	BHP	2.39	2.45	2.54	2.63	2.72	2.83	2.92	3.00	3.10	3.18	3.28	3.38				
4600	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	D	Е	Е	E				
4600	RPM	980	1000	1025	1050	1075	1105	1130	1150	1175	1195	1220	1245				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5				
	BHP	2.46	2.52	2.62	2.72	2.82	2.92	3.02	3.12	3.22	3.32	3.40	3.50				
4700	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	D	Е	Е	E	E				
4700	RPM	985	1005	1030	1055	1080	1105	1130	1155	1180	1205	1225	1250				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	1	4	3.5	2.5	2.5				
	BHP	2.57	2.64	2.74	2.84	2.94	3.04	3.14	3.24	3.32	3.42	3.52	3.60				
4800	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	D	D	Е	E	E	E				
4000	RPM	990	1010	1035	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230	1250				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5	2				
	BHP	2.68	2.78	2.88	3.00	3.06	3.16	3.26	3.36	3.44	3.54	3.64	3.75				
4900	Sheave/Mtr	А	А	Α	D	D	D	D	Е	Е	Е	Е	E				
4300	RPM	995	1020	1045	1070	1090	1115	1140	1165	1185	1210	1235	1255				
	Turns Open	3.5	3	3	2.5	1.5	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2				
	BHP	2.82	2.92	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.28	3.38	3.48	3.56	3.66	3.74					
5000	Sheave/Mtr	А	А	D	D	D	D	D	Е	Е	Е	Е					
3000	RPM	1005	1030	1050	1075	1100	1120	1145	1170	1190	1215	1235					
	Turns Open	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1	3.5	3	2.5	2					

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection.

For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### Blower Performance Data - TCV160 Standard Unit

All Data is V	Vet Coil																
SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP			0.69	0.78	0.86	0.95	1.02	1.11	1.21	1.32	1.41	1.50	1.57	1.64	1.72	1.80
4200	Sheave/Mtr			В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С
	RPM			547	594	640	685	725	765	805	845	880	915	945	975	1005	1030
	Turns Open			5.5	4	3	1.5	6	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP Sheave/Mtr			0.75 B	0.83 B	0.92 B	1.01 B	1.11 A	1.21 A	1.31 A	1.41 A	1.51 A	1.60 A	1.68 A	1.76 C	1.85 C	1.94 C
4400	RPM			563	609	655	695	735	775	815	855	890	925	955	985	1015	1045
	Turns Open			5	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	2.5	2
	BHP		0.75	0.85	0.95	1.03	1.11	1.19	1.30	1.40	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.78	1.89	2.00	2.10
4600	Sheave/Mtr		В	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
1000	RPM		526	573	625	665	705	745	785	825	860	895	930	960	995	1025	1050
	Turns Open BHP		6	4.5	3	2.5	1	5.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	4	3	2.5	2
	Sheave/Mtr		0.83 B	0.94 B	1.03 B	1.12 B	1.20 A	1.30 A	1.40 A	1.53 A	1.63 A	1.73 A	1.82 A	1.92 C	2.00 C	2.12 C	2.22 C
4800	RPM		542	594	640	680	720	760	795	835	870	905	935	970	1000	1030	1055
	Turns Open		5.5	4	3	2	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2	1	3.5	3	2	1.5
	BHP		0.93	1.02	1.11	1.20	1.31	1.41	1.52	1.64	1.76	1.85	1.95	2.03	2.12	2.24	2.36
5000	Sheave/Mtr		В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
0000	RPM		563	609	650	690	735	770	805	840	880	910	945	975	1005	1035	1065
	Turns Open	0.00	5	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1	3.5	3	2	1.5
	BHP Sheave/Mtr	0.93 B	1.02 B	1.10 B	1.20 B	1.29 B	1.39 A	1.50 A	1.61 A	1.72 A	1.83 A	1.94 A	2.06 A	2.15 C	2.26 C	2.38 C	2.50 C
5200	RPM	542	583	625	665	705	745	780	815	850	885	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	3	2	1	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1	3	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	1.03	1.10	1.19	1.29	1.39	1.50	1.59	1.70	1.80	1.92	2.03	2.16	2.26	2.38	2.50	2.62
5400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С
3400	RPM	563	599	640	680	720	760	790	825	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080
	Turns Open	5	4	3	2	1	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	4	3	2.5	1.5	1
	BHP Sheave/Mtr	1.12 B	1.19 B	1.28 B	1.39 B	1.50 A	1.61 A	1.72 A	1.84 A	1.93 A	2.06 A	2.17 A	2.29 C	2.40 C	2.54 C	2.69 C	2.83 C
5600	RPM	583	620	655	695	735	770	805	840	870	905	935	970	1000	1030	1060	1090
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	3.5	3	2	1.5	1
	BHP	1.17	1.28	1.39	1.49	1.60	1.70	1.81	1.90	2.02	2.14	2.28	2.40	2.52	2.67	2.81	2.96
5800	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С
0000	RPM	588	630	670	710	750	780	815	845	880	910	945	975	1005	1035	1065	1095
	Turns Open	4	3	2	1 04	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP Sheave/Mtr	1.25 B	1.40 B	1.51 B	1.61 A	1.73 A	1.84 A	1.94 A	2.05 A	2.18 A	2.30 A	2.42 A	2.54 C	2.67 C	2.79 C	2.94 C	3.08 E
6000	RPM	604	645	685	720	760	795	825	860	895	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1100
	Turns Open	4	2.5	1.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	1.40	1.51	1.62	1.75	1.86	1.98	2.09	2.20	2.34	2.49	2.63	2.78	2.92	3.06	3.18	
6200	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	А	Α	Α	Α	А	А	А	С	С	С	Е	Е	
0200	RPM	625	660	695	735	770	805	840	875	905	935	965	995	1025	1055	1080	
	Turns Open BHP	3.5 1.55	2.5 1.68	1.5	5.5 1.90	5 2.04	2.18	3.5 2.32	2.5	2.56	1.5 2.68	2.80	3 2.92	3.07	1.5 3.19	3.33	
	Sheave/Mtr	1.55 B	1.68 B	1.79 B	1.90 A	2.04 A	2.18 A	2.32 A	2.44 A	2.56 A	2.68 A	2.80 C	2.92 C	3.07 E	3.19 E	3.33 E	
6400	RPM	640	680	715	750	785	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1035	1060	1090	
	Turns Open	3	2	1	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	
	BHP	1.73	1.84	1.94	2.06	2.20	2.34	2.46	2.58	2.70	2.82	2.94	3.07	3.19	3.34	3.46	
6600	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	Е	Е	Е	Е	
	RPM	665	700	730	765	800	835	865	895	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	
	Turns Open BHP	2.5 1.87	1.5 1.98	5.5	5 2.20	2.34	3.5 2.48	2.62	2.74	1.5 2.86	2.96	3.08	2.5 3.24	3.38	1.5	1	
	Sheave/Mtr	1.87 B	1.98 B	2.08 A	2.20 A	2.34 A	2.48 A	2.62 A	2.74 A	2.86 A	2.96 C	3.08 E	3.24 E	3.38 E	3.55 E		
6800	RPM	685	715	745	775	810	845	880	910	940	965	995	1025	1050	1080		
	Turns Open	2	1	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	4	3	2.5	2	1		
	BHP	2.03	2.13	2.22	2.36	2.50	2.62	2.76	2.88	3.00	3.12	3.22	3.37	3.49	3.61		
7000	Sheave/Mtr	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е		
	RPM	705	730	755	790	825	855	890	920	950	980	1005	1035	1060	1085		
	Turns Open	1.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2	1.5	1		

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection. For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### Blower Performance Data - TCV192 Standard Unit

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP		0.98	1.07	1.16	1.24	1.34	1.47	1.59	1.69	1.78	1.87	1.96	2.06	2.18	2.30	2.42
4800	Sheave/Mtr		В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
4000	RPM		615	660	700	740	775	815	855	890	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075	1105
	Turns Open		5.5	4.5	3	2	5.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4
	BHP	0.99	1.07	1.18	1.27	1.37	1.49	1.60	1.73	1.82	1.92	2.00	2.10	2.22	2.32	2.44	2.56
5000	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	A	A	Α	A	Α	A	A	Α	С	С	С	С
	RPM	594	635	680	720	760	795	830	870	900	935	965	1000	1030	1055	1085	1115
	Turns Open BHP	1.09	5 1.18	1.28	2.5 1.36	5.5 1.48	5 1.59	3.5 1.70	3.5 1.82	1.93	2.02	1.5 2.14	2.24	5 2.36	4.5 2.48	2.60	3.5 2.72
	Sheave/Mtr	1.09 B	1.16 B	1.20 B	1.30 B	1.40 A	1.59 A	1.70 A	1.02 A	1.93 A	A A	A A	C C	C C	C C	C C	C C
5200	RPM	620	660	700	735	775	810	845	880	915	945	980	1010	1040	1070	1100	1130
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	3.5	2	5.5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5
	BHP	1.19	1.29	1.39	1.48	1.59	1.70	1.80	1.92	2.03	2.16	2.26	2.38	2.50	2.62	2.74	2.87
5400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С
5400	RPM	640	680	720	755	790	825	860	895	925	960	990	1020	1050	1080	1110	1140
	Turns Open	5	4	2.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4	3.5	3
	BHP	1.30	1.40	1.51	1.62	1.74	1.85	1.95	2.08	2.18	2.31	2.42	2.57	2.71	2.86	2.98	3.12
5600	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	A	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	E
0000	RPM	660	700	740	775	810	845	875	910	940	975	1005	1035	1065	1095	1120	1150
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2	5.5	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3
	BHP	1.41	1.52	1.63	1.73	1.84	1.95	2.06	2.18	2.32	2.44	2.57	2.72	2.86	3.00	3.15	3.27
5800	Sheave/Mtr	B	B 700	A 700	A 700	A	A	A	A 020	A	A	C 1015	C 1045	C 1075	110F	E 4425	E 4400
	RPM	680	720	760	790	825	860	890	920	955	985	1015	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160
	Turns Open BHP	1.56	3 1.67	6 1.78	5 1.89	4.5 2.00	3.5 2.12	3 2.24	2.5	1.5 2.48	2.60	5.5 2.74	5 2.89	4.5 3.01	3.15	3.30	3.42
	Sheave/Mtr	1.36 B	1.07 B	1.76 A	1.09 A	2.00 A	A A	A A	2.30 A	2.40 A	2.00 C	C C	2.09 C	5.01 E	3.13 E	5.30 E	3.42 E
6000	RPM	700	740	775	810	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1060	1085	1115	1145	1170
	Turns Open	3.5	2.5	5.5	5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	1.70	1.83	1.94	2.06	2.17	2.30	2.44	2.58	2.73	2.87	3.02	3.14	3.28	3.40	3.54	3.66
0000	Sheave/Mtr	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е
6200	RPM	720	760	795	830	865	895	925	955	985	1015	1045	1070	1100	1125	1155	1180
	Turns Open	3	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	1.88	2.02	2.16	2.28	2.42	2.54	2.66	2.78	2.90	3.04	3.16	3.31	3.43	3.58	3.72	3.86
6400	Sheave/Mtr	В	Α	А	A	Α	А	A	Α	С	E	E	Е	E	E	Е	E
0.00	RPM	745	780	815	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1055	1085	1110	1140	1165	1190
	Turns Open	2.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	6	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
	BHP Chapus/Mar	2.06	2.18	2.32	2.46	2.58	2.70	2.82	2.94	3.07 E	3.19 E	3.34	3.46	3.60 E	3.74 E	3.88 E	4.02 E
6600	Sheave/Mtr RPM	765	795	830	A 865	A 895	925	955	985	1015	1040	E 1070	E 1095	1125	1150	1175	1200
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
	BHP	2.22	2.36	2.50	2.62	2.74	2.86	3.00	3.10	3.27	3.41	3.58	3.72	3.85	3.97	4.11	4.23
	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	A	A	A	A	D	D	E	Е	E	Е	E	E	Е	Е
6800	RPM	780	815	850	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1055	1085	1110	1135	1160	1190	1215
	Turns Open	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2
	BHP	2.40	2.54	2.66	2.80	2.92	3.04	3.14	3.27	3.39	3.54	3.66	3.78	3.96	4.12	4.28	4.44
7000	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	A	Α	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	Е	E
7000	RPM	800	835	865	900	930	960	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	1120	1150	1175	1200	1225
	7000	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	2.58	2.70	2.85	2.99	3.14	3.28	3.42	3.54	3.66	3.81	3.93	4.06	4.22	4.38	4.54	4.70
7200	Sheave/Mtr RPM	820	850	885	915	D 945	975	1005	1030	E 1055	1085	1110	1135	1160	1185	1210	E 1235
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3	3	2	1.5	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2.5	1210	1.5
	BHP	2.76	2.88	3.02	3.16	3.31	3.45	3.61	3.75	3.92	4.06	4.20	4.36	4.52	4.68	4.81	4.97
	Sheave/Mtr	A A	A	D	D D	D D	D D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
7400	RPM	840	870	900	930	960	990	1020	1045	1075	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200	1220	1245
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5
	BHP	2.94	3.07	3.22	3.36	3.50	3.63	3.82	3.98	4.14	4.34	4.50	4.66	4.78	4.94		
7600	Sheave/Mtr	Α	D	D	D	D	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е		
7000	RPM	860	890	920	950	980	1005	1035	1060	1085	1115	1140	1165	1185	1210		
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	2	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	2		
	BHP	3.22	3.34	3.49	3.63	3.78	3.96	4.12	4.28	4.44	4.63	4.76	4.92				
7800	Sheave/Mtr	D	D	D	D	D	E 4005	E 4050	E 4075	E 4400	E 4400	E 4450	E 4475				
	RPM Turns On an	880	905	935	965	995	1025	1050	1075	1100	1130	1150	1175				
	Turns Open BHP	3.5	3 50	2 75	1.5	1 1 06	5.5 4.26	5 4.42	4.5 4.58	4.74	3.5 4.90	3	2.5				
	Sheave/Mtr	3.41 D	3.58 D	3.75 D	3.92 D	4.06 E	4.26 E	4.42 E	4.58 E	4.74 E	4.90 E						
8000	RPM	895	925	955	985	1010	1040	1065	1090	1115	1140						
	Turns Open	3	2.5	1.5	1	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3						
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A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection. For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### Blower Performance Data - TCV240 Standard Unit

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP				1.78	1.89	2.00	2.12	2.24	2.36	2.48	2.60	2.74	2.89	3.01	3.15	3.30
	Sheave/Mtr				В	В	В	А	А	А	А	А	А	Α	Α	С	С
6000	RPM				775	810	845	880	910	940	970	1000	1030	1060	1085	1115	1145
	Turns Open				5.5	4.5	4	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3
	BHP			1.82	1.93	2.04	2.15	2.30	2.44	2.58	2.73	2.87	2.99	3.14	3.26	3.40	3.52
6200	Sheave/Mtr			В	В	В	В	Α	А	Α	А	А	Α	Α	С	С	С
6200	RPM			755	790	825	860	895	925	955	985	1015	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150
	Turns Open			6	5	4.5	3.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3
	BHP			2.00	2.14	2.26	2.40	2.52	2.64	2.76	2.88	3.02	3.14	3.28	3.40	3.56	3.70
6400	Sheave/Mtr			В	В	В	В	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С
0400	RPM			775	810	840	875	905	935	965	995	1025	1050	1080	1105	1135	1160
	Turns Open			5.5	4.5	4	3	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	4	3	2.5
	BHP		2.02	2.16	2.30	2.42	2.56	2.68	2.80	2.92	3.05	3.17	3.29	3.43	3.55	3.71	3.85
6600	Sheave/Mtr		В	В	В	В	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С
	RPM		755	790	825	855	890	920	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1090	1115	1145	1170
	Turns Open		6	5.5	4.5	3.5	6	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP		2.18	2.32	2.46	2.58	2.70	2.84	2.94	3.06	3.21	3.35	3.52	3.66	3.82	3.94	4.06
6800	Sheave/Mtr		В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	С	С	С	С
	RPM		770	805	840	870	900	935	960	990	1020	1045	1075	1100	1130	1155	1180
	Turns Open		5.5	5	4	3	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1	4	3.5	2.5	2
	BHP	2.22	2.34	2.48	2.62	2.74	2.86	2.98	3.10	3.22	3.34	3.49	3.61	3.73	3.90	4.06	4.22
7000	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	А	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
	RPM	755	785	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1140	1165	1190
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	3.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2
	BHP	2.38	2.52	2.64	2.78	2.92	3.06	3.21	3.35	3.47	3.62	3.74	3.88	4.00	4.16	4.32	4.48
7200	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	А	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	С	С	С	С	С
	RPM	770	805	835	870	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4	3.5	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5
	BHP	2.56	2.68	2.82	2.95	3.09	3.24	3.38	3.53	3.67	3.84	3.98	4.12	4.26	4.42	4.58	4.74
7400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	А	А	А	Α	А	Α	А	А	С	С	С	С	С
	RPM	790	820	855	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1185	1210
	Turns Open	5	4.5	3.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	2.74	2.86	2.98	3.12	3.26	3.41	3.55	3.70	3.89	4.05	4.21	4.40	4.53	4.69	4.85	5.01
7600	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	A	А	Α	Α	А	A	Α	С	С	С	С	С	E
	RPM	810	840	870	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1095	1125	1145	1170	1195	1220
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection. For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

### **Table Continued on Next Page**

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### Blower Performance Data - TCV240 Standard Unit

### **Table Continued from Previous Page**

All Data is V		0.00	0.40	0.20	0.20	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.00	0.00	1.00	1 10	1 20	1 20	1.40	1 50
SCFM	ESP BHP	<b>0.00</b> 2.98	<b>0.10</b> 3.13	<b>0.20</b> 3.25	<b>0.30</b> 3.39	<b>0.40</b> 3.54	<b>0.50</b> 3.68	<b>0.60</b> 3.83	<b>0.70</b> 3.99	<b>0.80</b> 4.15	<b>0.90</b> 4.34	<b>1.00</b> 4.50	<b>1.10</b> 4.66	<b>1.20</b> 4.82	<b>1.30</b> 4.95	<b>1.40</b> 5.11	<b>1.50</b> 5.27
	Sheave/Mtr	B	В	A	A	A	A	A	A	A.13	C	C	C	C	C	E	E
7800	RPM	830	860	885	915	945	975	1005	1030	1055	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230
	Turns Open	4	3.5	6	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	0	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	3.18	3.30	3.44	3.61	3.78	3.94	4.10	4.29	4.45	4.61	4.77	4.93	5.09	5.25	5.38	5.54
	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	С	С	С	E	Е	Е	E
8000	RPM	850	875	900	930	960	990	1015	1045	1070	1095	1120	1145	1170	1195	1215	1240
	Turns Open	4	3.5	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	3.35	3.48	3.65	3.79	3.96	4.13	4.27	4.44	4.58	4.72	4.88	5.08	5.24	5.44	5.64	
	Sheave/Mtr	В	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	С	С	Е	Е	Е	Е	
8200	RPM	865	890	920	945	975	1005	1030	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230	
	7000	3.5	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
	ВНР	3.62	3.74	3.89	4.03	4.18	4.33	4.49	4.65	4.81	4.97	5.16	5.36	5.56	5.72	5.92	
8400	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	А	Α	С	С	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	
0400	RPM	880	905	935	965	995	1020	1045	1070	1095	1120	1145	1170	1195	1215	1240	
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
	BHP	3.81	3.98	4.12	4.29	4.46	4.62	4.78	4.94	5.10	5.28	5.48	5.64	5.84	6.04	6.20	
8600	Sheave/Mtr	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	
0000	RPM	895	925	950	980	1010	1035	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1180	1205	1230	1250	
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	1	
	BHP	4.06	4.22	4.41	4.57	4.73	4.92	5.08	5.24	5.40	5.60	5.76	5.96	6.16	6.32		
8800	Sheave/Mtr	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	D	E	E	E	Е	Е	Е	Е		
	RPM	915	940	970	995	1020	1050	1075	1100	1125	1150	1170	1195	1220	1240		
	Turns Open	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	4	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1		
	BHP	4.38	4.54	4.70	4.86	5.02	5.18	5.34	5.50	5.68	5.88	6.08	6.24	6.44	6.60		
9000	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	D	D	D	E	Е	E	Е	Е	Е	Е		
	RPM	935	960	985	1010	1035	1060	1085	1110	1135	1160	1185	1205	1230	1250		
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	1		
	ВНР	4.65	4.76	4.90	5.08	5.26	5.44	5.62	5.80	6.00	6.16	6.36	6.56	6.72			
9200	Sheave/Mtr	А	А	Α	D	D	D	E	Е	E	Е	E	Е	Е			
	RPM	955	975	1000	1025	1050	1075	1100	1125	1150	1170	1195	1220	1240			
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	4	3.5	2.5	2.5	2	1.5	1			
	BHP	4.83	4.94	5.12	5.32	5.52	5.72	5.92	6.12	6.32	6.48	6.68	6.88				
9400	Sheave/Mtr	A	A	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E				
	RPM	970	990	1015	1040	1065	1090	1115	1140	1165	1185	1210	1235				
	Turns Open	3.5	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1				
	BHP	5.10	5.24	5.44	5.64	5.84	6.04	6.24	6.40	6.60	6.80	6.96	7.16				
9600	Sheave/Mtr	D	D	D	D	D	E	E	E	E	E	E	E				
	RPM	985	1005	1030	1055	1080	1105	1130	1150	1175	1200	1220	1245				
	Turns Open	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1				

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection. For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### Blower Performance Data - TCV300 Standard Unit

All Data is Wet Coil

SCFM	ESP	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.50
	BHP	2.69	2.84	2.96	3.11	3.27	3.45	3.60	3.78	3.96	4.08	4.23	4.38	4.53	4.69	4.86	5.03
7500	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С
7300	RPM	890	925	955	990	1020	1050	1075	1105	1135	1155	1180	1205	1230	1255	1275	1295
	Turns Open	4.5	3.5	2.5	2	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5
	BHP	2.87	3.04	3.18	3.36	3.54	3.72	3.87	4.05	4.20	4.35	4.50	4.65	4.80	4.97	5.14	5.30
=000	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С
7800	RPM	910	945	975	1010	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225	1250	1270	1290	1310
	Turns Open	4	3	2	5.5	5	4.5	4	3	2.5	2.5	1.5	1	4	3	2.5	2.5
	BHP	3.10	3.26	3.42	3.60	3.78	3.96	4.14	4.34	4.52	4.70	4.88	5.06	5.21	5.35	5.53	5.68
0400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С
8100	RPM	935	965	995	1025	1055	1085	1115	1145	1170	1195	1220	1245	1265	1285	1310	1330
	Turns Open	3.5	2.5	1.5	5.5	5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	2
	BHP	3.36	3.52	3.74	3.92	4.14	4.36	4.57	4.75	4.93	5.11	5.29	5.47	5.62	5.80	5.94	6.12
0.400	Sheave/Mtr	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С
8400	RPM	955	985	1020	1045	1075	1105	1135	1160	1185	1210	1235	1260	1280	1305	1325	1350
	Turns Open	3	2	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5
	BHP	3.60	3.79	4.00	4.22	4.43	4.65	4.83	5.01	5.19	5.37	5.55	5.76	5.97	6.14	6.35	6.56
0700	Sheave/Mtr	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С
8700	RPM	975	1005	1035	1065	1095	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225	1250	1275	1300	1320	1345	1370
	Turns Open	2.5	6	5	4.5	4	3	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
	BHP	3.90	4.12	4.30	4.51	4.73	4.91	5.09	5.30	5.48	5.66	5.89	6.08	6.32	6.56	6.76	
0000	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С	
9000	RPM	1000	1030	1055	1085	1115	1140	1165	1195	1220	1245	1270	1290	1315	1340	1360	
	Turns Open	6	5.5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1.5	
	BHP	4.34	4.56	4.74	4.96	5.14	5.35	5.53	5.71	5.89	6.08	6.29	6.50	6.67	6.88	7.05	
9300	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С	
9300	RPM	1020	1050	1075	1105	1130	1160	1185	1210	1235	1260	1285	1310	1330	1355	1375	
	Turns Open	5.5	5	4.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	
	BHP	4.64	4.85	5.03	5.25	5.46	5.67	5.88	6.13	6.34	6.52	6.66	6.84	7.02	7.16		
9600	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С		
9000	RPM	1040	1070	1095	1125	1150	1175	1200	1230	1255	1280	1300	1325	1350	1370		
	Turns Open	5	4.5	4	3.5	3	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1		
	BHP	4.93	5.15	5.33	5.53	5.78	5.99	6.20	6.41	6.62	6.83	7.04	7.21	7.42			
9900	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С			
3300	RPM	1060	1090	1115	1140	1170	1195	1220	1245	1270	1295	1320	1340	1365			
	Turns Open	4.5	4	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	1.5	3.5	3	2.5	2	2	1.5			
	BHP	5.36	5.57	5.77	5.95	6.17	6.35	6.53	6.74	6.94	7.18	7.42	7.61				
10200	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	Е				
10200	RPM	1085	1110	1135	1160	1190	1215	1240	1265	1285	1310	1335	1355				
	Turns Open	4	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	4	3	3	2.5	2	1.5				
	BHP	5.52	5.75	5.99	6.23	6.47	6.71	6.95	7.19	7.43	7.62	7.86	8.10				
10500	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	Е	Е	Е				
10300	RPM	1100	1130	1155	1180	1205	1230	1255	1280	1305	1325	1350	1375				
	Turns Open	4	3	2.5	2	1.5	1	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.5	1				
	BHP	6.00	6.24	6.48	6.72	6.96	7.20	7.39	7.63	7.87	8.11	8.30					
10800	Sheave/Mtr	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	Е	Е	Е	E					
10000	RPM	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225	1250	1270	1295	1320	1345	1365					
	7000	3.5	3	5	1.5	1	3.5	3.5	2.5	2	1.5	1.5					

A = Standard Static/Standard Motor, B = Low Static/Standard Motor, C = High Static/Standard Motor, D = Standard Static/Large Motor, E = High Static/Large Motor Unit factory shipped with standard static sheave and drive at 2.5 turns open. Other speed require field selection. For applications requiring higher static pressures, contact your local representative. Performance data does not include drive losses and is based on sea level conditions. Do not operate in black regions. All airflow is rated at lowest Voltage if unit is dual Voltage rated, i.e. 208V for 208-230V units.

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### **Unit Starting and Operating Conditions**

### **Operating Limits**

Environment – Units are designed for indoor installation only. Never install units in areas subject to freezing or where humidity levels could cause cabinet condensation (such as unconditioned spaces subject to 100% outside air).

Power Supply – A voltage variation of +/- 10% of nameplate utilization voltage is acceptable.

Determination of operating limits is dependent primarily upon three factors: 1) return air temperature. 2) water temperature, and 3) ambient temperature. When any one of these factors is at minimum or maximum levels, the other two factors should be at normal levels to ensure proper unit operation. Extreme variations in temperature and humidity and/or corrosive water or air will adversely affect unit performance, reliability, and service life. Consult Table 9a for operating limits.

Table 9a: Operating Limits

Operating Limits	TCH/	TCV
Operating Limits	Cooling	Heating
Air Limits		
Min. ambient air, DB	45°F [7°C]	39°F [4°C]
Rated ambient air, DB	80.6°F [27°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. ambient air, DB	110°F [43°C]	85°F [29°C]
Min. entering air, DB/WB	60/50°F [16/10°C]	50°F [10°C]
Rated entering air, DB/WB	80.6/66.2°F [27/19°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. entering air, DB/WB	95/75°F [35/24°C]	80°F [27°C]
Water Limits		
Min. entering water	30°F [-1°C]	20°F [-6.7°C]
Normal entering water	50-110°F [10-43°C]	30-70°F [-1 to 21°C]
Max. entering water	120°F [49°C]	90°F [32°C]
Normal Water Flow	1.5 to 3.0	gpm / ton
Normal Water Flow	[1.6 to 3.2	I/m per kW]

### **Commissioning Conditions**

Consult Table 9b for the particular model. Starting conditions vary depending upon model and are based upon the following notes:

### Notes:

- 1. Conditions in Table 9b are not normal or continuous operating conditions. Minimum/maximum limits are start-up conditions to bring the building space up to occupancy temperatures. Units are not designed to operate under these conditions on a regular basis.
- 2. Voltage utilization range complies with AHRI Standard 110.

Table 9b: Commissioning Limits

Commissioning Limits	TCH/	TCV
Commissioning Limits	Cooling	Heating
Air Limits		
Min. ambient air, DB	45°F [7°C]	39°F [4°C]
Rated ambient air, DB	80.6°F [27°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. ambient air, DB	110°F [43°C]	85°F [29°C]
Min. entering air, DB/WB	50/45°F [10/7°C]	40°F [4.5°C]
Rated entering air, DB/WB	80.6/66.2°F [27/19°C]	68°F [20°C]
Max. entering air, DB/WB	110/83°F [43/28°C]	80°F [27°C]
Water Limits		
Min. entering water	30°F [-1°C]	20°F [-6.7°C]
Normal entering water	50-110°F [10-43°C]	30-70°F [-1 to 21°C]
Max. entering water	120°F [49°C]	90°F [32°C]
Normal Water Flow	1.5 to 3.0	
Normal Water Flow	[1.6 to 3.2 l	/m per kW]

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### Piping System Cleaning and Flushing

**Piping System Cleaning and Flushing** - Cleaning and flushing the WLHP piping system is the single most important step to ensure proper start-up and continued efficient operation of the system.

Follow the instructions below to properly clean and flush the system:

- Ensure that electrical power to the unit is disconnected.
- 2. Install the system with the supply hose connected directly to the return riser valve. Use a single length of flexible hose.
- Fill the system with water. DO NOT allow system to overflow. Bleed all air from the system. Pressurize and check the system for leaks and repair as appropriate. Models with Waterside Economizer also manually open economizer valve and coil air vents (2) to bleed air from coil.
- 4. Verify that all strainers are in place (ClimateMaster recommends a strainer with a #20 stainless steel wire mesh). Start the pumps, and systematically check each vent to ensure that all air is bled from the system.
- Verify that make-up water is available. Adjust makeup water as required to replace the air which was bled from the system. Check and adjust the water/air level in the expansion tank.
- 6. Set the boiler to raise the loop temperature to approximately 86°F [30°C]. Open a drain at the lowest point in the system. Adjust the make-up water replacement rate to equal the rate of bleed.
- 7. Refill the system and add trisodium phosphate in a proportion of approximately 150 gallons [1/2 kg per 750 l] of water (or other equivalent approved cleaning agent). Reset the boiler to raise the loop temperature to 100°F [38°C]. Circulate the solution for a minimum of 8 to 24 hours. At the end of this period, shut off the circulating pump and drain the solution. Repeat system cleaning if desired.
- 8. When the cleaning process is complete, remove the short-circuited hoses. Reconnect the hoses to the

- proper supply, and return the connections to each of the units. Refill the system and bleed off all air.
- 9. Test the system pH with litmus paper. The system water should be in the range of pH 6.0 8.5 (see table 3). Add chemicals, as appropriate to maintain neutral pH levels.
- When the system is successfully cleaned, flushed, refilled and bled, check the main system panels, safety cutouts and alarms. Set the controls to properly maintain loop temperatures.

DO NOT use "Stop Leak" or similar chemical agent in this system. Addition of chemicals of this type to the loop water will foul the heat exchanger and inhibit unit operation.

Note: The manufacturer strongly recommends all piping connections, both internal and external to the unit, be pressure tested by an appropriate method prior to any finishing of the interior space or before access to all connections is limited. Test pressure may not exceed the maximum allowable pressure for the unit and all components within the water system. The manufacturer will not be responsible or liable for damages from water leaks due to inadequate or lack of a pressurized leak test, or damages caused by exceeding the maximum pressure rating during installation.

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### **Unit Starting and Operating Conditions**

### **▲ WARNING! ▲**

**WARNING!** Polyolester Oil, commonly known as POE oil, is a synthetic oil used in many refrigeration systems including those with HFC-410A refrigerant. POE oil, if it ever comes in contact with PVC or CPVC piping, may cause failure of the PVC/CPVC. PVC/CPVC piping should never be used as supply or return water piping with water source heat pump products containing HFC-410A as system failures and property damage may result.

### BEFORE POWERING SYSTEM, please check the following:

### **UNIT CHECKOUT**

- ☐ Line voltage and wiring: Verify that voltage is within an acceptable range for the unit and wiring and fuses/breakers are properly sized. Verify that low voltage wiring is complete.
- ☐ Unit control transformer: Ensure that transformer has the properly selected voltage tap. Commercial 380-420V units are factory wired for 380V operation unless specified otherwise.
- ☐ Balancing/shutoff valves: Ensure that all isolation valves are open (after system flushing see System Checkout) and water control valves are wired.
- ☐ Entering water and air: Ensure that entering water and air temperatures are within operating limits of Table 9.
- Low water temperature cutout: Verify that low water temperature cut-out on the CXM/DXM control is properly set.
- Unit blower wheel: Manually rotate blower wheel to verify free rotation and ensure that all blower wheels are secured to the blower motor shaft and centered in housing.
- Blower motor: Verify motor bolts are tight. DO NOT oil motors upon start-up. Fan motors are pre-oiled at the factory.
- Check shaft pillow blocks, sheave and pulley are tightVerify sheave has been set to turns in design
- requirement. Record turns on start up log sheet.
- Verify belt is straight and proper tensionCondensate line: Verify that condensate line is open,
- trapped, vented and properly pitched toward drain.

  Water flow balancing: Record inlet and outlet water temperatures for each heat pump upon startup.

  This check can eliminate nuisance trip outs and high velocity water flow that could erode heat exchangers.
- Unit air coil and filters: Ensure that filter is clean and accessible. Clean air coil of all manufacturing oils.
- Unit controls: Verify that CXM or DXM field selection options are properly set.

### SYSTEM CHECKOUT

- System water temperature: Check water temperature for proper range and also verify heating and cooling setpoints for proper operation.
- System pH: Check and adjust water pH if necessary to maintain a level between 6 and 8.5. Proper pH promotes longevity of hoses and fittings (see table 3).
- System flushing: Verify that all hoses are connected end to end when flushing to ensure that debris bypasses the unit heat exchanger, water valves and other components. Water used in the system must be potable quality initially and clean of dirt, piping slag, and strong chemical cleaning agents. Verify that all air is purged from the system. Air in the system can cause poor operation or system corrosion.
- Cooling tower/boiler: Check equipment for proper setpoints and operation.
- Standby pumps: Verify that the standby pump is properly installed and in operating condition.
- System controls: Verify that system controls function and operate in the proper sequence.
- Low water temperature cutout: Verify that low water temperature cut-out controls are provided for the outdoor portion of the loop. Otherwise, operating problems may occur.
- System control center: Verify that the control center and alarm panel have appropriate setpoints and are operating as designed.
- Miscellaneous: Note any questionable aspects of the installation.

### **▲** CAUTION! **▲**

**CAUTION!** Verify that ALL water control valves are open and allow water flow prior to engaging the compressor. Freezing of the coax or water lines can permanently damage the heat pump.

### **▲** CAUTION! **▲**

**CAUTION!** To avoid equipment damage, DO NOT leave system filled in a building without heat during the winter unless antifreeze is added to the water loop. Heat exchangers never fully drain by themselves and will freeze unless winterized with antifreeze.

NOTICE! Failure to remove shipping brackets from spring-mounted compressors will cause excessive noise, and could cause component failure due to added vibration.

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### Unit Start-Up Procedure

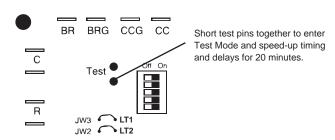
- 1. Turn the thermostat fan position to "ON". Blower should start.
- 2. Balance air flow at registers.
- 3. Adjust all valves to their full open positions. Turn on the line power to all heat pumps.
- 4. Room temperature should be within the minimummaximum ranges of table 9. During start-up checks, loop water temperature entering the heat pump should 6. Allow five (5) minutes between tests for pressure to be between 60°F [16°C] and 95°F [35°C].
- 5. Two factors determine the operating limits of ClimateMaster heat pumps, (a) return air temperature, and (b) water temperature. When any one of these factors is at a minimum or maximum level, the other factor must be at normal level to ensure proper unit operation.
  - a. Adjust the unit thermostat to the warmest setting. Place the thermostat mode switch in the "COOL" position. Slowly reduce thermostat setting until the compressor activates.
  - b. Check for cool air delivery at the unit grille within a few minutes after the unit has begun to
  - c. Note: Units have a five minute time delay in the control circuit that can be eliminated on the CXM/DXM control board as shown below in Figure 21. See controls description for details.
  - d. Verify that the compressor is on and that the water flow rate is correct by measuring pressure drop through the heat exchanger using the P/T plugs and comparing to tables 10a through 10e.
  - e. Check the elevation and cleanliness of the condensate lines. Dripping may be a sign of a blocked line. Check that the condensate trap is filled to provide a water seal. Check the temperature of both entering and leaving water. If temperature is within range table, proceed with the test. If temperature is outside of the operating range, check refrigerant pressures and compare to tables 12 through 15. Verify correct water flow by comparing unit pressure drop across the heat exchanger versus the data in tables 10a through 10e. Heat of rejection (HR) can be calculated and compared to submittal data capacity pages. The formula for HR for systems with water is as follows: HR (Btuh) =  $TD \times GPM \times 500$ , where TD is the temperature difference between the entering
    - and leaving water, and GPM is the flow rate in U.S. GPM, determined by comparing the pressure drop across the heat exchanger to tables 8a through 8e. In S-I units, the formula is as follows: HR (kW) = TD x I/s x 4.18.

- f. Check air temperature drop across the air coil when compressor is operating. Air temperature drop should be between 15°F and 25°F [8°C and 14°C].
- g. Turn thermostat to "OFF" position. A hissing noise indicates proper functioning of the reversing valve.
- equalize before beginning heating test.
  - a. Adjust the thermostat to the lowest setting. Place the thermostat mode switch in the "HEAT" position.
  - b. Slowly raise the thermostat to a higher temperature until the compressor activates.
  - c. Check for warm air delivery within a few minutes after the unit has begun to operate.
  - d. Refer to table 17. Check the temperature of both entering and leaving water. If temperature is within range, proceed with the test. If temperature is outside of the operating range, check refrigerant pressures and compare to tables 11 through 16. Verify correct water flow by comparing unit pressure drop across the heat exchanger versus the data in tables 10a through 10e. Heat of extraction (HE) can be calculated and compared to submittal data capacity pages. The formula for HE for systems with water is as follows: HE (Btuh) = TD x GPM x 500, where TD is the temperature difference between the entering and leaving water, and GPM is the flow rate in U.S. GPM, determined by comparing the pressure drop across the heat exchanger to tables 10a through 10e.
  - e. In S-I units, Check air temperature rise across the air coil when compressor is operating. Air temperature rise should be between 20°F and 30°F [11°C and 17°C].
  - f. Check for vibration, noise, and water leaks.
- 7. If unit fails to operate, perform troubleshooting analysis (see troubleshooting section). If the check described fails to reveal the problem and the unit still does not operate, contact a trained service technician to ensure proper diagnosis and repair of the equipment.
- 8. When testing is complete, set system to maintain desired comfort level.
- 9. BE CERTAIN TO FILL OUT AND FORWARD ALL WARRANTY REGISTRATION PAPERS TO CLIMATEMASTER.

Note: If performance during any mode appears abnormal, refer to the CXM/DXM section or troubleshooting section of this manual. To obtain maximum performance, the air coil should be cleaned before start-up. A 10% solution of dishwasher detergent and water is recommended.

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Figure 21: Test Mode Pins



### A WARNING! A

**WARNING!** When the disconnect switch is closed, high voltage is present in some areas of the electrical panel. Exercise caution when working with energized equipment.

### A CAUTION! A

**CAUTION!** Verify that ALL water control valves are open and allow water flow prior to engaging the compressor. Freezing of the coax or water lines can permanently damage the heat pump.

### **UNIT OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Table 10a: TC Coax Water Pressure Drop

Model	U.S.	l/s	I/m		Pressure Dro	op, psi [kPa]*	
Wodei	GPM	1/5	1/111	30°F [-1°C]	50°F [10°C]	70°F [21°C]	90°F [32°C]
	10	0.631	37.85	1.2 [8.3]	0.9 [6.2]	0.5 [3.4]	0.3 [2.1]
TCH/V072	15	0.946	56.781	3.3 [22.8]	2.8 [19.1]	2.1 [14.5]	1.8 [12.4]
	20	1.262	75.708	6.2 [42.7]	5.3 [36.5]	4.2 [29.0]	3.8 [26.2]
	12	0.757	45.425	2.1 [14.5]	1.7 [11.7]	1.3 [9.0]	1.1 [7.6]
TCH/V096	18	1.136	68.137	5.3 [36.5]	4.5 [31.0]	3.6 [24.8]	3.3 [22.8]
	24	1.514	90.85	9.3 [64.1]	7.9 [54.5]	6.6 [45.5]	6.1 [42.1]
	15	0.946	56.781	4 [27.6]	3.2 [22.1]	2.2 [15.2]	2 [13.8]
TCH/V120	22.5	1.42	85.172	8.6 [59.3]	7.2 [49.6]	5.5 [37.9]	5.1 [35.2]
	30	1.893	113.562	14.5 [100.0]	12.2 [83.4]	9.8 [67.6]	9.2 [63.4]
	21.0	1.32	79.20	7.6 [52.5]	4.4 [30.3]	4.0 [27.6]	3.8 [26.3]
TCV160	31.5	1.99	119.40	14.3 [98.8]	9.1 [62.9]	8.4 [58.02]	7.9 [54.6]
	42.0	2.65	159.00	22.3 [154.0]	15.2 [105.0]	14.1 [97.4]	13 [89.8]
	24.0	1.51	90.60	10.1 [69.8]	7.6 [52.5]	6.2 [42.8]	5.9 [40.8]
TCV192	36.0	2.27	136.20	18.6 [128.5]	12.6 [87.0]	11.6 [80.1]	11.1 [76.7]
	48.0	3.03	181.80	28.7 [198.2]	20.2 [139.5]	18.8 [129.9]	17.7 [122.3]
	30.0	1.89	113.40	8.3 [57.3]	6.6 [45.6]	5.6 [38.7]	5.3 [36.6]
TCV240	45.0	2.84	170.40	15.5 [107.1]	11.1 [76.7]	10.4 [71.8]	9.9 [68.4]
	60.0	3.79	227.40	24.4 [168.5]	17.8 [122.9]	16.8 [116.0]	15.9 [109.8]
	37.5	2.37	142.20	11.6 [80.1]	7.9 [54.6]	6.4 [44.2]	5.9 [40.8]
TCV300	56.3	3.55	213.00	21.3 [147.1]	13.6 [93.9]	12.6 [87.0]	11.8 [81.5]
	750.0	4.73	283.80	32.9 [227.2]	22.3 [154.0]	20.8 [143.6]	19.6 [135.4]

\*Note: To convert kPa to millibars, multiply by 10.

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### **Unit Operating Conditions**

### Operating Pressure/Temperature tables include the following notes:

- Airflow is at nominal (rated) conditions;
- Entering air is based upon 70°F [21°C] DB in heating and 80/67°F [27/19°C] in cooling;
- Subcooling is based upon head pressure at compressor service port;
- Cooling air and water values can vary greatly with changes in humidity level.

Table 11: TCH/V072-120 Series Typical Unit Operating Pressures and Temperatures (60Hz - I-P Units)

				Cod	oling					Heati	ng		
Entering Water	Water Flow	Suction Pressure	Discharge Pressure	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp	Air Temp Drop °F	Suction Pressure	Discharge Pressure	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp	Air Temp Rise °F
Temp °F	GPM/ton	PSIG	PSIG	- пр		Rise °F	DB	PSIG	PSIG			Drop °F	DB
	1.5												
20	2.25												
ı	3							60 - 63	289 - 306	9 - 12	8 - 17	3 - 4	20 - 22
	1.5	122 - 125	197 - 204	13 - 16	15 - 20	20 - 24	22 - 23	67 - 71	297 - 315	10 - 12	9 - 18	8 - 9	22 - 23
30*	2.25	116 - 119	177 - 184	17 - 19	15 - 18	13 - 16	21 - 22	71 - 75	301 - 321	10 - 12	10 - 19	6 - 7	23 - 24
	3	112 - 115	168 - 173	19 - 21	14 - 18	10 - 12	21 - 22	74 - 76	303 - 323	11 - 13	10 - 19	4 - 5	23 - 25
	1.5	128 - 134	240 - 252	11 - 14	13 - 16	20 - 22	21 - 22	97 - 102	333 - 355	9 - 11	13 - 21	11 - 12	29 - 30
50	2.25	122 - 131	219 - 233	12 - 17	12 - 16	13 - 15	21 - 22	104 - 108	339 - 361	9 - 11	13 - 21	8 - 9	30 - 31
	3	119 - 129	209 - 224	13 - 18	11 - 15	10 - 11	21 - 22	107 - 122	342 - 369	9 - 11	13 - 20	6 - 7	31 - 32
	1.5	132 - 139	311 - 329	9 - 12	12 - 15	19 - 21	20 - 21	130 - 135	367 - 392	9 - 11	13 - 21	14 - 16	35 - 37
70	2.25	131 - 137	287 - 306	10 - 13	10 - 12	13 - 14	20 - 21	139 - 144	375 - 402	10 - 11	13 - 20	10 - 12	37 - 38
	3	131 - 136	275 - 294	10 - 13	9 - 11	9 -11	20 - 21	145 - 149	380 - 407	10 - 11	13 - 19	8 - 9	38 - 39
	1.5	137 - 144	400 - 420	8 - 10	13 - 16	19 - 20	19 - 20	164 - 169	401 - 430	10 - 13	13 - 17	18 - 20	41 - 43
90	2.25	135 - 142	373 - 395	9 - 11	10 - 12	12 - 14	19 - 20	175 - 178	411 - 442	12 - 16	14 - 17	12 - 14	43 - 45
	3	135 - 141	359 - 383	9 - 12	9 - 11	9 - 10	19 - 20	179 - 187	415 - 455	13 - 18	14 - 16	9 - 11	44 - 46
	1.5	139 - 147	448 - 471	8 - 9	13 - 16	18 - 20	18 - 19						
100	2.25	138 - 146	420 - 445	8 - 10	11 - 13	12 - 13	18 - 19						
	3	138 - 146	405 - 432	8 - 10	10 - 11	9 - 10	18 - 19						
	1.5	144 - 153	549 - 583	7 - 8	15 - 17	17 - 19	17 - 18						
120	2.25	143 - 153	525 - 557	7 - 8	12 - 14	11 - 13	17 - 18						
	3	143 - 152	511 - 543	8 - 9	11 - 13	9 - 10	17 - 18						

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 15% Methanol antifreeze solution

Table 11A: TCV160-300 Series Typical Unit Operating Pressures and Temperatures (60Hz - I-P Units)

				C	ooling					Heati	ing		
Entering Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/ton	Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Rise °F	Air Temp Drop °F DB	Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Drop °F	Air Temp Rise °F DB
20*	1.5 2.25												
20"	3.0							54 - 76	280 - 302	5 - 18	8 - 20	3 - 6	18 - 23
-	1.5	118 - 121	166 - 197	12 - 21	14 - 24			59 - 66	285 - 309	5 - 13	10 - 21	3-6	16 - 23
30*	2.25	109 - 119	154 - 167	13 - 22	12 - 24	9 - 24	17 - 23	64 - 70	289 - 316	5 - 17	10 - 21	4 - 10	19 - 23
30	3.0	109 - 119	153 - 166	17 - 24	11 - 24	9 - 24	17 - 23	66 - 73	292 - 320	5 - 17	9 - 15	4-10	19-23
	1.5	127 - 135	232 - 247	7 - 12	11 - 20	-		85 - 96	315 - 342	7 - 12	11 - 25		
50	2.25	122 - 133	215 - 228	10 -16	10 - 19	9 - 24	17 - 23	97 - 104	323 - 355	7 - 12	12 - 25	5 - 13	24 - 31
•••	3.0	121 - 131	206 - 218	11 - 17	9 - 18	0 2.	20	99 - 108	325 - 357	7 - 12	13 - 25	0 .0	2. 0.
	1.5	130 - 139	304 - 317	6 - 11	10 - 16			121 - 131	354 - 387	8 - 13	11 - 26		
70	2.25	128 - 139	284 - 295	6 - 11	7 - 14	10 - 21	17 - 23	132 - 140	363 - 398	8 - 13	12 - 27	7 - 17	31 - 39
	3.0	127 - 138	272 - 284	6 - 12	6 - 12			137 - 149	374 - 418	8 - 18	13 - 28		
	1.5	136 - 145	404 - 420	4 - 10	6 - 14	1		158 - 168	386 - 428	10 - 16	6 - 22		
90	2.25	134 - 143	381 - 406	5 - 11	5 - 13	10 - 21	17 - 21	173 - 182	400 - 441	10 - 17	6 - 22	9 - 21	37 - 45
30	3.0	133 - 142	369 - 392	6 - 12	5 - 12	10-21	17 - 21	175 -190	405 - 445	11 - 17	6 - 22	9-21	37 - 43
	1.5	137 - 146	434 - 445	4 - 9	6 - 16	1							
100	2.25	135 - 145	407 - 425	5 - 9	4 - 13	8 - 19	17 - 21						
	3.0	134 - 144	395 - 413	5 - 10	4 - 12								
	1.5	141 - 152	537 - 553	4 - 9	4 -11	]							
120	2.25	140 - 151	512 - 531	5 - 9	4 - 10	8 - 19	16 - 20						
	3.0	139 - 149	500 - 517	5 - 9	4 - 9								

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 15% Methanol antifreeze solution

Table 12: Water Temperature Change Through Heat Exchanger

Water Flow, gpm [I/m]	Rise, Cooling °F, [°C]	Drop, Heating °F, [°C]
For Closed Loop: Ground Source or Closed Loop Systems at 3 gpm per ton [3.2 l/m per kW]	9 - 12 [5 - 6.7]	4 - 8 [2.2 - 4.4]
For Open Loop: Ground Water Systems at 1.5 gpm per ton [1.6 l/m per kW]	20 - 26 [11.1 - 14.4]	10 - 17 [5.6 - 9.4]

### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

Rev.: July 25, 2017

### Start-Up Log Sheet

**Installer:** Complete unit and system checkout and follow unit start-up procedures in the IOM. Use this form to record unit information, temperatures and pressures during start-up. Keep this form for future reference.

Job Name:	Street Add	dress:			
Model Number:	lumber: Serial Number:				
Unit Location in Building:					
Date: Sales Ord	der No:				
In order to minimize troubleshooting the system is put into full operation.	and costly system failu	res, complete the follo	owing checks and data entries before		
External Static:					
Sheave Setting:	Turns Open				
Temperatures: F or C		Antifreeze:	%		
Pressures: PSIG or kPa					
	Cooling Mo	de	Heating Mode		
Return-Air Temperature	DB	WB	DB		
Supply-Air Temperature	DB	WB	DB		
Temperature Differential					
Entering Fluid Temperature					
Leaving Fluid Temperature					
Temperature Differential					
Water Coil Heat Exchanger (Water Pressure IN)					
Water Coil Heat Exchanger (Water Pressure OUT)					
Pressure Differential					
Flow Rate GPM (I/s)					
Compressor		,			
Amps					
Volts					
Discharge Line Temperature					
Motor					
Amps					
Volte					

Allow unit to run 15 minutes in each mode before taking data.

Do not connect gauge lines

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### Preventive Maintenance

### Water Coil Maintenance -

(Direct ground water applications only) If the system is installed in an area with a known high mineral content (125 P.P.M. or greater) in the water, it is best to establish a periodic maintenance schedule with the owner so the coil can be checked regularly. Consult the well water applications section of this manual for a more detailed water coil material selection. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures, which are compatible with the heat exchanger material and copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit, the less chance for scaling. Therefore, 1.5 gpm per ton [1.6 l/m per kW] is recommended as a minimum flow. Minimum flow rate for entering water temperatures below 50°F [10°C] is 2.0 gpm per ton [2.2 l/m per kW].

### Water Coil Maintenance -

(All other water loop applications)

Generally water coil maintenance is not needed for closed loop systems. However, if the piping is known to have high dirt or debris content, it is best to establish a periodic maintenance schedule with the owner so the water coil can be checked regularly. Dirty installations are typically the result of deterioration of iron or galvanized piping or components in the system. Open cooling towers requiring heavy chemical treatment and mineral buildup through water use can also contribute to higher maintenance. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures, which are compatible with both the heat exchanger material and copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit, the less chance for scaling. However, flow rates over 3 gpm per ton (3.9 l/m per kW) can produce water (or debris) velocities that can erode the heat exchanger wall and ultimately produce leaks.

**Filters** - Filters must be clean to obtain maximum performance. Filters should be inspected every month under normal operating conditions and be replaced when necessary. Units should never be operated without a filter.

Washable, high efficiency, electrostatic filters, when dirty, can exhibit a very high pressure drop for the fan motor and reduce air flow, resulting in poor performance. It is especially important to provide consistent washing of these filters (in the opposite direction of the normal air flow) once per month using a high pressure wash similar to those found at self-serve car washes.

Condensate Drain - In areas where airborne bacteria may produce a "slimy" substance in the drain pan, it may be necessary to treat the drain pan chemically with an algaecide approximately every three months to minimize the problem. The condensate pan may also need to be cleaned periodically to ensure indoor air quality. The condensate drain can pick up lint and dirt, especially with dirty filters. Inspect the drain twice a year to avoid the possibility of plugging and eventual overflow.

**Compressor** - Conduct annual amperage checks to ensure that amp draw is no more than 10% greater than indicated on the serial plate data.

Fan Motors - All units have lubricated fan motors. Fan motors should never be lubricated unless obvious, dry operation is suspected. Periodic maintenance oiling is not recommended, as it will result in dirt accumulating in the excess oil and cause eventual motor failure. Conduct annual dry operation check and amperage check to ensure amp draw is no more than 10% greater than indicated on serial plate data.

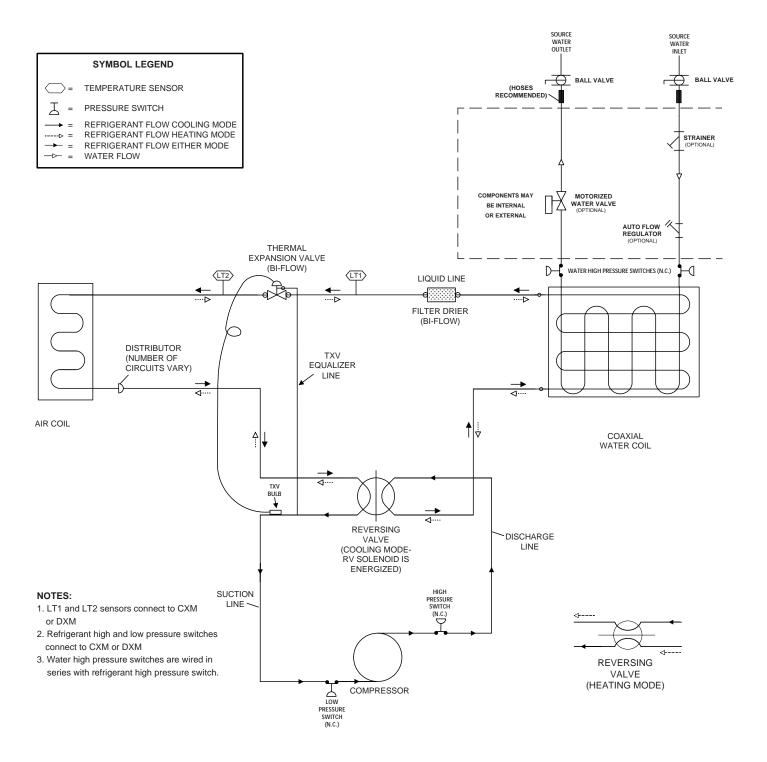
**Belt** - Check that the belt is tight. Retighten if needed. Replace if it is split or cracked.

Air Coil - The air coil must be cleaned to obtain maximum performance. Check once a year under normal operating conditions and, if dirty, brush or vacuum clean. Care must be taken not to damage the aluminum fins while cleaning. CAUTION: Fin edges are sharp.

Refrigerant System - To maintain sealed circuit integrity, do not install service gauges unless unit operation appears abnormal. Reference the operating charts for pressures and temperatures. Verify that air and water flow rates are at proper levels before servicing the refrigerant circuit.

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### Circuit Diagram with Safety Devices



### Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series Rev.: July 25, 2017

### **Functional Troubleshooting**

Fault	Htg	Clg	Possible Cause	Solution
				Check line voltage circuit breaker and disconnect.
Main power problems	X	х	Green Status LED Off	Check for line voltage between L1 and L2 on the contactor.
main power problems	^	^	Green Glatas EED OII	Check for 24VAC between R and C on CXM/DXM'
				Check primary/secondary voltage on transformer.
		х	Reduced or no water flow in cooling	Check pump operation or valve operation/setting.
		_^	reduced of no water now in cooling	Check water flow adjust to proper flow rate.
		Х	Water Temperature out of range in cooling	Bring water temp within design parameters.
HP Fault				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
Code 2	x		Doduced or no cir flow in heating	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
	^		Reduced or no air flow in heating	Dirty Air Coil- construction dust etc.
High Pressure				Too high of external static. Check static vs blower table.
	Х		Air temperature out of range in heating	Bring return air temp within design parameters.
	Х	Х	Overcharged with refrigerant	Check superheat/subcooling vs typical operating condition table.
	Х	Х	Bad HP Switch	Check switch continuity and operation. Replace.
LP/LOC Fault	Х	Х	Insufficient charge	Check for refrigerant leaks
Code 3			3	J
	х		Compressor pump down at start-up	Check charge and start-up water flow.
Low Pressure / Loss of Charge	a		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
				Check pump operation or water valve operation/setting.
	х		Reduced or no water flow in heating	Plugged strainer or filter. Clean or replace
LT1 Fault				Check water flow adjust to proper flow rate.
Code 4	Х	<u> </u>	Inadequate antifreeze level	Check antifreeze density with hydrometer.
		-	Improper temperature limit setting (30°F vs	Check antineeze density with hydrometer.
Water coil low	Х		10°F [-1°C vs -2°C])	Clip JW3 jumper for antifreeze (10°F [-12°C]) use.
temperature limit	Х	+	Water Temperature out of range	Bring water temp within design parameters.
		-		
	Х	Х	Bad thermistor	Check temp and impedance correlation per chart
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
LT2 Fault		Х	Reduced or no air flow in cooling	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
Code 5		<u> </u>		Too high of external static. Check static vs blower table.
		Х	Air Temperature out of range	Too much cold vent air? Bring entering air temp within design parameters.
Air coil low		х	Improper temperature limit setting (30°F vs	Normal airside applications will require 30°F [-1°C] only.
temperature limit			10°F [-1°C vs -12°C])	11 1 1 1 1
	Х	Х	Bad thermistor	Check temp and impedance correlation per chart.
	Х	Х	Blocked drain	Check for blockage and clean drain.
	Х	Х	Improper trap	Check trap dimensions and location ahead of vent.
				Check for piping slope away from unit.
Condensate Fault		х	Poor drainage	Check slope of unit toward outlet.
Code 6				Poor venting. Check vent location.
		Х	Moisture on sensor	Check for moisture shorting to air coil.
		X	Plugged air filter	Replace air filter.
	X	Х	Restricted Return Air Flow	Find and eliminate restriction. Increase return duct and/or grille size.
	_ ^	<u> </u>	Restricted Retain 7th Flow	Check power supply and 24VAC voltage before and during operation.
O				
Over/Under	Х	Х	Under Voltage	Check power supply wire size.
Voltage Code 7				Check compressor starting. Need hard start kit?
(Auto recetting)		-		Check 24VAC and unit transformer tap for correct power supply voltage.
(Auto resetting)	Х	Х	Over Voltage	Check power supply voltage and 24VAC before and during operation.
		-		Check 24VAC and unit transformer tap for correct power supply voltage.
Unit Performance Sentinel	X	ـــــ	Heating mode LT2>125°F [52°C]	Check for poor air flow or overcharged unit.
			Cooling Mode LT1>125°F [52°C] OR LT2<	Check for poor water flow, or air flow.
Code 8		X	40°F [4°C])	
		Х	[. 0]/	
				Poverce position of thermisters
Code 8	x	x	LT1 and LT2 swapped	Reverse position of thermistors
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor	х	х	LT1 and LT2 swapped	·
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9	x	X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation	See "Only Fan Operates".
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor	X X X	X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation  Compressor overload	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary.
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9	X X X	X X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation  Compressor overload  Control board	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation.
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9	X X X X	X X X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation  Compressor overload  Control board  Dirty air filter	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown	x x x x x	X X X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode"	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown	X X X X X	X X X X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter.
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9 No Fault Code Shown	X	X X X X X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode"	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit.
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9 No Fault Code Shown	X X X X X	X X X X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown	X	X X X X X X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles	X	x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation  Compressor overload  Control board  Dirty air filter  Unit in "test mode"  Unit selection  Compressor overload  Thermostat position	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation  Compressor overload  Control board  Dirty air filter  Unit in "test mode"  Unit selection  Compressor overload  Thermostat position  Unit locked out  Compressor Overload	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles	X	x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation  Compressor overload  Control board  Dirty air filter  Unit in "test mode"  Unit selection  Compressor overload  Thermostat position  Unit locked out	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode.
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9 No Fault Code Shown Unit Short Cycles	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation  Compressor overload  Control board  Dirty air filter  Unit in "test mode"  Unit selection  Compressor overload  Thermostat position  Unit locked out  Compressor Overload	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9 No Fault Code Shown Unit Short Cycles	X	X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9 No Fault Code Shown Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles  Only Fan Runs	X	X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9 No Fault Code Shown Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts.
Code 8 Swapped Thermistor Code 9 No Fault Code Shown Unit Short Cycles Only Fan Runs	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present).
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles  Only Fan Runs	X	X	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor.
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode.  Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operatio in test mode
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles  Only Fan Runs	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor Thermostat wiring	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode.
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Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles  Only Fan Runs  Only Compressor Runs  Unit Doesn't Operate	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor Thermostat wiring Reversing valve Thermostat setup	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check for line voltage at motor. Check capacitor. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode Set for cooling demand and check 24VAC on RV coil and at CXM/DXM board. If RV is stuck, run high pressure up by reducing water flow and while operating engage and disengage RV coil voltage to push valve. Check for 'O' RV setup not 'B'. Check Owiring at heat pump. Jumper O and R for RV coil 'click'. Put thermostat in cooling mode. Check 24 VAC on O (check between C and
Code 8  Swapped Thermistor Code 9  No Fault Code Shown  Unit Short Cycles  Only Fan Runs  Only Compressor Runs  Unit Doesn't Operate	X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	LT1 and LT2 swapped  No compressor operation Compressor overload Control board Dirty air filter Unit in "test mode" Unit selection Compressor overload Thermostat position Unit locked out Compressor Overload Thermostat wiring Thermostat wiring Fan motor relay Fan motor Thermostat wiring Reversing valve Thermostat setup	See "Only Fan Operates". Check and replace if necessary. Reset power and check operation. Check and clean air filter. Reset power or wait 20 minutes for auto exit. Unit may be oversized for space. Check sizing for actual load of space. Check and replace if necessary Ensure thermostat set for heating or cooling operation. Check for lockout codes. Reset power. Check compressor overload. Replace if necessary. Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Check G wiring at heat pump. Jumper G and R for fan operation Jumper G and R for fan operation. Check for Line voltage across BR contacts. Check fan power enable relay operation (if present). Check thermostat wiring at heat pump. Jumper Y and R for compressor operation in test mode. Set for cooling demand and check 24VAC on RV coil and at CXM/DXM board. If RV is stuck, run high pressure up by reducing water flow and while operating engage and disengage RV coil voltage to push valve. Check for 'O' RV setup not 'B'. Check O wiring at heat pump. Jumper O and R for RV coil 'click'.

### THE SMART SOLUTION FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Tranquility® Compact Belt Drive (TCH/V) Series

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### **Performance Troubleshooting**

Performance Troubleshooting	Htg	Clg	Possible Cause	Solution
	х	х	Dirty filter	Replace or clean.
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
	x		Reduced or no air flow in heating	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
		х	Reduced or no air flow in cooling	Check fan motor operation and airflow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
Insufficient capacity/ Not cooling or heating	х	х	Leaky duct work	Check supply and return air temperatures at the unit and at distant duct registers if significantly different, duct leaks are present.
	х	х	Low refrigerant charge	Check superheat and subcooling per chart.
	х	Х	Restricted metering device	Check superheat and subcooling per chart. Replace.
		Х	Defective reversing valve	Perform RV touch test.
	Х	Х	Thermostat improperly located	Check location and for air drafts behind stat.
	х	Х	Unit undersized	Recheck loads & sizing. Check sensible clg. load and heat pump capacity.
	Х	Х	Scaling in water heat exchanger	Perform scaling check and clean if necessary.
	х	Х	Inlet water too hot or too cold	Check load, loop sizing, loop backfill, ground moisture.
				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
	x		Reduced or no air flow in heating	Check fan motor operation and air flow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
		V	Dadward on a contact flow in cooling	Check pump operation or valve operation/setting.
		X	Reduced or no water flow in cooling	Check water flow. Adjust to proper flow rate.
High Head Pressure		Х	Inlet water too hot	Check load, loop sizing, loop backfill, ground moisture.
	Х		Air temperature out of range in heating	Bring return air temperature within design parameters.
		Х	Scaling in water heat exchanger	Perform scaling check and clean if necessary.
	Х	Х	Unit overcharged	Check superheat and subcooling. Re-weigh in charge.
	Х	Х	Non-condensables in system	Vacuum system and re-weigh in charge.
	Х	Х	Restricted metering device.	Check superheat and subcooling per chart. Replace.
				Check pump operation or water valve operation/setting.
	x		Reduced water flow in heating.	Plugged strainer or filter. Clean or replace.
				Check water flow. Adjust to proper flow rate.
	Х		Water temperature out of range.	Bring water temperature within design parameters.
Low Suction Pressure				Check for dirty air filter and clean or replace.
		х	Reduced air flow in cooling.	Check fan motor operation and air flow restrictions.
				Too high of external static. Check static vs. blower table.
		Х	Air temperature out of range	Too much cold vent air? Bring entering air temperature within design parameters.
	Х	Х	Insufficient charge	Check for refrigerant leaks.
Low Discharge Air Temperature	Х		Too high of air flow	Check fan motor speed selection and air flow chart.
in Heating	Х		Poor performance	See 'Insufficient Capacity'
High homidity		Х	Too high of air flow	Check fan motor speed selection and airflow chart.
High humidity		Х	Unit oversized	Recheck loads & sizing. Check sensible clg load and heat pump capacity.

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### Functional Troubleshooting - I-P Units

		Water-to-Air Ur	nits
Customer:		Loop Type:	Startup Date:
Model #:	Serial #:	Д	Antifreeze Type & %:
Complaint:			
	REFRIGERANT: HFC-410A OPERATING MODE: HEATING		HEATING POSITION COOLING POSITION
AIR COIL	CONDENSER (HEATING) EVAPORATOR (COOLING)  EXPANSION VALVE DRIER  SOU  (5) LT2: (5) LT2: (5) LT1:	AX TCE	© 2 1 SUCTION COMPRESSOR  3 DISCHARGE
	LIQUID LIQUID 6 LINE LINE 8	⑦ ⑨	

Description	Heating	Cooling	Notes
Voltage	_		
Compressor Amps			
1 Suction Temp			
2 Suction Press			
2a Saturation Temp			
2b Superheat			
3 Discharge Temp			
4 Discharge Press			
4a Saturation Temp			
4b Subcooling			
5 Liquid Line Temp			
6 Source Water In Tmp			
7 Source Water Out Tmp			Temp Diff. =
8 Source Water In Pres			
9 Source Water Out Pres			
9a Press Drop			
9b Flow Rate			
10 Return Air Temp			
11 Supply Air Temp			

Heat of Extraction (Absorption) or H HE or HR =	eat of Rejection:	Fluid Factor: (for Btuh) 500 (Water); 485 (Antifreeze)	Fluid Factor: (for kW) 4.18 (Water); 4.05 (Antifreeze)
Flow Rate x	Temp. Diff x	Fluid Factor	
Superheat = Suction temperature - s	uction saturation	temp. =	(deg F)
Subcooling = Discharge saturation t	emp liquid line t	emp. =	_ (deg F)

Note: Never connect refrigerant gauges during startup procedures. Conduct water-side analysis using P/T ports to determine water flow and temperature difference. If water-side analysis shows poor performance, refrigerant troubleshooting may be required. Connect refrigerant gauges as a last resort.

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### Warranty (U.S. & Canada)



### LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY/LIMITATION OF REMEDIES AND LIABILITY CLIMATE MASTER, INC.

It is expressly understood that unless a statement is specifically identified as a warranty, statements made by Climate Master, Inc., a Delaware corporation, ("CM") or its representatives, relating to CM's products, whether oral written or contained in any sales literature, catalog or any other agreement, are not express warranties and do not form a part of the basis of the bargain, but are merely CM's opinion or commendation of CM's products.

# EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY SET FORTH HEREIN, THERE IS NO EXPRESS WARRANTY AS TO ANY OF CAM'S PRODUCTS. CM MAKES NO WARRANTY AGAINST LATENT DEFECTS. CM MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS OR OF THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Warran CM products purchased and retained in the United States of America and Canada to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and maintenance as follows: (1) All complete air conditioning, heating and/or heat pump units built or sold by CM for twelve (12) months from date of unit start up or eighteen (18) months from date of shipment (from factory), whichever comes first; (2) Repair and replacement parts, which are not supplied under warrany; or nintey (90) days from date of shipment (from factory), All parts mans be returned to CM's factory in CMstabona. Fight prepaid, no later than sixty (60) days after the date of the failure of the part if CM's determines the part to be defective and within CM's Limited Express Warrany, CM shall, when such part has been either replaced or repaired, return such to a factory recognized dealer, contractor or service organization, FO.B. CM's factory, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, freight prepaid. The warranty on any parts repaired or replaced under warranty estime the original warranty period. GRANT OF LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY CM warrants CM products purchased and retained in

This warranty does not cover and does not apply to: (1) Air filters, fuses, refrigerant, fluids, oil; (2) Products relocated after initial installation; (3) Any portion or component of any system that is not supplied by CM, regardless of the cases of the failure of such portion or component; (4) Products on which it dentification in the case of the failure of such portion or component; (4) Products within the case of the failure of such products which the vent feets or damage which result from improper installation, writing, electrical imbalance characteristics or maintenance; or are caused by accident, misuse or abuse, fire, flood, alteration or misapplication of the product within have defects or damage which result from a contamination of corrosive air or liquid supply, operation at a horomal temperatures, or unauthorized opening of refrigerant circuit; (3) Mold, fungus or bacterial damages; (9) Products subjected to corrosion or amanufactured or supplied by others; (11) Products which have been subjected to misuse, negligence or accidents; (12) Products which have befere application of CM's products any or (13) Products which have defects, damage or insulficient performance as a result of insulficient or incorrect system design or the improper application of CM's products.

CM is not responsible for: (1) The costs of any fluids, refrigerant or other system components, or associated labor to replace the same, which is incurred as a result of a defective part covered by CM's Limited Express Warmany. (2) The costs of the defective part from the installation is not severed by CM's Limited Express Warmany.

Linitation: This Limited Express Warranty is given in lieu of all other warranties. If, notwithstanding the disclaimers contained herein, it is determined that other warranties exist, any such warranties, including without limitation any express warranties or any implied warranties of fitness for particular purpose and merchantability, shall be limited to the duration of the Limited Express Warranty.

### LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

In the event of a breach of the Limited Express Warranty. CM will only be obligated at CM's option to repair the failed part or unit or to furnish a new or rebuilt part or unit in exchange for the part or unit which has failed. If, after written notice to CM's factory in Oklahoma of each defect, malfunction or other failure and a reasonable muber of attempts by CM to correct the defect, malfunction or other failure and the remedy fails of its exential purpose, CM shall refund the purchase price paid o CM in exchange for the return of the sold good(s). Said refund shall be the maximum liability of CM, THIS REMEDY IS THE SOLE AND EXCLISIVE REMEDY BY THE SOLE AND EXCLISIVE THE BY THE SOLE AND EXCLISIVE OF THE BY THE SOLE AND THE SOLE AND THE BY THE SOLE AND WARRANTY OR FOR CM'S NEGLIGENCE OR IN STRICT LIABILITY.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

CM shall have no liability for any damages if CM's performance is delayed for any reason or is prevented to any extent by any event such as, but not limited to: any war, civil unrest, government restrictions or restraints, strikes for work stoppages, fire, flood, accident, shortages of transportation, fuel, material, or labor, acts of God or any other reason beyond the sole control of CM, CM EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLIDES ANY LIABIL.

TIY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGE IN CONTRACT, FOR BREACH OF ANY EXPRESS OR INPLEED WARRATY, OR IN TORY, WHETHER FOR CM's WEGLIGENCE OR AS STRICT LIABILITY

# OBTAINING WARRANTY PERFORMANCE Normally, the contractor or service organization who installed the products will provide warranty performance for the owner. Should the installer be unavailable, contact any CM recognized dealer, contractor or service organization in assistance is required in obtaining warranty performance, write or call:

NOTE: Some states or Canadian provinces do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, or the limitation or exclusions of consequential or incidental damages, so the foregoing exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state and from Canadian province to Canadian province.

Please refer to the CM Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual for operating and maintenance instructions

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### **Revision History**

Date:	Item:	Action:
07/25/17	Page 16	Updated hanger mounting instructions
06/19/17	All	Update dimension tables
11/28/16	Waterside Economizer	Added Waterside Economizer options and data
10/6/16	Page 12	Text Update
06/22/16	Cover Picture	Updated Unit Photo
04/15/16	Text	Updated
4/5/16	Page 8	Update Standard motor HP for 096
02/10/15	All	Update Air Filter Sizes and Electrical Tables
06/13/14	Page 13 & 34	Change Text - Filter "rack" to "frame" Water Quality table updated
09/30/13	Edit Text - Page 29	Updated
	POE Oil Warning	Added
44/00/40	TCV072-120 Dimensional Data	Updated
11/09/12	Water Quality Table	Updated
	Condensate Drain Connection	Updated
04/26/12	All	Added TCV sizes 160-300
02/09/12	Physical Data Table	Updated
10/07/11	Physical Data Table	Corrected TCV drain diameter
08/09/11	Unit Maximum Working Water Pressure	Updated to Reflect New Safeties
07/08/11	All	Added TCV072-120
01/03/11	Format - All Pages	Updated
07/26/10	Wiring Diagrams	Updated
07/07/10	Pre-Installation	Updated
06/11/10	Format - All Pages	Updated
11/5/09	Warranty	Updated
10/30/09	Functional Troubleshooting Table	Updated
10/15/09	First Published	





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